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# **AS Series Operation Manual**



# **AS Series Operation Manual**

# **Revision History**

Version	Revision	Date
1 st	The first version was published.	2016/11/30
2 <sup>nd</sup>	<ol> <li>Added new models AS08AD-B, AS08AD-C and UB-10-IO32D product information.</li> <li>Updated module weights.</li> <li>Updated Emergency Request Message information</li> </ol>	2018/02/09
3 <sup>rd</sup>	1.Chapter 2: Specification Corrections	2018/03/22
4 <sup>th</sup>	<ul> <li>1.Updated new models AS08AD-B/C, AS02/04PU-A, AS320T/P-B, AS300N-A, AS228R/T/P-A, AS218RX/TX/PX-A, AS06RTD-A, AS08TC-A, AS-FEN02 and AS01DNET-A product information</li> <li>2.Chapter 9: Updated operation and monitor on the webpage in section 9.10</li> <li>3.Chapter 10: Updated AS200 series information</li> </ul>	2018/09/25
5 <sup>th</sup>	<ol> <li>Updated digital output specifications in section 1.1.2.</li> <li>Added specification of ambient air. temperature-barometric pressure-altitude in section 2.1.</li> <li>Added specifications of program capacity (step) and Ethernet in section 2.2.1.</li> <li>Added specifications of input impedance and leakage current in section 2.2.2.</li> <li>Added specifications of digital conversion range and update input impedance for 04DA/06XA.</li> <li>Added a note for the function specification in section 2.5.1.</li> <li>Updated the cable specification image in section 4.2.1.</li> <li>Updated the cable specification image in section 4.2.1.</li> <li>Updated the contents of initializing a memory card in section 7.4.1 and added root directory of the memory card in sections 7.6, 7.8 and 7.9.</li> <li>Added an example of Daylight Saving Timing in section 8.2.2.1.</li> <li>Added EIP Scanner/Adapter and data mapping information, EIP Builder operations in section 9.4.</li> <li>Updated dassembly object, TCP/IP interface object and Ethernet link object in section 9.8.</li> <li>Added new EIP products in the EIP product list in section 9.9.</li> <li>Updated operation and monitor on the web information in section 9.10.</li> <li>Added AS200 series descriptions as well as application examples and updated CANopen introduction as well as troubleshooting.</li> </ol>	2019/1/11

Version	Revision	Date
	17.Added descriptions on the Error LED Indicators in section 12.3.1 and 12.3.2.	
	18.Added a new chapter, chapter 13 for Data Tracer and Data Logger.	
	19.Updated the list of Function Codes and Number of Devices Supported for Modbus Protocols in section B.2.	

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# Chapter 1 Product Introduction

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## 1.1 Overview

This manual introduces the AS Series CPU functions, devices, module tables, troubleshooting, and so forth.

#### 1.1.1 Related Manuals

The related manuals for AS Series programmable logic controllers are listed below.

• AS Series Quick Start

This guides you in how to use the system before reading the related manuals.

- AS Series Programming Manual AS Series Programming Manual This introduces programming for the AS Series programmable logic controllers, basic instructions, and applied instructions.
- ISPSoft User Manual This introduces the use of the ISPSoft software, programming language (Ladder, IL, SFC, FBD, and ST), POUs, and tasks.
- AS Series Hardware Manual This introduces electrical specifications, appearances, dimensions, and so forth.
- AS Series Operation Manual This introduces CPU functions, devices, module tables, troubleshooting, and so forth.
- AS Series Module Manual

This introduces special I/O modules such as network modules, analog I/O modules, temperature measurement modules, motion control modules, and so forth.

Classification	Model Name	Description	
	AS-PS02	Input: 100-240 VAC, 50/60 Hz	
Power supply		Output: 24VDC/2A, 48W (for PLC internal use)	
module		Input: 100-240 VAC, 50/60 Hz	
module	AS-PS02A	Output: 24VDC/1.5A, 36W (for PLC internal use)	
		Output: 24VDC/0.5A, 12W (for external use)	
		CPU module, PNP output, 1x Ethernet port, 2x RS-485	
		ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD interface, 2x function cards	
	AS332P-A	(optional), supporting 32 I/Os (16DI+16DO) and up to 1024	
		I/Os. Program capacity:128K steps, high-density terminal	
		blocks	
AS300 Series	AS332T-A	CPU module, NPN output, 1x Ethernet port, 2x RS-485	
CPU module		ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD interface, 2x function cards	
CFO module		(optional), supporting 32 I/Os (16DI+16DO) and up to 1024	
		I/Os. Program capacity:128K steps, high-density terminal	
		blocks	
	AS324MT-A	CPU module, NPN differential output, 1x Ethernet port, 2x	
		RS-485 ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD interface, 2x	
		function cards (optional), supporting 24 I/Os (12DI+12DO)	

#### **1.1.2 Models Descriptions**

Classification	Model Name	Description
		and up to 1016 I/Os. Program capacity:128K steps,
		high-density terminal blocks
		CPU module, PNP output, 1x Ethernet port , 2x RS-485
		ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD interface, 2x function cards
	AS320P-B	(optional), supporting 20 I/Os (8DI+12DO) and up to 1024
		I/Os. Program capacity:128K steps, removable terminal
		blocks
		CPU module, NPN output, 1x Ethernet port, 2x RS-485
		ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD interface, 2x function cards
	AS320T-B	(optional), supporting 20 I/Os (8DI+12DO) and up to 1024
		I/Os. Program capacity:128K steps, removable terminal
		blocks
		CPU module, no I/Os, 1x Ethernet port, 2x RS-485 ports, 1x
	AS300N-A	USB port, 1x Micro SD interface, 2x function cards
	A3300N-A	(optional), and supporting up to 1024 I/Os. Program
		capacity:128K steps
		CPU module, PNP output, 1x Ethernet port , 2x RS-485
		ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD interface, CAN
	AS228P-A	communication port, supporting 28 I/Os (16DI+12DO) and
		up to 1024 I/Os. Program capacity: 64K steps, removable
		terminal blocks
		CPU module, NPN output, 1x Ethernet port , 2x RS-485
	AS228T-A	ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD interface, CAN
		communication port, supporting 28 I/Os (16DI+12DO) and
		up to 1024 I/Os. Program capacity: 64K steps, removable
AS200 Series		terminal blocks
CPU module		CPU module, Relay output, 1x Ethernet port , 2x RS-485
		ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD interface, CAN
	AS228R-A	communication port, supporting 28 I/Os (16DI+12DO) and
		up to 1024 I/Os. Program capacity: 64K steps, removable
		terminal blocks
		CPU module, PNP output, 1x Ethernet port , 2x RS-485
		ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD interface, CAN
	AS218PX-A	communication port, supporting 18 I/Os
		(8DI+6DO+2AI+2AO) and up to 1024 I/Os. Program
		capacity: 64K steps, removable terminal blocks

Classification	Model Name	Description		
		CPU module, NPN output, 1x Ethernet port , 2x RS-485		
		ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD interface, CAN		
	AS218TX-A	communication port, supporting 18 I/Os		
		(8DI+6DO+2AI+2AO) and up to 1024 I/Os. Program		
		capacity: 64K steps, removable terminal blocks		
		CPU module, Relay output, 1x Ethernet port , 2x RS-485		
		ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD interface, CAN		
	AS218RX-A	communication port, supporting 18 I/Os		
		(8DI+6DO+2AI+2AO) and up to 1024 I/Os. Program		
		capacity: 64K steps, removable terminal blocks		
		24VDC		
		5mA		
	AS08AM10N-A	8 inputs		
		Spring-clamp terminal block		
		5 - 30VDC		
		0.5A/output, 4A/COM		
	AS08AN01P-A	8 outputs		
		Sourcing output		
		Spring-clamp terminal block		
		240VAC/24VDC		
		2A/output, 8A/COM		
Distil	AS08AN01R-A	8 outputs		
Digital		Relay		
input/output		Spring-clamp terminal block		
module		5 - 30VDC		
		0.5A/output, 4A/COM		
	AS08AN01T-A	8 outputs		
		Sinking output		
		Spring-clamp terminal block		
		24VDC		
	AS16AM10N-A	5mA		
		16 inputs		
		Spring-clamp terminal block		
		5 - 30VDC		
	AS16AN01P-A	0.5A/output, 4A/COM		
		16 outputs		

Classification	Model Name	Description
		Sourcing output
		Spring-clamp terminal block
		240VAC/24VDC
		2A/output, 8A/COM
	AS16AN01R-A	16 outputs
		Relay
		Spring-clamp terminal block
		5 - 30VDC
		0.5A/output, 4A/COM
	AS16AN01T-A	16 outputs
		Sinking output
		Spring-clamp terminal block
		24VDC
		5mA
		8 inputs
		5 - 30VDC
	AS16AP11P-A	0.5A/output, 4A/COM
		8 outputs
		Sourcing output
		Spring-clamp terminal block
		24VDC
		5mA
		8 inputs
	AS16AP11R-A	240VAC/24VDC
	ASTOAF TIK-A	2A/output, 8A/COM
		8 outputs
		Relay
		Spring-clamp terminal block
		24VDC
		5mA
		8 inputs
	AS16AP11T-A	5 - 30VDC
		0.5A/output, 4A/COM
		8 outputs
		Sinking output
		Spring-clamp terminal block

Classification	Model Name	Description
		24VDC
		3.2mA
	AS32AM10N-A	32 inputs
		MIL connector
		5 - 30VDC
		0.1A/output, 3.2A/COM
	AS32AN02T-A	32 outputs
		Sinking output
		MIL connector
		24VDC
		3.2mA
	AS64AM10N-A	64 inputs
		MIL connector
		5 - 30VDC
		0.1A/output, 3.2A/COM
	AS64AN02T-A	64 outputs
		Sinking output
		MIL connector
		4-channel analog input module
		Hardware resolution: 16 bits
	AS04AD-A	0–10V, 0/1–5V, -5 to +5V, -10 to +10V, 0/4–20mA,
		-20-+20mA
		Conversion time: 2 ms/channel
		8-channel analog input module
		Hardware resolution: 16 bits
Analog	AS08AD-B	0 to +10V, 0/1–5V, -5V to +5V, -10V to +10V
Analog		Conversion time: 2 ms/channel
input/output module		8-channel analog input module
module	4508AD C	Hardware resolution: 16 bits
	AS08AD-C	0/4–20mA, -20mA–+20mA
		Conversion time: 2 ms/channel
	AS04DA-A	4-channel analog output module
		Hardware resolution: 12 bits
		-10 to +10V, 0–20mA, 4–20mA
		Conversion time: 2 ms/channel

Classification	Model Name	Description	
		Hardware resolution: 16 bits	
		0–10V, 0/1–5V, -5 to +5V, -10 to +10V, 0/4–20mA, -20 to	
		+20mA	
		Conversion time: 2 ms/channel	
		2-channel analog output	
		Hardware resolution: 12 bits	
		-10 to +10V, 0–20mA, 4–20mA	
		Conversion time: 2 ms/channel	
		4-channe, 2-wire/3-wire RTD	
		Sensor type: Pt100 / Ni100 / Pt1000 / Ni1000 / JPt100 /	
	AS04RTD-A	LG-Ni1000 / Cu50 / Cu100 / 0-300 $\Omega$ / 0-3000 $\Omega$ input	
	AS04RTD-A	impedance	
		Resolution: 0.1°C/0.1°F (16 bits)	
		Conversion time: 200ms/channel	
		6-channe, 2-wire/3-wire RTD	
	AS06RTD-A	Sensor type: Pt100 / Ni100 / Pt1000 / Ni1000 / JPt100 /	
Temperature		LG-Ni1000 / Cu50 / Cu100 / 0-300 $\Omega$ / 0-3000 $\Omega$ input	
measurement		impedance, Resolution: 0.1°C/0.1°F (16 bits)	
module		Conversion time: 200ms/channel	
		4-channel thermocouple	
	AS04TC-A	Sensor type: J, K, R, S, T, E, N, B and -100 to +100 mV	
	A30410-A	Resolution: 0.1°C/0.1°F (24 bits)	
		Conversion time: 200ms/channel	
		8-channel thermocouple	
	AS08TC-A	Sensor type: J, K, R, S, T, E, N, B and -100 to +100 mV	
	A5081C-A	Resolution: 0.1°C/0.1°F (24 bits)	
		Conversion time: 200ms/channel	
		2-channel, 4-wire/6-wire load cell sensor	
Load cell		Eigenvalues for a load cell: 1, 2, 4, 6, 20, 40, 80 mV/V	
module	AS02LC-A	Highest precision 1/10000 @ 50ms of conversion time	
moudie		ADC Resolution : 4 bits	
		Conversion time: 2.5–400ms (nine options to choose from)	
		2-axis motion control,	
Positioning	AS02PU-A	5-24 VDC, 1 differential input,	
module		maximum high-speed frequency at 200 k Hz	
		24 VDC, 5 mA, 5 inputs	

Classification	Model Name	Description	
		5 VDC, 2-axis, 4 differential outputs,	
		maximum high-speed frequency at 200 k Hz	
		4-axis motion control	
		24 VDC, 5mA, 6 inputs	
	AS04PU-A	5-30 VDC, 0.1A, 4-axis, 8 outputs, maximum high-speed	
		frequency at 100 kHz	
	AS00SCM-A	Serial communication module, 2x communication ports for	
Network	A3003CM-A	communication cards, supporting MODBUS protocols	
module	AS01DNET-A	DeviceNet communication port, functioning as master or	
	ASUIDNEI-A	slave	
	AS00SCM-A		
	+	For AS-FCOPM function cards	
	AS-FCOPM		
Remote I/O	AS00SCM-A		
module	+	For AS-FEN02 function cards	
module	AS-FEN02		
	AS01DNET-A (RTU)	DeviceNet remote IO slave, its right side connects with AS	
		Series extension modules, including digital modules, analog	
		modules, temperature modules, etc.	
	AS-F232	Serial communication port, RS232, functioning as master or	
	NO 1 202	slave	
	AS-F422	Serial communication port, RS422, functioning as master or	
		slave	
	AS-F485	Serial communication port, RS485, functioning as master or	
	AS-F485	slave	
	AS-FCOPM	CANopen communication port, supporting DS301, AS	
Function cards	AS-FCOFM	series remote modules and Delta servo systems	
		2-channel analog input	
	AS-F2AD	0-10V (12 bits), 4-20mA (11 bits)	
		Conversion time: 3ms/channel	
		2-channel analog output	
	AS-F2DA	0-10V, 4-20mA (12 bits)	
		Conversion time: 2ms/channel	
	AS-FEN02	2x Ethernet ports, supporting MODBUS TCP, EtherNet/IP	
		Adapter, AS Series remote control, and DLR function	
Programming	UC-PRG015-01A	Used for the connection between a PLC and a PC via a mini	

Classification	Model Name	Description	
cable	(1.5M)	USB port, use for AS332T-A, AS332P-A, and AS324MT-A	
	UC-PRG030-01A (3M)	Use for the connection between a PLC and a PC with a mini	
	00-F KG030-0 TA (3M)	USB port, use for AS332T-A, AS332P-A, and AS324MT-A	
	UC-PRG030-20A (3M)	Use for the connection between a PLC and a PC with a	
		RJ45 port, use for AS332T-A, AS332P-A and AS324MT-A	
	UC-ET010-24B (1M)	MIL connector, 40Pin $\leftrightarrow$ 40Pin, shielded, use for	
	UC-ET020-24B (2M)	AS32AM10N-A, AS32AN02T-A, AS64AM10N-A and	
I/O extension	UC-ET030-24B (3M)	AS64AN02T-A	
cable	UC-ET010-24D (1M)	MIL connector, 40Pin $\leftrightarrow$ 2x 20Pin, shielded, use for	
	UC-ET020-24D (2M)	AS332T-A, AS332P-A, AS324MT-A, AS32AM10N-A,	
	UC-ET030-24D (3M)	AS32AN02T-A, AS64AM10N-A, and AS64AN02T-A	
		16 inputs/outputs, 20-Pin MIL connector, use for AS332T-A,	
	UB-10-ID16A	AS332P-A, AS324MT-A, AS32AM10N-A, AS32AN02T-A,	
		AS64AM10N-A and AS64AN02T-A	
	UB-10-ID32A	32 inputs, 40-Pin MIL connector, use for AS32AM10N-A and	
		AS64AM10N-A	
External	UB-10-IO32D	Terminal block (spring clamp/MIL connector), MIL connector	
terminal		to 40-Pin spring clamp terminal block, use for AS332T-A,	
module		AS332P-A, AS324MT-A, AS32AM10N-A, AS32AN02T-A	
	UB-10-OR16A	16 relay outputs, 20-Pin MIL connector, NPN, use for	
		AS332T-A, AS32AN02T-A and AS64AN02T-A	
	UB-10-OR16B	16 relay outputs, 20-Pin MIL connector, PNP, use for	
	UB-10-OT32A	AS332P-A	
		32 transistor outputs, 40-Pin MIL connector, NPN, use for	
		AS32AN02T-A and AS64AN02T-A	
	UC-CMC003-01A (0.3M)	CANopen communication cable, use for AS-FCOPM series	
	UC-CMC005-01A (0.5M)	CANopen communication cable, use for AS-FCOPM series	
	UC-CMC010-01A (1M)	CANopen communication cable, use for AS-FCOPM series	
Network cables	UC-CMC015-01A (1.5M)	CANopen communication cable, use for AS-FCOPM series	
	UC-CMC020-01A (2M)	CANopen communication cable, use for AS-FCOPM series	
	UC-CMC030-01A (3M)	CANopen communication cable, use for AS-FCOPM series	
	UC-CMC050-01A (5M)	CANopen communication cable, use for AS-FCOPM series	
	UC-CMC100-01A (10M)	CANopen communication cable, use for AS-FCOPM series	
	UC-CMC200-01A (20M)	CANopen communication cable, use for AS-FCOPM series	

Classification	Model Name	Description	
		Ethernet communication cable, use for AS Series, CPU and	
	UC-EMC003-02A (0.3M)	AS-FEN02 Series.	
	UC-EMC005-02A (0.5M)	Ethernet communication cable, use for AS Series, CPU and	
	00-Em0003-02A (0.5M)	AS-FEN02 Series.	
	UC-EMC010-02A (1M)	Ethernet communication cable, use for AS Series, CPU and	
		AS-FEN02 Series.	
	UC-EMC020-02A (2M)	Ethernet communication cable, use for AS Series, CPU and	
		AS-FEN02 Series.	
	UC-EMC050-02A (5M)	Ethernet communication cable, use for AS Series, CPU and	
		AS-FEN02 Series.	
	UC-EMC100-02A (10M)	Ethernet communication cable, use for AS Series, CPU and	
		AS-FEN02 Series.	
	UC-EMC200-02A (20M)	Ethernet communication cable, use for AS Series, CPU and	
	00-LINC200-02A (2010)	AS-FEN02 Series.	

#### **1.2 Overview**

An AS series CPU module is an advanced controller with built-in 6 high speed counters for inputs, up to 6-axis (pulse), and can optionally work with a total of 8-axis (CANopen) position outputs. It provides a strong network function for users, and users can create connection among devices on the network through software. An AS series CPU module also provides structured programming. Users can assign programs to different tasks, and write a program which is frequently executed in a function block. Besides, users can choose different programming languages ladder diagrams (LD), structured texts (ST), sequential function charts (SFC), and continuous function chart (CFC) dealt with by IEC 61131-3 according to their needs when writing programs. They can create the AS series hardware configuration by means of hardware configuration software. They can also restore or back up a system rapidly through the built-in SD interface in an AS series Series CPU module. This manual introduces the basic operation of an AS series system, and help users familiarize themselves with the AS series system.

## **1.3 Characteristics**

Characteristics of the AS series CPU module:

#### (1) High efficiency

- The AS Series CPU module uses a 32-bit high-speed processor. The module executes basic instructions at 25 ns each and moving instructions at 150ns each. The module executes instructions at a speed of 40k steps/ms (40% of the instructions are basic instructions, and 60% of the instructions are applied instructions).
- The CPU of the AS Series uses the Soc architecture, built with six (or 3) high speed counters. The maximum frequency is 200 kHz for each counter (differential output models can reach 4 MHz); six-axis high speed position output at 200 kHz (differential output models can reach 4 MHz).

#### (2) Supporting more inputs and outputs

- The AS series CPU module supports up to 1024 digital I/Os or 32 I/O modules (any type) or 16 analog I/O modules.
- The AS series works with SCM/DNETcommunication modules (AS-FCOPM, and AS-FEN02 included) to create a remote connection, and you can connect up to 15 remote modules.

Note: For the connections between the CPU modules and the remote modules, the I/O points cannot exceed 1024 I/Os, 32 I/O modules (any type), or 16 analog I/O modules.

#### (3) Multiple I/O modules

• The AS series CPU module supports the following I/O modules: digital input/output modules, analog

Module	Description	
Disital	AS08AM10N-A, AS08AN01T-A, AS08AN01P-A, AS08AN01R-A,	
Digital	AS16AM10N-A, AS16AN01T-A, AS16AN01P-A, AS16AN01R-A,	
input/output module	AS16AP11T-A, AS16AP11P-A, AS16AP11R-A, AS32AM10N-A,	
module	AS32AN02T-A, AS64AM10N-A, AS64AN02T-A	
Analog input/output module (Temperature measurement module)	AS04AD-A, AS08AD-B, AS08AD-C, AS04DA-A, AS06XA-A, AS04RTD-A, AS06RTD-A, AS04TC-A, AS08TC-A	
Positioning module	AS02PU-A, AS04PU-A	
Network module	AS00SCM-A, AS01DNET-A	
Communication card	AS-F232, AS-F422, AS-F485, AS-FCOPM, AS-FEN02	
Function card	AS-F2AD, AS-F2DA	

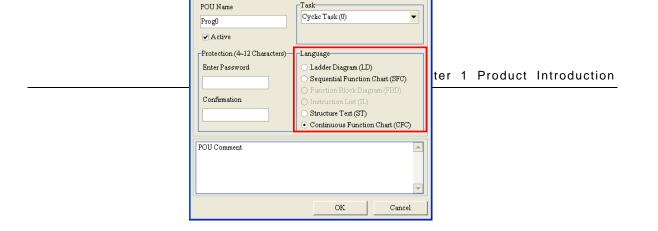
input/output modules, temperature measurement modules, network modules, and function cards.

#### (4) Larger program capacity and memory

- The AS300 Series advanced CPU modules have 128k steps of program capacity. 60000 general registers (30000 for specific use and 30000 for programming editing), and 64k words of memory (that can be used for storing parameters).
- The AS200 Series advanced CPU modules have 64k steps of program capacity. 60000 general registers (30000 for specific use and 30000 for programming editing), and 64k words of memory (that can be used for storing parameters).

#### (5) Supporting IEC 61131-3

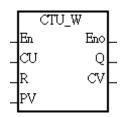
- The AS series CPU module supports IEC 61131-3.
- Supported programming languages are ladder diagrams (LD), sequential function chart (SFC), structured text (ST), and continuous function chart (CFC).



• You can select a programming language according to your preference. Programming languages support one another so that programs written by different users are compatible.

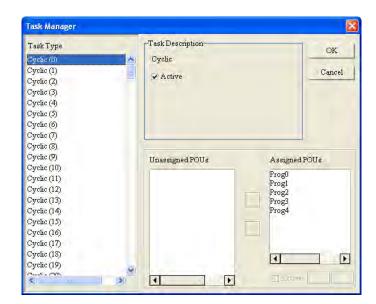
#### (6) Strong function block

- Both standard IEC61131-3 function blocks and convenient functions blocks provided by Delta Electronics, Inc. are supported. You can use function blocks for frequently used programs for greater structure and convenience.
- The symbol for a function block in a ladder diagram is similar to an integrated circuit (IC) in a circuit diagram. Because the ladder diagram is based on the traditional circuit diagram, the operation of a function block is similar to the function of an integrated circuit. You only need to send the signal to the corresponding input of the function block. You do not need to consider the processing procedure inside the function block.



- A function block is a program element equipped with the operation function. It is similar to a subroutine, and is a type of POU (Program Organization Unit). It cannot operate by itself, and must be called through the main program POU. The function defined by the function block is executed after being called with the related parameters. The final result can be sent to the device or variable in the superior POU after the function block completes.
- You can set passwords in ISPSoft to provide function block security. The program inside a function block cannot be read, and business patents cannot be compromised.

#### (7) Task



- You can assign 283 tasks at most to a program. Among these tasks, 32 are cyclic, 32 are I/O interrupts, 4 are timer interrupts, two are communication interrupts, one is an external 24 V low-voltage interrupt, and 212 are user-defined tasks.
- You can enable and disable a task when running a program by using the TKON and TKOFF instructions.

#### (8) Increasing hardware configuration efficiency through a USB cable and ISPSoft

• The AS Series CPU module provides a standard USB 2.0 interface. USB 2.0 increases the data transfer rate and decreases the time it takes to download the program, monitor the program, and configure the hardware. You do not need to buy a special communication cable for the CPU module. You can use a general USB cable to connect to the AS Series CPU module.

#### (9) Serial control interface with multiple functions

- AS Series CPU modules provide two RS-485 serial control interfaces, COM1 and COM2, which can be set as a either master or slave.
- You use the communication cards to work with two extension serial communication ports and to set the port as a master or slave.

#### (10) High-speed Ethernet communication interface

- AS Series CPU modules are equipped with a 10/100 M Ethernet communication interface and support email, web, and socket services.
- System error messages can be sent to your email immediately. You do not need to be on location to understand the problem.

#### (11) Memory card

• The memory card has the following functions.

System backup: user program, CPU parameters, module table, and the device setting values

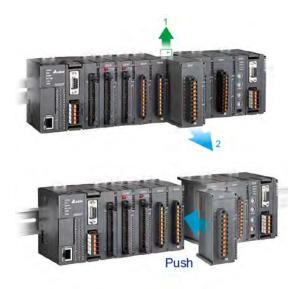
System recovery: user program, CPU parameters, module table, and device setting values

Parameter storage: device value

Log storage: system error log and system status log

#### (12) I/O module installation

• The AS Series PLC supports slide-and-lock installation on I/O modules when the power is off. After the PLC is powered off, you can remove the defective module and replace it with a new one without removing other modules.

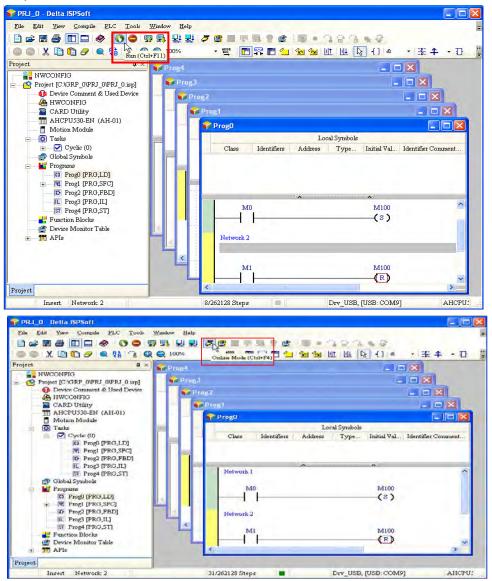


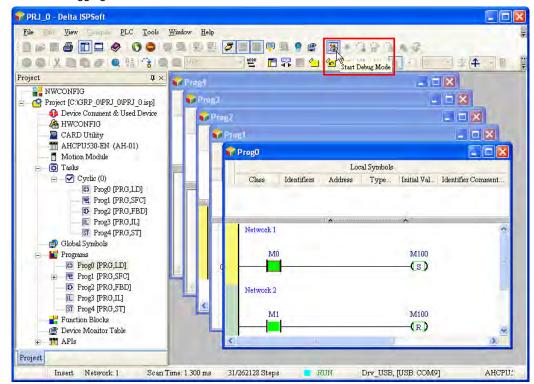
#### (13) Supporting on-line debugging mode

- You can use the on-line debugging mode in the AS series CPU module after a single instruction step completes, or after a breakpoint is specified, to find bugs in the program.
- The CPU module must be running to enter the debugging mode. After enabling the on-line monitoring

function, click . The debugging screen varies from programming language to programming language, but the same operation applies to these programming languages. For the AS series PLC, structured text does not support debugging mode, and sequential function charts supports debugging mode during the action and the transition.

#### Step 1: Set the PLC to RUN

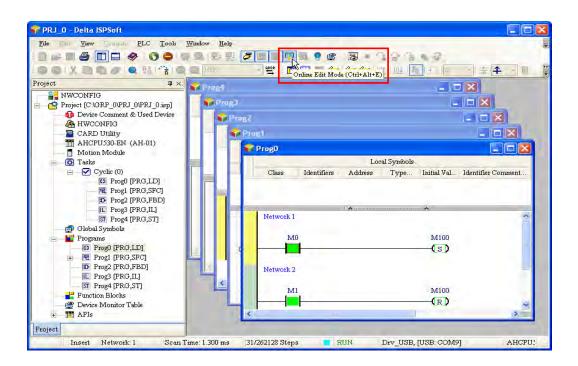




Step 3: Enter debugging mode

#### (14) On-line editing mode

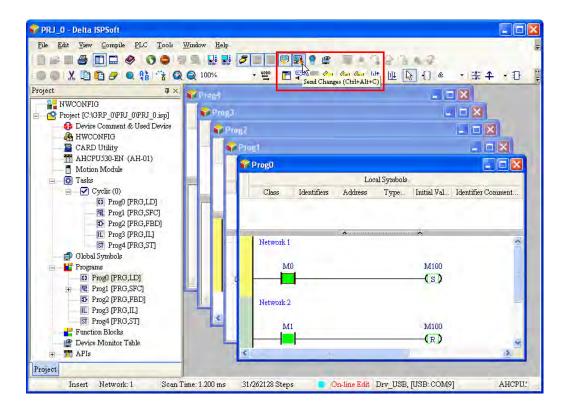
- You can use the on-line editing mode when the system is running to update the program without affecting the system operation.
- When the system is in the on-line monitoring mode, enter the on-line editing mode by clicking



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• After the program is modified and compiled, you can update the program in the CPU module by

clicking 🗾 to download it to the CPU.



# Chapter 2 Specifications and System Configuration

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## 2.1 General Specifications

Item	Specifications			
Operating temperature	-20 to 60°C			
Storage temperature	-40 to 80°C			
Operating humidity	5–95% No condensation			
Storage humidity	5–95% No condensation			
Work environment	No corrosive gas exists.			
Installation location	In a control box			
Pollution degree	2			
Ingress protection (IP ratings)				
EMC (electromagnetic compatibility)	Refer to Chapter 7 for more information.			
Vibration resistance	Tested with: $5 \text{ Hz} \leq f \leq 8.4 \text{ Hz}$ , constant amplitude 3.5 mm; $8.4 \text{ Hz} \leq f \leq 150 \text{ Hz}$ , constant acceleration 1g Duration of oscillation: 10 sweep cycles per axis on each direction of the three mutually perpendicular axes International Standard IEC 61131-2 & IEC 60068-2-6 (TEST Fc)			
Shock resistance	Tested with: Half-sine wave: Strength of shock 15 g peak value, 11 ms duration; Shock direction: The shocks in each in direction per axis, on three mutually perpendicular axes (total of 18 shocks) International Standard IEC 61131-2 & IEC 60068-2-27 (TEST Ea)			
Safety	Conforms to IEC 61131-2, UL508			
Ambient air temperature-barometric pressure-altitude	Operating: 1080 ~ 795hPa (-1000 ~ 2000 m) Storage:1080 ~ 660hPa (-1000 ~ 3500 m)			

# 2.2 CPU Module Specifications

## 2.2.1 Functional specifications

ltem	AS324MT-A / AS332T-A / AS332P-A AS228T-A / AS228P-A / AS218TX-A AS218PX-A / AS218RX-A	Kennark
Execution	The program is executed cyclically.	
Input/Output control	Regenerated inputs/outputs Direct inputs/outputs	The inputs and outputs can be controlled through the direct inputs and direct outputs.
	IEC 61131-3	
Programming language	Ladder diagrams, continuous function charts, structured text, and sequential function charts	
Instruction execution speed	40K steps/ms	

ltem	AS324MT-A / AS332T-A / AS332P-A	Remark	
Number of instructions	Approximately 666 instru		
Constant scan cycle (ms)	1-32000 (The scan cycle can be ir millisecond.)	Setting the parameter	
Program capacity (step)	128K steps (256K bytes)	64K steps (128K bytes)	
Installation	DIN rails or screws		
Installation of a module	No backplane installation	; only module after module	
Maximum number of modules which can be installed	32 modules		
Number of tasks	283 tasks (32 cyclic tasks timed interrupts, etc.)	Refer to the AS Series Operation manual for more information.	
Number of inputs/outputs	1024	Number of inputs/outputs accessible to an actual input/output module	
Input relays [X]	1024		
Output relays [Y]	1024		
Internal relays [M]	8192 (M0–M8191)		
Timers [T]	512 (T0–T511)		
Counters [C]	512 (C0–C511)		
32-bit counter [HC]	256 (HC0–HC255)		
Data register [D]	30000 (D0–D29999)		
Data register [W]	30000 (W0–W29999)		
Stepping relay [S]	2048 (S0–S2047)		
Index register [E]	10 (E0–E9)		
Special auxiliary relay [SM]	2048 (SM0–SM2047)		
Special data register [SR] Serial communication port	2048 (SR0–SR2047) 2x RS-485		
Ethernet port	10/100 M	Refer to the section 9.3 for more details on Ethernet specificaitons	
USB port	Mini USB		
Storage interface	SD Card (Micro SD); max		
Real-time clock	Years, months, days, hou weeks	*Batteries (CR1620) are not included.	
Function card interface	2x function cards, supporting communication card, AD/DA analog function cards	None	
CANopen DS301 (Master)	Maximum node: 64; max	*A function card	

ltem	AS324MT-A / AS332T-A / AS332P-A	AS228T-A / AS228P-A AS228R-A / AS218TX-A AS218PX-A / AS218RX-A	
CANopen DS301 (Slave)	Maximum PDO: 8: maximum bytes: 8		AS-FCOPM is required for AS300 Series.

## 2.2.2 Electrical specifications

Model Item	AS332T-A/ AS332P-A/ AS324MT-A	AS320T-B/ AS320P-B	AS300N-A	AS228T-A/ AS228P-A	AS218TX-A/ AS218PX-A	AS228R-A/ AS218RX-A
Supply voltage	24 VDC (20.4 VDC-28.8 VDC) (-15% to +20%)					
Power consumption (W)	3.6	3.6	3	3.4	4.9	4.3 / 5.3
Weight (g)	260	285	235	285	290	325 / 310

• Electrical specifications for the inputs on digital input/output module. The signals passing through the inputs are 24 VDC signals.

Item	Model	AS332T-A AS332P-A	AS320T-B AS320P-B	AS324MT-A	
Number of	inputs	16 (X0.0-X0.15) 8 (X0.0-X0.7)		12 (X0.0-X0.11)	
Connector	type	MIL connector	Removable terminal blocks	MIL connector	
Input type			Digital input		
Input form		Direct current (sinking or sourcing)		X0.0+-X0.3+/X0.0- to X0.3-: differential input X0.4-X0.11: Direct current (sinking or sourcing)	
Input volta current	urrent 24 VDC 5 mA		X0.0+–X0.3+/X0.0- to X0.3-: 5 VDC, 5 mA X0.4–X0.11: 24 VDC, 5 mA		
Action	OFF→ON	>15	X0.0+-X0.3+/X0.0- to X0.3-: >0.2VDC X0.4-X0.11: >15VDC		
level	ON→OFF	<5	X0.0+-X0.3+/X0.0- to X0.3-: <-0.2VDC X0.4-X0.11: <5VDC		
Response	OFF→ON	10 m	X0.0+–X0.3+/X0.0- to X0.3-: < 0.125 μs X0.4–X0.11: < 2.5μs		
time	ON→OFF	15 m	X0.0+–X0.3+/X0.0- to X0.3-: < 0.125 μs X0.4–X0.11: < 2.5μs		
Maximum input frequency		50 Hz		X0.0+-X0.3+/X0.0- to X0.3-: < 4 MHz X0.4-X0.11: < 200 kHz	
Input impedance		5.6 kΩ			
Input signal         Voltage input           Sinking: The inputs are NPN transistor         Sourcing: The inputs are PNP transistor				•	

Model Item	AS332T-A AS332P-A	AS320T-B AS320P-B	AS324MT-A
Electrical isolation	Optocoupler		
Input display	when the optocoupler is driven, the input LED indicator is ON.		
Note: AS300N-A does not come with inputs/outputs.			

•

Electrical specifications for the outputs on AS300 Series.

Model Item		AS332T-A	AS320T-B	AS324MT-A
		AS332P-A	AS320P-B	
Number of c	outputs	16 (Y0.0-Y0.15)	12 (Y0.0-Y0.11)	12 (Y0.0-Y0.11)
Connector t	уре	MIL connectorMIL connector	Removable terminal blocks	MIL connector
Output form		Transistor-T (sinking)		Y0.0+–Y0.3+/Y0.0- to Y0.3-: differential input Y0.4–Y0.11: Transistor-T (sinking)
Voltage		5-30	VDC	Y0.0+-Y0.3+/Y0.0- to Y0.3- : 5 VDC Y0.4-Y0.11: 5-30VDC
Maximum load	Resistance	0.1A/output, 1.6A/COM	0.1A/output, 1.2A/COM	Y0.0+-Y0.3+/Y0.0-Y0.3- : 20mA/output (+ and – as a group, e.g. Y0.0+ and Y0.0- is a group) Y0.4-Y0.11:0.1A/output, 0.8A/COM
	Inductance		N	/Α
	Bulb		N	/A
Maximum	Resistance	Y0.0-Y0.11: 200 KHz Y0.12-Y0.15: 100 Hz		Y0.0+-Y0.3+/Y0.0- to Y0.3- : 4 MHz Y0.4-Y0.11: 200 KHz
output	Inductance		N	/A
frequency*1	Bulb		N	/A
Maximum Response time	OFF→ON	Y0.0~Y0.11: 2.5µs Y0.12~Y0.15: 0.5ms		Y0.0+–Y0.3+/Y0.0- to Y0.3-: 0.125 μs Y0.4–Y0.11: 2.5 μs

• Electrical specifications for the inputs on AS200 Series. The signals passing through the inputs are 24 VDC signals.

Model		AS228P-A / AS228R-A / AS228T-A	AS218PX-A / AS218RX-A /	
			AS218TX-A	
Number of input	s	16 (X0.0-X0.15)	8 (X0.0-X0.7)	
Connector type		Removable terminal blocks		
Input type		Digita	l input	
Input form		Direct current (sinking or sourcing)		
Input voltage/ cu	rrent	24 VDC, 5 mA		
Action level	OFF→ON	>15 VDC		
Action level	ON→OFF	<5 VDC		
	OFF→ON	X0.0–X0.7: < 2.5µs		
Response time	OFF→ON	X0.8–X0.15: < 50µs		
	ON→OFF	X0.0–X0.	7: < 2.5µs	
		X0.8–X0.1	5: < 50µs	

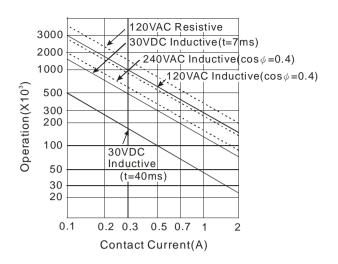
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Model	AS228P-A / AS228R-A / AS228T-A	AS218PX-A / AS218RX-A / AS218TX-A	
Maximum input frequency	X0.0–X0.7: 200 KHz X0.8–X0.15: 10 KHz		
Input impedance	3.9	kΩ	
Input signal	Voltage direct input Sinking: The inputs are NPN transistors whose collectors are open collectors. Sourcing: The inputs are PNP transistors whose collectors are open collectors.		
Electrical isolation	Optocoupler		
Input display	When the optocoupler is driven	, the input LED indicator is ON.	
Analog inputs	N/A	2	
Analog input resolution	N/A	12bits	
Analog input mode	N/A	-10V~10V (voltage mode) or 20mA~20mA (currentmode)	
Analog linearity error	N/A ±1% (full scale)		
Analog input impedance	N/A	≧1 MΩ (Voltage mode) 250 Ω (Current mode)	

• Electrical specifications for the outputs on AS200 Series.

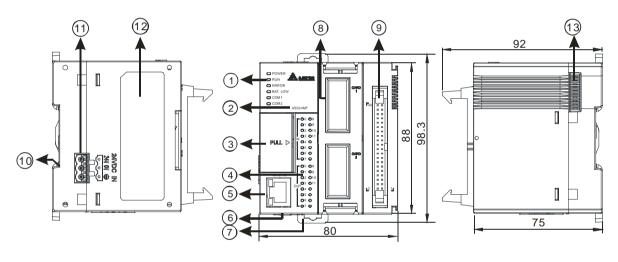
Model		AS228R-A AS228T-A AS228P-A AS218RX-A AS218TX-A AS218PX-A				
Number of o	outputs		AS228 Series: 12 outputs (Y0.0-Y0.11) AS218 Series 6 outputs (Y0.0-Y0.5)			
Connector t	уре		Removable terminal blocks			
Output form	ı		Relay	Transistor-T (sinking)	Transistor-P (sourcing)	
Voltage / cu	rrent		240 VAC / 24 VDC	5-30 VDC	5-30 VDC	
Leakage cu	rrent		0uA	<10u	A	
Resistance		AS228 AS218	2A/output, 8A/COM 2A/output, 6A/COM	0.5A/output, 2A/COM 0.5A/output, 1.5A/COM	0.5A/output, 2A/COM 0.5A/output, 1.5A/COM	
load	Inductance		Life cycle curve*1	N/A	N/A	
Bulb			20W (24VDC) 100W (230VAC)	N/A	N/A	
Maximum Resistance		1Hz	200kHz	200kHz		
output	Inductance		0.5Hz	N/A	N/A	
frequency	Bulb		1Hz	N/A	N/A	
Maximum Response timeOFF→ONON→OFF		10 µs	2.5 μs	2.5 µs		
			ľ	•	•	
Analog outputs			AS218 Series: 2 outputs			
Analog outp	out resolution	n	AS218 Series: 12bits			
Analog output mode *1: Life cycle curve			AS218 Series: -10V~10	V (voltage mode) or 0mA~	20mA (currentmode)	

\*1: Life cycle curve



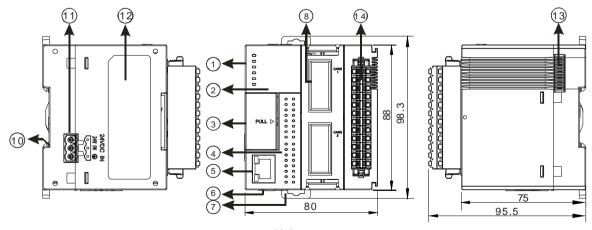
# 2.2.3 CPU Module Profiles

### • AS324MT-A/AS332T-A/AS332P-A/AS300N-A



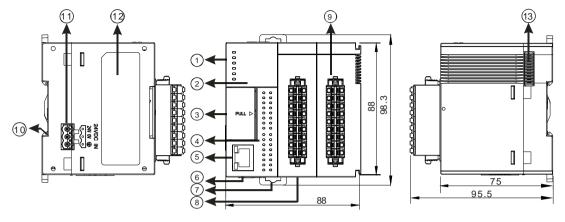
Unit: mm

• AS320T-B/AS320P-B



Unit: mm

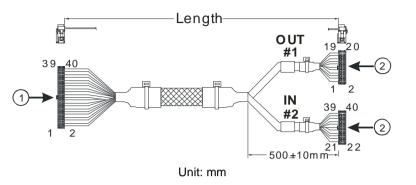
Number	Name	Description
	Power LED indicator	Indicates the power status of the CPU module
		Operating status of the module
	Run LED indicator	ON: the module is running.
		OFF: the module is stopped.
		Error status of the module
	Error LED indicator	ON: a serious error occurs in the module.
1		OFF: the module is normal.
		Blinking: a minor error occurs in the module.
	BAT.LOW LED	Indicates the battery status of the CPU module.
	indicator	(Enable/Disable this display in HWCONFIG in ISPSoft)
	COM1 LED	Indicates the communication status of the COM port.
	COM1 LED	OFF: no communication over the COM port
		Blinking: communication over the COM port
2	Model name	Shows the model name of the CPU module.
	Dur /Otan	RUN: execute the programs
	Run/Stop	STOP: stop the programs
	USB port	Mini USB communication port
3	SD card slot	Provides an interface for an SD card
		VR0: use the flag SM166 to activate the values in SR166
	VR0/VR1	VR1: use the flag SM167 to activate the values in SR167
4	Input/Output LED	If there is an input signal, the input LED indicator is ON.
4	indicator	If there is an output signal, the output LED indicator is ON.
5	Ethernet port	Provides an interface for a n Ethernet communication
6	COM1/COM2	Provides an interface for RS-485 communication
7	DIN rail clip	Secures the DIN rail
8	Extension card slot	Provides an interface for an extension card
	MIL connector	Connects the module and the wiring module
9	Note: AS300N-A does no	ot come with inputs/outputs; there is no MIL connector for AS300N-A.
10 Grounding clip		For grounding
11	Power supply	For power supply
12 Label Nameplate		Nameplate
13	External module port	Connects the modules
		Connects the module and the wiring module
14	Removable terminal blocks	Note: AS300N-A does not come with inputs/outputs; there is no MIL connector for AS300N-A.



• AS200 Series (AS218PX-A/AS218RX-A/AS218TX-A/AS228R-A/AS228T-A/AS228P-A)

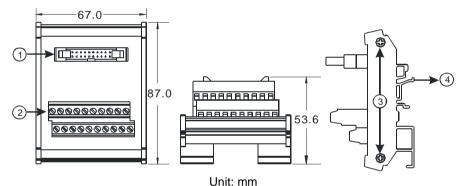
Number	Name	Description
	Power LED indicator	Indicates the power status of the CPU module
		Operating status of the module
	Run LED indicator	ON: the module is running.
	Run LED Indicator	OFF: the module is stopped.
		Blinking: the module is detecting an error.
		Error status of the module
1	Error LED indicator	ON: a serious error occurs in the module.
I		OFF: the module is normal.
		Blinking: a minor error occurs in the module.
	BAT.LOW LED	Indicates the battery status of the CPU module.
	indicator	(Enable/Disable this display in HWCONFIG in ISPSoft)
	COM1 LED	Indicates the communication status of the COM/CAN port.
	COM2 LED	OFF: no communication over the COM/CAN port
	CAN LED	Blinking: communication over the COM/CAN port
2	Model name	Shows the model name of the CPU module.
	Dura (Otara	RUN: execute the programs
	Run/Stop	STOP: stop the programs
2	USB port	Mini USB communication port
3	SD card slot	Provides an interface for an SD card
	VR0/VR1	VR0: use the flag SM166 to activate the values in SR166
		VR1: use the flag SM167 to activate the values in SR167
4	Input/Output LED	If there is an input signal, the input LED indicator is ON.
4	indicator	If there is an output signal, the output LED indicator is ON.
5	Ethernet port	Provides an interface for a n Ethernet communication
6	COM1/COM2	Provides an interface for RS-485 communication
7	DIN rail clip	Secures the DIN rail
8	CAN port	Provides an interface for CAN communication
9 Removable terminal blocks Connect		Connects the module and the wiring module
10	Grounding clip	For grounding
11	11 Power supply For power supply	
12 Label Nameplate		Nameplate
13 External module port Connects the modules		Connects the modules

- MIL connector, extension cable, and wiring modules (for AS332T-A/AS332P-A/AS324MT-A)
  - 1. Extension Cable UC-ET010-24D (1M) / UC-ET020-24D (2M) / UC-ET030-24D (3M)



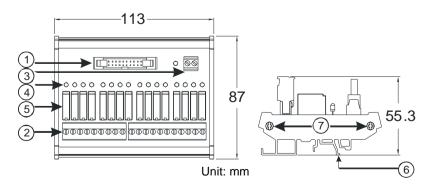
Number	Name	Description
1	IDC 40-pin terminal	Connects a digital input/output module and an external terminal module.
2	IDC 20-pin terminal	Connects the external terminal modules UB-10-ID16A/UB-10-OR16A/UB-10-OR16B

2. AS332T-A/AS332P-A/AS324MT-A and the external terminal module UB-10-ID16A



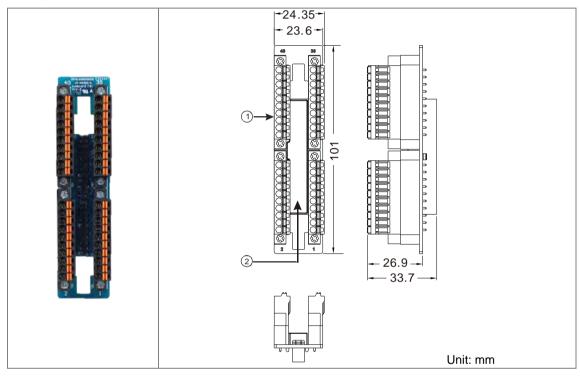
Number	Name	Description	
1	20-pin MIL connector	MIL connector Connects the external terminal module and a wiring module	
2	Terminals	Input/Output terminals for wiring	
3	Clip	Hangs the external terminal module on a DIN rail	
4	Set screw	Fixes the base	

3. AS332T-A and the external terminal module UB-10-OR16A/AS332P-A, and UB-10-OR16B



Number	Name	Description
1	20-pin MIL connector	Connects the external terminal module and a wiring module
2	Terminals	Input/Output terminals for wiring
3 2-pin power input terminal		Power input terminal for wiring
4	Output LED indicator	If there is an output signal, the output LED indicator is ON.
5	Relay output	Relay output
6 Clip 7 Set screw		Hangs the external terminal module on a DIN rail
		Fixes the base

• Spring clamp/MIL connector terminal block UB-10-IO32D for AS332T-A/AS332P-A/AS324MT-A

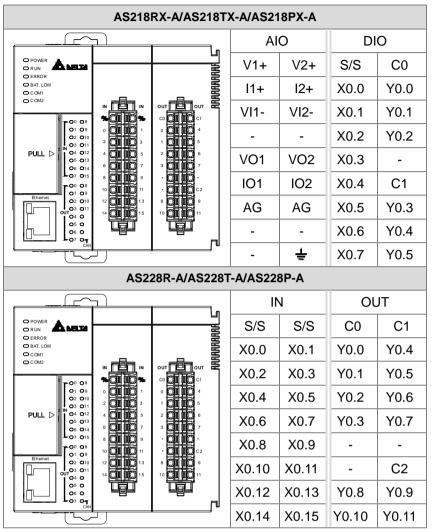


Number	Name	Description
1	Terminal block for output	Terminal block
2	40-pin MIL connector	Connects the module and the wiring module

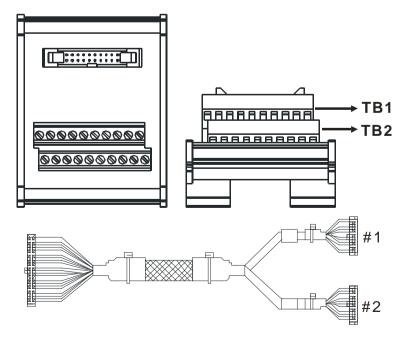
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AS332P-A			AS332T-A
	-	-	
	S/S	S/S	S/S S/S
	X0.15	X0.14	X0.15 X0.14
	X0.13	X0.12	X0.13 X0.12
	X0.11	X0.10	X0.11 X0.10
	X0.9	X0.8	
	X0.7	X0.6	
	X0.5	X0.4	
	X0.3	X0.2	X0.3 X0.2
	X0.1	X0.0	X0.1 X0.0
	C0	C0	
	-	-	
Ethernet 01 09 02 010	Y0.15	Y0.14	Ethermet 0: 09 02 010 Y0.15 Y0.14
	Y0.13	Y0.12	
	Y0.11	Y0.10	
	Y0.9	Y0.8	Y0.9 Y0.8
	Y0.7	Y0.6	Y0.7 Y0.6
	Y0.5	Y0.4	Y0.5 Y0.4
	Y0.3	Y0.2	Y0.3 Y0.2
	Y0.1	Y0.0	Y0.1 Y0.0
AS324MT-A			AS320T-B/AS320P-B
	S/S	S/S	S/S S/S
	X0.11	X0.10	X0 X1
	X0.9	X0.8	X2 X3
	X0.7	X0.6	X4 X5
	X0.5	X0.4	X6 X7
	SG0	SG0	
	X0.3-	X0.3+	
	X0.2-	X0.2+	AS320T AS320T Y2 Y3
	X0.1-	X0.1+	
	X0.0-	X0.0+	
PULL > 1 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	C0	C0	
	Y0.11	Y0.10	
Ethernet 02 010	Y0.9	Y0.8	Control Contro Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Co
	Y0.7	Y0.6	
	Y0.5	Y0.4	
	SG1	SG1	
	Y0.3-	Y0.3+	
	Y0.2-	Y0.2+	
	Y0.1-	Y0.1+	
	Y0.0-	Y0.0+	

# 2.2.4 CPU Module Input/Output Terminals



 MIL connector and the external terminal module UB-10-ID16A for AS332T-A / AS332P-A / AS324MT-A

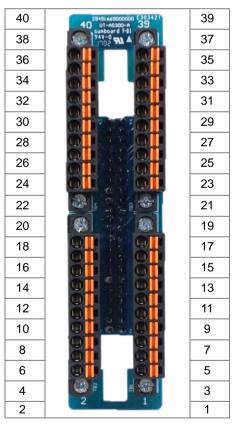


	AS332T-A										
#1	TB1	Y0.0	Y0.2	Y0.4	Y0.6	Y0.8	Y0.10	Y0.12	Y0.14	C0	-
TT I	TB2	Y0.1	Y0.3	Y0.5	Y0.7	Y0.9	Y0.11	Y0.13	Y0.15	C0	-
#2	TB1	X0.0	X0.2	X0.4	X0.6	X0.8	X0.10	X0.12	X0.14	S/S	-
#2	TB2	X0.1	X0.3	X0.5	X0.7	X0.9	X0.11	X0.13	X0.15	S/S	-

	AS332P-A										
#1	TB1	Y0.0	Y0.2	Y0.4	Y0.6	Y0.8	Y0.10	Y0.12	Y0.14	-	C0
	TB2	Y0.1	Y0.3	Y0.5	Y0.7	Y0.9	Y0.11	Y0.13	Y0.15	-	C0
#2	TB1	X0.0	X0.2	X0.4	X0.6	X0.8	X0.10	X0.12	X0.14	S/S	-
#2	TB2	X0.1	X0.3	X0.5	X0.7	X0.9	X0.11	X0.13	X0.15	S/S	-

	AS324MT-A										
#1	TB1	Y0.0+	Y0.1+	Y0.2+	Y0.3+	SG1	Y0.4	Y0.6	Y0.8	Y0.10	C0
#1	TB2	Y0.0-	Y0.1-	Y0.2-	Y0.3-	SG1	Y0.5	Y0.7	Y0.9	Y0.11	C0
#2	TB1	X0.0+	X0.1+	X0.2+	X0.3+	SG0	X0.4	X0.6	X0.8	X0.10	S/S
#2	TB2	X0.0-	X0.1-	X0.2-	X0.3-	SG0	X0.5	X0.7	X0.9	X0.11	S/S

• Spring clamp/MIL connector terminal block UB-10-IO32D for AS332T-A/AS332P-A/AS324MT-A



# 2.3 Digital Input/Output Module Specifications

# 2.3.1 General Specifications

# • Electrical specifications for the inputs on digital input/output modules (The signals passing through the inputs are 24 VDC signals.)

· · · · · · · ·				VDC Signa									
Module name	)	08AM10N -A	16AM10N -A	32AM10N -A	64AM10N -A	16AP11R A	16AP11T -A	16AP11P -A					
Number of in	puts	8	16	32	64	8	8	8					
Connector ty	ре		Removable terminal block MIL connector Removable termi				able termina	al block					
Input type		Digital input											
Input form				Direct curre	ent (sinking	or sourcing	a)						
Input voltage	/ current	24	24 VDC · 5 mA 24 VDC 3.2 mA 24 VDC					nA					
	OFF→ON				>15 VDC								
Action level	ON→OFF				<5 VDC								
Response	OFF→ON				10 ms±10%	6							
time	ON→OFF				15 ms±10%	6							
Maximum inp frequency	out	50 Hz											
Input impeda	nce		4.7 kΩ		7.5kΩ		4.7 kΩ	4.7 kΩ					
Input signal		Voltage input Sinking: The inputs are NPN transistors whose collectors are open collectors. Sourcing: The inputs are PNP transistors whose collectors are open collectors.											
Electrical iso	lation	Optocoupler											
Input display		When the	optocouple	er is driven,	the input L	ED indicato	or is ON.						
Weight		100 g	117 g	100 g	140 g	138 g	120 g	120 g					

### • Electrical specifications for the outputs on a digital input/output module

	Model	08AN01	16AN01	16AP11	08AN01	16AN01	16AP11	08AN01	16AN01	16AP11	
Item	Item		R-A	R-A	T-A	T-A	T-A	P-A	P-A	P-A	
Number of outputs		8	16	8	8	16	8	8	16	8	
Connector t	type	Removable terminal block									
Output type	•	Digital output									
Output form	ı		Relay-R	ł	Transistor-T (sinking) Transistor-P (sour				urcing)		
Voltage/ current		240	VAC/24	VDC	5-30 VDC *2 5-30 VDC *2			*2			
Leakage cu	Leakage current		0uA				IA (@V1.00A0) IA (@V1.00A1)				
	Resistance	2A/oι	2A/output, 8A/COM		0.5A/o	output, 4A	4A/COM 0.5A/output, 4A/C		/COM		
Maximum	Inductance	Life	Life cycle curve*2			12 W (24 VDC)			12 W (24 VDC)		
load	Bulb		20 W (24 VDC) 100 W (230 VAC)		2 W (24 VDC)		0C)	2 W (24 VDC)			
Maximum	Resistance		1 Hz			100 Hz			100 Hz		
output	Inductance		0.5 Hz			0.5 Hz			0.5 Hz		
frequency*1	Bulb		1 Hz			10 Hz		10 Hz			

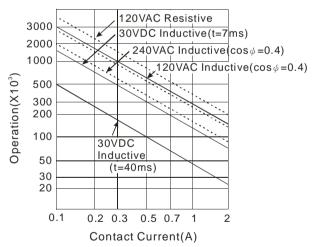
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Item	Model	08AN01 R-A	16AN01 R-A	16AP11 R-A	08AN01 T-A	16AN01 T-A	16AP11 T-A	08AN01 P-A	16AN01 P-A	16AP11 P-A
	OFF→ON		10 ms			0.5 ms			0.5 ms	
	ON→OFF		10 ms			0.5 ms			0.5 ms	
Weight	·	120 g	158 g	138 g	100 g	122 g	120 g	100 g	123 g	120 g

Item	Model	32AN02T-A	64AN02T-A						
Number of o	outputs	32	64						
Connector t	уре	MIL connector							
Output type			output						
Output form	ו	Transistor-	T (sinking)						
Output volta	age	5–30	VDC						
Leadage cu	rrent	<10	JuA						
Maximum	Resistance	0.1A/output, 3.2A/COM							
load	Inductance	N/A							
loau	Bulb	N/A							
Maximum	Resistance	100	Hz						
output	Inductance	N/	A						
frequency*1	Bulb	N/	A						
Maximum	OFF→ON								
Response time	ON→OFF	0.5 ms							
Weight		100 g	142 g						

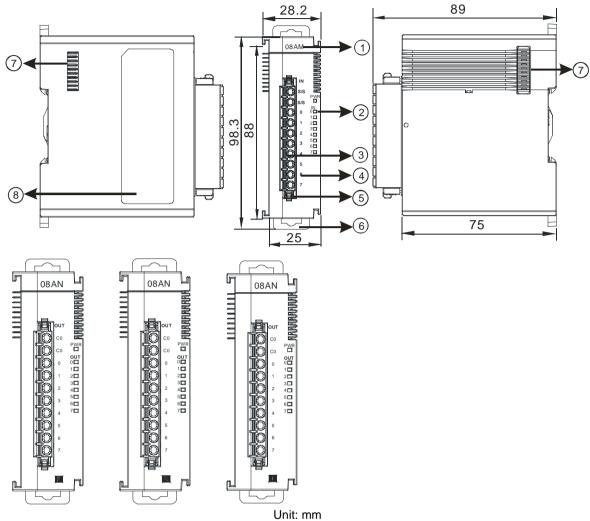
\*1: The scan cycle affects the frequency.

\*2: The life cycle curve is shown below.

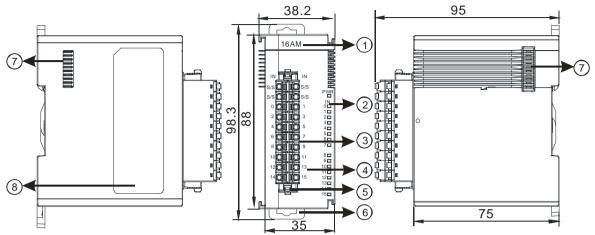


### 2.3.2 Digital Input/Output Module Profiles

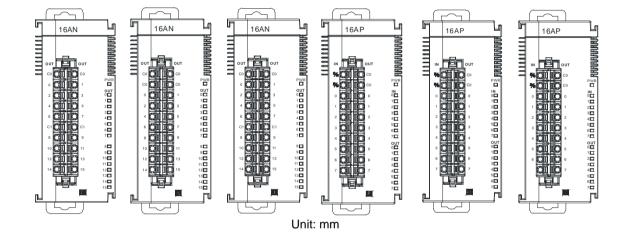
### • AS08AM10N-A/AS08AN01P-A/AS08AN01R-A/AS08AN01T-A



Number	Name	Description
1	Model name	Model name of the module
2	Input/output LED indicator	If there is an input signal, the input LED indicator is ON. If there is an output signal, the output LED indicator is ON.
3	Removable terminal block	The inputs are connected to sensors. The outputs are connected to loads to be driven.
4	Arrangement of the input/output terminals	Arrangement of the terminals
5	Terminal block clip	Secures the terminal block
6	DIN rail clip	Secures the DIN rail
7	External module port	Connects the modules
8	Label	Nameplate



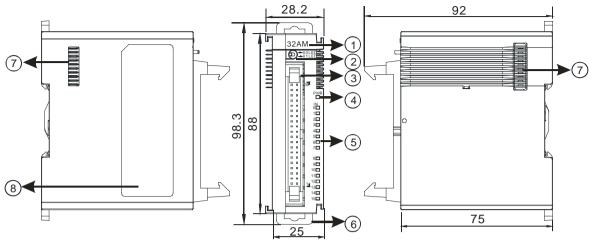
### AS16AM10N-A/AS16AN01P-A/AS16AN01R-A/AS16AN01T-A/AS16AP11P-A/AS16AP11R-A/ AS16AP11T-A



Number	Name	Description
1	Model name	Model name of the module
2	Input/Output LED indicator	If there is an input signal, the input LED indicator is ON. If there is an output signal, the output LED indicator is ON.
3	Removable terminal block	The inputs are connected to sensors. The outputs are connected to loads to be driven.
4	Arrangement of the input/output terminals	Arrangement of the terminals
5	Terminal block clip	Secures the terminal block
6	DIN rail clip	Secures the DIN rail
7	External module port	Connects the modules
8	Label	Nameplate

2

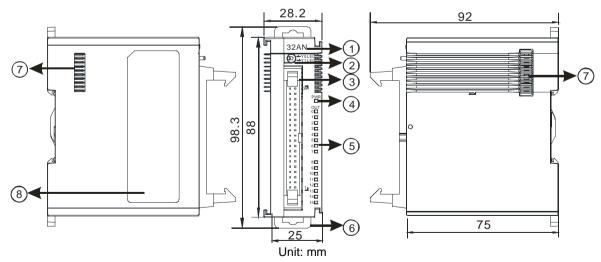
• AS32AM10N-A



### Unit: mm

Number	Name	Description
1	Model name	Model name of the module
2	X0/X1 LED Indicator switch	Switches the LED indicators to their represented inputs.
3	ML connector	For the external I/O connecting cables UC-ET010-24B, UC-ET020-24B, UC-ET030-24B
4	Power LED indicator	Indicates the power status of the module
5	Input LED indicator	LED indicator is ON during input.
6	DIN rail clip	Secures the DIN rail
7	External module port	Connects the modules
8	Label	Nameplate

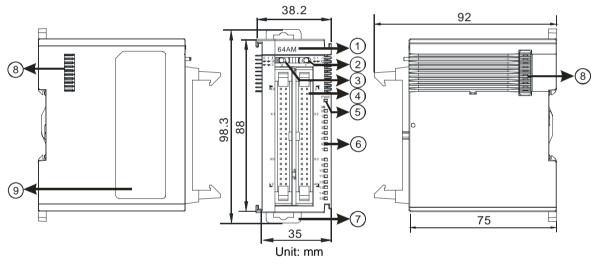
• AS32AN02T-A



Number	Name	Description
1	Model name	Model name of the module
2	Y0/Y1 LED indicator switch	Switches the LED indicators to their represented outputs.
3	ML connector	For the external I/O connecting cables UC-ET010-24D, UC-ET020-24D, UC-ET030-24D
4	Power LED indicator	Indicates the power status of the module
5	Output LED indicator	LED indicator is ON during output.
6	DIN rail clip	Secures the DIN rail
7	External module port	Connects the modules
8	Label	Nameplate

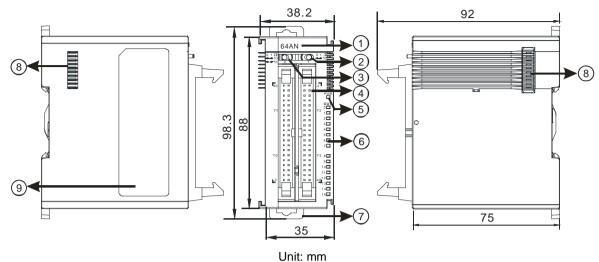
### • AS64AM10N-A

2



Number	Name	Description
1	Model name	Model name of the module
2	LED indicator switch 1	Switches the LED indicators to their represented inputs.
3	LED indicator switch 2	Switches the LED indicators to their represented inputs.
4	ML connector	For the external I/O connecting cables UC-ET010-24B, UC-ET020-24B, UC-ET030-24B
5	Power LED indicator	Indicates the power status of the module
6	Input LED indicator	If there is an input signal, the input LED indicator is ON.
7	DIN rail clip	Secures the DIN rail
8	External module port	Connects the modules
9	Label	Nameplate

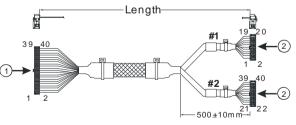
### • AS64AN02T-A



Number	Name	Description
1	Model name	Model name of the module
2	LED indicator switch 1	Switches the LED indicators to their represented outputs.
3	LED indicator switch 2	Switches the LED indicators to their represented outputs.
4	ML connector	For the external I/O connecting cables UC-ET010-24D, UC-ET020-24D, UC-ET030-24D
5	Power LED indicator	Indicates the power status of the module
6	Output LED indicator	If there is an output signal, the output LED indicator is ON.
7	DIN rail clip	Secures the DIN rail
8	External module port	Connects the modules
9	Label	Nameplate

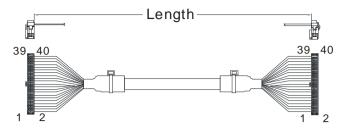
### • ML connector, extension cable, and wiring modules

1. Extension Cable UC-ET010-24D (1M) / UC-ET020-24D (2M) / UC-ET030-24D (3M)



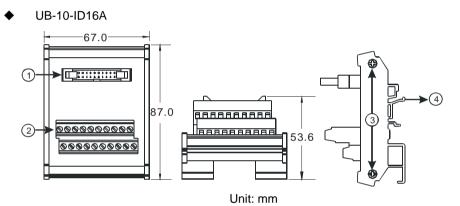
Number	Name	Description
1	IDC 40-pin terminal	Connects a digital input/output module and an external terminal module.
2	IDC 20-pin terminal	Connects the external terminal modules UB-10-ID16A/UB-10-OR16A/UB-10-OR16B

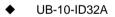
2. I/O connecting cables UC-ET010-24B (1M) / UC-ET020-24B (2M) / UC-ET030-24B (3M)

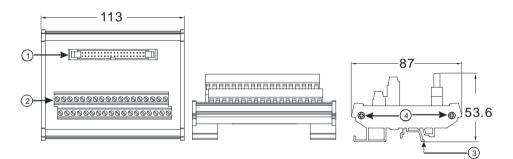


Number	Name	Description
1	IDC 40-pin terminal	Connects an external terminal module and a wiring module UB-10-ID32A, and UB-10-OT32A

3. AS32AM10N-A/AS64AM10N-A and the external terminal modules UB-10-ID16A, UB-10-ID32A

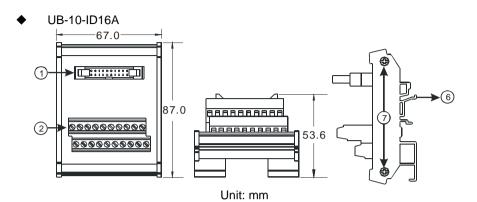


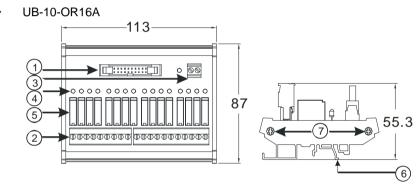




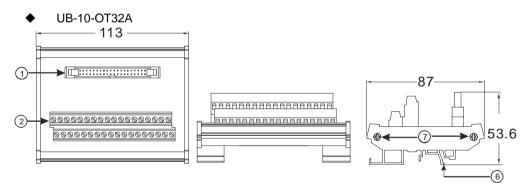
Number	Name	Description
1	UB-10-ID16A: 20-pin ML connector	Connects the external terminal module and a wiring
	UB-10-ID32A: 40-pin ML connector	module
2	Terminals	Input/Output terminals for wiring
3	Clip	Hangs the external terminal module on a DIN rail
4	Set screw	Fixes the base

4. AS332T-A/AS64AN02T-A and the external terminal modules UB-10-ID16A, UB-10-OR16A, and UB-10-OT32A.



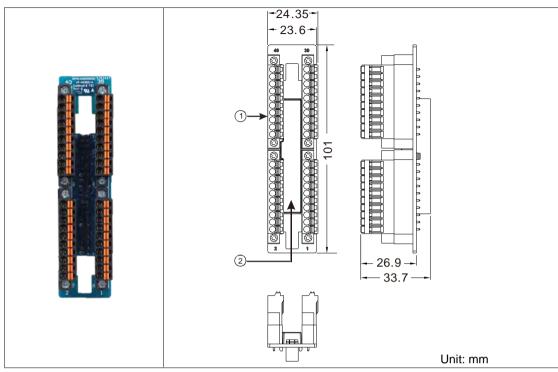


Unit: mm

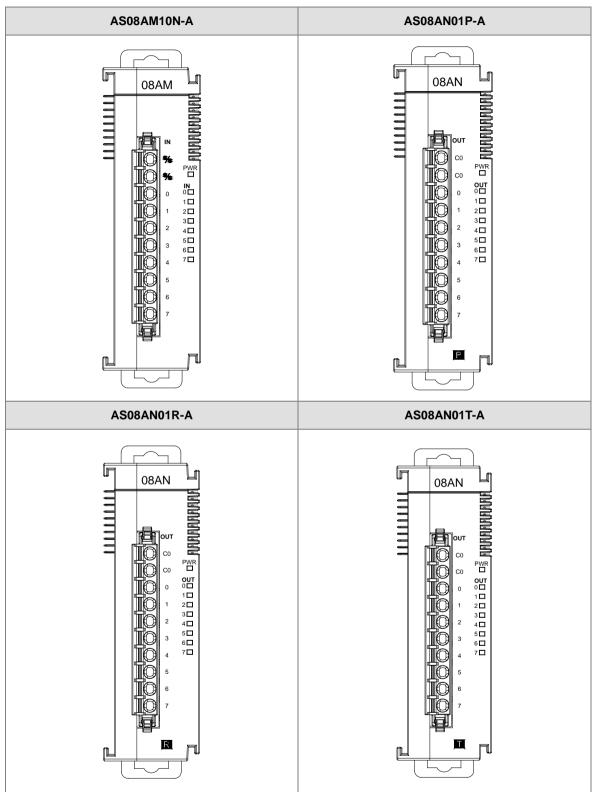


Number	Name	Description
1	UB-10- ID16A /OR16A: 20-pin ML connector UB-10-OT32A: 40-pin ML connector	Connects the external terminal module and a wiring module
2	Terminals	Input/Output terminals for wiring
3	2-pin power input terminal	Power input terminal for wiring
4	Output LED indicator	LED indicator is ON during output.
5	Relay output	Relay output
6	Clip	Hangs the external terminal module on a DIN rail
7	Set screw	Fixes the base

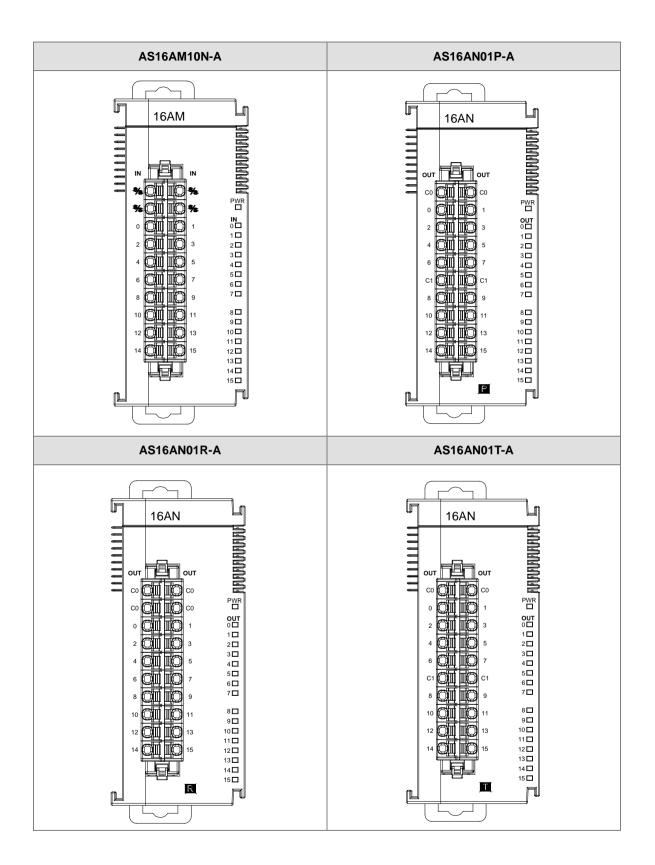
• Spring clamp/MIL connector terminal block UB-10-IO32D for AS32AM10N-A/AS32AN02T-A



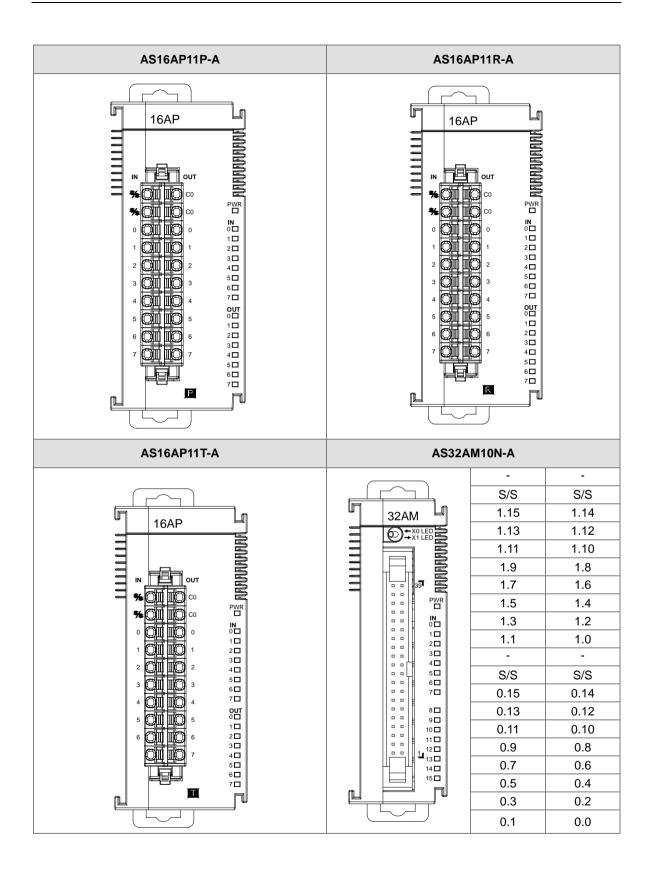
Number	Name	Description
1	Terminal block for output	Terminal block
2	40-pin MIL connector	Connects the module and the wiring module

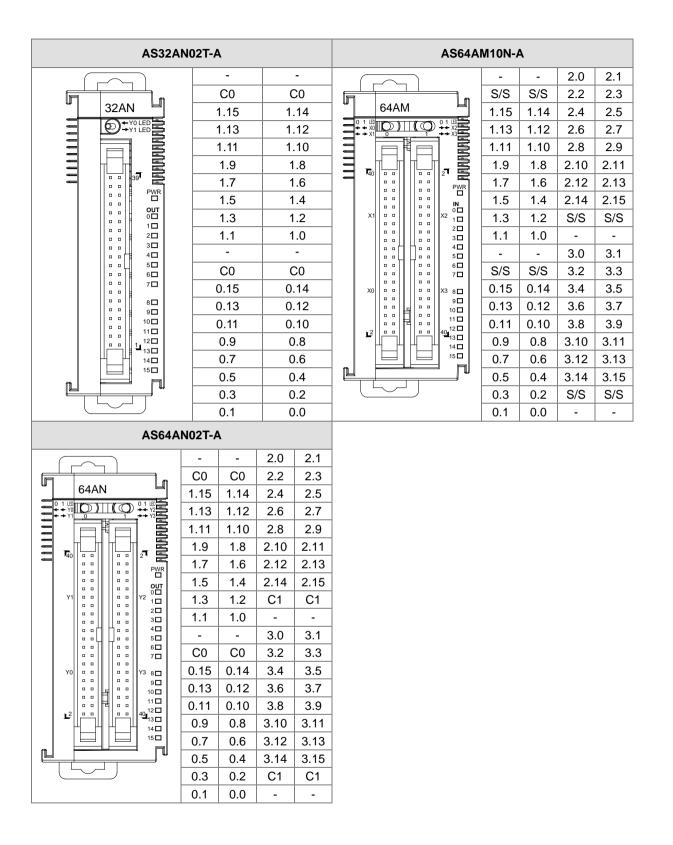


# 2.3.3 Digital Input/Output Module Terminals

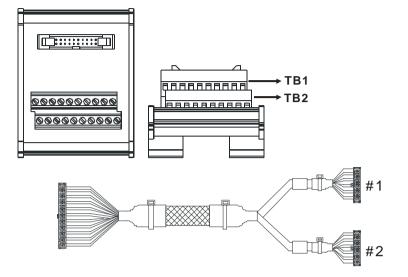


2-27



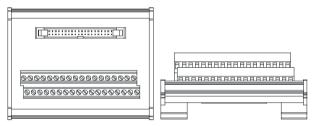


- ML connector and the wiring module
  - 1. AS32AM10N-A/AS64AM10N-A
    - ♦ The wiring module: UB-10-ID16A



				AS32A	M10N-A/	AS64AN	/10N-A				
#2	TB1	X0.0	X0.2	X0.4	X0.6	X0.8	X0.10	X0.12	X0.14	S/S	-
#2	TB2	X0.1	X0.3	X0.5	X0.7	X0.9	X0.11	X0.13	X0.15	S/S	-

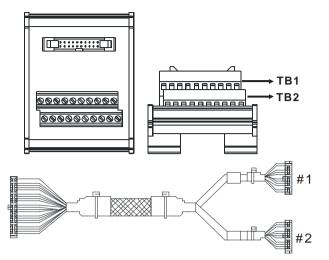
#### The wiring module: UB-10-ID32A



#### AS series terminals:

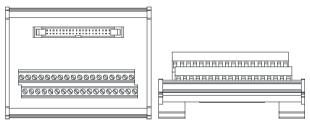
Upper row	X0.0	X0.2	X0.4	X0.6	X0.8	X0.10	X0.12	X0.14	X1.0	X1.2	X1.4	X1.6	X1.8	X1.10	X1.12	X1.14	S/S	S/S
Lower row	X0.1	X0.3	X0.5	X0.7	X0.9	X0.11	X0.13	X0.15	X1.1	X1.3	X1.5	X1.7	X1.9	X1.11	X1.13	X1.15	S/S	S/S

- 2. AS32AN02T-A/AS64AN02T-A and the wiring modules:
  - ♦ UB-10-ID16A



	AS332T-A										
#1	TB1	Y0.0	Y0.2	Y0.4	Y0.6	Y0.8	Y0.10	Y0.12	Y0.14	C0	-
#1	TB2	Y0.1	Y0.3	Y0.5	Y0.7	Y0.9	Y0.11	Y0.13	Y0.15	C0	-

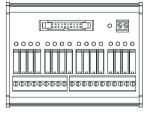
UB-10-OT32A

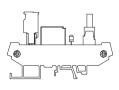


AS series terminals:

Upper row	Y0.0	Y0.2	Y0.4	Y0.6	Y0.8	Y0.10	Y0.12	Y0.14	Y1.0	Y1.2	Y1.4	Y1.6	Y1.8	Y1.10	Y1.12	Y1.14	•	•
Lower row	Y0.1	Y0.3	Y0.5	Y0.7	Y0.9	Y0.11	Y0.13	Y0.15	Y1.1	Y1.3	Y1.5	Y1.7	Y1.9	Y1.11	Y1.13	Y1.15	C0	C0

UB-10-OR16A





Terminals:

																			V
C0	Y0	Y1	Y2	Y3	C1	Y4	Y5	Y6	Y7	C2	Y10	Y11	Y12	Y13	C3	Y14	Y15	Y16	Y17

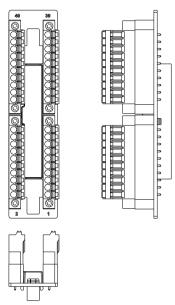
AS series terminals:

GND +24V

GND +24

C0 Y0.0 Y0.1 Y0.2 Y0.3 C1 Y0.4 Y0.5 Y0.6 Y0.7 C2 Y0.8 Y0.9 Y0.10 Y0.11 C3 Y0.12 Y0.13 Y0.14 Y0.15

- 3. AS32AM10N-A/AS32AN02T-A and the wiring modules:
  - ♦ UB-10-IO32D



# 2.4 Analog Input/Output Module Specifications

# 2.4.1 General Specifications

### • AS04AD-A

Electrical specifications

Module name	AS04AD-A
Number of inputs	Four
Analog-to-digital conversion	Voltage input/Current input
Supply voltage	24 VDC (20.4 VDC-28.8 VDC) (-15% to +20%)
Connector type	Removable terminal block
Conversion time	2 ms/channel
Isolation	An analog circuit is isolated from a digital circuit by a digital integrated circuit/an optocoupler, but the analog channels are not isolated from one another. Isolation between a digital circuit and a ground: 500 VDC Isolation between an analog circuit and a ground: 500 VDC Isolation between an analog circuit and a digital circuit: 500 VDC Isolation between the 24 VDC and a ground: 500 VDC
Weight	145 g

### Functional specifications

Analog-to-digital conversion	Voltage input				
Rated input range	-10 V to +10 V	0 V–10 V	±5 V	0 V–5 V	1 V–5 V
Digital	K-32000		K-32000		
Conversion	~	K0 ~ K32000	~	K0 ~ K32000	K0 ~ K32000
Range	K+32000		K+32000		
Hardware input	-10.1 V to	-0.1 V to	-5.05 V to	-0.05 V to	0.95 V–5.05 V
range	+10.1 V	+10.1 V	+5.05 V	+5.05 V	0.95 v=5.05 v
Error rate (Room temperature)			±0.2%		
Error rate (Full temperature range)	±0.5%				
Linearity error (Room temperature)	±0.02%				
Linearity error (Full temperature range)	±0.06%				
Hardware resolution	16 bits				
Input impedance	2 ΜΩ				
Absolute input range	±15 V				

Analog-to-digital conversion		Current input				
Rated input range	±20 mA	0 mA–20 mA	4 mA–20 mA			
Digital Conversion Range	K-32000 ~ K+32000	K0 ~ K32000	K0 ~ K32000			
Hardware input range	-20.2 mA to +20.2 mA	-0.2 mA to +20.2 mA	3.8 mA–20.2 mA			
Error rate (Room temperature)		±0.2%				
Error rate (Full temperature range)		±0.5%				
Linearity error (Room temperature) (Full temperature range)		±0.04%				
Linearity error	±0.10%					
Hardware resolution	16 bits					
Input impedance	250 Ω					
Absolute input range	±32 mA					

### • AS08AD-B

Electrical specifications

Module name	AS08AD-B		
Number of inputs	Eight		
Analog-to-digital conversion	Voltage input		
Supply voltage	24 VDC (20.4 VDC-28.8 VDC) (-15% to +20%)		
Connector type	Removable terminal block		
Conversion time	2 ms/channel		
Isolation	An analog circuit is isolated from a digital circuit by a digital integrated circuit/an optocoupler, but the analog channels are not isolated from one another. Isolation between a digital circuit and a ground: 500 VDC Isolation between an analog circuit and a ground: 500 VDC Isolation between an analog circuit and a digital circuit: 500 VDC Isolation between the 24 VDC and a ground: 500 VDC		
Weight	145 g		

Functional specifications

Analog-to-digital conversion	Voltage input				
Rated input range	-10 V to +10 V	0 V–10 V	±5 V	0 V–5 V	1 V–5 V
Digital	K-32000		K-32000		
Conversion	~	K0 ~ K32000	~	K0 ~ K32000	K0 ~ K32000
Range	K+32000		K+32000		
Hardware input	-10.1 V to	-0.1 V to	-5.05 V to	-0.05 V to	0.95 V–5.05 V
range	+10.1 V	+10.1 V	+5.05 V	+5.05 V	0.95 V-5.05 V
Error rate (Room temperature)			±0.2%		
Error rate (Full temperature range)	±0.5%				
Linearity error (Room temperature)	±0.02%				
Linearity error (Full temperature range)	±0.06%				
Hardware resolution	16 bits				
Input impedance	2 ΜΩ				
Absolute input range			±15 V		

### • AS08AD-C

Electrical specifications

Module name	AS08AD-C		
Number of inputs	Eight		
Analog-to-digital conversion	Current input		
Supply voltage	24 VDC (20.4 VDC-28.8 VDC) (-15% to +20%)		
Connector type	Removable terminal block		
Conversion time	2 ms/channel		
Isolation	An analog circuit is isolated from a digital circuit by a digital integrated circuit/an optocoupler, but the analog channels are not isolated from one another. Isolation between a digital circuit and a ground: 500 VDC Isolation between an analog circuit and a ground: 500 VDC Isolation between an analog circuit and a digital circuit: 500 VDC Isolation between the 24 VDC and a ground: 500 VDC		
Weight	145 g		

### Functional specifications

Analog-to-digital conversion		Current input				
Rated input range	±20 mA	0 mA–20 mA	4 mA–20 mA			
Digital Conversion Range	K-32000 ~ K+32000	K0 ~ K32000	K0 ~ K32000			
Hardware input range	-20.2 mA to +20.2 mA	-0.2 mA to +20.2 mA	3.8 mA–20.2 mA			
Error rate (Room temperature)		±0.2%				
Error rate (Full temperature range)		±0.5%				
Linearity error (Room temperature) (Full temperature range)		±0.04%				
Linearity error	±0.10%					
Hardware resolution	16 bits					
Input impedance	250 Ω					
Absolute input range	±32 mA					

### • AS04DA-A

Electrical specifications

Module name	AS04DA-A			
Number of outputs	Four			
Analog-to-digital conversion	Voltage output/Current output			
Supply voltage	24 VDC (20.4 VDC-28.8 VDC) (-15%-+20%)			
Connector type	Removable terminal block			
Conversion time	2 ms/channel			
Isolation	An analog circuit is isolated from a digital circuit by a digital integrated circuit/an optocoupler, but the analog channels are not isolated from one another. Isolation between a digital circuit and a ground: 500 VDC Isolation between an analog circuit and a ground: 500 VDC Isolation between an analog circuit and a digital circuit: 500 VDC Isolation between the 24 VDC and a ground: 500 VDC			
Weight	145 g			

Functional specifications

Analog-to-digital conversion	Voltage output					
Rated output range	±10 V	±10 V 0 V–10 V ±5 V 0 V–5 V 1 V–5 V				
Digital Conversion Range	K-32000 ~ K+32000	K0 ~ K32000	K-32000 ~ K+32000	K0 ~ K32000	K0 ~ K32000	
Hardware output range	-10.1V to +10.1V	-0.1V to +10.1V	-5.05V to +5.05V	-0.05V to +5.05V	0.95V–5.05V	
Error rate (Room temperature)	±0.2%					
Error rate (Full temperature range)	±0.5%					
Linearity error (Room temperature)	±0.05%					
Linearity error (Full temperature range)	±0.05%					
Hardware resolution	12 bits					
Input impedance	≧́	≧1 kΩ ≧500 Ω				

Analog-to-digital conversion	Current	Current output				
Rated output range	0 mA–20 mA	0 mA–20 mA 4 mA–20 mA				
Hardware output range	-0.2 mA to +20.2 mA	3.8 mA–20.2 mA				

2

Analog-to-digital conversion	Current output
Error rate (Room temperature)	±0.2%
Error rate (Full temperature range)	±0.5%
Linearity error (Room temperature) (Full temperature range)	±0.03%
Linearity error	±0.03%
Hardware resolution	12 bits
Input impedance	<u>≦</u> 550 Ω

### • AS06XA-A

Electrical specifications

Module name	AS06XA-A			
Number of inputs/outputs	Inputs: four; Outputs: two			
Analog-to-digital conversion	Voltage input/Current input; Voltage output/Current output;			
Supply voltage	24 VDC (20.4 VDC-28.8 VDC) (-15% to +20%)			
Connector type	Removable terminal block			
Conversion time	2ms/channel			
Isolation	An analog circuit is isolated from a digital circuit by a digital integrated circuit/an optocoupler, but the analog channels are not isolated from one another. Isolation between a digital circuit and a ground: 500 VDC Isolation between an analog circuit and a ground: 500 VDC Isolation between an analog circuit and a digital circuit: 500 VDC Isolation between the 24 VDC and a ground: 500 VDC			
Weight	145 g			

### A/D Functional specifications

Analog-to-digital conversion	Voltage input				
Rated input range	-10V to +10V	0V–10V	±5V	0V–5V	1V–5V
Digital Conversion Range	K-32000 ~ K+32000	K0 ~ K32000	K-32000 ~ K+32000	K0 ~ K32000	K0 ~ K32000
Hardware input range	-10.1V to +10.1V	-0.1V to +10.1V	-5.05V to +5.05V	-0.05 V to +5.05 V	0.95V–5.05V
Error rate (Room temperature)	±0.2%				
Error rate (Full temperature range)			±0. 5%		

Analog-to-digital conversion	Voltage input
Linearity error (Room temperature)	±0.02%
Linearity error (Full temperature range)	±0.06%
Hardware resolution	16 bits
Input impedance	1 ΜΩ
Absolute input range	±15 V

Analog-to-digital conversion		Current input	
Rated input range	±20 mA	0 mA–20 mA	4 mA–20 mA
Digital Conversion Range	K-32000 ~ K+32000	K0 ~ K32000	K0 ~ K32000
Hardware input range	-20.2 mA-20.2 mA	-0.2 mA–20.2 mA	3.8 mA–20.2 mA
Error rate (Room temperature)	±0.2%		
Error rate (Full temperature range)	±0.5%		
Linearity error (Room temperature) (Full temperature range)	±0.04%		
Linearity error	±0.10%		
Hardware resolution		16 bits	
Input impedance	250 Ω		
Absolute input range	±32 mA		

D/A Functional specifications

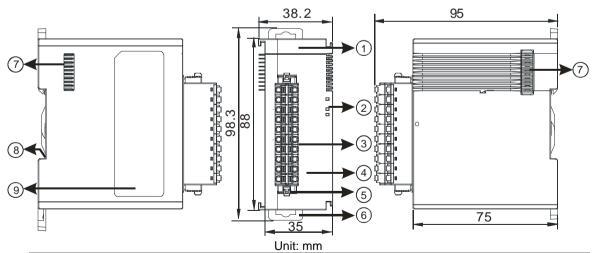
Digital-to-analog conversion	Voltage output				
Rated output range	±10V	0V–10V	±5V	0V–5V	1V–5V
Digital Conversion Range	K-32000 ~ K+32000	K0 ~ K32000	K-32000 ~ K+32000	K0 ~ K32000	K0 ~ K32000
Hardware output range	-10.1V to +10.1V	-0.1V to +10.1V	-5.05V to +5.05V	-0.05 V to +5.05 V	0.95V–5.05V
Error rate (Room temperature)			±0.2%		
Error rate (Full temperature range)	±0. 5%				
Linearity error (Room temperature)			±0.05%		
Linearity error (Full temperature range)			±0.05%		
Hardware resolution			12 bits		

Digital-to-analog conversion	Voltage output	
Input impedance	≧1 kΩ	<u>≥</u> 500 Ω

Analog-to-digital conversion	Current output			
Rated output range	0 mA–20 mA	4 mA–20 mA		
Digital Conversion Range	K0 ~ K32000	K0 ~ K32000		
Hardware output range	-0.2 mA to +20.2 mA	3.8 mA–20.2 mA		
Error rate (Room temperature)	±0	±0.2%		
Error rate (Full temperature range)	±0.5%			
Linearity error (Room temperature) (Full temperature range)	±0.	±0.03%		
Linearity error	±0.	10%		
Hardware resolution	12	bits		
Output impedance	≦5	50 Ω		

# 2.4.2 Analog Input/Output Module Profiles

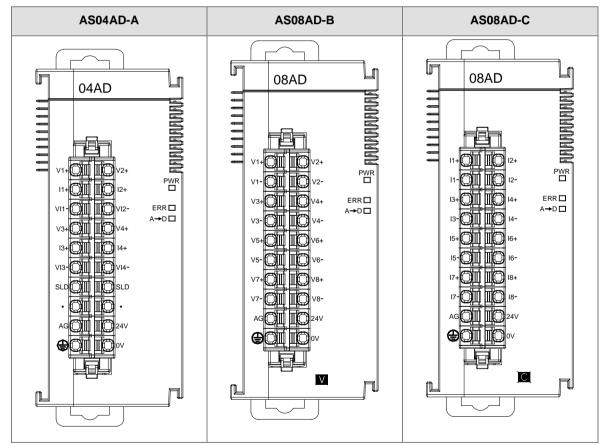
### • AS04AD-A/AS08AD-B/AS08AD-C/AS04DA-A/AS06XA-A

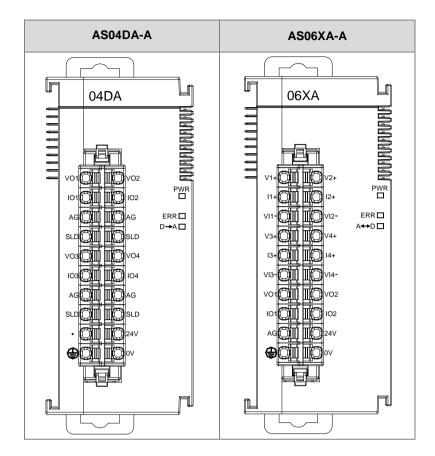


Numbe	Name	Description
1	Model name	Model name of the module
2	POWER LED indicator	Indicates the status of the power supply ON: the power is on

Number	Name	Description
		OFF: no power
		Error status of the module
	ERROR LED indicator	ON: a serious error occurs in the module.
		OFF: the module is normal.
		Blinking: a minor error occurs in the module.
	Apolog to digital	Indicates the analog to digital conversion status
	Analog to digital conversion indicator	Blinking: conversion is taking place
		OFF: stop conversion
3	Removable terminal	The inputs are connected to sensors.
	block	The outputs are connected to loads to be driven.
4	Arrangement of the input/output terminals	Arrangement of the terminals
5	Terminal block clip	Removal of the terminal block
6	DIN rail clip	Secures the module onto the DIN rail
7	Module connecting set	Connects the modules
8	Ground clip	
9	Label	Nameplate

# 2.4.3 Analog Input/Output Terminals





# 2.4.4 Analog Input/Output Device Settings



Options	1	(C	
AS04AD-A	Device Informatio	n Normal Exchange Area	
	Device Name	AS04AD-A	
average filter sampling time Channel Detect	Description	4 channels 16 bits analog input: -10~+10V, 0~10V, -5~ +5V, 0/1~5V, 0/4~20 mA, -20mA~20 mA conversion time = 2ms/channel	
	Comment	l	1 <b>1</b> 1
	DDF Version	00.50.00	
	Firmware Version		. <b>1</b>
	Hardware Version		
Default Import	Export	lpdaie	

### (2) AS08AD-B

AS08AD-B	Device Info	mation	Normal Exchange A	rea		
-format - CH1-CH8 Mode setting - CH1-CH8 Calibration - average filter - sampling time - Channel Detect and Alarm :	Device Name Description	0/1~5V, con Module cu	16 bits analog input : -10~ nversion time = 2ms/chann ment consumption:(Intern tal witdh:35mm	el	A	
	Comment				-	
	DDF Version	00.40.00				
	Firmware Version	(	off-line)			
	Hardware Version		(off-line)			
•						
Default Import	Export	Update 1				
						ок

### (3) AS08AD-C

AS08AD-C	Device Info	mation	Normal Exchange	Area		
format CH1~CH8 Mode setting CH1~CH8 Calibration	Device Name	AS08AD-C				
	Description	conversion Module cur	time = 2ms/channel	~20mA,4~20mA,-20~20n mal)50mA,(External)90r		DRAD
	Comment	Г				r <sub>0</sub> - 1
	DDF Version	00.40.00				
	Firmware Version	(0	off-line)			
	Hardware Version		- (off-line)		_	la .
(						
Default Import	Export	Update				
						OK.

### (4) AS04DA-A

2

format    CH1 **CH4 Mode setting    CH1 **CH4 Mode setting    CH1 **CH4 Calibration    OutPut Setting    Description    Description	
OutPut Setting Description 4 channels 12 bits analog output :-10~+10V, 0~10V, -5~	
	<u>MU//</u>
Comment	
DDF Version 00.50.00	
Firmware Version	1
Hardware Versión	-

#### (5) AS06XA-A

AS06XA-A	Device Informatio	n Normal Exchange Area	
− Input CH1~CH4 Mode se	Device Name	AS06XA-A	
—Input CH1 <sup>∞</sup> CH4 Calibrati —Input average filter —Input sampling time —Input Channel Detect — Output CH1 <sup>∞</sup> CH2 Mode :	Description	4 channels 16 bits analog input, 2 channels 12 bits analog output: -10~+10V, 0~10V, -5~+5V, 0/1~5V, 0/4~20 mA, -20mA~20 mA conversion time = 2ms/channel	
- Output CH1 ~CH2 Calibra - OutPut Setting	Comment		
	DDF Version	00.40.00	
	Firmware Version	10,00,00	
	Hardware Version		12.
4 .			

Refer to the AS Series Module Manual for further information on device settings.

## 2.5 Temperature Measurement Modules Specifications 2.5.1 General Specifications

### • AS04RTD-A / AS06RTD-A

Electrical specifications

Number of analog inputs	AS04RTD-A: four ; AS06RTD-A: six				
	2-WIRE & 3-WIRE Pt100/Ni100/Pt1000/Ni1000/ JPt100/LG-Ni1000/Cu50/Cu100/0–300 Ω/0–3000 Ω Pt100 : DIN 43760-1980 JIS C1604-1989 ; 100 Ω 3850 PPM/°C				
Applicable concer	Pt1000:DIN EN60751;1 kΩ 3850 PPM/°C				
Applicable sensor	Ni100/Ni1000 : DIN 43760				
	JPt100 : JIS C1604-1989				
	LG-Ni1000 Cu50/Cu100				
Supply voltage	24 VDC (20.4 VDC-28.8 VDC) (-15% to +20%)				
Connector type	Removable terminal block				
	Pt100/Ni100/Pt1000/Ni1000/JPt100	25°C/77°F: The error is $\pm 0.1\%$ of the input within the range. -20 to +60°C/-4 to +140°F: The error is $\pm 0.5\%$ of the input within the range.			
Overall accuracy	LG-Ni1000	$25^{\circ}C/77^{\circ}F$ : The error is $\pm 0.2\%$ of the input within the range.			
	Cu50	25°C/77°F: The error is 4°C of the input within the range.			
	Cu100	25°C/77°F: The error is 2°C of the input within the range.			
Conversion time	Two-wire/three-wire configuration: 200 ms/channel				
Isolation	An analog circuit is isolated from a digital circuit by a digital integrated circuit/ar optocoupler, and the analog channels are isolated from one another by optocouplers. Isolation between a digital circuit and a ground: 500 VDC Isolation between an analog circuit and a ground: 500 VDC Isolation between an analog circuit and a digital circuit: 500 VDC Isolation between the 24 VDC and a ground: 500 VDC				
Weight	AS04RTD-A: 115g ; AS06RTD-A: 125g				

Analog-to-digital conversion	Centigrade (°C)	Fahrenheit (°F)	Input impedance	
Rated input range <sup>*1</sup>	Pt100: -180°C to +800°C Ni100: -80°C to +170°C Pt1000: -180°C to +800°C Ni1000: -80°C to +170°C JPt100: -180°C to +500°C LG-Ni1000: -50°C to +180°C Cu50: -50°C to +150°C Cu100: -50°C to +150°C	Pt100: -292°F to +1,472°F Ni100: -112°F to +338°F Pt1000: -292°F to +1,472°F Ni1000: -112°F to +338°F JPt100: -292°F to +332°F LG-Ni1000: -58°F to +326°F Cu50: -58°F to +302°F Cu100: -58°F to +302°F	0–300 Ω 0–3000 Ω	
Average function Range: 1–100				
Self-diagnosis	Disconnection detection			

\*1: If the measured temperature exceeds the upper limit, it only shows the maximum value. If the measured temperature is below the lower limit, it only shows the minimum value.

#### AS04TC-A / AS08TC-A

**Electrical specifications** 

Number of analog inputs	AS04TC-A: four ; AS08TC-A: eight		
Applicable sensor	Type J, K, R, S, T, E, N and B thermocouple; input impedance: $\pm 100 \text{mV}$		
Supply voltage	24 VDC (20.4 VDC-28.8 VDC) (-15% to +20%)		
Connector type	Removable terminal block		
Overall accuracy	$25^{\circ}$ C/77°F: The error is $\pm 0.5\%$ of the input within the range. -20 to +60°C/-4 to +140°F: The error is $\pm 1\%$ of the input within the range.		
Conversion time	200 ms/channel		
Isolation	An analog circuit is isolated from a digital circuit by a digital integrated circuit, and the analog channels are isolated from one another by optocouplers. Isolation between a digital circuit and a ground: 500 VDC Isolation between an analog circuit and a ground: 500 VDC Isolation between an analog circuit and a digital circuit: 500 VDC Isolation between two group circuits: 500 VDC Isolation between two group circuits: 500 VDC Isolation between the 24 VDC and a ground: 500 VDC Isolation between the analog channels: 120VAC		
Weight	AS04TC-A: 115g ; AS08TC-A: 125g		

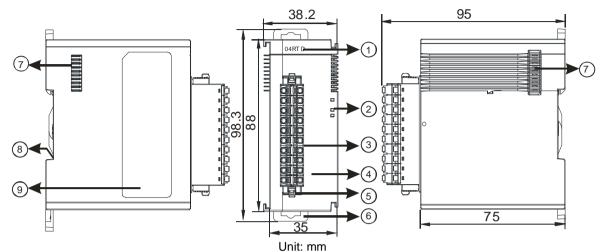
**Functional specifications** 

Analog-to-digital conversion	Centigrade (°C)	Fahrenheit (°F)	Input impedance
Rated input range <sup>*1</sup>	Type J: -100°C~1200°C Type K: -100°C~1,350°C Type R: 0°C~1,750°C Type S: 0°C~1,750°C Type T: -150°C~400°C Type E: -150°C~980°C Type N: -150°C~1,300°C Type B: 200°C~1,800°C	Type J: -148°F~2,192°F Type K: -148°F~2,462°F Type R: 32°F~3,182°F Type S: 32°F~3,182°F Type T: -238°F~752°F Type E: -238°F~1,796°F Type N: -238°F~2,372°F Type B: 392°F~3,272°F	±100mV
Average function	Range: 1~100		
Self-diagnosis	Disconnection detection		

\*1: If the measured temperature exceeds the upper limit, it only shows the maximum value. If the measured temperature is below the lower limit, it only shows the minimum value.

### 2.5.2 Temperature Measurement Module Profiles

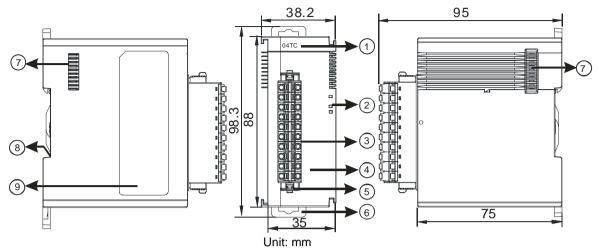
#### • AS04RTD-A / AS06RTD-A



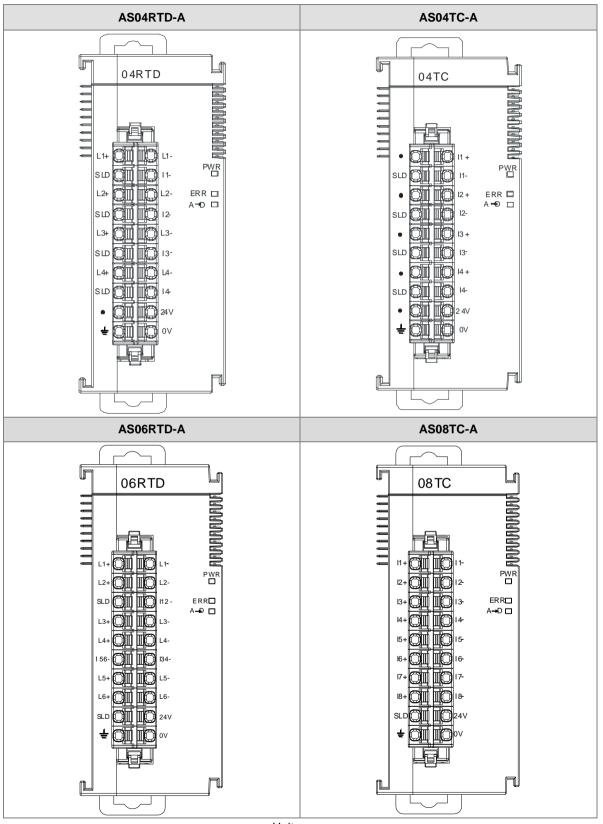
Number Name Description 1 Model name Model name of the module Indicates the status of the power supply POWER LED indicator ON: the power is on OFF: no power Error status of the module ON: a serious error occurs in the module. 2 **ERROR LED** indicator OFF: the module is normal. Blinking: a minor error occurs in the module. Indicates the analog to digital conversion status Analog to digital Blinking: conversion is taking place conversion indicator OFF: stop conversion The inputs are connected to sensors. Removable terminal 3 block The outputs are connected to loads to be driven. Arrangement of the 4 Arrangement of the terminals input/output terminals 5 Terminal block clip Removal of the terminal block Secures the module onto the DIN rail 6 DIN rail clip 7 Module connecting set Connects the modules 8 Ground clip 9 Label Nameplate

### • AS04TC-A / AS08TC-A

2



Number	Name	Description
1	Model name	Model name of the module
	POWER LED indicator	Indicates the status of the power supply ON: the power is on OFF: no power
2	ERROR LED indicator	Error status of the module ON: a serious error occurs in the module. OFF: the module is normal. Blinking: a minor error occurs in the module.
Analog to digital conversion indicator	Indicates the analog to digital conversion status Blinking: conversion is taking place OFF: stop conversion	
3	Removable terminal block	The inputs are connected to sensors. The outputs are connected to loads to be driven.
4	Arrangement of the input/output terminals	Arrangement of the terminals
5	Terminal block clip	Removal of the terminal block
6	DIN rail clip	Secures the module onto the DIN rail
7	Module connecting set	Connects the modules
8	Ground clip	
9	Label	Nameplate



### 2.5.3 Temperature Measurement Module Dimensions

Unit: mm

### 2.5.4 Temperature Measurement Module Device Setting

### (1) AS04RTD-A

2

Options	Constant in the		
E AS04RTD-A	Device Informatio	n Normal Exchange Area	
format CH1~CH4 Mode setting CH1~CH4 Calibration	Device Name	AS04RTD-A	
	Description	4 channels RTD analog intput : 0~300ohm, 0~3000ohm, Pt100, JPt100, Pt1000,Ni100, Ni1000,LGNi1000 conversion time = 200ms/channel	
	Camment		
	DDF Version	00.40.00	
	Firmware Version	An an an	
	Hardware Version	an an an an	
Store I a lower I		and the second sec	
Default Import	Export	Update	ок

### (2) AS06RTD-A

AS06RTD-A	Device Info	mation Normal Exchange Area	
format CH1~CH6 Mode setting CH1~CH6 Calibration	Device Name	AS06RTD-A	
-CH1-CH6 Calibration -average filter - Temperature measurement 1 - Channel Detect and Alarm :	Description	6 channels RTD analog intput : 0-3000hm, 0-30000hm, Pt100, IPt100, Pt1000,Ni100, Ni1000,LGNi1000 conversion time = 200ms/channel Module current consumption:(Internal)50mA,(External)30mA	CERTD
	Comment	1	
	DDF Version	00.40.00	
	Firmware Version	(off-line)	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Hardware Version	(off-line)	
<b>&gt;</b>			
Default Import	Export	Update	

### (3) AS04TC-A

Options				
∃ AS04TC-A format	Device Information	Normal Exchange Area	_	
CH1~CH4 Mode setting CH1~CH4 Calibration	Device Name	AS04TC-A		
- en rend campration - average filter - Temperature measurem - Channel Detect	Description	4 channels thermocouple input :- 100mV~100mV,H,K,R,S,T,E,N,B conversion time = 200ms/channel	*	
	Comment			
	DDF Version	00.40.00		
	Firmware Version		_	
	Hardware Version	++ ++ ++ ++	_	
4 · · · ·				
Default Import	Export	pdale		
				ок

#### (4) AS08TC-A

AS08TC-A format	Device Info	mation	Normal Exchange Area	
CH1~CH8 Mode setting	Device Name	AS08TC-A		
- CH1~CH8 Calibration - average filter - Temperature measurement 1 - Channel Detect and Alarm 1	Description	100mV~100 200ms/char Module cu	thermocouple input :- mV,H,K,R,S,T,E,N,B conversion time = anel rent consumption:(Internal)50mA,(External)30mA rat witch:35mm	
	Comment	1		
	DDF Version	00.40.00		
	Firmware Version	+(	off-line)	
	Hardware Version	+++	(off-line)	

Refer to the AS Series Module Manual for further information on device settings.

## 2.6 Positioning Module Specifications

## 2.6.1 General Specifications

Electrical specifications for the inputs

### • AS02PU-A

Model Item		Differential inputs on both ends	24VDC COM on one end		
Number of inputs		3 (A+/B+/Z+/A-/B-/Z-)	5 (X0.0-X0.4)		
Connector type		Removable terminal blocks			
Input type Digital input		al input			
Input form	า	Connected by an independent terminal	Direct current (sinking or sourcing)		
Input curr	ent	5-24 VDC, 5 mA	24 VDC, 5 mA		
Action	OFF→ON	-	>15 VDC		
level ON→OFF		-	<5 VDC		
Response time		2.5 µs	< 0.5 ms		
Maximum input frequency		200 KHz 1 KHz			
Input impedance 4.7 kΩ		kΩ			
Input signal		-	Voltage input Sinking: The inputs are NPN transistors whose collectors are open collectors. Sourcing: The inputs are PNP transistors whose collectors are open collectors.		
Electrical isolation Optocoupler					
Input disp	lay	When the optocoupler is driven, the input	LED indicator is ON.		
Weight		120g			

#### • AS04PU-A

ltem	Model	AS04PU-A
Number of inputs		Six
Connecto	Removable terminal blocks	
Input type	е	Digital input
Input form		Direct current (sinking or sourcing)
Input current		24 VDC, 5 mA
Action	OFF→ON	>15 VDC
level	ON→OFF	<5 VDC
Response	e time	< 0.5 ms
Maximum frequenc	-	1 KHz
Input imp	bedance	4.7 kΩ

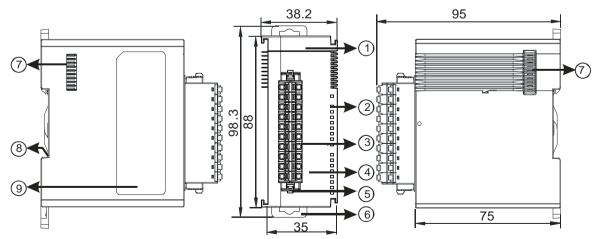
Model Item	AS04PU-A	
Input signal	Voltage input Sinking: The inputs are NPN transistors whose collectors are open collectors. Sourcing: The inputs are PNP transistors whose collectors are open collectors.	
<b>Electrical isolation</b>	Optocoupler	
Input display	When the optocoupler is driven, the input LED indicator is ON.	
Weight	120g	

#### Electrical specifications for the outputs

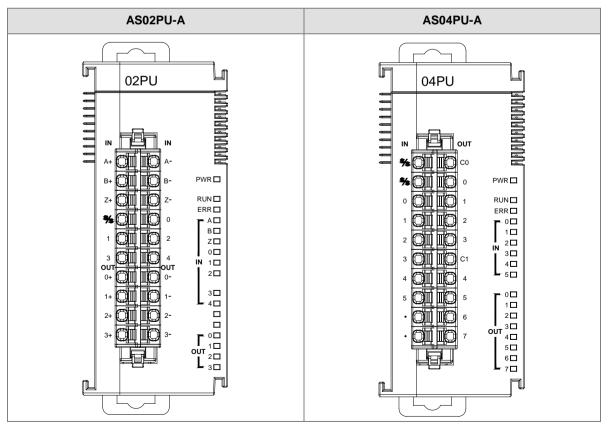
Item	Model	AS02PU-A	AS04PU-A	
Number of o	outputs	Four	Eight	
Connector ty	уре	Removable terminal blocks		
Output form		differential output	Transistor-T (sinking) (NPN)	
Output curre	ent	5 VDC, 20 mA 5-30 VDC, 0.1A		
	Resistance	20 mA	0.1A	
Maximum load	Inductance	N/A		
load	Bulb	N/	/Α	
Maximum	Resistance	200 KHz	100 KHz	
output	Inductance	N/A		
frequency <sup>*1</sup> Bulb		N/	/A	
Maximum Response time	OFF→ON	2.5 µs	5 µs	
Weight		120	D g	

### 2.6.2 Positioning Module Profiles

• AS02PU-A / AS04PU-A



Number	Name	Description
1	Model name	Model name of the module
		Indicates the status of the power supply
	POWER LED indicator	ON: the power is on
		OFF: no power
		Operating status of the module
	Run LED indicator	ON: the module is running.
2		OFF: the module is stopped.
		Blinking: the module is detecting an error.
		Error status of the module
	Error LED indicator	ON: a serious error occurs in the module.
		OFF: the module is normal.
		Blinking: a minor error occurs in the module.
3	Removable terminal	The inputs are connected to sensors.
	block	The outputs are connected to loads to be driven.
4	Arrangement of the input/output terminals	Arrangement of the terminals
5	Terminal block clip	Removal of the terminal block
6	DIN rail clip	Secures the module onto the DIN rail
7	Module connecting set	Connects the modules
8	Ground clip	
9	Label	Nameplate



### 2.6.3 Positioning Module Terminals

## 2.7 Network Module Specifications

### 2.7.1 General Specifications

### RS-485/RS-422/RS-232 communication interface

ltem	Specifications	
Connector type	European-style terminal block, spring-clamp terminal block	
Transmission speed	300, 600, 1,200, 2,400, 4,800, 9,600, 19,200, 38,400, 57,600, 76,800, 115,200, 230,400bps	
Communication format	Stop bit: 1 stop bit or 2 stop bits Parity bit: none, an odd parity bit, or an even parity bit Data bit: 7 data bits or 8 data bits	
Communication protocol	Modbus ASCII/RTU UD Link	

### • CAN communication interface

Item	Specifications	
Connector type	RJ-45	
Transmission speed	10K, 20K, 50K, 125K, 250K, 500K, 1000 Kbps	
Communication	AS special remote mode (for RTU mode)	
protocol	CANopen (available for models with firmware V2.0 or later)	

#### • Ethernet communication interface

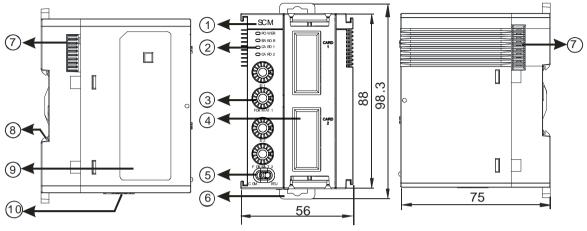
ltem	Specifications	
Connector type	RJ-45	
Transmission speed	10M, 100 Mbps	
Communication protocol	MODBUS TCP, EtherNet/IP (available for models with firmware V2.02 or later)	

#### • Electrical specifications

ltem	Specifications
Supply voltage	24 VDC
Electric energy consumption	0.6 W
Weight	Approximately 169 g

### 2.7.2 Network Module Profiles

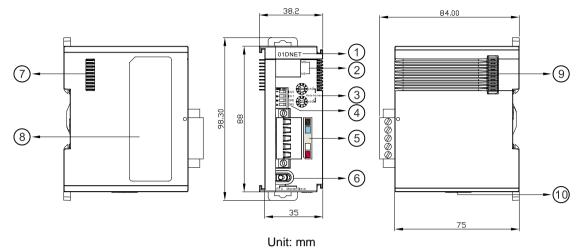
### • AS00SCM-A



1 1 - 1 + 1	
Unit:	mm

Number	Name	Description
1	Model name	Model name of the module
		Indicates the status of the power supply
	POWER LED indicator	ON: the power is on
		OFF: no power or the power is low
		Error status of the module
		OFF: The module is normal.
2	ERROR LED indicator	Blinking:
2		<ul> <li>Module setting or communication error (blinks every 1 second)</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Hardware or low power error (blinks every 0.2 second)</li> </ul>
	Extension card 1 indicator	Blinking: communication is taking place in card 1
	(orange)	OFF: No communication in card 1
	Extension card 2 indicator	Blinking: communication is taking place in card 2
	(orange)	OFF: No communication in card 2
3	Address and function setting knobs	2 sets for setting up the address and function in card 1 and 2
	Slot for function card 1	Available for AS-F232/AS-F422/AS-F485/AS-FEN02
4		Available for AS-F232/AS-F422/AS-F485/AS-FCOPM
	Slot for function card 2	AS-FEN02 (only for RTU mode)
5	Mode switch	COM: communication mode ; RTU: remote control mode
6	DIN rail clip	Secures the module onto the DIN rail
7	Module connecting set	Connects the modules
8	Ground clip	
9	Label	Nameplate
10	Input for supplying power to remote modules	Power supply for the remote module

### • AS01DNET-A



Number	Name	Description	
1	Model name	Model name of the module	
2	State LED indicator	<ul> <li>Master/slave mode:</li> <li>NS LED</li> <li>OFF: no power or duplicate ID check has not been completed.</li> <li>Green light blinking every 0.5 seconds: the connection to the DeviceNet network failed.</li> <li>Green light ON: online; the connection to the DeviceNet network is normal.</li> <li>Red light blinking every 0.5 seconds: communication error</li> <li>Red light ON: Network trouble, duplicate node ID, no network power or Bus-OFF.</li> <li>MS LED</li> <li>OFF: no power</li> <li>Green light DN: input and output data are normal.</li> <li>Red light blinking every 0.5 seconds: when AS01DNET works as the master, the slave in Scan List can not work normally. When AS01DNET works as the slave, an error occurs in the configuration.</li> <li>Red light ON: hardware error</li> <li>Combination of NS LED and MS LED</li> <li>NS LED OFF &amp; MS LED OFF: no power</li> <li>NS LED OFF &amp; MS LED Green light ON: duplicate ID check has not been completed.</li> <li>NS LED OFF &amp; MS LED OFF: no power</li> <li>NS LED OFF &amp; MS LED Green light ON: duplicate ID check failed or Bus-OFF.</li> <li>S LED red light ON &amp; MS LED red light Dinking every 0.5 seconds: no network normally.</li> </ul>	

Number	Name	Description
		RTU mode: • NS LED OFF: no power or duplicate ID check has not been completed. Green light blinking every 0.5 seconds: the connection to the DeviceNet network failed. Green light ON: online; the connection to the DeviceNet network is normal. Red light blinking every 0.5 seconds: I/O connection timeout between AS01DNET (RTU) and DeviceNet master Red light ON: Network trouble, duplicate node ID, no network power or Bus-OFF.
		<ul> <li>MS LED</li> <li>OFF: no power</li> <li>Green light blinking every 0.5 seconds:</li> <li>AS01DNET (RTU) is waiting for the I/O data from DeviceNet master.</li> <li>No I/O data transmission between AS01DNET(RTU) and DeviceNet master</li> <li>The PLC connected to DeviceNet master is in STOP state.</li> <li>Green light ON: normal transmission of I/O data between AS01DNET (RTU) and DeviceNet master</li> <li>Red light blinking every 0.5 seconds: no network power supply; configuration error; module alarms.</li> </ul>
3	Address switch	Red light ON: hardware error Setting up the address
4	Function switch	Setting up the funcitons, including the work mode and baud rate of DeviceNet network
5	DeviceNet communication port	Connects the modules via DeviceNet communication. Use AS01DNET-A connector for wiring.
6	Mode switch (RTU/DNET; Master/Slave)	Master/Slave mode: the port does not need an external 24VDC power supply connected RTU mode: the power input port of the network module is required to connect an external 24VDC power supply only. You can connect
7	Left-side extension port	Connects the modules
8	Label	Nameplate
9	Right-side extension port	Connects the modules
10	Input for supplying power to remote modules	Power supply for the remote module

## 2.7.3 Network Module Device Setting

### • AS00SCM-A

	Contraction of the second se	
Device Name	AS00SCM-A	-
Description	protocol (COM. mode), Remote IO control(RTU mode)	
Comment	1	
DDF Version	00.33.00	ŏΠ
Firmware Version	k-,,	
Hardware Version		deler.
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	Comment DDF Version Firmware Version Hardware Version	Comment DDF Version Firmware Version Hardware Version

Refer to the AS Series Module Manual for further information on device settings.

## 2.8 Load Cell Module Specifications

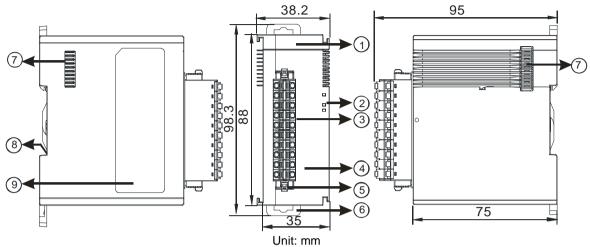
### 2.8.1 General Specifications

### • AS02LC-A

Load cell module	Voltage output	
Rated supply voltage/Power consumption	24 VDC (-15 to +20%) / 5W	
Minimum/maximum voltage	18~31.2VDC	
Maximum current consumption	150 mA	
Input signal range	±40mVDC	
Sensibility	+5 VDC +/-10%	
ADC resolution	24 bits	
Highest precision	0.04%	
Applicable sensor type	Four-wire or six-wire load cell	
Expanding a temperature coefficient	≤ ± 50 ppm/K v. E	
Reducing a temperature coefficient to zero	≤ ± 0.4 µV/K	
Linearity error	≤ 0.02%	
Response time	2.5, 10, 16, 20, 50, 60, 100, 200, and 400ms	
Eigenvalue applicable to a load cell	0–1, 0–2, 0–4, 0–6, 0–20, 0–40 and 0–80 mV/V	
Maximum distance for connecting a load cell	100 meters	
Maximum output current	5 VDC * 160 mA	
Allowable load	40–4,010 Ω	
Averaging weights	100	
Common-mode rejection ratio (CMRR @50/60 Hz) ≥100 dB		
Dynamic range	К1–К5	
Averaging weights	K1–K100	
Isolation	Between a digital circuit and the ground: 500 VAC Between an analog circuit and the ground: 500 VAC Between an analog circuit and a digital circuit: 500 VAC	
Weight	140 g	

### 2.8.2 Load Cell Module Profiles

### • AS02LC-A

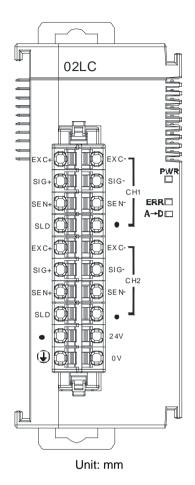


Unit. mm

Number	Name	Description	
1	Model name	Model name of the module	
	POWER LED indicator	Indicates the status of the power supply ON: the power is on OFF: no power	
2	ERROR LED indicator	Error status of the module ON: a serious error occurs in the module. OFF: the module is normal. Blinking: a minor error occurs in the module.	
	Analog to digital conversion indicator	Indicates the analog to digital conversion status Blinking: conversion is taking place OFF: stop conversion	
3	Removable terminal block	The inputs are connected to sensors. The outputs are connected to loads to be driven.	
4	Arrangement of the input/output terminals	Arrangement of the terminals	
5	Terminal block clip	Removal of the terminal block	
6	DIN rail clip	Secures the module onto the DIN rail	
7	Module connecting set	Connects the modules	
8	Ground clip		
9	Label	Nameplate	

### 2.8.3 Load Cell Module Dimensions

• AS02LC-A



2.8.4 Load Cell Module Device Setting

Options				
- AS02LC-A	Device Information	on Normal Exchange Area		
CH1 Setting CH1 Adjustment Setting CH2 Setting	Device Name	AS02LC-A		
CH2 Adjustment Setting	Description	2 channels Load cell input	-	1 44
	Comment	1		
	DDF Version	00.40.00		1 1
	Firmware Version			
	Hardware Version	( <del> </del> ++,++,++,++		-
	_			

Refer to the AS Series Module Manual for further information on device settings.

## 2.9 Extension Card Specifications

## 2.9.1 General Specifications

### • AS-F2AD

Two analog signal input channels:

Item	Voltage Input		Current input	
Analog Signal	DC 0–10 V		DC 4–20 mA	
Resolution	12-bit		11-bit	
Input impedance	Input impedance ≧1 MΩ		250 Ω	
Conversion time	3 ms / CH		/ CH	
Characteristic curve	Digital Value Output 100 Voltage input		three the current input to the	
Digital value	Card1	SR168 (CH1)	SR169 (CH2)	
output	Card2 SR170 (CH1)		SR171 (CH2)	

You can use the program to read the values in SR to obtain the corresponding A/D conversion value for the channel.

#### • AS-F2DA

Two analog signal output channels:

Item	Voltage output		Current output	
Analog Signal	DC 0–10 V		DC 4–20 mA	
Input impedance	≧1 kΩ		<u>≧</u> 500 Ω	
Resolution		12-bit	12-bit	
Impedance allowance	≥1 kΩ		≤500 Ω	
Conversion time	2ms / CH			
		Voltage Outpu	20mA 20mA 4000 Digital Value Input	
	Card1	SR172 (CH1)	SR173 (CH2)	
Digital value output	Card2	SR174 (CH1)	SR175 (CH2)	

You can use the instruction MOV to move the value to the SR to obtain the corresponding voltage output value.

#### • AS-F232

The AS series PLC is built with COM1 (RS-485), and COM2 (RS-485). You can use this extension card for communication with different interfaces such as RS-232 and a PC. The Communication functions are the same as the built-in ones. You can set the communication port as a slave or a master node. After installing the extension card, go to the HWCONFIG in the ISPSoft for communication setup.

■ Wiring example

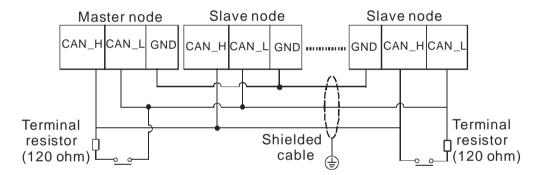


DB9 male to DB9 female (standard cable)

#### • AS-FCOPM

With its own standalone communication port, the module can work independently and can be set as a slave or a master node. After installing the extension card, go to the HWCONFIG in ISPSoft to set up the communication.

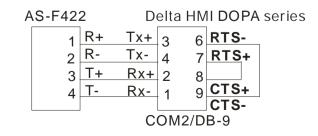
#### Wiring example



#### • AS-F422

You can use this extension card for communication with Delta HMI series or other devices through the RS-422 communication port. The Communication functions are the same as the built-in ones. You can set the communication port as a slave or a master node. After installing the extension card, go to the HWCONFIG in ISPSoft to set up communication.

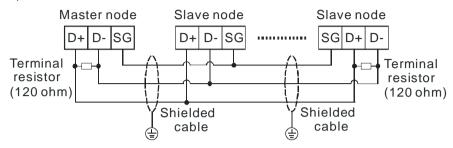
■ Wiring example of the communication with Delta HMI DOPA series via COM2



#### • AS-F485

With its own standalone communication port, the module can work independently and can be set as a slave or a master node. After installing the extension card, go to the HWCONFIG in ISPSoft to set up communication.

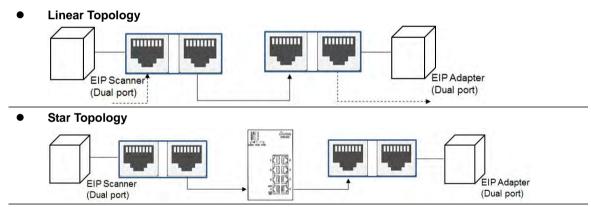
#### ■ Wiring example



#### AS-FCOPM

With its own standalone communication port, the module can work independently and can be set as a MODBUS TCP server, Client or EtherNet/IP Adapter. After installing the extension card, go to the HWCONFIG in ISPSoft to set up the communication.

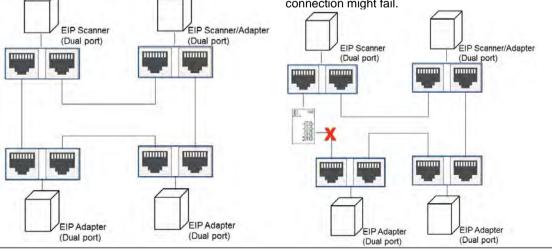
Wiring example



#### Ring Topology

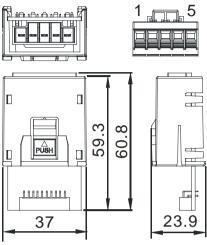
A DLR function is required to create a ring topology.

When a switch is needed for topology, the switch should support the DLR function. If not, the connection might fail.



### 2.9.2 Extension Card Profiles

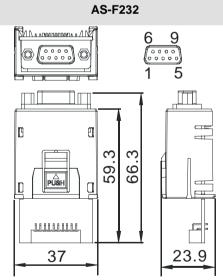
### • AS-F2AD/AS-F2DA/AS-F422/AS-F485

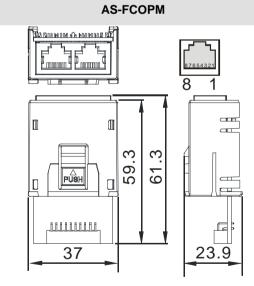


Unit: mm

Pin no.	AS-F2AD	AS-F2DA	AS-F422	AS-F485
1	V1+	VO1	R+	-
2	l1+	IO1	R-	-
3	V2+	VO2	T+	D+
4	12+	IO2	T-	D-
5	СОМ	СОМ	SG	SG

### • AS-F232/AS-FCOPM

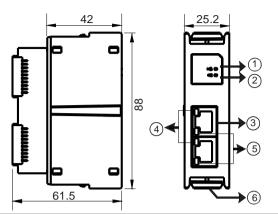




Unit: mm

Pin no.	AS-F232	AS-FCOPM
1	-	CAN_H
2	ТХ	CAN_L
3	RX	GND
4	-	-
5	GND	-
6-9	-	-

### • AS-FEN02



Number	Name	Description
		Indicates if the module has been set
1	MS indicator	ON: the setting is complete
1		Blinking: the setting is not complete
		OFF: no power
		Indicates the status of Ethernet connection
		Green lignt ON: a CIP connection is established
		Green lignt BLINKING: a CIP connection is not established
2	NS indicator	Red light ON: duplicated IP address
		Red light BLINKING: communication timeout / DLR conection
		lost / IP address change
		OFF: no power / network cable is not connected
3	RJ-45 port X1/X2 Use for network connections	
		Indicate the status of Ethernet connection
4	LINK indicator X1/X2	Green light ON: a network connection is established
		OFF: a network connection is not established
		Indicate the status of Ethernet communication
5	ACT indicator X1/X2	Orange BLINKING: data transmission
		OFF: no data transmission
6	Clip ring	Secures AS series

### **RJ-45 Pin Definition**

1 TX+	2 TX-	3 RX+	4 N/C	
5 N/C	6 RX-	7 N/C	8 N/C	8 1

### 2.9.3 Function Card Weights

	AS-F2AD	AS-F2DA	AS-F422	AS-F485	AS-F232	AS-FCOPM	AS-FEN02
Weight	30g	30g	22g	29g	26g	29g	51g

## 2.10 Power Supply Module Specifications

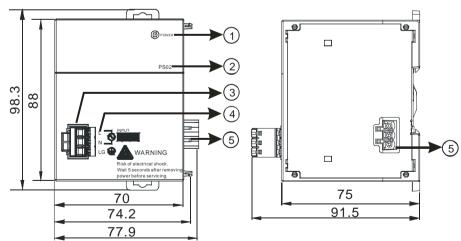
### 2.10.1 General Specifications

### • AS-PS02/AS-PS02A

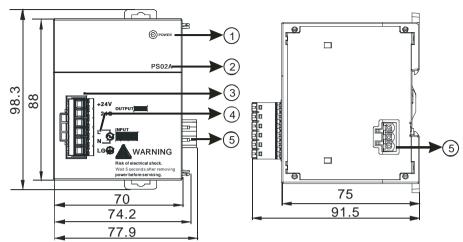
ltem	Specifications					
Supply voltage	100–240 VAC (-15% to +10%) 50/60 Hz±5%					
Action specifications	If the input power supply is larger than 85 VAC, the power supply module can function normally.					
Allowable instantaneous power failure tim	If the instantaneous power failure time is less than ten milliseconds, the power supply module keeps running.					
Fuse	2.5A/250 VAC					
Inrush current	< 70A@115 VAC					
24 VDC output	AS-PS02: 2 A for internal use: the CPU and the modules. AS-PS02A: 1.5 A for internal use: the CPU and the modules; 0.5 A for external use.					
Power protection	The 24 VDC output is equipped with the short circuit protection and the overcurrent protection.					
Surge voltage withstand level	1,500 VAC (Primary-secondary), 1,500 VAC (Primary-PE), 500 VAC (Secondary-PE)					
Insulation voltage	Above 5 M $\Omega$ The voltage between all inputs/outputs and the ground is 500 VDC.					
Ground	The diameter of the ground should not be less than the diameters of the cables connected to the terminals L and N.					
AS-PS0	2 270 g					
AS-PS0	2 <b>A</b> 310 g					

### 2.10.2 Power Supply Module Profiles

• AS-PS02



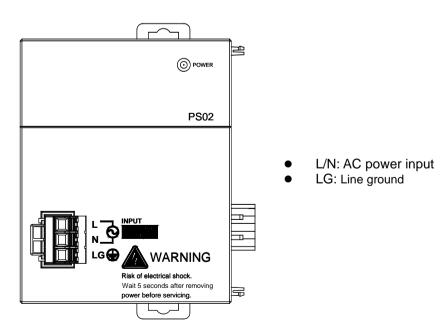
• AS-PS02A



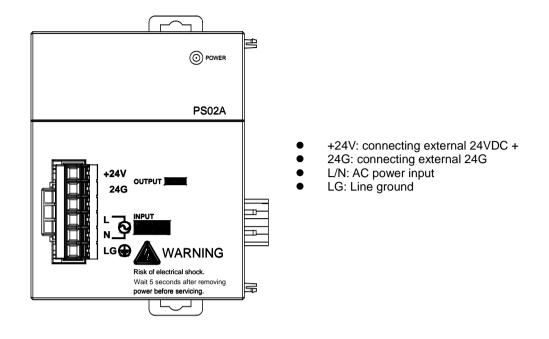
Number Name		Description					
1	POWER LED indicator (green)	Indicates the status of the power supply					
2	Model name	Model name of the power supply module					
3	Terminal	Terminal for wiring					
4	Arrangement of the terminals	+24V: connecting external 24VDC + 24G: connecting external 24G LG: Line ground L/N: AC power input					
5	Power output	Connected with AS series					

### 2.10.3 Power Supply Module Terminals

• AS-PS02



### AS-PS02A



### MEMO



# Chapter 3 Installing Software

## **Table of Contents**

 nstalling and Uninstalling ISPSoft	<b>3.1</b>
Installing ISPSoft	
 Uninstalling ISPSoft	3.1.2
 nstalling and Uninstalling COMMGR	<b>3.2</b>
nstalling and Uninstalling COMMGR Installing COMMGR	

Before developing an AS Series system, install ISPSoft and COMMGR. ISPSoft is a software platform for integrating the hardware, network configuration, and program development for a system. COMMGR functions as middleware between a computer and devices. It functions as a communication management interface between ISPSoft and AS Series hardware.

### 3.1 Installing and Uninstalling ISPSoft

• System requirements

Item	Syste	em requirement					
Operating system	Windows XP / VISTA / 7 / 8 / 10						
CPU	Pentium 1.5 G or above						
Memory	256 MB or above (512 MB or above is re	ecommended.)					
Hard disk drive	Capacity : 500 MB or above						
CD-ROM drive	This is optional for installing ISPSoft.						
Mersiter	Resolution: 800×600 or above						
Monitor	(suggested setting: 1024x768/96 dpi)						
Keyboard/Mouse	A general keyboard/mouse or devices co	ompatible with Windows					
Printer	A printer with a driver for Windows. This	is needed to print projects.					
RS-232 port	For connecting to a PLC						
USB port	For connecting to a PLC	One of them is used, but a PLC that is connected must have a corresponding port. (*1)					
Ethernet port	For connecting to a PLC						
Communication	COMMGR, a communication manager, must be installed. (*2)						
software							
Supported Models	AH500 series PLCs/DVP series PLCs (exclusive of DVP-PM series PLCs)/ AS series, AC						
	motor drives: VFD with PLC built-in serie	es, and Text panel HMI with PLC built-in series.					

\*1. ISPSoft supports several ways to connect a computer to a PLC. Make sure the port and the mode supported by the PLC are correct before you connect a computer to the PLC.

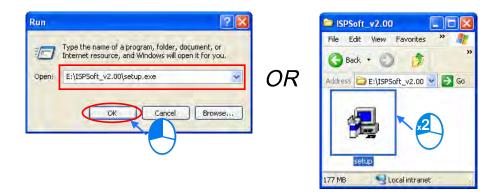
\*2. Please refer to section 3.2 for more information about COMMGR.

\*3. The functions and specifications mentioned above are only applicable to ISPSoft version 3.00 or above. The older versions are not equipped with complete functions.

### 3.1.1 Installing ISPSoft

If an older version of ISPSoft has been installed on a computer, uninstall it before you install ISPSoft. Refer to section 3.1.2 for more information about uninstalling ISPSoft. The following are the steps to install ISPSoft.

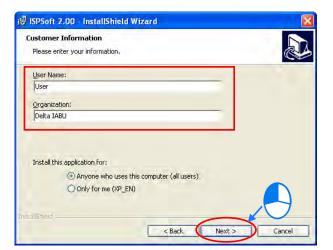
- (1) Start the Windows operating system and then install ISPSoft. You may need administrative privileges to install the software.
- (2) Put the ISPSoft CD in the CD-ROM drive, or download the installation program from <u>http://www.delta.com.tw/ch/index.asp</u>. Before you install the installation program downloaded from the website, you must decompress the file.
- (3) Click Start, and then click Run... to open the Run window. Specify the path to the file called setup.exe in the Open box, and then click OK. You can also double-click the setup icon to execute the installation program.



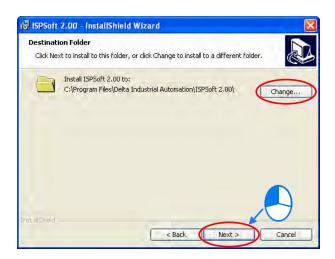
(4) After the ISPSoft x.xx - Install Shield Wizard window appears, click Next.

🛃 ISPSoft 2.00 - InstallSh	ield Wizard 🛛 🔀
	Welcome to the InstallShield Wizard for ISPSoft 2.00
	The InstallShield(R) Wizard will install ISPSoft 2.00 on your computer. To continue, click Next.
为	WARNING: This program is protected by copyright law and international treaties.
	< Back Next > Cancel

(5) Type the necessary information in the User Name and Organization boxes, and then click Next.



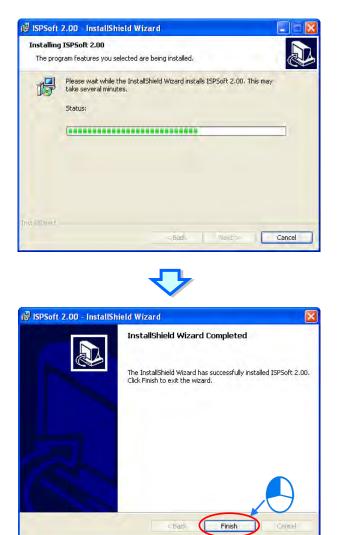
(6) Leave the default path unchanged, or click Change... to change the path. Click Next.



(7) Check the installation information, and then click Install.

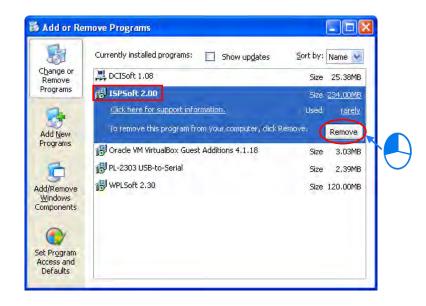
😸 ISPSoft 2.00 - InstallShield Wizard 🛛 🛛 🗙
Ready to Install the Program
The wizard is ready to begin installation.
If you want to review or change any of your installation settings, click Back. Click Cancel to exit the wizard.
Current Settings:
Setup Type:
Destination Folder:
C:\Program Files\Delta Industrial Automation\ISPSoft 2.00\
User Information:
Name: User
Company: Delta IABU
InstallShield
< Back Install Cancel

(8) After ISPSoft is installed, the install program creates shortcuts on the desktop and the **Start** menu. Click **Finish** to complete the installation.



### 3.1.2 Uninstalling ISPSoft

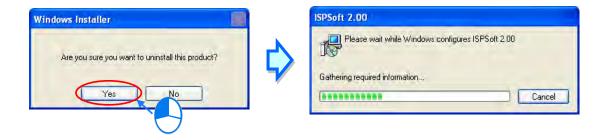
- (1) There are two methods to uninstall ISPSoft.
  - Method 1: Open the **Control Panel** window, and click **Add or Remove Programs**. In the **Currently installed programs** dialog box, click **ISPSoft x.xx**, and then click **Remove**.



Method 2: Start>Programs>Delta Industrial Automation>PLC>ISPSoft x.xx>Uninstall

-	Programs			Accessories Startup	*	1							
()	Documents	÷	-	Tools									
	California			Delta Industrial Automation	1		PLC	×	1	WPLSoft 2.30	•		
15	Settings		3	Internet Explorer			Communication	Þ	1	ISPSoft 2.00	٠		ISPSoft 2.00
Q.	Search		3	Outlook Express			HMI	+			<	褐	UnInstall
-	and the second		D	Remote Assistance		-			1				
3)	Help and Support		O	Windows Media Player	-	L							
3	Run												

(2) Click Yes to remove ISPSoft.

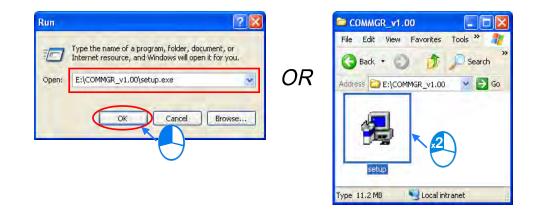


# 3.2 Installing and Uninstalling COMMGR

## 3.2.1 Installing COMMGR

If an older version of COMMGR has been installed on a computer, uninstall it before you install COMMGR. Refer to section 3.2.2 for more information about uninstalling COMMGR. The following are the steps to install COMMGR.

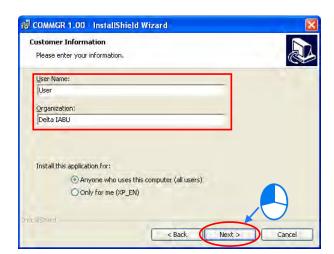
- (1) Start the Windows operating system and then install ISPSoft. You may need administrative privileges to install the software.
- (2) Put a COMMGR CD in the CD-ROM drive, or download the installation program from <u>http://www.delta.com.tw/ch/index.asp</u>. Before you install the program downloaded from the website, you must decompress the file.
- (3) Click Start, and then click Run... to open the Run window. Specify the path to the file called setupComm.exe in the Open box, and then click OK. You can also double-click the setup Comm icon to execute the installation program.



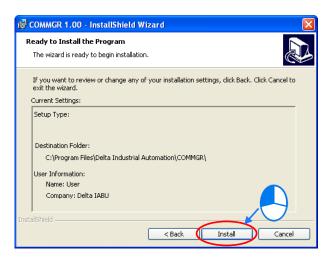
(4) After the COMMGR x.xx - Install Shield Wizard window appears, click Next.

	InstallShield Wizard
	COMMGR 1.00 Setup is preparing the InstallShield Wizard which will guide you through the program setup process. Please wait.
	Checking Operating System Version
	Cancel
<mark>₿</mark> соми	IGR 1.00 : InstallShield Wizard
	Welcome to the InstallShield Wizard for COMMGR 1.00 The InstallShield(R) Wizard will install COMMGR 1.00 on your computer. To continue, click Next.
	WARNING: This program is protected by copyright law and international treaties.
	 Back Next > Cancel

(5) Type the necessary information in the User Name and Organization boxes, and then click Next.



(6) Check the installation information, and then click Install.

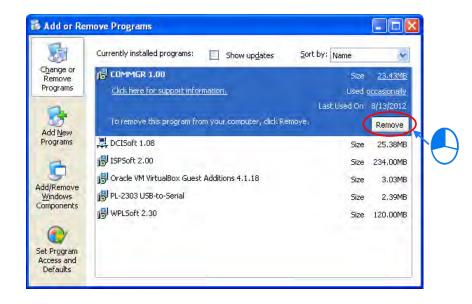


(7) After you install COMMGR, the installation program creates a shortcut to the program on the Start menu. Click Finish to complete the installation.

B COMMGR 1.00 - Installs	ihield Wizard 🛛 🔀
	InstallShield Wizard Completed
	The InstallShield Wizard has successfully installed COMMGR 1.00. Click Finish to exit the wizard.
12h	
	<back cancel<="" finish="" th=""></back>
	< Back Finish Camel

#### 3.2.2 Uninstalling COMMGR

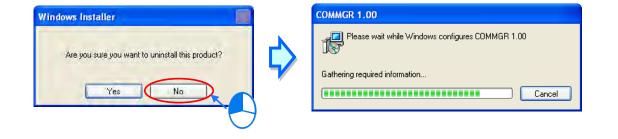
- (1) There are two methods to uninstall COMMGR.
  - Method 1: Open the **Control Panel** window, and click **Add or Remove Programs**. In the **Currently installed programs** box, click **COMMGR x.xx**, and then click **Remove**.



Method 2: Start>Programs>Delta Industrial Automation>Communication>COMMGR>Uninstall

Programs		Accessories Startup						
Documents	•	Tools						
Settings	. m	Delta Industrial Automation	•	PLC				
Dettings		Internet Explorer		HMI				
Search	😒 د	Outlook Express	6	Communication	• 🖻	DCISoft 1.08	¥.	_
Contraction of the second	1	Remote Assistance				COMMGR		COMMGR
Help and Support	۲	Windows Media Player	- 1		19	-	15	UnInstall
								K

(2) Click Yes to remove COMMGR.





# Chapter 4 Installing Hardware

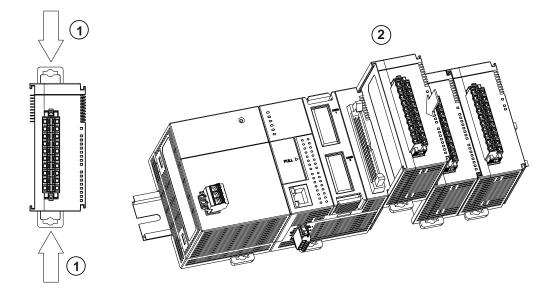
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4.1 Ins	stallation	
4.1.1	Installing a Module	
	Installing a Removable Terminal Block	
4.2 Wi	ring	4-5
	ring Wiring a Power Supply Module	

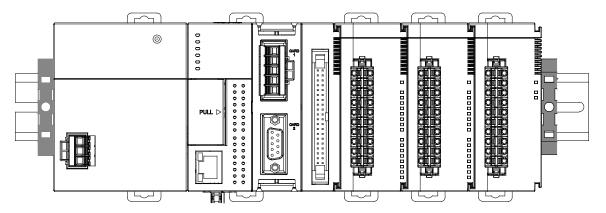
# 4.1 Installation

# 4.1.1 Installing a Module

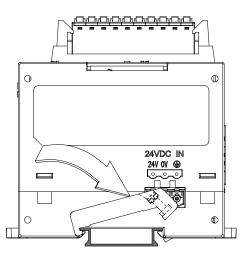
- 1. Press the clip rings if they are out as the image 1 shown. Push the module to the desire position until you hear a click to finish installation.
- 2. Link the I/O modules on the right side of the PLC and make sure they are hooked together. Push the modules into the DIN rail until you hear a click.
- 3. After you installed the module, fasten the screws on the modules to secure the module on the DIN rail.



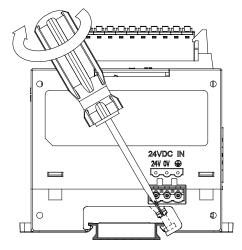
If there is a vibration source near the installation site, install anti-vibration baffles on the sides of the AS Series modules for better stabilization, such as the gray baffles show below.



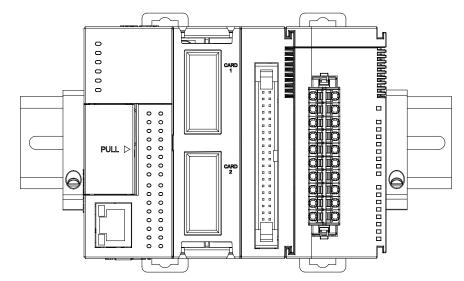
- Install the baffles:
  - Hook the baffle onto the DIN rail and press it down as the directional arrow shows below.



■ Use screws to secure the baffle.



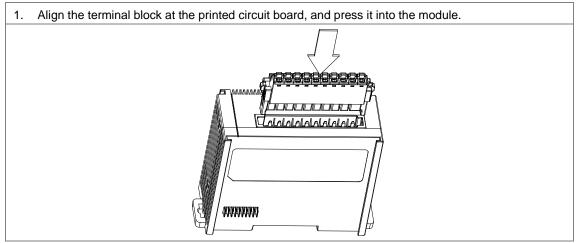
The completed baffle installation is shown below.



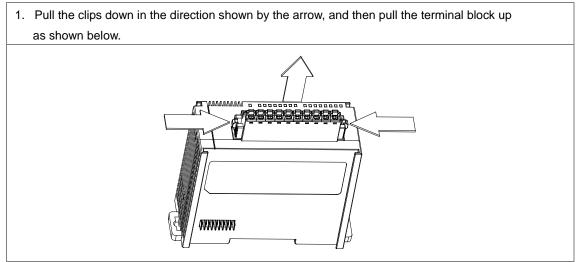
# 4.1.2 Installing a Removable Terminal Block

Install the removable terminal block on the module as shown below.

#### Installation



#### Removal

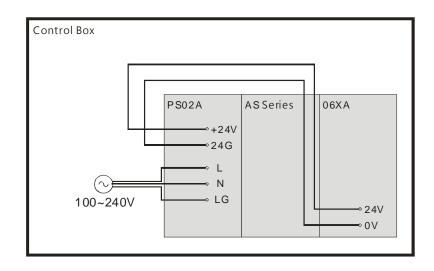


# 4.2 Wiring

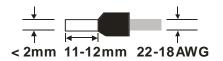
# 4.2.1 Wiring a Power Supply Module

A power supply module supplies direct current to a CPU module and I/O modules.

• Connecting an AC power cable



- The alternating-current input voltage is either 100 VAC or 240 VAC. Connect the power supply to the terminals L and N. If the 110 VAC or the 220 VAC power supply is connected to the input terminals +24V and 24G, the PLC will be damaged.
- If power is interrupted for less than 10 milliseconds, the PLC keeps running without being affected. If a
  power interruption lasts for longer, or if the voltage of the power supply decreases, the PLC stops running,
  and there is no output. When the power supply returns to normal, the PLC resumes. Notice that there are
  latched auxiliary relays and registers in the PLC when you write the program.
- Use single-wire cables or two-wire cables in a diameter of 22 AWG~18 AWG and with less than 2 mm pin-typed terminals. Only use copper conducting wires with a temperature of 60/75°C.



# 4.2.2 Wiring I/O Modules

The I/O modules include digital input/output, analog input/output, and network modules. Follow the directions for the wiring of I/O modules in Chapter 5 of the AS Series Hardware Manual.

MEMO

# 5

# **Chapter 5 Devices**

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# **5.1 Introduction of Devices**

This section describes the values and strings processed by the PLC. It also describes the functions of devices that include input, output, and auxiliary relays, as well as timers, counters, and data registers. The PLC simulates external devices in the PLC's internal memory, so the word "device" is a generic name that refers to all the internal memory locations in the PLC. A device can be a bit device or a word device. Bit devices simulate coils, contacts and flags, while word devices simulate registers.

# 5.1.1 Device Table

Туре	Device name		Number of devices	Range	
	Input relay	X	1024	X0.0–X63.15	
	Output relay	Y	1024	Y0.0–Y63.15	
	Dete mariatan	D	48,0000	D0.0-D29999.15	
	Data register	W	48,0000	W0.0-W29999.15 *4	
Bit device	Auxiliary relay	М	8192	M0–M8191	
Bit device	Special auxiliary relay	SM	4096	SM0-SM4095	
	Stepping relay	S	2048	S0–S2047	
	Timer	Т	512	T0–T511	
	Counter	С	512	C0–C511	
	32-bit counter	нс	256	HC0-HC255	
	Input relay	X	64	X0–X63	
	Output relay	Y	64	Y0-Y63	
	Data register	D	30000	D0-D29999	
	Data register	W	30000	W0–W29999 *4	
	Special auxiliary relay	SR	2048	SR0-SR2047	
Word device	File register	FR	65536	FR0-FR65535	
	Timer	Т	512	T0–T511	
	Counter	С	512	C0–C511	
	32-bit counter	нс	256(512 words)	HC0-HC255	
	Index register	E	10	E0E9	
			5	E10-E14 *4	
Constant*1	Decimal system	к	16 bits: -32768 to 32767		
Constant			32 bits: -2147483648 to 2147483647		

Туре	Device name		Number of devices	Range
Comotomt*2	Hexadecimal system	16#	16 bits: 16#0–16#FFFF 32 bits: 16#0–16#FFFFFF	FF
Constant* <sup>2</sup>	Single-precision floating-point number	F	32 bits: ±1.17549435 <sup>-38</sup> to	±3.40282347 <sup>+ 38</sup>
String* <sup>3</sup>	String	"\$"	1-31 characters	

\*1: Constants are indicated by K in the device lists in Chapter 5 and Chapter 6 in the AS Series Programming Manual. An example when "K50" appears in the AS Series Programming Manual, enter only the number 50 in ISPSoft.

\*2: Floating-point numbers are indicated by F/DF in the device lists in Chapter 5 and Chapter 6 in the AS Series Programming Manual, but they are represented by decimal points in ISPSoft. For example, for the floating-point number F500, enter 500.0 in ISPSoft.

\*3: Strings are indicated by "\$" in Chapter 5 and Chapter 6 in the AS Series Programming Manual, but they are represented by quotes (" ") in ISPSoft. For example, for the string 1234, enter "1234" in ISPSoft.

\*4: This is used for editing in ISPSoft only.

Device	Function	Access by bits	Access by words	Modify by ISPSoft	Force the bit ON/OFF
х	Input relay	ОК	ОК	ОК	ОК
Y	Output relay	ОК	ОК	ОК	ОК
м	Auxiliary relay	ОК	-	ОК	-
SM	Special auxiliary relay	ОК	-	ОК	-
S	stepping relay	ОК	-	ОК	-
т	Timer	ОК	ОК	ОК	-
С	Counter	ОК	ОК	ОК	-
НС	32-bit counter	ОК	ОК	ОК	-
D	Data register	ОК	ОК	ОК	ОК
SR	Special data register	-	ОК	ОК	-
FR	File register	-	OK*1	-	-
E	Index register	-	ОК	ОК	-

## 5.1.2 Basic Structure of I/O Storages

\*1: Use an instruction for writing to an FR.

-

	Device type	Device type Non-latched area			ed area
PLC acti	on	Device Y	Other devices	File register	Other devices
Po	ower: OFF→ON	Cleared	Cleared	Retained	Retained
Res	store to defaults	Cleared	Cleared	Cleared	Cleared
STOP	This clears the non-latched area state.	Cleared	Cleared	Retained	Retained
↓ RUN*¹	This retains the non-latched area state.	Retained	Retained	Retained	Retained
RUN	This clears the device Y state.	Cleared	Retained	Retained	Retained
↓ STOP*1	This retains the device Y state.	Retained	Retained	Retained	Retained
	is ON.This clears all n-latched areas.	Cleared	Cleared	Retained	Retained
	is ON.This clears all atched areas.	Retained	Retained	Retained	Cleared

# 5.1.3 Relation Between the PLC Action and the Device Type

\*1: For state setups, see HWCONFIG in ISPSoft. The PLC STOP->RUN default is "clear the non-latched area state". The PLC RUN->STOP default is "clear the state of device Y".

# 5.1.4 Latched Areas in the Device Range

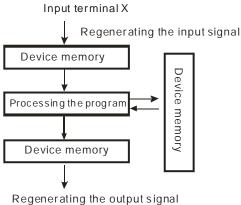
Device	Function	Device range	Latched area
X	Input relay	X0–X63	All devices are non-latched.
Y	Output relay	Y0-Y63	All devices are non-latched.
M*1	Auxiliary relay	M0–M8191	The default range is M6000–M8191.
SM	Special auxiliary relay	SM0-SM2047	Some devices are latched and cannot be changed. Refer to the list of special auxiliary relays for more information.
S*1	Stepping relay	S0–S1023	The default range is S512–S1023
т	Timer	T0–T511	All devices are non-latched.

Device	Function	Device range	Latched area
C*1	Counter	C0–C511	The default range is C448–C511
HC*1	32-bit counter	HC0-HC255	The default range is HC128–HC255
D*1	Data register	D0-D29999	The default range is D20000–D29999
D.,,	D*1 Data register	W0–W29999	Use this for editing in ISPSoft only.
FR	File register	FR0-FR65535	All devices are latched.
SR	Special data register	SR0-SR2047	Some are latched and cannot be changed. Refer to the list of special data registers for more information.
E	Index register	E0–E9	All devices are non-latched.
-	Index register	E10-E14	Use this for editing in ISPSoft only.

\*1: For the latched area setups, see HWCONFIG in ISPSoft. Setting the latched area means the other areas show as non-latched areas. The range of latched areas cannot exceed the device range. For example, if you set the M600–M7000 as latched areas, M0–M5999 and M7001–M8191 become non-latched areas.

# 5.2. Device Functions

Procedure for processing the program in the PLC:



Regenerating the output signal and sending it to the output terminal

- Regenerating the input signal
  - Before executing the program, the external input signal state is read into the memory for the input signal.
  - When the program is executed, the state in the memory location for the input signal does not change even if the input signal changes from ON to OFF or from OFF to ON. The input signal is not refreshed until the next scan begins.
- Processing the program

After the input signal is refreshed, the instructions in the program are executed in order from the start address of the program. The results are stored in the device memories.

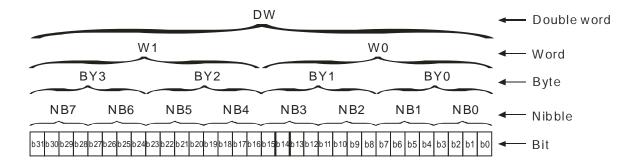
Regenerating the state of the output

After the instruction END is executed, the device memory state in the device memory is sent to the specified output terminal.

5.2.1	Values	and	Constants
-------	--------	-----	-----------

Name	Description
Bit	A bit is the basic unit in the binary system. Its state is either 1 or 0.
Nibble	A nibble is composed of four consecutive bits (for example b3–b0). Nibbles can represent 0–9 in the decimal system or 0–F in the hexadecimal system.
Byte	A byte is composed of two consecutive nibbles (i.e. 8 bits, b7–b0). Bytes can represent 00–FF in the hexadecimal system.
Word	A word is composed of two consecutive bytes (i.e. 16 bits, b15–b0). Words can represent 0000–FFFF in the hexadecimal system.
Double word	A double word is composed of two consecutive words (i.e. 32 bits, b31–b0). Double words can represent 00000000–FFFFFFFF in the hexadecimal system.

The relation among bits, nibbles, bytes, words, and double words in the binary system is shown below.



The PLC uses four types of values to execute the operation according to different control purposes. The following illustrates the values of these functions.:

1. Binary number (BIN)

The PLC uses the binary system to operate the values.

2. Decimal number (DEC)

The PLC uses decimal numbers for;

- The setting value of a timer (T) or the setting value of a counter (C/HC); for example, TMR C0 50 (constant K).
- The device number; for example, M<u>10</u> and T<u>30</u> (device number)
- The number before or after the decimal point; for example, X0.0, Y0.11, and D10.0 (device number).
- The constant K: used as the operand in an applied instruction. For example, MOV <u>123</u> D0 (constant K).

3. Binary-coded decimal (BCD)

A decimal value is represented by a nibble or four bits, so that sixteen consecutive bits represent a four-digit decimal value.

4. Hexadecimal number (HEX)

The PLC uses hexadecimal numbers for;

 the constant 16#: used as the operand in an applied instruction; for example, MOV <u>16#1A2B</u> D0 (hexadecimal constant).

The following table shows the corresponding values.

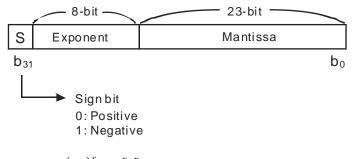
Binary Number	Decimal Number	Binary Code Decimal	Hexadecimal Number
(BIN)	(DEC)	(BCD)	(HEX)
PLC internal execution	Constant K,		Instant 16#,
PLC Internal execution	Device number	BCD related instruction	Device number
0000	0	0000	0
0001	1	0001	1
0010	2	0010	2
0011	3	0011	3
0100	4	0100	4
0101	5	0101	5
0110	6	0110	6
0111	7	0111	7
1000	8	1000	8
1001	1001 9		9
1010	1010 10		A
1011	11	-	В
1100	12	-	С
1101	13	-	D
1110	1110 14		E
1111	1111 15		F
10000	16	0001 0000	10
10001	17	0001 0001	11

#### 5.2.2 Floating-point Numbers

The floating-point numbers are represented by decimal points in ISPSoft. For example, the floating-point number of 500 is 500.0. Refer to Section 2.2.2 in the AS Series Programming Manual for more information.

#### 5.2.2.1 Single-precision Floating-point Numbers

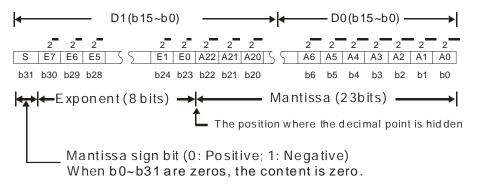
Floating-point numbers are represented by the 32-bit register. The representation adopts the IEEE754 standard, and the format is as follows.



Equation:  $(-1)^{S} \times 2^{E-B} \times 1.M; B = 127$ 

The single-precision floating-point numbers range from  $\pm 2-126$  to  $\pm 2+128$ , and correspond to the range from  $\pm 1.1755 \times 10-38$  to  $\pm 3.4028 \times 10+38$ .

The AS series PLC uses two consecutive registers to form a 32-bit floating-point number. Take (D1, D0) for example.



#### Example 1:

#### 23 is represented by a single-precision floating-point number.

Step 1: Convert 23 into the binary number, i.e. 23.0=10111.

Step 2: Normalize the binary number, i.e. 10111=1.0111 x24 (0111 is the mantissa, and 4 is the exponent.).

Step 3: Get the value of the exponent.

∴ E-B=4→E-127=4 ∴ E=131=100000112

Step 4: Combine the sign bit, the exponent, and the mantissa to form the floating-point number.

#### 

#### Example 2:

#### -23 is represented by a single-precision floating-point number.

Converting -23.0 into the floating-point number uses the same steps as converting 23.0 into the floating-point number, except that the sign bit is 1.

#### 5.2.2.2 Decimal Floating-point Numbers

#### -23 is represented by a single-precision floating-point number.

Converting -23.0 into the floating-point number uses the same steps as converting 23.0 into the floating-point number, except that the sign bit is 1.

#### 5.2.2.2 Decimal Floating-point Numbers

- Single-precision floating-point numbers and double-precision floating-point numbers can be converted into decimal floating-point numbers so people can read them. However, the PLC uses single-precision floating-point numbers and double-precision floating-point numbers internally.
- A 32-bit decimal floating-point number is represented by two consecutive registers. The constant is stored in the register whose number is smaller while the exponent is stored in the register whose number is bigger. Take (D1, D0) for example.

[Exponent D1] Decimal floating-point number=[Constant D0]\* 10

Base number D0=±1,000 to ±9,999

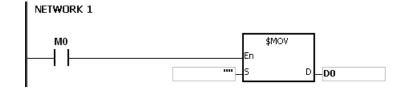
Exponent D1=-41-+35

The base number 100 does not exist in D0 because 100 is represented by  $1,000 \times 10^{-1}$ . 32-bit decimal floating-point numbers range from  $\pm 1175 \times 10^{-41}$  to  $\pm 402 \times 10^{+35}$ .

# 5.2.3 Strings

The PLC can process strings composed of ASCII codes (\*1). A complete string begins with a start character and ends with an ending character (NULL code). Strings can be a maximum of 31 characters, and the ending character 16#00 is added automatically in ISPSoft.

1. No string (NULL code) is moved.



D0=0 (NULL)

2. The string has an even number of characters.

NETWORK 1 M0 En "abcd" 5 D0

D0	16#62 (b)	16#61 (a)					
D1	16#64 (d)	16#63 (b)					
D2	0 (N	0 (NULL)					

3. The string has an odd number if characters.

NETWORK 1 M0 \$MOV En "abcde" 5 D D0

D0	16#62 (b)	16#61 (a)
D1	16#64 (d)	16#63 (b)
D2	0 (NULL)	16#65 (e)

	_		_	_		_	_	_	_	_		_		_	_	_
Hex	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	В	С	D	E	F
ASCII	X	X	X	X	X	$\mathbf{X}$	X	X	$\mathbf{X}$	$\square$	X	$\mathbf{X}$	X	X	X	$\boxtimes$
Hex	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	1A	1B	1C	1D	1E	1F
ASCII	X	×	×	×	X	X	×	X	X	×	×	X	X	×	×	X
Hex	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	2A	2B	2C	2D	2E	2F
ASCII	SP	!	"	#	\$	%	&	'	(	)	*	+	,	-		/
Hex	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	ЗA	3B	зC	3D	3E	3F
ASCII	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	:	;	<	=	>	?
Hex	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	4A	4B	4C	4D	4E	4F
ASCII	@	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	I	J	к	L	М	N	0
Hex	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	5A	5B	5C	5D	5E	5F
ASCII	Р	Q	R	s	Т	U	V	W	Х	Y	Z	$\mathbf{X}$	X	X	X	$\boxtimes$
Hex	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	6A	6B	6C	6D	6E	6F
ASCII	`	а	b	с	d	е	f	g	h	i	j	k	I	М	n	о
Hex	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	7A	7B	7C	7D	7E	7F
ASCII	р	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	у	z	{		}	~	X

\*1: ASCII code chart

Note: I represents an invisible character. Please do not use it.

# 5.2.4 Input Relays (X)

Input function

The input is connected to the input device (external devices such as button switches, rotary switches, and number switches), and PLC reads the input signal. You can use input contact A or contact B several times in the program, and the ON/OFF input state varies with the ON/OFF input device state.

• Input number (the decimal number):

For the PLC, the input numbers start from X0.0. The number of inputs varies with the number of inputs on the digital input/output modules. The inputs are numbered according to the order in which the digital input/output modules are connected to the CPU module. The maximum number of inputs for the PLC is 8192, and the input number range is between X0.0 and X511.15.

Input type

Inputs are classified into two types.

 Regenerated inputs: PLC reads the state of a regenerated input before the program is executed. For example, LD X0.0.  Direct input: The state of a direct input is read by the PLC during the execution of the instructions. For example, LD DX0.0.

## 5.2.5 Output Relays (Y)

Output function

The output sends the ON/OFF signal to drive the load connected to the output, such as an external signal lamp, a digital display, or an electromagnetic valve. There are four types of outputs: relays, transistors (NPN and PNP), and TRIACs (thyristors). You can use the output contact A or contact B several times in the program. Use output Y only once in the program; otherwise, according the PLC's program-scanning principle, the state of the output depends on the circuit connected to the last output Y in the program.

• Output number (the decimal number)

For the PLC, the output numbers start from Y0.0. The number of outputs varies with the number of outputs on the digital input/output modules. The outputs are numbered according to the order in which the digital input/output modules are connected to the PLC. The maximum number of outputs on the PLC is 1024, and the range is between Y0.0 and Y63.15.

An output that is not used as an output device can be used as a general device.

Output types

Outputs are classified into two types.

- 1. Regenerated output: The state of a regenerated output is not written until the program executes the instruction END according to the states of the outputs. For example, OUT Y0.0.
- 2. Direct output: The state of a direct output is written by the PLC during the execution of the instructions according to the states of the outputs. For example, OUT DY0.0.

## 5.2.6 Auxiliary Relays (M)

The auxiliary relay has contact A and contact B. It can be used several times in the program. You can combine the control loops with the auxiliary relay, but you cannot drive the external load with the auxiliary relay. You can use the auxiliary relays in either of two ways.

- For general use: In general use, if an electrical power interruption occurs when the PLC is running, the auxiliary relay is reset to OFF. When the power is restored, the auxiliary relay remains OFF.
- For latched use: In latched use, if an electrical power interruption occurs when the PLC is running, the state of the auxiliary relay states for latched use is retained. When the power supply is restored, the state remains the same as before the power interruption.

# 5.2.7 Special Auxiliary Relays (SM)

Every special auxiliary relay has its own specific function. Refer to section 2.2.7 in the AS Series Programming Manual for more information.

# 5.2.8 Stepping Relays (S)

You can easily see the stepping relay in industrial automation to set the procedure. It is the most basic device in sequential function chart (SFC) programming. Refer to the ISPSoft User Manual for more information on using sequential function charts.

There are 2048 stepping relays, (S0–S2047). Every stepping relay is like an output relay in that it has an output coil, contact A, and contact B. You can use it several times in the program, but the relay cannot directly drive the external load. You can use the stepping relay as a general auxiliary relay when it is not used in a sequential function chart.

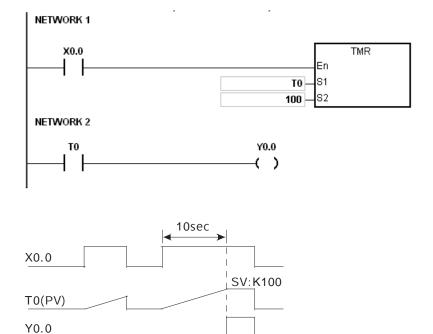
# 5.2.9 Timers (T)

- 100 millisecond timer: The timer specified by the instruction TMR takes 100 milliseconds as the timing unit.
- 1 millisecond timer: The timer specified by the instruction TMRH takes 1 millisecond as the timing unit.
- The accumulative timers are ST0–ST511. If you want to use the device-monitoring function, these timers can monitor T0–T511.
- If you use the same timer repeatedly in a program, including in different instructions TMR and TMRH, the timer setting value is the one that the timer matches first.
- If you use the same timer repeatedly in a program, the timer is OFF when one of the conditional contacts is OFF.
- If you use the same timer in a program as the timer for a subroutine's exclusive use and an accumulative timer in the program, it is OFF when one of the conditional contacts is OFF.
- When the timer is switched from ON to OFF and the conditional contact is ON, the timer is reset and counts again.
- When the instruction TMR is executed, the specified timer coil is ON and the timer begins to count. When the value of the timer matches the timer setting value (value of the timer ≥ setting value), the contact state is ON.

#### A. General-purpose timer

When the instruction TMR is executed, the general-purpose timer begins to count. When the value of the timer matches the timer setting value, the output coil is ON.

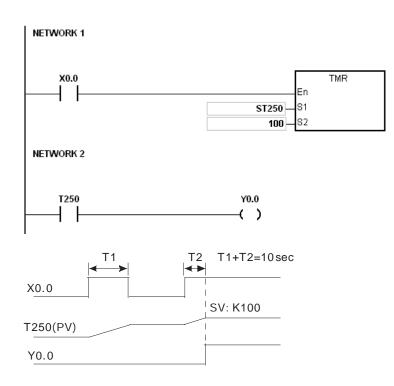
- When X0.0=ON and the timer takes 100 ms as the timing unit, the output coil T0 is ON when the value of the timer = setting value100.
- When X0.0=OFF or the power is off, the value of the timer is 0 and the output coil T0 is OFF.



#### B. Accumulative timer

When the instruction TMR is executed, the accumulative timer begins to count. When the value of the timer matches the timer setting value, the output coil is ON. As long as you add the letter S in front of the letter T, the timer becomes an accumulative timer. When the conditional contact is OFF, the value of the accumulative timer is not reset. When the conditional contact is ON, the timer counts from the current value.

- When X0.0=ON and the timer T250 takes 100 ms as the timing unit, the output coil T250 is ON when the value of the timer = timer setting value100.
- When X0.0=OFF or the power is off, the timer T250 stops counting, and the value of the timer stays the same. When X0.0=ON, the value of the timer is accumulating value When the accumulated value = timer setting value 100, the output coil T250 is ON.



#### C. Timer used in the function block

Use the T412–T511 timers for the function block or the interrupt.

When the instruction TMR or END is executed, the timer used in the functional block begins to count. When the value of the timer matches the timer setting value, the output coil is ON.

If you use the general-purpose timer is used in the function block or the interrupt, and the functional or interrupt is not executed, the timer cannot count correctly.

# 5.2.10 16-bit Counters

• Characteristics of the 16-bit counter

Item	16-bit counter			
Туре	General type			
Number	C0–C511			
Direction	Counting up			
Setting value	0–32,767			
Specificying the counter setting value	The setting value can be either the constant or the value in the data register.			
Change of the current value	The counter stops counting when the value of the counter matches the setting value.			

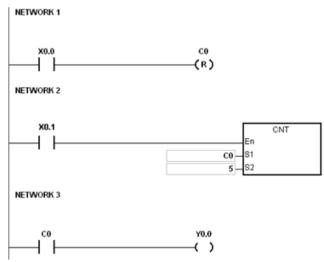
Item	16-bit counter				
Output contact	The contact is ON when the value of the counter matches the setting value.				
Reset	When the instruction RST is executed, the current value is cleared to zero, and the contact is reset to OFF.				
Action of the contact	After the scan completes, the contact acts.				

Counter function

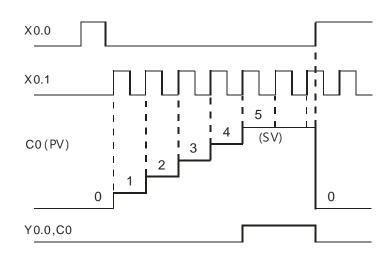
Each time the input switches from OFF to ON, the value of the counter is the same as the output coil. Use either the decimal constant or the value in the data register as the counter setting value.

- 16-bit counter:
- Setting range: 0–32,767. The setting values 0 and 1 both mean the same thing in that the output contact is ON when the counter counts for the first time.
- For the general-purpose counter, the current value of the counter is cleared when there is a power interruption. If the counter is latching, the current value of the counter and the state of the contact before the power interruption are retained. The latched counter counts from the current value when the power supply is restored.
- 3. If you use the instruction MOV or ISPSoft to transmit a value bigger than the counter setting value to the current value register C0, the contact of the counter C0 is ON and the current value becomes the same as the counter setting value next time X0.1 switches from OFF to ON.
- 4. Use either the constant or the value in the data register as the counter setting value.
- 5. The counter setting value can be a positive or negative value. If the counter counts up from 32,767, the next value is 0.

#### Example:



- 1. When X0.0=ON, the instruction RST will be executed and the current value of C0 will be reset to zero and the output contact of the counter C0 will be FF.
- 2. When X0.1 is from OFF to ON, the value of the counter increases by one increment.
- 3. When the value of the counter C0 reached the setting value 5, the contact of the counter C0 will be ON (the current value of C0 = the setting value = 5). After that the trigger from X0.1 will not be accepted by C0 and the current value of C0 will stay at the value 5.



# 5.2.11 32-bit Counters (HC)

• Characteristics of the 32-bit counter

Item	32-bit counter								
Туре	Up/down counter	Up counter	High-speed counter						
Number	HC0–HC63	HC64–HC199	HC200-HC255						
Direction	Counting up/down	Counting up	Counting up/down						
Setting value	-2,147,483,648 to +2,147,483,647								
Specification of the setting value	The setting value can be either the constant or the value occupying two data registers (32-bit).								
Change of the current value	The counter keeps counting even after the value of the counter matches the setting value.								
Output contact	The contact is ON when the value of the addition counter matches the setting value. The contact is reset to OFF when the value of the subtraction counter matches the setting value.								
Reset	When the RST instruction is executed, the current value is cleared to zero, and the contact is reset to OFF.								

5

#### AS Series Operation Manual

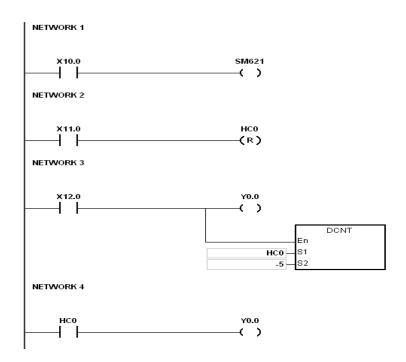
Item	32-bit counter
Action of the contact	After the DCNT instruction scan is complete, the contact activates.

32-bit general-purpose addition/subtraction counter

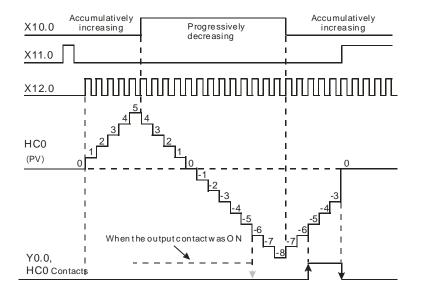
- 1. Setting range: -2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647
- 2. The switch between the 32-bit general-purpose addition counters and the 32-bit general-purpose subtraction counters depends on the states of the special auxiliary relays SM621–SM684. For example, the counter HC0 is the addition counter when SM621 is OFF, but HC0 is the subtraction counter when SM621 is ON. Use either the constant or the value in the data registers as the setting value for the counter, and the setting value can be a positive or a negative number. If you use the value in the data registers as the setting value of the counter, the setting value occupies two consecutive registers.
- 3. For the general-purpose counter, the current value of the counter is cleared when there is a power interruption. If the counter is latched, the current value of the counter and the state of the contact before the power interruption are retained. The latched counter counts from the current value when the power supply is restored.
- 4. If the counter counts up from 2,147,483,647, the next current value is -2,147,483,648. If the counter counts down from -2,147,483,648, the next current value is 2,147,483,647.
- 32-bit high speed addition/subtraction counter

Refer to the DCNT instruction description (API 1004) in the AS Series Programming Manual for more details.

#### Example:



- 1. X10.0 drives SM621 to determine counting direction (up/down) of HC0.
- When X11.0 goes from OFF to ON, RST instruction executes, the PV in HC0 is cleared to 0, and its contact is OFF.
- 3. When X12.0 goes from OFF to ON, PV of HC0 counts up (plus 1) or down (minus 1).
- When PV in HC0 changes from -6 to -5, the contact HC0 goes from OFF to ON. When PV in HC0 changes from -5 to -6, the contact HC0 goes from ON to OFF.
- 5. If you use the MOV instruction in ISPSoft to designate a value bigger than SV to the PV register of HC0, then the next time the X12.0 goes from OFF to ON, the contact HC0 is ON and PV of HC0 equals SV.



## 5.2.12 Data Registers (D)

The data register stores 16-bit data. The highest bit represents either a positive sign or a negative sign, and the values that you can store in the data registers are between -32,768 to +32,767. Two 16-bit registers can be combined into a 32-bit register, that is, (D+1, D) in which the register whose number is smaller represents the lower 16 bits. The highest bit represents either a positive sign or a negative sign, and the values that you can store in the data registers are between -2,147,483,648 to +2,147,483,647. Four 16-bit registers can be combined into a 64-bit register; that is, (D+3, D+2, D+1, D) in which the register whose number is smaller represents the lower 16 bits. The highest bit represents either a positive sign or a negative sign, and the values which can be stored in the data registers are between -9,223,372,036,854,776 to +9,223,372,036,854,775,807. You can also use the data registers to refresh the values in the control registers in the modules other than digital I/O modules. Refer to the ISPSoft User Manual for more information about refreshing the values in the control registers.

The registers can be classified into two types according to their properties.

- General-purpose register: when the PLC begins to run or is disconnected, the value in the register clears to zero. To retain the data when the PLC begins to RUN, refer to the ISPSoft User Manual for more information. Notice that the value still clears to zero when the PLC is disconnected.
- Latched register: if the PLC is disconnected, the data in the latched register is not cleared. In other words, the value before the disconnection is still retained. To clear the data in the latched area, use the RST or ZRST instruction.

#### 5.2.13 Special Data Registers (SR)

Every special data register has its definition and specific function. Refer to section 2.2.14 in the AS Series Programming Manual for more information.

#### 5.2.14 Index Register (E)

The index register is a 16-bit data register. Like the general register, you can read data from it and write data into it. However, it is mainly used as the index register. The index registers range from E0–E9. Refer to section 4.4 in the AS Series Programming Manual for more information about using index registers.

## 5.2.15 File Registers (FR)

The AS Series PLC provides you with file registers for storing larger numbers of parameters. You can edit, upload, and download the system parameters with ISPSoft. You can read the values in a file register can be read while operating the PLC. Refer to the MEMW instruction (API 2303) in the AS Series Programming Manual for more information about how to write to a file register.



# Chapter 6 Writing a Program

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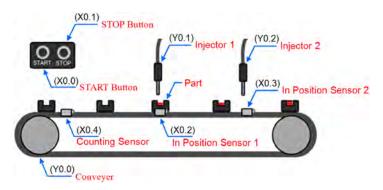
# 6.1 Quick Start

This chapter provides a simple example showing you how to create a traditional ladder diagram in ISPSoft. Because you may not be familiar with IEC 61131-3 and may not understand the functions provided by ISPSoft, the chapter does not introduce programming concepts related to IEC 61131-3. For example, the chapter does not include POUs, function blocks, variables, and so on.

#### 6.1.1 Example

When the equipment in this example operates, the parts on the conveyor move from left to right. If a sensor senses that a part is under an injector, the PLC sends a trigger signal to the injector, and the injector injects the glue. The injection length is set externally and is not controlled by the PLC program. However, the PLC program must be able to turn the trigger signal OFF so that the trigger signal can be sent next time. There are two injectors above the conveyor, and the two injectors inject glue in the same way.

There is a sensor at the left side of the conveyor. When a part passes the sensor, the sensor value increases by one increment. When the sensor value is 100, the internal completion flag is set to ON. The flag state can be used by other procedures later. However, this example does not introduce the use of flag states.



# 6.1.2 Hardware

In this example, the AS series CPU module used is the AS332T-A.

Туре	ID	Description			
Digital input	X0.0	START button			
Digital input	X0.1	STOP button			
Digital input	X0.2	In position sensor 1			
Digital input	X0.3	In position sensor 2			
Digital input	X0.4	Counting sensor			
Digital output	Y0.0	Conveyer			
Digital output	Y0.1	Trigger signal for injector 1			
Digital output	Y0.2	Trigger signal for injector 2			

## 6.1.3 Program

- (1) When the START button (X0.0) switches from OFF to ON, the internal operation flag is set to ON, and the conveyor (Y0.0) starts. When the STOP button (X0.1) switches from OFF to ON, an error occurs (the error flag is ON), the operation flag is reset to OFF, and the conveyor stops.
- (2) When the in position sensor 1 (X0.2) is ON, the trigger signal for injector 1 (Y0.1) is set to ON. When the in position sensor 1 is OFF, the trigger signal for injector 1 is reset to OFF.
- (3) When the in position sensor 2 (X0.3) is ON, the trigger signal for injector 2 (Y0.2) is set to ON. When the in position sensor 2 is OFF, the trigger signal for injector 2 is reset to OFF.
- (4) When the counting sensor (X0.4) switches from OFF to ON, the sensor value increases by one increment. If the sensor value is larger than or equal to 100, the internal completion flag is set to ON.

# 6.2 Procedure for Creating a Project in ISPSoft

This section shows you the procedure for creating a project in ISPSoft. You can adjust the procedure according



#### Hardware configuration

You set the parameters such as a range of latched devices and a port number in a PLC. You configure the modules with an AS Series CPU module, and set the parameters in these modules.

#### Network configuration

If a system uses a network architecture, or devices need to exchange data, use the network configuration tool **NWCONFIG** in ISPSoft to configure a network and exchange data with COM as well as Ethernet.

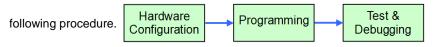
#### Programming

After you write a program in ISPSoft, compile the program. If the compiling is unsuccessful, messages in the **Compile Message** page show where the errors occur.

#### • Testing and debugging

Download the compiled program, the hardware configuration, and the network configuration to a PLC. You can then test and debug the program online with the functions provided by ISPSoft.

Because the example introduced in this chapter does not discuss a network configuration, you only perform the



# 6.3 Creating a Project

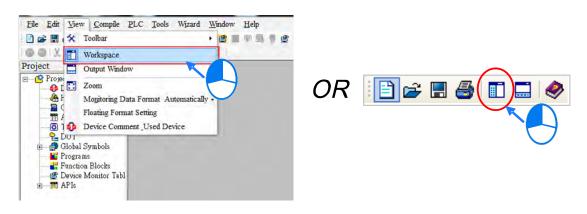
After you start ISPSoft, on the **File** menu, point to **New**, and then click **New** to create a new project. You can also create a new project by clicking on the toolbar after you start ISPSoft.

File	<u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew <u>C</u> ompil	le		
	New	▶ 📄 <u>N</u> ew Ctrl+N	$\cap P$	
<b>B</b>	Open Ctrl+O	Group Project 🔸	OR	
	Save Ctrl+	7		
-	Save <u>A</u> s Ctrl+Alt+S			
₽	<u>C</u> lose Project			
7	Print Ctrl+P			
	Project Print			
۵	Printer Setup			
	Exit Alt+X			

In the **Create a New Project** dialog box, type a project name in the **Project Name** box and a path in the **Drive/Path** box, select a PLC in the **PLC Type** drop-down list box, and then click **OK**. The PLC in this example is the AS332T.

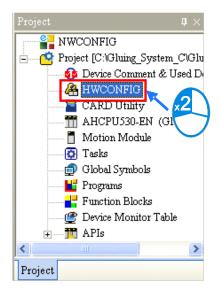
Project Name	AS332T				
Controller Type	A\$300 -	PLC Type	AS332T		
Drive/Path	C:\ProgramData\Delta Industrial Automation\ISPSoft_New\Project				
				Browser	

After you create the project, a project management area appears at the left side of the main screen. The relation between the items listed in the project management area is represented by a hierarchical tree structure. If the project management area does not appear, on the **View** menu, click **Workspace**, or click in the toolbar.



# 6.4 Hardware Configuration

After you double-click HWCONFIG in the project management area, the HWCONFIG window appears.



## 6.4.1 Configuring a Module

In the **HWCONFIG** window, the default setting is with a CPU module. Refer to Chapter 8 for more information.

## 6.4.2 Setting the Parameters

After you double-click the CPU module or the extension module, the **Device Setting** dialog box appears with the module information.

🚝 File Edit	WCONFIG					
	Option Help					_ E' X
EXOC	3350	9 X				
Product List						
<ul> <li>AS300</li> <li>Digital I/O M</li> <li>Analog I/O I</li> <li>Network Mode</li> <li>Power Mode</li> </ul>	Module odule					
		-				
CPU Group		<u> </u>		*		<u>•</u>
Extension No	Туре	Module Name	DDF Versi.	Input Device R.	Output Device	Comment
						C. LURIN M. C. L.
Power Module	e					
the second se		AS332T	01.00.00	×0.0 ~ ×0.15	Y0.0 ~ Y0.15	
Power Module	CPU Module	AS332T	01.00.00	×0,0 ~ ×0.15	Y0,0~Y0.15	

Click the setting tabs for specific parts of the setup at the top of the window and then select the setting items on the left for configuration.

AS332T	Device Informatio	n Normal Exchange Area	
	Device Name	AS332T	
Ethernet Port Basic Settin Ethernet Port Advance S Function Card 1 Setting Function Card 2 Setting	Description	AS332T CPU Module, 128kStep, 16Dl, 16DO(NPN), built-in USB, Ethernet & RS485x2	
	Comment	1	
	DDF Version	01.00.00	
	FirmWare Version	an	
	Hardware Version	TE	
Default   Import	Export		

When the hardware configuration is complete, download the configuration and the settings to the CPU module. Save the configuration and settings, and you can download them with the program later in the project.

On the **File** menu, click **Save** or **I** on the toolbar to save the configuration and settings, and then close the **HWCONFIG** window.



\*. Refer to Chapter 8 for more information about HWCONFIG.

# 6.5 Creating a Program

The following sections show you how to create a traditional ladder diagram in ISPSoft. The sections include creating a POU, editing a traditional diagram, and compiling a program.

# 6.5.1 Adding a Ladder Diagram

(1) Right-click **Programs** in the project management area, point to **POU** (program organization unit), and then

click New....

- File Edit View Compile PLC Tools Wizard Window Help 🖹 🖆 🖪 🎒 🛄 🤣 🜔 🤤 🐺 🖳 🐺 💭 🖤 OOX DOFRS Project [C:\ProgramData\
   Device Comment & I
   HWCONFIG CARD Utility AS332T (AS332T) 🧿 Tasks 🔁 DUT lob bols New. Punction Device 1 ŋ 🗂 APIs Copy Paste (1) Properties. Task Property Include Function Blocks POU Multi-Delete Find/Replace in Project Export Programs... Import Programs..
- (2) In the Create Program dialog box, type a program name in the POU Name box, select Ladder Diagram
   (LD) in the Language section, and keep the other default values. Click OK after the setting is complete. A new program organization unit (POU) appears under Programs in the project management area.

POU Name	Task		
Prog0	Cyclic Task (0)		
Active			
Protection (4~12 Charac	ters) Language		
Enter Password	• Ladder Diagram (LD)		
	Sequential Function Chart (SFC)		
	O Function Block Diagram (FBD)		
Confirmation	() Instruction List (IL)		
	<ul> <li>Structure Text (ST)</li> </ul>		
· · · ·	Continuous Function Chart (CFC)		
OU Comment	2		

6

(3) After you add the POU, a program editing window appears in the main working area.

□     □ </th <th></th> <th>n m m 🗗 🕹 ++ () ال</th> <th></th> <th>D</th> <th></th> <th></th>		n m m 🗗 🕹 ++ () ال		D		
Project # × E OProject [C:ProgramData/Delta Industrial Automation	Prog0					
Device Comment & Used Device				Local Symbols		
A HWCONFIG	Class	Identifiers	Address	Type	Initial Value (Acti	Identifier Comment
e - 60 Takt - 00 Takt - 00 Old Symbols ■ 17 Forgame # Prostice Blocks = 00 Table_1 ■ 10 APle + - 00 Table_1 = 10 APle + - 00 Table_1 = 10 APle	Network 1		*		*	1

📦 Prog0				
		Local Symbols		
Class	Identifiers A	ddress Type	. Initial Value (Active w	Identifier Comment
Network 1	·	Local symbol tabl		
	[	Program editing ar	ea	

After the program editing window opens, the corresponding toolbar appears in the window. The list below describes the functions.

# 日 🗣 🖬 🛀 🐿 🔟 🔟 🖳 🦂 📲 🛅

lcon	Keyboard shortcut	Function
	Shift+Ctrl+C	Display/hides the comments on the networks
<b>~</b>	None	Displaying/hides the commands on the devices
	Shift+Ctrl+A	Activates/deactivates the selected network
21	Shift+Ctrl+B	Adds a bookmark to the selected network selected or
		deletes a bookmark from the selected network
<b>6</b>	Shift+Ctrl+P	Goes to the previous bookmarked position
2	Shift+Ctrl+N	Goes to the next bookmarked position
<u>Ut</u>	Ctrl+I	Puts a network above the selected network
Ш¥	Shift+Ctrl+I	Put a network under the selected network
R	ESC	Selects an item
ΗH	Typing an instruction	Inserts a contact

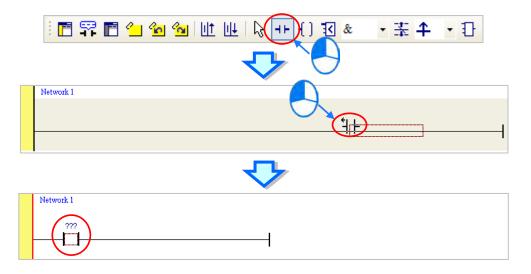
lcon	Keyboard shortcut	Function
()	Typing an instruction	Inserts a coil
1	Typing an instruction	Inserts a comparison contact
& •	Typing an instruction	Selects a type of comparison contact
*	Typing an instruction	Inserts a block logic instruction (NP/PN/INV/FB_NP/FB_PN)
<b>↑</b>	Typing an instruction	Selects a type of block logic instruction (NP/PN/INV/FB_NP/FB_PN)
Ð	Shift+Ctrl+U	Inserts an instruction or a function block

\*. Refer to Section 6.5.3 for more information about typing an instruction.

# 6.5.2 Basic Editing – Creating a Contact and a Coil

(1) Click H on the toolbar, and then move the mouse cursor to the red frame in Network 1. The mouse cursor changes to a contact when the mouse cursor is moved to the left, right, or bottom of the red frame. Decide where to insert a contact. If you edit a ladder diagram, the mouse cursor must be near a position you want to edit. The system automatically arranges an inserted object; you cannot move the object.

In this example, you do not need to decide where to insert the contact. Place the mouse cursor near the red frame and click the left mouse button.

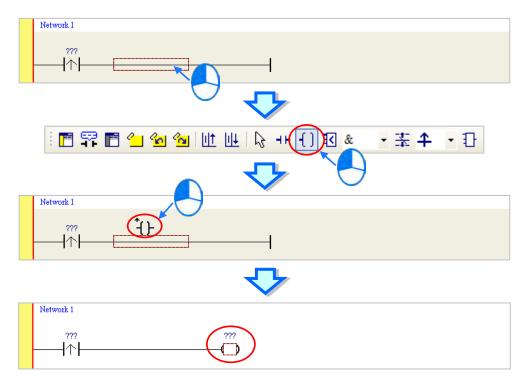


(2) Click on the toolbar, or press Esc on the keyboard. After you double-click the contact, a list appears. The items on the list are Normally Open, Normally Close, Rising-edge Trigger, and Falling-edge Trigger. In this example, click Rising-edge Trigger.

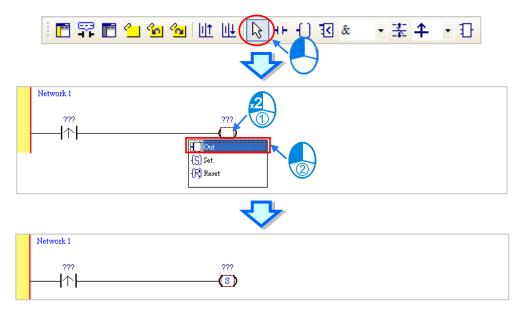
	• <u>未</u> • ①
Network 1 ??? I H Normally Open M Normally Close I H Falling-edge Trigger I Falling-edge Trigger	
Ū 🖓	
Network 1 ???	

(3) Click the line at the right side of the contact, click on the toolbar, and then move the mouse cursor to the red frame. The mouse cursor changes to a coil when the mouse cursor is above or under the red frame. Decide where to insert the coil.

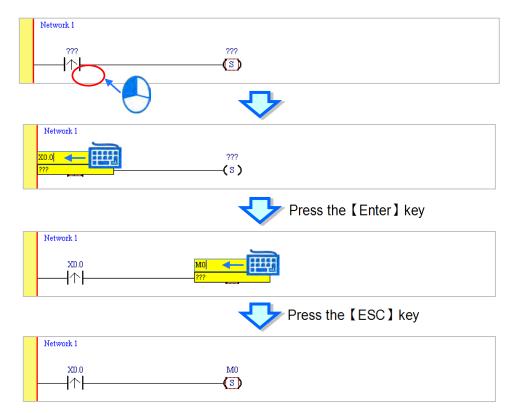
In this example, you do not need to decide where to insert the coil. Place the mouse cursor near the red frame and click the left mouse button.



(4) Click on the toolbar, or press Esc on the keyboard. After you double-click the coil, a list appears. The items on the list are **Out**, **Set**, and **Reset**. In this example, click **Set**.



(5) Click ??? above the contact, type a device address in the box, and then press Enter on the keyboard to jump to the next box in the network. After you type a device address in the box, press Esc on the keyboard to complete the editing. In this example, type X0.0 in the box for the contact, and type M0 in the box for the coil.



#### Additional remark

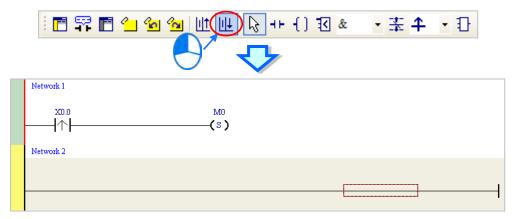
After you click a network and press Enter on the keyboard, you can edit a box. Press Enter on the keyboard to edit the next box in the network. Press Tab on the keyboard to select the next network. Use the keyboard to edit boxes. After you finish the editing, press Enter on the keyboard to jump to the next box. Press Esc on the keyboard to exit editing.

If you have declared symbols, click in a box, or press Page Down on the keyboard when you edit the box. The symbols on the drop-down list are the symbols that you can assign to the object. Select a symbol with the mouse or the up/down key on the keyboard. Refer to Chapter 6 in the ISPSoft User Manual for more information about symbols.



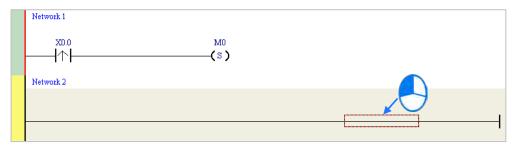
#### 6.5.3 Basic Editing – Inserting a Network and Typing an Instruction

Click up on the toolbar to select a network. Click up on the toolbar to place another network above the selected network. In this example, Network 2 is under Network 1.

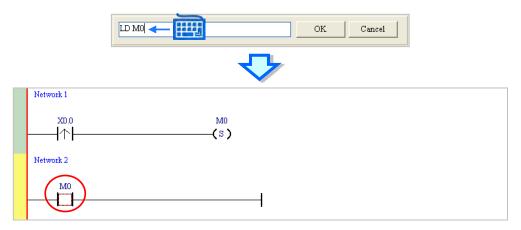


Create a contact and a coil by clicking **H** and **f** on the toolbar or by typing instructions.

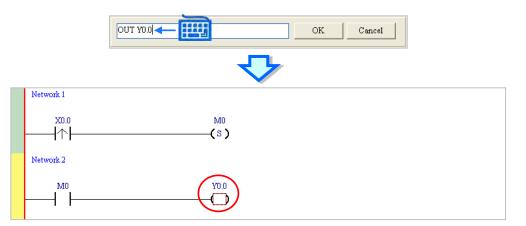
(1) Click the line in Network 2.



(2) Type the IL instruction "LD M0". This instruction is not case-sensitive. As soon as you type the IL instruction, a box which you can edit appears. After you finish typing the IL instruction, press Enter on the keyboard or click **OK** at the right side of the box.



(3) Type the IL instruction "OUT Y0.0", and write the program shown below.



#### Additional remark

You create a contact and a coil by typing simple instructions. Refer to the description below. The instructions typed are not case-sensitive.

• To Insert a normally-open contact (contact A), type "A <device address>"

A M100	ОК	Cancel
M100		

6

• To insert a normally-closed contact (contact B), type "B <device address>"

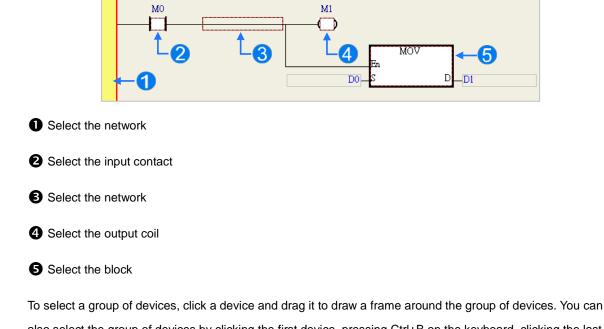
B M110	OK Cancel	
M110	M100	

• To insert an output coil (OUT), type "O <device address>"

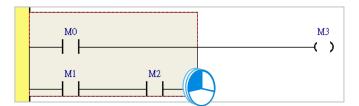


# 6.5.4 Basic Editing – Selecting a Network and Operation

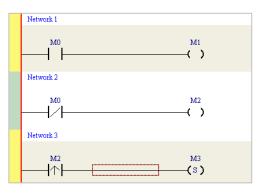
Before you select an object in a network, press Esc on the keyboard, or click in the toolbar. After the cursor appears as a small arrow, click the object in the network. The basic selection shows below.



also select the group of devices by clicking the first device, pressing Ctrl+B on the keyboard, clicking the last device, and then pressing Ctrl+B on the keyboard. You must draw a frame around devices that are in the same network, and the devices must be adjacent to one another. Input and output devices cannot be in the same frame.



To select several networks, press and hold the Ctrl key on the keyboard and click the networks. You can also select a range of networks by pressing and holding Shift on the keyboard, clicking the first network within the range, and then clicking the last network within the range.

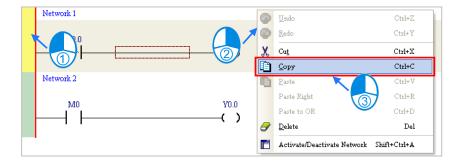


Right-click an object after selecting it to show the context menu.

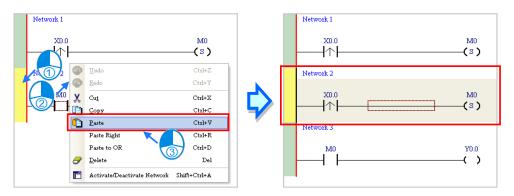
Item	Function
Undo	Undo the last action.
Undo	You can undo up to 20 previous actions.
Redo	You can redo an action that has been undone.
Cut	Cut a device, block, or network.
Сору	Copy a device, block, or network.
Paste	Paste an object that has been copied or cut into the present position.
Dests right	Paste an object at the right side of the selected position.
Paste right The object is connected in series	The object is connected in series to the selected position.
Paste under	Paste an object under the selected position.
Faste under	The object is connected in parallel to the selected position.
Delete	Delete a device, block, or network.
Activate/Inactivate	Activate or deactivate the selected network.
Network	The deactivated network is ignored when you compile the program.

Proceed with the steps in the example below.

(1) Select Network 1, then right-click Network 1, and then click Copy.

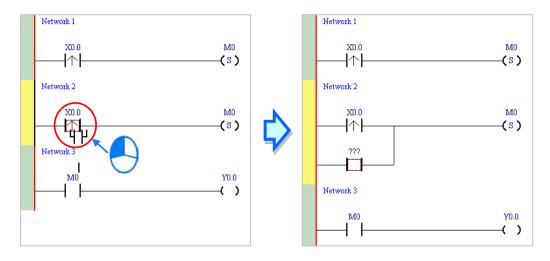


(2) Select Network 2, right-click Network 2, and then click **Paste**. A copy of Network 1 is put above Network 2, and Network 2 becomes Network 3.



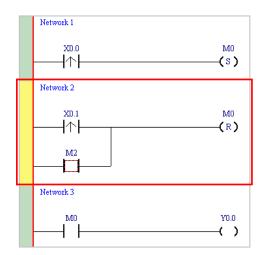
# 6.5.5 Basic Editing – Connecting a Contact in Parallel

(1) Click  $\dashv$  on the toolbar, and then move the mouse cursor to the input contact in Network 2. The mouse cursor changes to a contact. Move the mouse cursor to the input contact in Network 2. After the mouse cursor changes to  $\dashv \mu$ , click the left mouse button. This connects a contact in parallel with the input contact in Network 2.



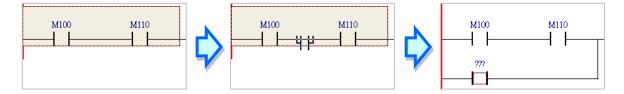
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(2) Write the program in Network 2 shown below.



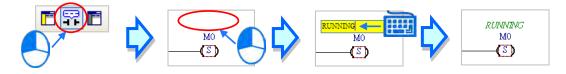
#### Additional remark

After you select a group of contacts, connect a contact to the group of contacts as described above.

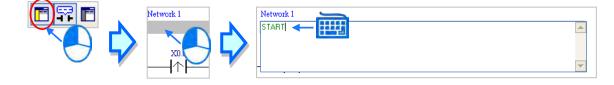


# 6.5.6 Basic Editing – Editing a Comment

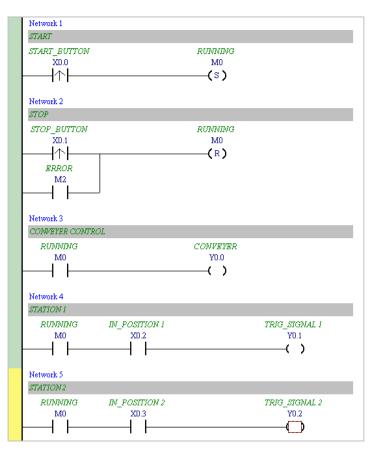
(1) Press **Section** on the toolbar. Click the position above a device name, type a comment in the box, and then press Enter on the keyboard.



(2) Press not the toolbar. Click the position under a network number, and then type a comment in the box.
 To start a new line of text, press Shift+Enter on the keyboard. Press Enter on the keyboard after the you complete the editing.



#### (3) Write the program shown below.



## 6.5.7 Basic Editing – Inserting an Applied Instruction

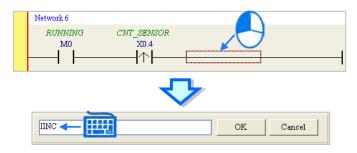
Add Network 6 under Network 5, and then write the program shown below. Insert an applied instruction in one of the three ways described below.

RUNNING	CNT_SENSOR	
M0	X0.4	

Method 1

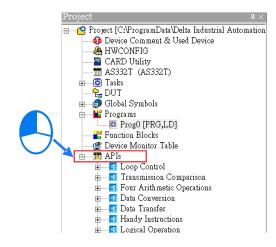
6

Click the position where you want to insert an instruction, type the instruction (INC in this example), and then press Enter on the keyboard.



Method 2

Click APIs in the project management area and find the instruction type.

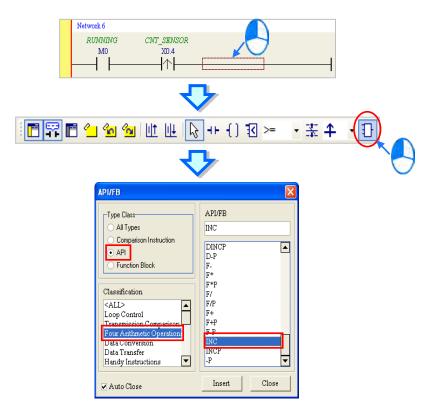


Click the instruction (INC in this example) that you want to insert, and then drag it to the desired position.



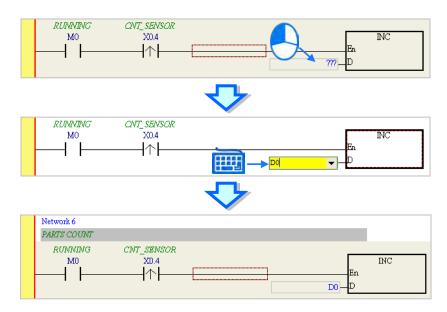
Method 3

Click the position where you want to insert an instruction, click ① on the toolbar, select the instruction (INC in this example) to insert in the **API/FB** dialog box, and then click **Insert**.



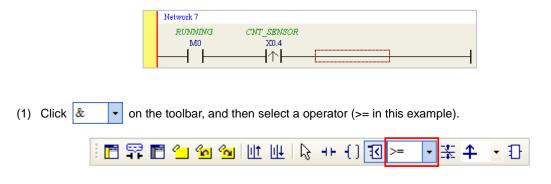
6\_

After you insert the instruction, assign a device address to the operand, and write the program shown below.

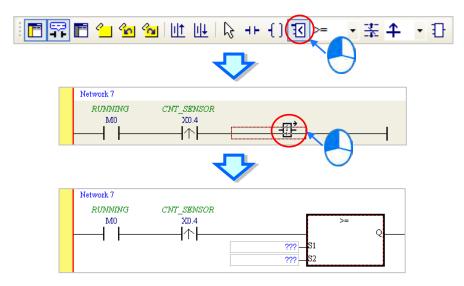


# 6.5.8 Basic Editing – Creating a Comparison Contact and Typing a Constant

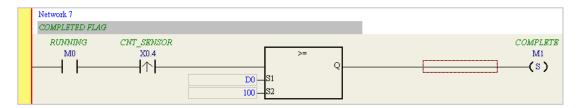
You can insert a comparison contact with the following steps. Add Network 7 under Network 6, and write the program shown below.



(2) Click on the toolbar, and then move the mouse cursor to the position where you want to insert the comparison contact. The mouse cursor changes to a comparison contact when you move the mouse to the left, right, or bottom of the red frame. Decide where to insert the comparison contact, and then click the left mouse button to insert the comparison contact.

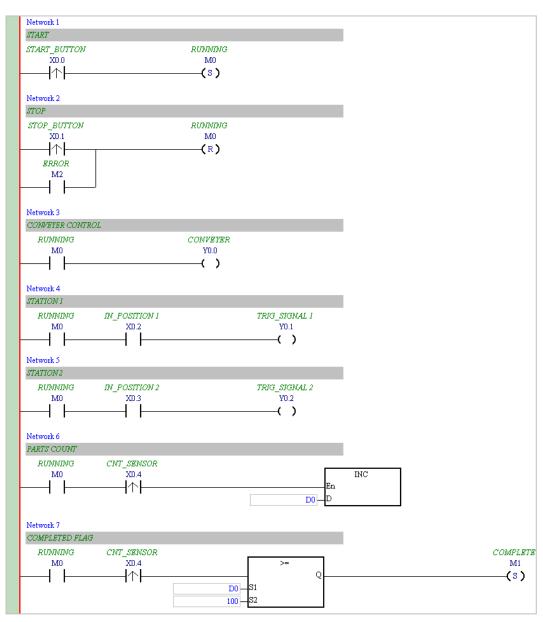


Write the program shown below. In ISPSoft, K precedes a decimal value and H precedes a hexadecimal value. To type a decimal value in ISPSoft, type it directly. To type a hexadecimal value in ISPSoft, type "16#" and the hexadecimal value; e.g. 16#7FFF. In ISPSoft, 8# precedes an octal value, and 2# precedes a binary value.



## 6.5.9 Writing a Program

The previous sections introduced creating a traditional ladder diagram in ISPSoft. Write the program shown below. Because the program is not yet compiled for the PLC, the mother line at the left side of the ladder diagram is colored red while you write the program. The following sections show how to compile and download the compiled program for testing.



\*1. The program above saves in the folder ...\ISPSoft x.xx\Project\Example\Gluing\_System\_C.

\*2. Refer to Chapter 8 in the ISPSoft User Manual for more information about creating a ladder diagram.

#### 6.5.10 Checking and Compiling a Program

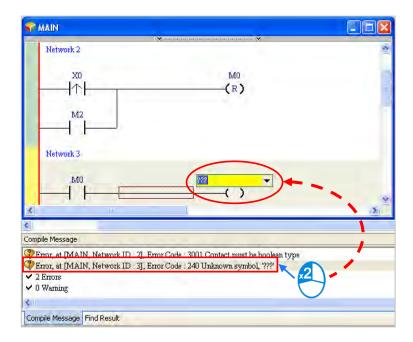
After you write a program, check the syntax of the programming language or compile the program. The syntax and structure in the present window are checked after you run the **Check** function. The system checks the entire project after you run the **Compile** function. If the system does not find any errors in the project, it automatically generates execution code. After you successfully compile the program, the mother line at the left side of the ladder diagram becomes black.

#### Check

Compile PLC Tools W Check Alt+F7 Compile Ctrl+F7	
Compile From the Compile menu, click Co	ompile, or 🔛 on the toolbar.
Compile PLC Tools M Check Alt+F7 Compile Ctrl+F7	

From the **Compile** menu, click **Check**, or **U** on the toolbar.

After you complete the check, the **Compile Message** page shows the check result. If there are any errors in the project, the **Compile Message** window shows the related message. After you click the message, the system automatically shows you where the error occurs. You can run the **Check** function or the **Compile** function after you correct the error.



# 6.6 Testing and Debugging a Program

# 6.6.1 Creating a Connection

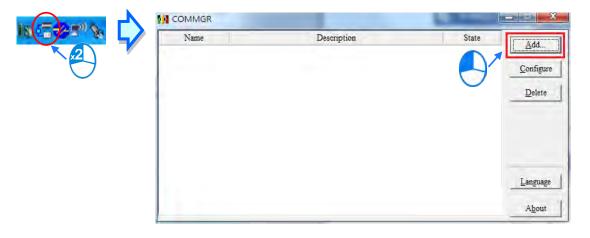
Before you download a program and parameters to a PLC or monitor them online, connect ISPSoft to the PLC. In this example, connect ISPSoft to the CPU module AS332T-A with a USB cable. Refer to Section 2.4 in the ISPSoft User Manual for more information about connecting ISPSoft to a PLC in other ways. Refer to the AS Operation Manual for more information about wiring.

# You can skip this section if you have connected ISPSoft to a PLC successfully as described in Section 2.4 in the ISPSoft User Manual.

- (1) Install the modules on the main backplane to match the hardware configuration in HWCONFIG. Make sure that the wiring is correct, and then power on the CPU module.
- (2) Connect the CPU module to the computer with a USB cable. If the USB driver for the AS series CPU module is installed on the computer, **Delta PLC** appears in the **Device Manager** window, and a port number is assigned to **Delta PLC**. Refer to Appendix A for more information about installing a USB driver.
- (3) Make sure that COMMGR is started and the icon representing COMMGR is displayed on the system tray. If the icon representing COMMGR is not displayed on the system tray, start COMMGR by clicking the shortcut on the Start menu (Start > Programs > Delta Industrial Automation > Communication > COMMGR).

Programs	, 🖻	Accessories	+					
Programs	<b>C</b>	Delta Industrial Automation	+	Communication	+ (	DCISoft 1.08	<b>F</b>	
Documents	• 🔊	Internet Explorer	0	HMI	•	COMMGR	0	COMMGR
Settings	. 🖄	Outlook Express	1	PLC	ы		1	UnInstall
Securitys		Remote Assistance			_			

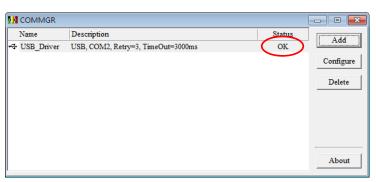
(4) Double-click the icon representing COMMGR on the system tray to open the **COMMGR** window. Click **Add** in the **COMMGR** window to create a driver.



Driver Name	Driver1
Connection Setup	)
Туре	USB (Virtual COM)
Comunication Por	d
COM Port	COM4
Setup Responding	g Time
Time of Auto-re	etry 3 🕂
Time Interval of	f Auto-retry (100 ms.) 30 🚊

(5) Set the parameters in the Driver Properties dialog box, and then click OK.

- 1 Type a driver name in the **Driver Name** box.
- 2 Select USB (Virtual COM) in the Type list in the Connection Setup section.
- ③ Select a communication port in the COM Port list. If the first two steps are complete, the connected PLC and its communication port display in the COM Port list.
- ④ Select the number of times to retry the sending of a command if a connection error occurs in the Time of Auto-retry box, and select a retry interval in the Time Interval of Auto-retry box.
- (6) After you finish the setup, USB\_Driver appears in the COMMGR window. When the connection is normal, OK appears in the Status column.



(7) Click the driver you created in the COMMGR window, and then click Start. Start ISPSoft, and then on the Tools menu, click Communication Settings.... In the Communication Setting dialog box, select the driver you created in the Driver list, select 0 in the Station Address list, and then click OK. The driver information displays in the ISPSoft status bar.

6

Project [C:\Prog Device Com HWCONFIC CARD Uuli MAS332T (A Device Tasks	ramData\Delta In iment & Used De 3 ty	Change PLC Type Program Settings Set RTC Review Error Log File Language English Options		
i ∰ Global Sym	[PRG,LD]			
Communication S	-		X	
Communication S Driver	etting Driver1		×	
	-		×	

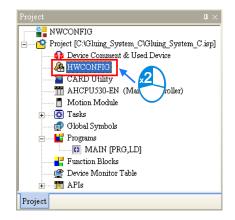
(8) On the PLC menu, click System Information. ISPSoft retrieves related information from the PLC. If the computer communicates with the CPU module normally, the related information retrieved from the PLC displays in the System Information dialog box.

System Information			X
CPU PLC Type Label Version Station Address MAC	A\$332P Untitled V0.50.60 1 00:18:23:13:45:08	- Scan Time (ms) Current Minimum Maximum	1.100 0.800 19.600
Program Capacity Locked	131056 Steps UnLock		
			Close

#### 6.6.2 Downloading a Program and Parameters

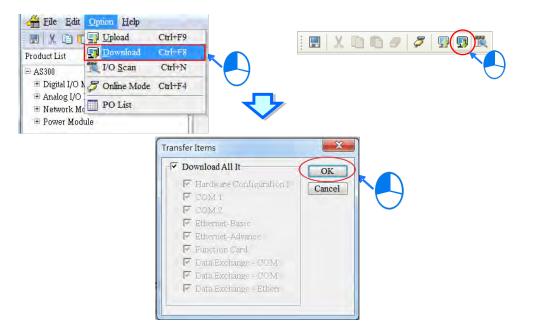
If ISPSoft is correctly connected to a PLC, you can download the parameters and program in the project to the PLC. First, start ISPSoft and open the project you created in the previous sections. In this example, you download two types of parameters to the CPU module: hardware configuration and the program itself.

- Downloading the hardware configuration
  - (1) Double-click HWCONFIG in the project management area to open the HWCONFIG window.



- (2) The hardware configuration displays in the window. Before you download the hardware configuration to the CPU module, make sure the actual hardware configuration is the same as the hardware configuration in the window.
- (3) On the **Options** menu, click **Download**, or 🔄 on the toolbar. The **Transfer Items** dialog box

appears. Click **OK** to download the hardware configuration to the CPU module.



(4) After you successfully download the hardware configuration to the CPU module, the BUS FAULT LED indicator on the CPU module is OFF. Close the HWCONFIG window. If the BUS FAULT LED indicator on the CPU module is still ON or blinking, the CPU module is in an abnormal state. Make sure the actual hardware configuration is the same as the hardware configuration in the HWCONFIG window, and refer to the operation manual for more information about eliminating the error. Refer to Chapter 8 for more information about HWCONFIG.

#### Downloading the program

After the program compiles, on the PLC menu point to **Transfer**, and then click **Download**. You can also click **(ID)** on the toolbar after the program compiles. In the **Transfer Setup** dialog box select the **Program** checkbox and the **Comments** checkbox so that you can upload the program in the CPU module later, and then click **OK**.

	) 🗘 🖫		4	7 😰 I		8.9	2		
	OR								
PLC	<u>T</u> ools <u>W</u> indow	<u>H</u> elp					Transfer Setup		$\mathbf{X}$
£≣	Transfer		· 🗗	Upload	Ctrl+F9		PC => PLC (Downloa	ud)	
	System Security	I	•	. Download	Ctrl+F8	1	Memory Remain	261875 Steps 🦲	
$\bigcirc$	Run	Ctrl+F11							
0	Stop	Ctrl+F12					Transfer Selections	;(	ок
3	Online Mode	Ctrl+F4		$\smile$			✓ Object Code ✓ Program		Cancel
۲	New Devices Table								
	Format PLC Memory							oject and PLC Password	
	System Log						<ul> <li>Retentive Rang</li> <li>Initial Value</li> </ul>	;e	
=	System Information	Ctrl+Alt+I					□ RTC		

# 6.6.3 Connection Test

After you download a program to a PLC, you can monitor the execution status of the PLC through ISPSoft. ISPSoft provides two monitoring modes; device monitoring mode and program monitoring mode.

Monitoring mode	Description
Cevice monitoring mode	You can monitor the status of the devices in the PLC through the monitoring table. In this mode, ISPSoft updates only the status of the devices. The current program in ISPSoft does not have to be the same as the program in the PLC.
E Program monitoring mode	In this mode, the operating status of the program is displayed in the program editing window. The present program in ISPSoft must be the same as the program in the PLC.

\*. You can enable the device monitoring function without program monitoring; however, if you enable the program monitoring function, the device monitoring function is also enabled.

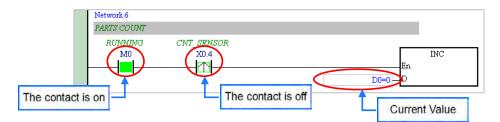
On the **PLC** menu, click **Online Mode**, or *for an and the toolbar, to enable the online monitoring function. The system also enables device monitoring mode and program monitoring mode.* 

<b>.</b>	<b>7 🖻 🔳</b> (	• •	e 🖒	5	. 🕈 🖉
)^	OR		<b>•</b>		
PLC	<u>T</u> ools <u>W</u> indow	<u>H</u> elp			
5	Transfer	•			
	System Security	•			
0	Run	Ctrl+Fl l			
•	Stop	Ctrl+F12			
3	Online Mode	Ctrl+F4			
 ٢	New Devices Table				
<b></b>	Format PLC Memory.		$\bigcirc$		
	System Log				
Ξ	System Information	Ctrl+Alt+I			

In the online monitoring mode, you can view the present scan time, the communication status, and the status of the PLC in the status bar in ISPSoft.

Scan Time: 10.600 ms	30/262128 Steps	STOP	Drv_USB_AH, [USB: COM9]

The present status of the devices display in the original program editing window after you enable the program monitoring function.



You can change the operating state of a PLC with the RUN/STOP switch on the PLC. You can also change the operating status of a PLC with the functions provided by ISPSoft. On the **PLC** menu, click **Run** or **()** on the toolbar to start the PLC. On the **PLC** menu, click **Stop** or **()** on the toolbar to stop the PLC.



In the online monitoring mode, you can select a device, then right-click the device, and the click a command on the context menu. During a test, you can change the status of a device or the value in a device by clicking an item on the context menu.

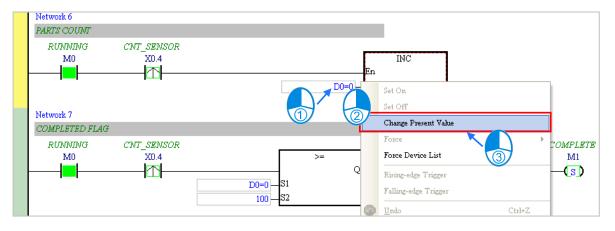
#### A Before you change the status of a device, make sure the operation does not cause damage to

Network 3	NTROL	Network 3 CONVEYER CONTROL	
RUNNING M0 Network 2	CONVEYER Set On Set Off Change Present Value	RUMMING M0 Network 4	CONVEYER Y0.0
STATION I RUNNIA MO	Force Force Device List Rising-edge Trigger Falling-edge Trigger	STATION I RUNNING IN_POSITION I M0 X0.2	

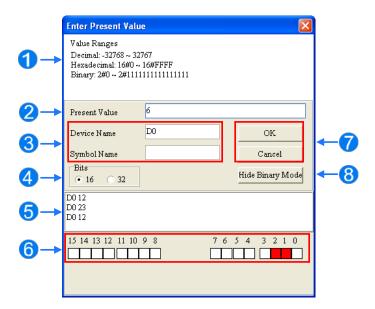
The table below describes the items in the context menu. The **Force** command only applies to input and output contacts.

ltem	Description
Set On	Set the contact selected to ON
Set Off	Set the contact selected to OFF
Rising-edge Trigger	No matter what the state of the selected contact is, the system sets the contact to OFF, and then sets it to ON.
Falling-edge Trigger	No matter what the state of the selected contact is, the system sets the contact to ON, and then sets it to OFF.
Force	Force an input contact or output contact ON or OFF
Force Device List	Force several input contacts or output contacts in the tables ON or OFF

To change the value in a device, right-click the device, click **Change Present Value**, and set a present value in the **Enter Present Value** dialog box.



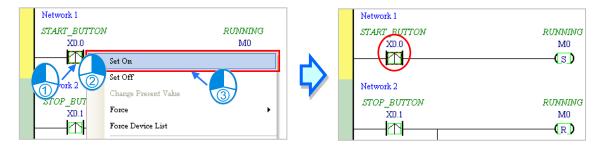
The list below describes the Enter Present Value dialog box.



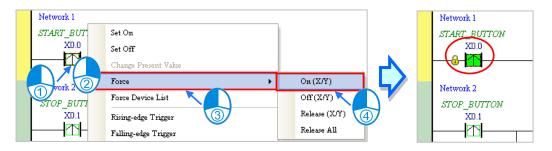
#### Message

- **2** Type a value in the **Present Value** box.
- 3 Type the name of a device or a symbol whose present value you want to change
- **4** Type a 16-bit or 32-bit value.
- **5** Value change history (Format: Device name Value)
- **6** In binary mode, use the mouse to set the bit states.
- Click **OK** to apply the setting values. Click **Cancel** to close the window without applying the values.
- **8** Display or hide binary mode.

In this example, X0.0–X0.15 and Y0.0–Y0.15 are input and output devices assigned to the digital I/O module AS332T-A. After you download the hardware parameters to the CPU module, the states of X0.0–X0.15 are the same as the states of the inputs on the actual module. Even if you set X0.0–X0.15 to ON or OFF in the program editing window, the actual input signals update the states of X0.0–X0.15.



However, you can force an input contact ON or OFF during a test. Click an input or output contact to set, right-click the contact, point to **Force**, and click **On (X/Y)**, **Off (X/Y)**, **Release (X/Y)**, or **Release AII**. If you force an input or output contact ON or OFF, a lock symbol appears at the left side of the contact.



Force	Description
On (X/Y)	Force the selected input or output contact ON
Off (X/Y)	Force the selected input or output contact OFF
Release (X/Y)	Release the contact from the locked state
Release All	Release all the contacts from the locked states

If you force an output contact in the program ON or OFF, the program execution result does not affect the output state of this contact.



\*. If you disable the online monitoring function, the contacts are not automatically released from the locked states. You must check whether the contacts need to be released from the locked states after you complete the test.

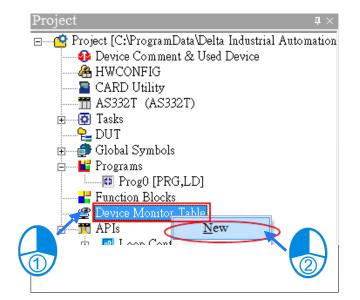
You can create a monitoring table online or offline.

#### Method 1

On the PLC menu, click New Devices Table, or 🔮 on the toolbar.



#### Method 2



Right-click Device Monitoring Table in the project management area, and click New.

Type a table name in the **Add Monitor Table** dialog box, and then click **OK**. An item appears under **Device Monitor Table** in the project management area. Double-click the item to open the monitoring table. You can create several monitoring tables in the project, and the monitoring tables are saved with the project.

Drojoot

	¥ ^
Add Monitor Table Monitor Table Name Table_1 OK Cancel	Project  Project [C:\ProgramData\Delta Industrial Automation  Device Comment & Used Device  HWCONFIG  CARD Utility  AS332T (AS332T)  Casks  C
Cancel	Programs     Prog0 [PRG,LD]     Protion Blocks     Device Monitor Table     Table_1

After you double-click the item, a item monitoring window appears. You can add items to be monitored to the window. To add an item to the window, double-click the blank space in the monitoring table, type a device name, type a start address, and the number of devices to be monitored in the **Device Monitor Input** dialog box. You can add up to 100 items to a monitoring table.

n v I

Object	Identifiers	Device Name	Status	Data Type	Value (16bits)	Value (32bits)	Float	Radix	Commer
				×2		🌳 Device Monit	or Input		
				C	$^{\prime}$	Device Name		ОК	
				_		MO		Cancel	
				्र					
						Device Count			
ble_1			Status	Data Type	Value (16bi				Comme
ble_1 Object	Identifiers	Device Name	Orarus						
	Identifiers	Device Name M0	Dialius						JNNIN
	Identifiers		574743					Signed I 🔻	

Press Insert on the keyboard to switch between inserting and replacing an item in the monitoring table. The selected mode displays in the status bar in ISPSoft.

If you select insert mode, the new item is added above the selected item in the monitoring table. If you select replacement mode, the new item overwrites the selected item in the monitoring table.

RUN

To hide certain columns in the monitoring table, right-click the monitoring table, point to **Set the Fields**, and clear certain items. After you clear an item, the corresponding column disappears.

Ŷ	Table_1											
	Object	Identifiers	Device Name	Status	Data Type	Value (	16bits)	Valu	1e (32bits)	Float	Radix	Comment
Þ			MO			<u>D</u> elete	Del				Signed E 🔻	RUNNING
			M1			Select <u>A</u> ll		- L			Signed E 🔻	COMPLETE
			M2			_		- 1			Signed E 🔻	ERROR
						Select Symb	bols	_				
						Set the field	ds	•	✓ Object			
						K			🖌 Identi	fiers		
							2	1	🗸 Data 🕻	Гуре		
									🖌 🛛 Bit Sta	atus		
									✓ Value(	16bits)		
								[	✓ Value(	32bits)		
								[	✓ Value(	Float)		
								[	✓ Comm	uent		
								_				

The following describes the columns in the monitoring table.

Column	Description				
Source	Source of a symbol				
Identifier	er Identifier of a symbol				
Device name	Name of a monitored device				
Status State of a monitored bit device or a contact (ON or OFF).					

Column	Column Description		
Data type Data type of a monitored symbol.			
Value (16 bits) In online mode, displays a 16-bit value.			
Value (32 bits) In online mode, displays a 32-bit value.			
Float In online mode, displays a 32-bit floating-point number.			
Radix Select a format to represent a value.			
Comment Display the comments on a device or on a symbol.			

After you create the monitoring table, you can monitor the items in the monitoring table in online mode. Right-click an item in the monitoring table in online mode to display a context menu which is the same as the context menu in the program editing window. You can change the item state or the item value by clicking an item in this context menu.

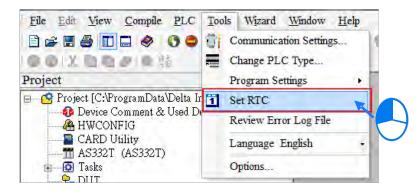
÷	🖓 Table_1												
	Object	Identifiers	Device Name	Status	Data Type	V	alue (16bits)	Value (32	2bit:	) Float	Radix		Comment
۰,			M0		_		Set On		٦.		Signed Decimal	-	RUNNING
			M1				Set Off				Signed Decimal	▼	COMPLETE
			M2			7					Signed Decimal	▼	ERROR
			D0				Force	•		0	Signed Decimal	▼	
			X0.0				Change Prese	nt Value			Signed Decimal	▼	
			X0.1				Rising-edge T	rigger			Signed Decimal	▼	STOP_BUTTON
			X0.2								Signed Decimal	▼	IN_POSITION 1
			X0.3			_	ramng-edge i	Falling-edge Trigger			Signed Decimal	▼	IN_POSITION 2
			X0.4			9	<u>D</u> elete	Del			Signed Decimal	▼	CNT_SENSOR
			Y0.0				Select <u>A</u> ll	Ctrl+A			Signed Decimal	▼	
			Y0.1				Select Symbols				Signed Decimal	▼	TRIG_SIGNAL 1
			Y0.2						-[		Signed Decimal	•	TRIG_SIGNAL 2
							Set the fields	•		-			

You can text and debug the program you created in this chapter through the monitoring table you created in this section. Refer to Chapter 17 in the ISPSoft User Manual for more information about testing and debugging a program.

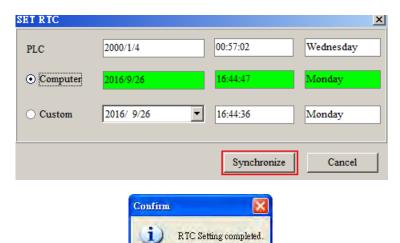
# 6.7 Setting a Real-time Clock

After you connect an AS Series CPU module to a computer, you can set the real-time clock in the CPU module through ISPSoft.

(1) On the **Tools** menu, click **Set RTC**.



(2) Select Computer, and then click Synchronize to complete setting the real time clock.



OK ]

# 7

# Chapter 7 Memory Card

# **Table of Contents**

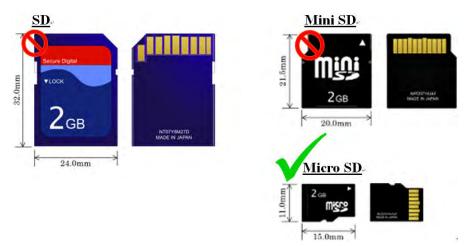
7.1	Overview of Memory Cards	7-2
	.1 Appearances of Memory Cards	
7.1		
7.2	Before using a Memory Card	7-3
	2.1 Formatting a Memory Card	
7.3	Installing and Removing a Memory Card	7-3
7.3	B.1 Memory Card Slot in a CPU Module	
7.3	3.2 Installing a Memory Card	
7.3		
7.4	Memory Card Contents	7-4
	1.1 Initializing a Memory Card	
7.4	1.2 Folder Structure in a Memory Card	
7.5	Introduction to the CARD Utility	7-6
7.6	Backing Up a Project	7-8
7.7	Restoring a Project	
7.8	Restoration Starts Once CPU is supplied with Power	7-17
7.9	CPU Error Log	7-18

# 7.1 Overview of Memory Cards

The AS Series CPU modules support standard MicroSD cards that meet the specifications in this chapter. This chapter describes the specifications and usage for the MicroSD cards supported by the AS series CPU modules.

# 7.1.1 Appearances of Memory Cards

SD cards are classified into three types according to size: SD cards, MiniSD cards, and MicroSD cards. AS Series CPU modules support MicroSD cards.



## 7.1.2 Memory Card Specifications

SD cards are also classified into three types according to capacity: SD cards, SDHC cards, and SDXC cards. The AS Series currently only supports a maximum of 32GB in FAT32 format. SD card families are shown in the table below. The Micro SDHC in the SDHC column indicates the specifications supported by the AS Series. Be sure to purchase products that meet these specifications.

• SD card families

Туре	S	SD	SD	HC	SDXC			
Capacity	Capacity 32 MB~2 GB			32 GB	32 GB~2 TB			
File system	FAT16/FAT32			Г32	exFAT (FAT64)			
Size	SD	SDHC	Mini SDHC	Micro SDHC	SDXC Micro SDXC			
Speed class rating	Ν	I/A	CLASS 2 (Min. CLASS 4 (Min. CLASS 6 (Min. CLASS 10 (Mir	4 MB/Sec.) 6 MB/Sec.)	CLASS 2 (Min. CLASS 4 (Min. CLASS 6 (Min. CLASS 10 (Mir	4 MB/Sec.) 6 MB/Sec.)		

# 7.2 Before using a Memory Card

# 7.2.1 Formatting a Memory Card

You may need to format a new SDHC memory card with the FAT32 file system before you use it for the first time. You cannot use an unformatted SDHC memory card in an AS Series CPU module.

The following example introduces the most common way to format an SDHC card: formatting an SDHC card through a card reader. Also carefully read the documents provided by the SDHC card manufacturer.

Mhen you format a memory card, you also delete all the data in the memory card. Verify whether you need to back up the data in a memory card before you format the memory card.

- (1) Insert the SDHC card into a card reader. The operating system detects a new storage device.
- (2) Right-click the new storage device, and then click Format.
- (3) You must format the memory card with the FAT32 file system. Do not change any other default settings. Click Quick Format, and then click Start.
- (4) After you click **OK** in the warning window, the SDHC card formats.

# 7.3 Installing and Removing a Memory Card

## 7.3.1 Memory Card Slot in a CPU Module

The memory card slot is on the front side of the AS Series PLC.



#### 7.3.2 Installing a Memory Card

Insert a memory card into the CPU module memory card slot and push it in until it clicks. Be sure the memory card is fixed firmly in the slot; if the memory card is loose, it is not installed correctly. The memory card can only be inserted in one direction. Do not force the memory card or you may damage the CPU module. The correct way to insert the memory card is shown below.



#### 7.3.3 Removing a Memory Card

You can remove a memory card by pushing it in. The card then springs from the slot.



# 7.4 Memory Card Contents

#### 7.4.1 Initializing a Memory Card

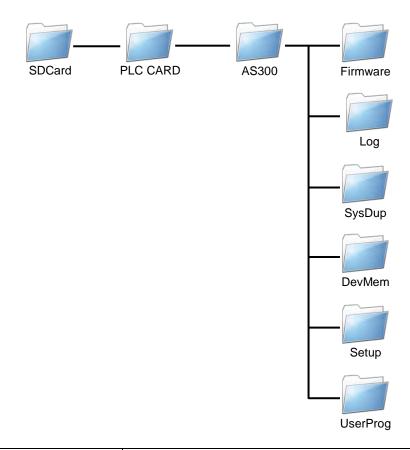
When you insert an SDHC card into a CPU module that is powered on, and use ISPSoft -> CARD Utility to back up a project, the system initializes the SDHC card, and creates a default folder named according to the model of the CPU module. (If the folder is already existed, the system does not create a second folder for the same model.)

When the system initializes an SDHC card, it automatically adds any missing folders to the directory structure. However, if the initialization of a SDHC card fails, you cannot initialize the SDHC card again until you reformat it.

When you initialize a memory card, the SYSTEM indicator in the software blinks.

# 7.4.2 Folder Structure in a Memory Card

The image below shows the default folder group created by an AS System. The folder name is AS200/300. Several subfolders are contained inside the AS200/300 folder. Related files created by you and the AS system are stored in the subfolders.



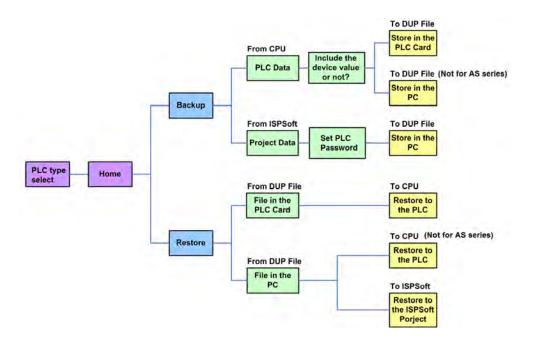
Folder	Description
Firmware	Stores firmware files (.ext)
Log	Stores Log files (.log)
SysDup	Stores backup files (.dup)
UserProg	Stores device memory files (.txt, .dmd, .csv)
DevMem, Setup	Reserved for the system use

# 7.5 Introduction to the CARD Utility

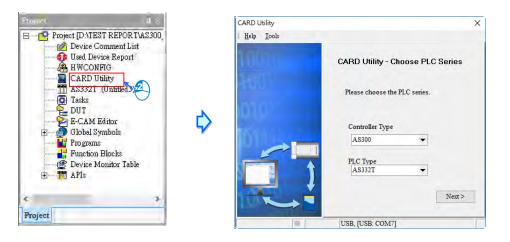
The AS Series CPU modules include SDHC slots, and you can back up and restore module data with a memory card. ISPSoft includes the CARD Utility for the AS Series CPU modules. With this utility, you can back up and restore data in an AS Series CPU module or backup and restore an ISPSoft project. The backup can include the program code, parameter settings, hardware configuration, and network configuration, as well as the values in the devices in an AS series CPU module. Refer to Section 7.7.1 in the Operation Manual for more information about the specifications and usage of SDHC cards with AS Series CPU modules.

The list below describes the functions supported by the CARD Utility, including a flowchart.

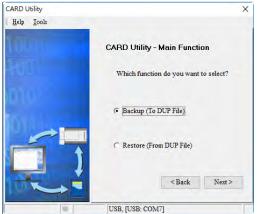
- If you export data from an AS Series CPU module as a backup file (\*.dup), you can save the exported data in the memory card in the module or in a folder on the computer. You can also decide whether to back up the values in the devices in the AS Series CPU module.
- If you export an ISPSoft project for an AS Series CPU module as a backup file (\*.dup), you can only save the exported ISPSoft project in a folder in the computer. You can see data such as register editing (\*.dvl), device status editing (\*.dvb), file register editing (\*.wft) for the AS Series as values in the device and back them up. You can put a memory card with the backup file into the AS series CPU module. You can copy a backup file (\*.dup) saved on the computer into the AS series CPU module connected to the computer, or restore the backup file to an ISPSoft project. If you choose to restore the backup file to an ISPSoft project, the system automatically skips the values in the devices and the hardware configuration in the backup file.
- If you restore the backup file (\*.dup) from the PC to an ISPSoft project for an AS Series CPU module, you can also restore data such as register editing (\*.dvl), device status editing (\*.dvb), and file register editing (\*.wft) for the AS Series.



Double-click **CARD Utility** in the project management area to open the **CARD Utility** wizard. After selecting the controller type, click "Next" to proceed.



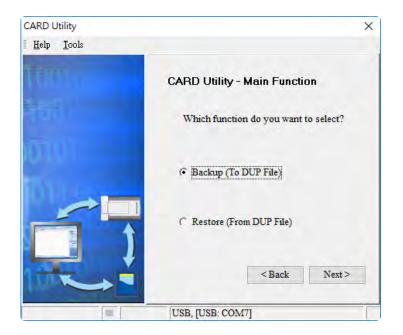




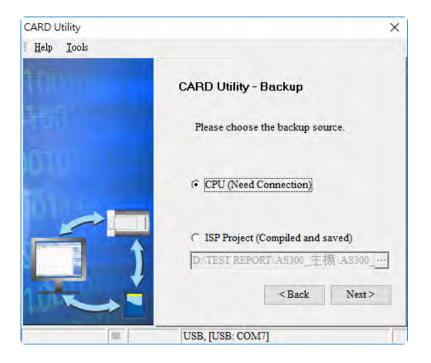
# 7.6 Backing Up a Project

If the backup source or backup destination is an AS Series CPU module or memory card, make sure that ISPSoft is connected to the AS Series CPU module. During backup, the CPU LED and Error LED blinks alternatively and SM452 flag is ON. After the backup is done, the CPU LED and Error LED stops blinking and SM452 flag is OFF. Refer to Section 2.4 in the ISPSoft User Manual for more information.

(1) Select the Backup (To DUP File) option button in the CARD Utility wizard and then click Next.



- (2) Select a backup source, and then click **Next**.
  - a. If you select the CPU (Need Connection), the backup file is stored in the memory card.



b. If you select the **ISP Project (Compiled and saved)**, the backup file is stored in your computer. Click and select an isp file in the **Open** dialog box. If the program in the isp file selected is not compiled, a message appears when you back up the isp file. Open the isp file with ISPSoft, compile the program in the isp file, and then save the isp file. After the program in the isp file is compiled, you can back up the isp file.

CARD Utility	×
<u>H</u> elp <u>T</u> ools	-
TRIDLE	CARD Utility - Backup
Hall	Please choose the backup source.
	CPU (Need Connection)
	<ul> <li>ISP Project (Compiled and saved)</li> <li>C:\PRJ_0.isp</li> </ul>
	<back next=""></back>
111	USB, [USB: COM7]

(3) After you select CPU (Need Connection) / ISP Project (Compiled and saved), click Next,
 a. If you select the CPU (Need Connection), a prompted window appears. And you need to decide whether to back up the values in devices on the AS Series CPU module that is connected to ISPSoft.

CARD Utility	×
Help <u>T</u> ools	
TREAS	CARD Utility - Backup
	Please choose the option when backup from CPU.
	Include Devices
	C Exclude Devices
	<back next=""></back>
111	USB, [USB: COM7]

b. If you select the **ISP Project (Compiled and saved)**, the backup file is stored in your computer. Click and select an isp file in the **Open** dialog box and then decide the file path where you'd like to store the backup file in your computer and then define its file name.

CARD Utility	×
<u>H</u> elp <u>T</u> ools	
THULL	CARD Utility - Backup
	Please choose the destination.
	C Memory Card (PLC side) \SysDup\AUTOEXEC.dup
	PC (DUP File)     C: Program Files (x86) Delta Industrial Au
	<back next=""></back>
(m.)	USB, [USB: COM7]

- (4) Select a backup destination. If the backup source is an ISPSoft project, the backup destination must be a computer.
  - a. If you select **Memory Card (PLC Side)**, the filename of the backup file is **AUTOEXEC.dup**, and the backup file paths for AS200 and AS300 are shown below.

AS200: Root directory of the memory card\SDCard\PLC CARD\AS200\SysDup\AUTOEXEC.dup AS300: Root directory of the memory card\SDCard\PLC CARD\AS300\SysDup\AUTOEXEC.dup

CARD Utility	×
Help <u>I</u> ools	
TUNI	CARD Utility - Backup
राजी।'	Please choose the destination.
iotu) Iotu -	<ul> <li>Memory Card (PLC side)</li> <li>\SysDup\AUTOEXEC.dup</li> </ul>
	C PC (DUP File)
	C: Program Files (x86) Delta Industrial Au
	<back next=""></back>
	USB, [USB: COM7]

b. If you select PC (DUP File), click ..., select a folder in the Save in list in the Save As dialog box, and type a filename in the File name box. When you select the backup source for the ISPSoft Project, set the PLC password. You can set the password to be the same as the Project password, set a new PLC password, or not set a PLC password. If you do not set a password for the Project, the PLC password is also not set. When you select Setting new PLC password, the wizard looks like the following image. And you can set new PLC password and number of the attempt times.

CARD Utility	×
Help <u>T</u> ools	
	CARD Utility - Setting PLC Password
	Setting the PLC password
	<ul> <li>Same with Project password.</li> </ul>
	(if Project password is not set, then PLC password neither.)
	C Setting new PLC password.
	Not setting PLC password.
	< Back Next >
	USB, [USB: COM7]

(5) After that you can see the summary. Make sure that the summary in the **CARD Utility** wizard is consistent with the data backup you want to perform, and then click **Execute**.

CARD Utility	×
<u>H</u> elp <u>T</u> ools	
MUT I	CARD Utility - Summary
itain (	Function Backup
ίσιν	Source CPU
100	Destination Memory Card (PLC side)
n'	Backup Content
	<back execute<="" td=""></back>
	USB, [USB: COM7]

(6) The AS Series CPU module still performs the data backup even if you click Cancel. You can turn off the AS Series CPU module to stop the data backup; however, the backup file produced is not a complete backup file, and you must delete the backup file from the memory card.

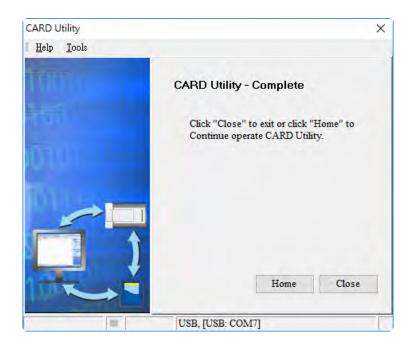
If you select **Memory Card (PLC Side)**, the filename of the backup file is **AUTOEXEC.dup**, and the backup file path is **Root directory of the memory card\AS300\SysDup\AUTOEXEC.dup**. If there is an old backup file in the memory card, the **Warning** message appears. Click **Replace**, **Archive**, or **Cancel** in the Warning message.

Warning	X	
<u> </u>	AUTOEXEC.dup.dup already exists. Please select a way to deal with the problem.	
	1. Replace: The data in the existing file is overwritten directly.	
	2. Archive: After the original AUTOEXEC.dup file is archived, the current backup data is saved as the AUTOEXEC.dup file. (The file archived is named yymmddnn.dup. yy is the year, mm is the month, dd is the data, and nn is the serial number on that day)	
	3. Cancel: The system backup is cancelled.	
	Replace Archive Cancel	

If the backed up data is protected by passwords, these passwords are also backed up.

Data backup	Description
CPU module → Memory card	The backed up data includes the PLC ID and the PLC password set in the CPU module.
ISPSoft project → Computer	The backed up data includes the program ID and the project password set in the ISPSoft project.

(7) After you perform the data backup, click Home or Close in the CARD Utility wizard.

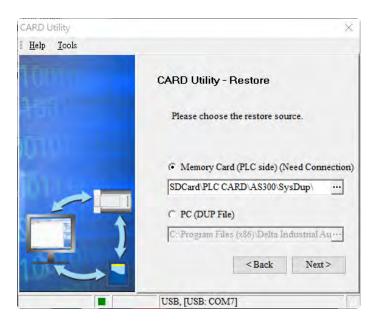


# 7.7 Restoring a Project

If the restoration source or restoration destination is an AS Series CPU module or memory card, make sure that ISPSoft is connected to the AS Series CPU module. During restoration, the CPU LED and Error LED blinks alternatively and SM452 flag is ON. After restoration is done, the CPU LED and Error LED stops blinking and SM452 flag is OFF. Refer to Section 2.4 in the ISPSoft User Manual for more information.

- CARD Utility X Help Tools CARD Utility - Main Function Which function do you want to select? Card Dup File) Card Dup File) Card Dup File) Card Dup File) Card Dup File)
- (1) Select Restore (From DUP File) in the CARD Utility wizard and then click Next.

- (2) Select a restoration source, click ... and then select a backup file to be restored.
  - a. If you select **Memory Card (PLC side) (Need Connection)**, the backup files in the memory card display in a window after you click . Double-click a backup file in the window to choose it.



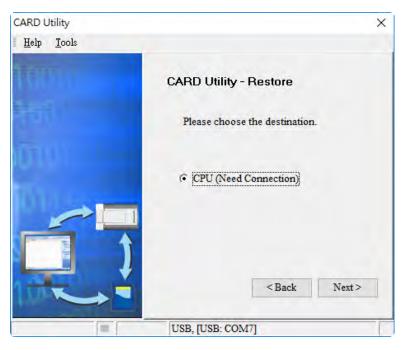
			×
Name	Size	Туре	Modified Time
AUTOEXEC.dup	202 KB	DUP File	2000/1/1上午 03:13:16
•			

b. If you select PC (Need Connection), the backup files in the PC display in a window after you click .
 Double-click a backup file in the window to choose it.

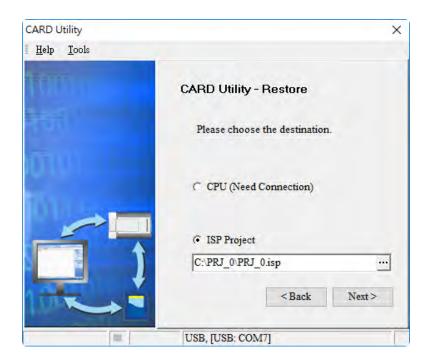
CARD Utility	×
Help <u>T</u> ools	
TUDIU	CARD Utility - Restore
46 <b>1</b>	Please choose the restore source.
	C Memory Card (PLC side) (Need Connection) SDCard/PLC CARD/AS300/SysDup/
	PC (DUP File)
	C:\Program Files (x86)\Delta Industrial Au <back next=""></back>
	USB, [USB: COM7]

2		×
Name	Size Type	Modified Time
AUTOEXEC.dup	202 KB DUP File	2000/1/1上午 03:13:16
•		

- (3) Select a restoration destination, and then click **Next**.
  - a. To put the selected backup file into the AS Series CPU module, select CPU (Need Connection). If the restoration source is the CPU (Need Connection), the restoration destination must be the AS Series CPU module.



b. If you select **ISP Project**, click ..., and then specify a filename and a path. If the path specified point to a file that already exists, the file is overwritten when you restore the data.



(4) Make sure that the summary in the **CARD Utility** wizard is consistent with the data restoration you want to perform and then click **Execute**.

CARD Utility	×
Help <u>T</u> ools	
TUDI	CARD Utility - Summary
नेकों।'	Function Restore
10101	Source SDCard\PLC CARD\AS300\SysDup\AU
	Destination CPU
	<back execute<="" td=""></back>
111	USB, [USB: COM7]

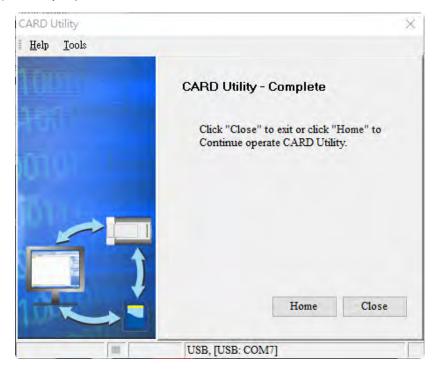
If you click **Cancel** in the process of restoring data to the AS Series CPU module, the data is not completely restored. The AS Series CPU module still performs the data restoration even if you click **Cancel** in the process of restoring a backup file in the memory card. You can turn off the AS Series CPU module to stop the data restoration from being performed. To prevent the AS Series CPU module from operating incorrectly, restore the AS Series CPU module to the factory setting, or perform the data restoration again.

The restoration source or restoration destination may contain a password and an ID. The following table describes the password and the ID process.

Data restoration	Description
	a. The ID in the backup file must be the same as the ID in the CPU module; otherwise the data is not restored.
	b. If there is a PLC password in the CPU module, the password in the backup file
Memory card	must be the same as the PLC password in the CPU module. Otherwise the
→ PU module	data is not restored.
	c. If there is no PLC password in the CPU module, and there is a password in the
	backup file, the system restores the data, and the password in the backup file
	becomes the PLC password in the CPU.

Computer→	The ID and the password in the backup file become the program ID and the
ISPSoft project	project password in the ISPSoft project.

(5) After you perform the data restoration, click Home or Close in the CARD Utility wizard.



## 7.8 Restoration Starts Once CPU is supplied with Power

When the backup file in the memory card is consistent with the specific path and file name, the CPU can perform restoration once it is supplied with power. During restoration, the CPU LED and Error LED blinks alternatively and SM452 flag is ON. After restoration is done, the CPU LED and Error LED stops blinking and SM452 flag is OFF.

Operation Steps:

- (1) Set up the backup file path and file name for the memory card backup file. The filename of the backup file is BACKUP.dup and the backup file paths for AS200 and AS300 are shown below.
   AS200: Memory card root directory\SDCard\PLC CARD\AS200\SysDup\AS300 BACKUP.dup
   AS300: Memory card root directory\SDCard\PLC CARD\AS300\SysDup\AS300 BACKUP.dup
   Insert the memory card into the card slot when the CPU power is off.
- (2) When the CPU power is on, it automatically checks if the memory card data is consistent with the PLC data. If not, the restoration begins. The data check is specifically on the data in CPU programs and HWCONFIG parameters.
- (3) During the restoration, the CPU LED and Error LED blinks alternatively. Once the restoration is done, the blinking stops.

# 7.9 CPU Error Log

The system stores CPU error messages in the memory card whenever the quantity of the error messages reached to 20. You can also use special flag SM36 and special device SR36 to read the CPU error messages and state change logs. If there is error logs recorded in the memory card, the memory card keeps storing the error logs. You can change the file path to store other error logs or change the file name to store other error logs.

Special Device	Function Code Description
SR36	<ul><li>a. when the value is 0, it indicates there is no recording.</li><li>b. when the value is 1234, it indicates the logs are stored in the memory card.</li><li>c. when the value is 3456, it indicates the error logs and state change logs are stored in the memory card.</li></ul>

Operation Steps to read CPU error logs and state change logs:

Make sure the memory card is in the slot before reading the CPU error logs and state change logs.

- (1) Set SM36 to ON and the value in SR36 to 1234 or 3456 to read the CPU error logs and state change logs.
- (2) The root directory path of the memory card for the error log is

#### AS200: Memory card root directory\SDCard\PLC CARD\AS200\Log\Error.log

## AS300: Memory card root directory\SDCard\PLC CARD\AS300\Log\Error.log

Use ISPSoft to read the error logs. ISPSoft Tools -> Review Error Log File -> Open Log File

The root directory path of the memory card for the status log is

AS200: Memory card root directory\<u>SDCard\PLC CARD\AS200\Log\STATUS.log</u> AS300: Memory card root directory\<u>SDCard\PLC CARD\AS300\Log\STATUS.log</u>

(3) Use ISPSoft to read the status logs. ISPSoft Tools -> Review Error Log File -> Open Log File



# Chapter 8 Hardware Configuration and Data Exchange Setups

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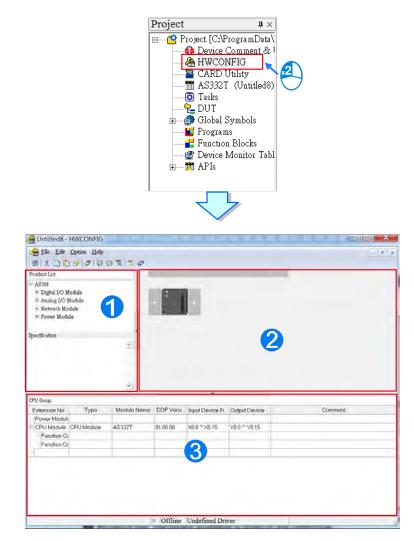
# 8.1 Hardware Configuration Tool for AS Series Modules -HWCONFIG

HWCONFIG is a built-in hardware configuration tool in ISPSoft. You can configure racks, set CPU and module parameters, download/upload parameters, detect a hardware configuration online, and make a diagnosis through HWCONFIG.

You must download all parameters set in HWCONFIG to the CPU module for them to take effect.

## 8.1.1 Introduction of the HWCONFIG Environment

In ISPSoft, double-click HWCONFIG in the project management area to start HWCONFIG.



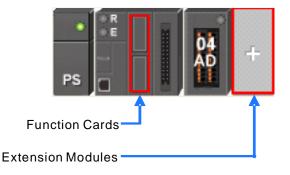
**1** Product list: Available hardware is listed in the catalog.

2 System configuration area: This is the main working area. You can configure and set the entire system in this

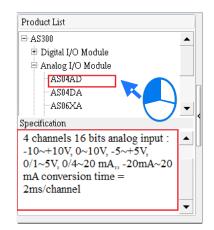
area.

**3** Information list: This shows information about the present system configuration.

The system configuration area displays the present system configuration. You configure and set up the modules in this area. You can add extension modules to the right side of the AS Series CPU module. The CPU module also has function card slots for more versatile solutions. For the function card settings, go through the CPU module. Refer to Section 8.2 for function card configurations. When you modify the configuration in the system configuration area, the information in the information list updates.



All available hardware is listed in the product list. After you click a section in the product list, it shows all devices belonging to that section. If you click a device, the specifications for the device appear under the product list.



Delta Electronics provides you with specific configuration tools for some CPU modules. You can use tools such as Ethernet/IP or EtherCAT to set advanced parameters for network assignments for the modules. For advanced setup, right-click the CPU module in the system configuration area, click **Communication Software**, and then choose tools such as EIP Builder for Ethernet/IP configurations. You must save the configurations in HWCONFIG before opening the tools. Note that you cannot work in HWCONFIG while editing in the tools. Some tools require a separate installation, and the software shows a message if a tool needs to be installed.

Copen( <u>O</u> ) Replace( <u>R</u> )	Enter Ctrl+R		
X Cut(I)	Ctrl+X		
( <u>Copy(</u> )	Ctrl+C		
Paste(P)	Ctrl+V		
Delete( <u>D</u> )	Del		
Communicatio	on Software 🕨	EIP Builder	
-		CANopen Builder	

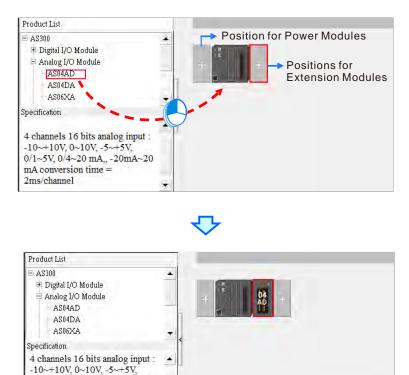
Refer to the manuals for the communication software tools for more information on setting up communications.

## 8.1.2 Configuring a Module

## 8.1.2.1 Adding a Module

#### Method 1

Click a module from the product list and drag it to a vacant slot in the backplane in the system configuration area. The AS Series is not a backplane design, and you can place extension modules on the right side of the CPU module. You can only place the power module on the left side of the CPU module, and you can install only ONE power module.



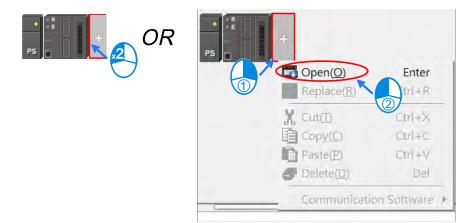
\* When you drag a module from the product list to the system configuration area, you can only drop the module on a

0/1~5V, 0/4~20 mA,, -20mA~20 mA conversion time = 2ms/channel

vacant slot.

## • Method 2

Double-click a vacant slot with a plus sign to display the Product List window. You can also right-click the vacant slot with a plus sign and then click **Open** to open the Product List window.



Double-click a module to add it to the backplane from the Product List.

AS08AM10N AS08AN01T	
AS08AN01T	
AS08AN01P	
AS08AN01R	
AS16AM10N	
AS16AP11T	
AS16AP11P	
AS16AP11R	
AS16AN01T	
AS16AN01P	
AS16AN01R	
AS32AM10N	
AS32AN02T	
AS64AM10N	+
S16AP11T	
linput + 8output	

## • Method 3

Double-click the empty space for the module on the Information List to show the Product List window.

Function Card1 Function Card2	AS332T	0			Y0.0 ~ Y0.15
Function Card1 Function Card2 Module Information1 Network Mod					Y0.0 ~ Y0.15
Function Card2 Module Information1 Network Mod	ule AS00SC	M A 0			
Module Information1 Network Mod	ule AS00SC	N4.4			
	ule AS00SC	N A 01			
- Eunction Card1		IVITA U	00.33.00	D28000 ~ D28019	D28020 ~ D28039
Function Card2					
Module Information2 Digital I/O Mo	dule AS16AP	11T 0'	01.00.00	×1.0 ~ ×1.15	Y1.0 ~ Y1.15

In the Product List windows, double-click a module to add it.

roduct List	×
Digital I/O Module	-
AS08AM10N	
AS08AN01T	
AS08AN01P	
AS08AN01R	
ÁS16ÁM10N	
AS16AF11T	
AS16AP11P	
-AS16AP11R	
AS16AN01T	
AS16AN01P	
AS16AN01R	
AS32AM10N	
AS32AN02T	
AS64AM10N	-
ASIBAPIIT	
8input + 8output	

No matter which method you use to add a module, the configuration in the system configuration area and the

information on the information list update when you add a module.

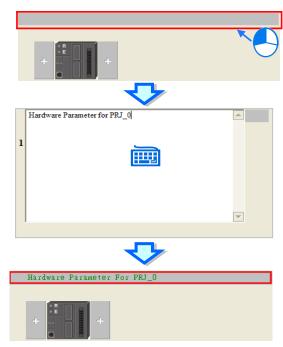
Pro	duct List							
6	AS300 ⊕ Digital I/O M ⊟ Analog I/O M - AS04AD - AS04DA - AS06XA	10		PS	16 AP	÷		
ch -1 0/	0~+10V, 0~	its analog outpu 10V, -5~+5V, 20 mA,, -20mA~ n time =						
	ns/channel		× 41				1	
2n			-	1			(	
2n CPL	ns/channel	Туре	Module Name	DDF Versi	V	Output Device	Comment	
2n CPL E:	ns/channel J Group xtension No	Туре		DDF Versi		Output Device	Comment	
2n CPL ES	ns/channel J Group xtension No	Type Power Module	Module Name			Output Device Y0.0 ~ Y0.15	Comment	
2n CPL ES	ns/channel J Group Xtension No Power Module	Type Power Module CPU Module	Module Name AS-PS02	None	Input Device R		Comment	
2n CPL ES	ns/channel J Group xtension No Power Module CPU Module	Type Power Module CPU Module	Module Name AS-PS02	None	Input Device R		Comment	
2n CPL	J Group Xtension No Power Module CPU Module Function Ce Function Ce	Type Power Module CPU Module	Module Name AS-PS02 AS332T	None	Input Device R X0.0 ~ X0:15		Comment	
2n CPL	J Group Xtension No Power Module CPU Module Function Ce Function Ce	Type Power Module CPU Module Network Module	Module Name AS-PS02 AS332T	None 01.00.00	Input Device R X0.0 ~ X0:15	Y0.0 ~ Y0.15	Comment	
CPL E	J Group Atension No Power Module CPU Module Function Ce Module Inform Function Ce Function Ce	Type Power Madule CPU Madule Network Madule	Module Name AS-PS02 AS332T AS00SCM-A	None 01.00.00 00.33.00	Input Device R X0.0 ~ X0.15 D28000 ~ D2801	Y0.0 ~ Y0.15 D28020 ~ D2803	Comment	
CPU EF	J Group Atension No Power Module CPU Module Function Ce Module Inform Function Ce Function Ce	Type Power Module CPU Module Network Module	Module Name AS-PS02 AS332T AS00SCM-A	None 01.00.00	Input Device R X0.0 ~ X0:15	Y0.0 ~ Y0.15	Comment	

## 8.1.2.2 Assigning I/O Addresses

The AS Series does not support manually assigned addresses. Addresses are automatically assigned to an input/output module through HWCONFIG in ISPSoft. You assign a start address to the first remote module installed on the right side of the I/O module slot (SCM module). The following I/O module is automatically assigned with the next address. For remote module configuration, refer to Section 8.2.3 for more details.

## 8.1.2.3 Editing a Comment

You can add a comment about the hardware configuration by clicking the gray area at the top of the system configuration area. To start a new line of text at a specific point, press Shift+Enter on the keyboard. After you type the comment, press Enter.



After you click the Comment cell for a module on the information list, press a key on the keyboard or click  $\dots$  to open the Device Settings dialog box. You can type a comment about the module in the **Comment** box.

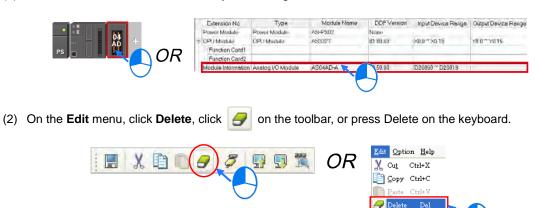
Extension No		10.000	L OPERA			
	Type	Module Name	DCF Valsion	Inpul Device Range	Output Device Range	Convert
Power Mindule	Power Module	ASPSIP	None			
CPUtvodule	CPU Module	ASSET	01 00 00	X0.0 ° X0.15	Y0.0 ~ Y0.15	
Function Card1			_			
Function Card?						
	n Newark Module	ASOCSCIALA	00.33.00	D28000 ** D28019	C28020 ** D28039	
Function Card1						
Function Card						
Vodue Informatio	ni Digitel 10 Module	ASIEAPIIT	01.02.02	21.0 * 21.15	11.0 11 15	OR OR
	nput Mertimer sette	Device N Description		AP11T It+Boutpur		
		Commer				
		commen	1		-	
		DD/F Ver		100		
		Primiward	Werenon .			
			Werenon .			
		Primiward	Werenon .			
Def	ault Impo	Pirmwood	Werenon .			
Def	aultimpo	Pirmwood	Waterion .			×
Def	ault Impo	Pirmwood	Waterion .			×
Def	aut Impo	Pirmwood	Waterion .			×
		Pernagad Hendware Hendware	Vereich .		*	
Def	aut impo	Pirmwood	Waterion .	nga David ( lange	Culput Davice Preside	.const
Extension No. Forest Module OP/ Mcdule	Type -	Penseni Herdwinn Export	Vereich .		Culput Device Parties 1928 "V116	
Extension No. Furner Module OP / Middle Franciss Cord 2	Type Power Woldan CPUMorosie	Hondwinn Hondwinn Expon Addud Hama AGROBZ Addud T	UDP Version Note: Make an Anag	nge/Devos Forque Saer Sa H	138-1215	
Extension No. Furner Module OP / Middle Franciss Cord 2	Type Pown Wolds	hondware Hondware Modeld Hama ASP362	Werence .	nga David ( lange		

## 8.1.2.4 Deleting a Module

There are two ways to delete a module that has been configured. You cannot delete the CPU module.

#### • Method 1

(1) Click the module to delete from the system configuration area or information list.



#### • Method 2

(1) Right-click a module to delete from the system configuration area or information list, and then click **Delete**.

R	Extension No	Туре	Module Name	DDF Version	Input Device Range	Output Device Range
• • E • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Power Module	Power Module	AS-PS02	None		
	E CPU Module	CPU Module	AS332T	01.00.00	×0.0 ~ ×0.15	Y0.0 ~ Y0.15
	Function Card1					
	Function Card2					
	- Module Information	i Analog I/O Module	AS04AD-A 🭗 📝	50.00	D28000 ~ D28019	
$\smile$			F			
	Add	Ctrl+Alt+A				
	Replace		•			
	X Cut	Ctrl+X				
	Сору	Ctrl+C				
	Paste	Ctrl+V				
	🛃 <u>D</u> elete	Del				
	Intelliger	t Module Configuration				
	Intermet	a moder comparation				

## 8.1.2.5 Replacing a Module

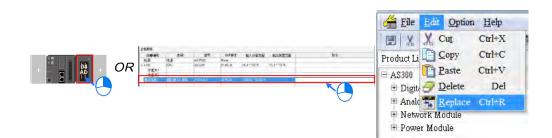
There are two ways to replace a module that has been added. You cannot replace the CPU module or power module.

Method 1

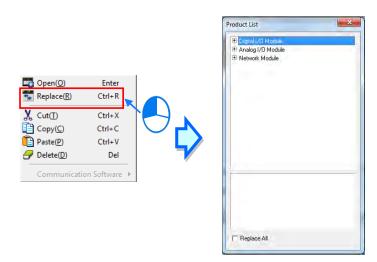
(1) Right-click the module to be replaced in the system configuration area or on the information list.

	CPU Group						
	Extension No	Type	Module Name	<b>DDF</b> Version	Input Device Ra	Output Device	Commert.
	Power Module			1	1		
+ $K$ $+$ $UR$	EPU Module	CPU Module	A\$332P	01.00.00	040.0 ~ M0.15	Y0.0 ~ Y0.15	
	Function Card1	1.000					
	Function Card?						
	<ul> <li>Module Infernation?</li> </ul>	Analog1/0 Model			D/28000 ~ D/28019		
$\bigcirc$							

Or click the module to be replaced in the system configuration area or on the information list. On the **Edit** menu, click **Replace**.



(2) A Product List window appears.



(3) Select the Replace All check box to replace multiple modules of the same type. Double-click the new module (the module that replace the existing module). A message appears: "The replaced module setting will be restored to the default values. Are you sure to continue?" Click Yes to replace the selected module.

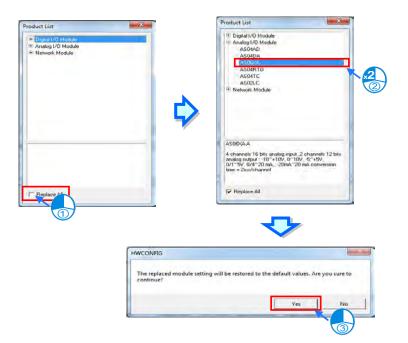
aduct List		Product List	
9 (Dopen Vol Module 14 Analog IV Module 8) Network Module		Cligrad I/13 Module     Anolog I/0 Module     Astronomic Astronomic Astronomic Astronomic Astronomic Astronomic Astronomic Astronomic C     Astronomic Astronomic C     Nervook Module	2
		AS00X4-A 4 channeli 16 bit analog input .2 channelit 12 bits analog output : 10°-10V, 0°10V, -5°+5V, 0V115V, 0V4 20 mÅ, .20mÅ-20 mÅ conversion time = 2ms/channel	
Replace 14	HWCONFIG	P Reduce Al	
		will be restored to the default values. Are you sure to	1

## • Method 2

(1) Right-click the module you want to replace in the system configuration area or on the information list, and then click **Replace**.

R	DP	U Group Extension No	Type	Module Name	DDF Version	Input Device Fla.	Output Device	Comment
		Power Module CPU Module Function Card1	CFU Module	AS332P	01.00.00	X0.0 ~ X0 15	V0.0 - Y0.15	
		Mindale (et/analiste)	( Jinang (/l) Mijda	- asuaau a	1079036	D28000 ~ D28019		

- (2) A Product List window appears.
- (3) Select the Replace All check box to replace multiple modules of the same type. Double-click the new module (the module that replace the existing module). A message appears: "The replaced module setting will be restored to the default values. Are you sure to continue?" Click Yes to replace the selected module.

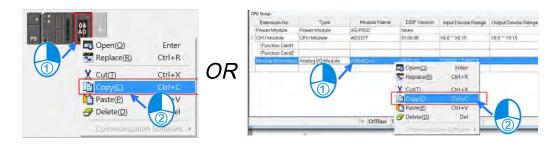


## 8.1.2.6 Copying/Pasting a Module

There are two ways to copy a module. You cannot copy/paste the CPU module or the power supply module.

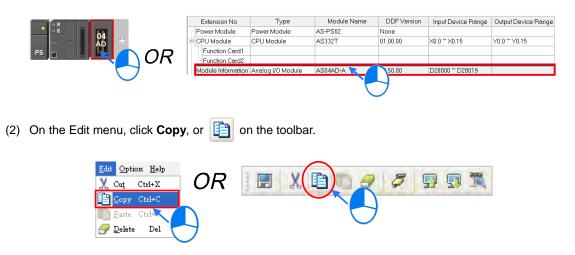
## • Method 1

In the system configuration area or on the information list, right-click the module to copy, and then click Copy.



#### • Method 2

(1) In the system configuration area or on the information list, click the module to copy.



There are two ways to paste a module.

#### Method 1

In the system configuration area or on the information list, right-click the slot where you want to paste the module, and then click **Paste**.

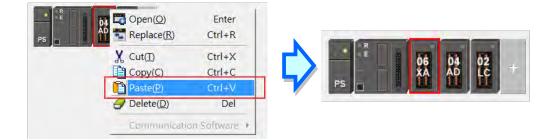


## • Method 2

(1) In the system configuration area or on the information list, click the slot where you want to paste the module.

	Extension No Power Module CPU Module Function Card1 Function Card2 Module Information	Type Power Module CPU Module 'Analog I/O Module	Module Name AS-PS02 AS332T AS04AD-A	DDF Version None 01.00.00	Input Device Range x0.0 ~ X0.15 D28000 ~ D28019	Output Device Range Y0.0 ~ Y0.15
(2)	Help d+X d+C	on the to	olbar.		7 5 5	<b>X</b>

If the slot where you to paste a module already has a module, the pasted module is added in front of the slot where a module already exists. As the example shows below, adding the 06XA module in the position of the 04AD module moves the 06XA module in front of the 04AD module.



## 8.1.2.7 Cutting/Pasting a Module

There are two ways to cut a module. You cannot cut and paste the CPU module or the power supply module.

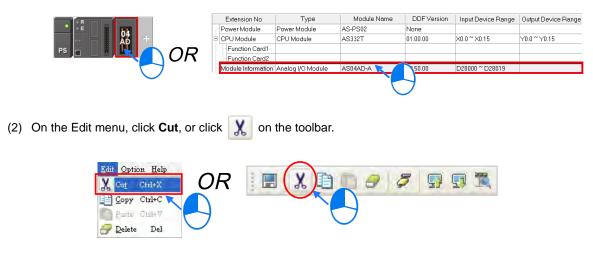
## Method 1

In the system configuration area or on the information list, right-click the module to cut, and then click Cut.

R		CPU Group Extension No	Type	Module Name	DDF Version	Imput Device Range	Output Device Range
		Power Module	Power Module	AS-PS02	None		
AD +		- CPU Module	CPU Module	AS332T	01.00.00	×0.0 ~ ×0.15	Y0.0 ~ Y0.15
PS Open(Q) Enter		Function Card1					
		Function Card2					
Replace( <u>R</u> ) Ctrl+R		Module Marmelian	Anelling VO Mediule	AS04AD-A	TOURNER.	Complete Linear B	
		1			Open(Q)	Enter	
Ctrl+X	OR			-	Replace(R)	Ctrl+R	
Copy(C) trl+C					CUIE	Cert+X	
			$\sim$		Copy(C)	Ctrl+C	
Paste(P)		1.00			Paste(P)	Ctrl+V	
🔗 Delete(D) Del					Delete(D)	Del	$\bigcirc$
				Offline	Delete(D)	Det	
Communication Software +		-		1.	(Communication	nisahware 🕇	

## • Method 2

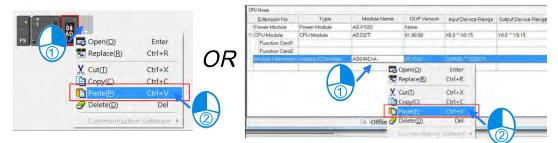
(1) In the system configuration area or on the information list, click the module to cut.



There are two ways to paste a module.

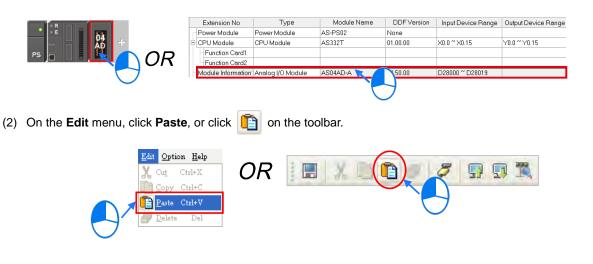
#### • Method 1

In the system configuration area or on the information list, right-click the slot where you want to paste the module, and then click **Paste**.



## Method 2

(1) In the system configuration area or on the information list, click the slot where you want to paste the module.



If the slot where you want to paste the module already has a module, the pasted module is added in front of the slot where a module already exists. As the example show below, adding the 06XA module in the slot of the 04AD module pastes the 06XA module in front of the 04ADmodule.



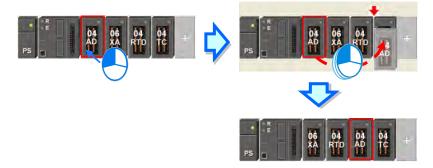
## Additional remarks

When you cut and paste a module, the parameters in the module are retained as follows.

 Input/Output device range: The input/output devices assigned to the cut module are automatically assigned to the pasted module.

## 8.1.2.8 Dragging a Module

You can drag all modules in the system configuration area with the mouse, except the CPU module and the power supply module. When you drag a module from one position to another in the system configuration area, a red arrow appears along with the direction of your mouse cursor to show where the dragged module would be placed.



\* When you drag a module, the input/output devices assigned to the module, the comment about the module, the parameters in the module, the data registers assigned to the module, and the parameters in the intelligent module are all retained in the dragged module.

## 8.1.2.9 Show/Hide Device Name

You can show or hide the module names in the system configuration area by clicking 🛅 on the tool bar.



# 8.2 Setting the Parameters in an AS Series CPU Module

## 8.2.1 Opening the PLC Parameter Setting Window

After you double-click the CPU module in the system configuration area, the Device Setting dialog box appears. The parameters you can set vary with the models of the CPU modules.

# A Before you set the parameters in a CPU module, refer to the operation manual for the CPU module. To prevent damage to the system or personnel, check the effect of the parameters on the CPU module and the entire system.

\* You must download the set parameters to the CPU module before they take effect.

Declark	HWCONFIG					
Project #×	Eile Edit Optio	n <u>H</u> elp				- 8 ×
🖃 🖂 📴 Project [C:\ProgramData\Delta Industrial Automatic		8 9 9 *				
Device Comment & Used Device	Product List			PLC Control Station	1	
HWCONFIG     CARD Utility     CARD Utility     Tasks     D Tasks     Global Symbols     Forgrams     Function Blocks     Device Monitor Table     APIs	A 5300     Digital I/O Mobile     Analog I/O Mobile     Analog I/O Mobile     AstoqL/D Mobile     A504DA     A504DA     A504DA     A504DA     A504TC     Specification     4 channels 16 bits anal 10-+10'V, 0-10'V, 5 0'+20' mA_2, 0mA+2     Conversion time = 2m	og output : - 5V, 0/1~5V, 0 mA	PS		2	
	Information: Rack 1					
	Slot No.	Туре	Name	Input Device Range	Output Device Ra	Comment
	Power Module	Power Module	AS-PS02			
	CPU Module	CPU Module	AS332T	×0.0 ~ ×0.15	Y0.0 ~ Y0.15	
	Function Card0					
	Module Information0	Analog I/D Module	ASII6XA-A	D28000 ~ D28009	D28010 ~ D28019	D No.+00=Status,+02=Ch
				Offline	USB Driver, [USB: 0	COM6]

The parameters are classified into several types. Click the tabs at the top of the Device Setting dialog box and then click the setting options in the tree on the left.

AS332T	Device Informatio	n Normal Exchange Area		
System Information     COM1 Port Setting	Device Name	A\$332T	-	
COM2 Port Setting Ethernet Port Basic Settin Ethernet Port Advance S	Description	AS332T CPU Module, 128kStep, 16DI, 16DO(NPN), built-in USB, Ethemet & RS485x2	*	
Function Card 1 Setting Function Card 2 Setting			Ŧ	
	Comment	1.		
	DDF Version	01.00.00	_	
	Firmware Version			A COLORADO
	Hardware Version			

The setting parameters for the selected setting option appear on the right in the Device Setting dialog box. Click the option on the left, and then set the Value, Unit, Default, Minimum and Maximum for each parameter.

Parameter name			Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum
COM1 ID No.	Value	-	Onit	Delault	1	254
	Stop -> Run			Stop -> Run	-	-
Baud Rate	9600	-	bps	9600	-	-
Custom Baud Rate	96		0.1kbps	96	1	5000
Data bit	7	•	bit	7	-	-
Parity bit	Even	-		Even	-	-
Stop bit	1		bit	1	-	-
MODBUS mode	ASCII	۲		ASCII	~	-
Delay time to Reply	0		ms	D	Ű	3000
Received Data Timeout	200		ms	200	0	3000
Setting COM1 LED to show for	COM1	-		COM1	-	-
	Protocol Setup Opportunity Baud Rate Custom Baud Rate Data bit Parity bit Stop bit MODBUS mode Delay time to Reply Received Data Timeout	Protocol Setup Opportunity         Stop → Run           Baud Rate         9600           Custom Baud Rate         96           Data bit         7           Parity bit         Even           Stop bit         1           MODBUS mode         ASCII           Delay time to Reply         0           Received Data Timeout         200	Protocol Setup Opportunity         Stop → Run         ▼           Baud Rate         9600         ▼           Custom Baud Rate         96         ▼           Data bit         7         ▼           Parity bit         Even         ▼           Stop bit         1         ▼           MODBUS made         ASCI         ▼           Delay time to Reply         0         ■           Received Data Timeout         200         ■	Protocol Setup Opportunity     Stop → Run     ▼       Baud Rate     9600     ▼     bps       Custom Baud Rate     96     0.1kbps       Data bit     7     ▼     bit       Parity bit     Even     ▼       Stop bit     1     ▼     bit       MODBUS mode     ASCII     ▼       Delay time to Reply     0     ms       Received Data Timeout     200     ms	Protocol Setup Opportunity         Stop → Run         ✓         Stop → Run           Baud Rate         9600         ◆         bps         9600           Custom Baud Rate         96         0.1kbps         96           Data bit         7         ◆         bit         7           Parity bit         Even         ◆         Even         €           Stop bit         1         ◆         bit         1           MODBUS mode         ASCII         ◆         ASCII           Delay time to Reply         0         ms         0           Received Data Timeout         200         ms         200	Protocol Setup Opportunity     Stop → Run     Stop → Run       Baud Rate     9600     •       Custom Baud Rate     96     0.1kbps     9600     -       Data bit     7     •     bit     7     -       Parity bit     Even     •     Even     -       Stop bit     1     •     bit     1     -       MODBUS mode     ASCI     •     ASCI     -       Delay time to Reply     0     ms     0     0       Received Data Timeout     200     ms     200     0

## 8.2.2 Setting the Basic CPU Parameters

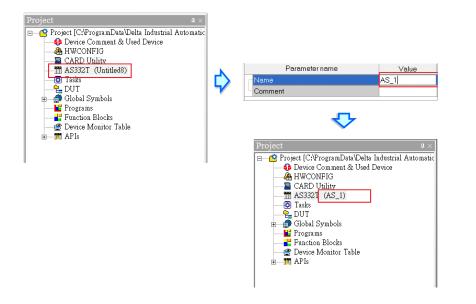
## 8.2.2.1 Options - System Information Page

In the Device Setting dialog box, click the **Options** tab, and then click (expand) **System Information** to see the System Information, System Parameter, Device Range Setting, Input Point Filter Time, Position Control Para, and Daylight Saving Timing.

AS332T	System Information				
System Information System Information	Parameter name	Value	Unit Default	Minimum	Maximum
System Parameter	Name	Untitled	Untitled	-	-
<ul> <li>Device Range Settin</li> <li>Input Point Filter Time</li> </ul>	Comment		and the second second second		19
COM2 Port Setting Ethernet Port Basic Settin Ethernet Port Advance S Function Card 1 Setting Function Card 2 Setting					

## System Information

On the System Information page, you can edit two parameters: **Name** and **Comment**. You can enter up to 15 characters in the Name section and up to 31 characters in the Comment section. You can use spaces and special characters in these two sections, but note that a Chinese character occupies two characters. After you create an ISPSoft project, the default project name is the name of the CPU module, and the default name of the CPU module is attached to the model in the project management area. You can change the default name of the CPU module in the Name box later.



You can identify a device by means of device name. When several devices are connected on a network, you can check whether a device connected to the computer is the device you expect with the device name. If you want to download or upload the program, but the name of the CPU module is different from the name attached to the model in the project management area, the system reminds you to check the name of the CPU module and the name attached to the model in the project management area.

### **System Parameter**

On the System Parameter page, you can set parameters by entering appropriate values or by selecting from a list.

System Information     System Information     Pare		System Parameter											
	ameter name	Value		Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximun						
	ned area when Run->Stop	Enable	-		Enable	÷	-						
	tting when Run->Stop	Off	-	-	Off	)e	-						
Input Point Filter Time I/O module CO	NFIG by Auto/Manual whe	Auto	+		Auto	-	-						
Position Control Para Daylight Saving Timi	vhen I/O Module Parameti	Auto update	-		Auto update	-	-						
	top when 1/0 Module No F	Stop	*		Stop	-	-						
	top when I/O Module Occ	Keep Run	-		Keep Run	-	4						
	me to detect I/O Module	20		0.1sec	20	20	200						
	Point Control Run/Stop	Disable	-		Disable	-	-						
-Function Card 1 Setting Select X Input	Point	×0.8			×0.8	-	-						
-Function Card 2 Setting Constant Scar	Cycle Time	Disable	•		Disable	e	-						
Input Constant	Time	1		ms	1	1	30000						
Setting Watch	loo Time	200		ms	200	10	30000	*					

#### • Clear Non-latched area when Run → Stop

This determines whether the states and values of the non-latched devices are cleared when the PLC changes from Run to Stop.

- > **Disable:** all the states and values in the non-latched devices stay the same.
- > Enable: all the states and values in the non-latched devices are cleared and restored to defaults.

## Y keeps outputting when RUN→Stop

This determines the states of the Y devices when the CPU module begins to run or stop.

- > Off: all Y devices are set to OFF.
- > Retain: the states of the Y devices stay the same.

## I/O module CONFIG by Auto/Manual when Power On

This determines whether the CPU module is automatically configured, or you configure the parameters in HWCONFIG.

- > Auto: the CPU module is automatically configured.
- > Manual: you configure the parameters in HWCONFIG.

## • Select Action when I/O Module parameter with manual CONFIG Different

This determines which action is taken when the actual settings are not the same as the parameters that you manually set when the previous setting option is set to **Manual**.

- > Auto update: the CPU module is automatically configured.
- > Show error: the CPU module shows an error.

## • CPU module Stop when I/O Module No Response

This determines how the CPU module and other modules react when a connected extension module is not responding.

- > Stop: the CPU module stops running and sends an error.
- > Keep Run: the CPU module and I/O modules keep running.

#### • CPU module Stop when I/O Module Occurred Error

This determines how the CPU module reacts when a minor module error occurs.

- > **Stop**: the CPU module stops running and sends an error.
- > Keep Run: the CPU module keeps running and sends an error.

#### • Setting delay time to detect I/O Module

This sets the time to detect an I/O module after powering on the CPU module.

## Assign X Input Point Control Run/Stop

This assigns an input point to have the CPU module run or stop.

- > **Disable**: run or stop the CPU module with the dip switch of the CPU module.
- Enable: run or stop the CPU module with the assigned input point, and the dip switch of the CPU module still controls the run stop state of the CPU module.

## Select X Input Point

If you select **Enable** in the previous option, you can select one input point to control the Run or Stop state of the CPU module from the dropdown list.

#### • Constant Scan Cycle Time

This sets the minimum scan cycle time.

- > **Disable**: disables this function.
- Enable: when the actual scan cycle time is less than the setting time, the CPU module waits until the setting time is met, and then starts the next scan. When the actual scan time is longer than the setting time, the CPU module starts the next scan after the actual scan time completes.

## • Input Constant Time

If you selected **Enable** in the previous option, you set the scan cycle time here. If the actual scan time is less than the setting time, the CPU module waits to begin the next scan until the setting time is met. If the actual scan time is larger than the setting time, the CPU module ignores the setting time and operates according to the actual scan time. If you set the scan time longer than the watchdog timeout set, a watchdog timeout occurs when the CPU module operates.

#### • Setting Watchdog Time

This parameter sets a timeout during which the program is scanned. The CPU module sends an error if the program execution exceeds the watchdog time.

#### • Show Battery Low Voltage Error

This parameter sets whether to show an alarm when the lithium battery for the real-time clock has low voltage or is not installed in the AS Series PLC.

- > **Disable**: disables this function.
- > Enable: enables the alarm when the lithium battery has low voltage or is not installed.

#### • Save Error History Info

This specifies where to store the error log.

- PLC: store error logs in the PLC. The PLC can store up to twenty error logs. If there are more than twenty error logs, the oldest error log is overwritten by the latest error log.
- PLC & SD Card: when there are more than twenty error logs, the oldest error log is backed up to the memory card before the oldest error log is overwritten in the PLC.

#### • Select Action when 24Vdc Input Unstable

- Continue running when power stable: when the power is unstable, the AS Series pauses, and after the power stabilizes, the PLC continues running.
- > Into Error Status: when the power is unstable, the error LED blinks and the AS Series stops running.

#### Communication Module Refreshed Priority

- Scan Time First: when there is an update, the AS Series automatically refreshes in batches to save scan time.
- Synchronous Data First: when there is an update, the AS Series refreshes completely and automatically to ensure data integrity. When the quantity of the data large, the scan time can be affected.

#### • COM Communication Error Record

This parameter sets whether to enable the error record when there is an error at the COM port.

- Disable: disables this function.
- > Enable: enables this function and starts recording COM errors in the error log.

#### • Select Action When 24 Vdc Input Unstable

What to do when the 24 Vdc power is unstable

- > Continue Running when power stable: waits till the power is stable and then PLC begins to run.
- Into Error Status: Stops and go to the error mode

## Communication Module Refreshed Priority

- > Scan time first: only refresh the data that is different from the original ones to save scan time
- Synchronous Data first: scan and refresh all the data to ensure all data are synchronized.

## • I601 Timer interrupt Setting Time Base

Sets the interval for triggering the 1601 timer interrupt. This function is used together with Timer Interrupt 0.

## I602 Timer interrupt Setting Time Base

Sets the interval for triggering the 1602 timer interrupt. This function is used together with Timer Interrupt 1.

#### I603 Timer interrupt Setting Time Base

Sets the interval for triggering the 1603 timer interrupt. This function is used together with Timer Interrupt 2.

### • I6014 Timer interrupt Setting Time Base

Sets the interval for triggering the 1604 timer interrupt. This function is used together with Timer Interrupt 3.

#### **Device Range Setting**

The parameters on Device Range Setting table are shown in the following window.

∃ AS332T	Device Range Setting					
System Information	Parameter name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum
- System Parameter	Zatched D Device Start Address	20000	••	20000	0	29999
Device Range Settin	Latched D Device End Address	23999		23999	0	29999
- Input Point Filter Time	- Latched 16bit C Device Start Address	448 •	••	448	0	511
<ul> <li>Position Control Para</li> <li>Daylight Saving Timi</li> </ul>	Latched 16bit C Device End Address	511		511	0	511
- COM1 Port Setting - COM2 Port Setting - COM2 Port Setting - Ethernet Port Basic Settir	Latched 32bit C Device Start Address	128	**	128	Ó	255
	Latched 32bit C Device End Address	255		255	0	255
	Latched M Device Start Address	6000		6000	0	8191
Ethernet Port Advance S	Latched M Device End Address	8191		8191	0	8191
- Function Card 1 Setting	Latched S Device Start Address	512 .	**	512	0	2047
-Function Card 2 Setting	Latched S Device End Address	1023		1023	0	2047
	Subroutine T Device Start Address	412 .	••	412	0	511
	Subroutine T Device End Address	511		511	0	511
Default Import	Export					ÖK.

Click is to open the parameter dialog box to set the start and end address. In the dialog box, click **Default** to restore the setting to the default values; click **Clear** to clear the set values; click **OK** to save the values and close the dialog box; click **Cancel** to discard the setting and close the dialog box.

	X
Start Address End Address	20000
Default	Clear
ОК	Cancel

#### **Input Point Filter Time**

On the Input Point Filter Time page, you can set the input point filter time for each input. If the duration of the received signal time is less than the filter time setting value, it is processed as noise and filtered out. Select an appropriate filter time according to your needs.

AS332T	Input Point Filter Time						
<ul> <li>System Information</li> <li>System Information</li> </ul>	Parameter name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximu	n 🔺
- System Parameter	X Input Point Setting Mode	Default Setting	-	Default Settin	ig -	-	
- Device Range Settin	X0.0 Input Filter Time Setting	1	us	1	0	20000	
Input Point Filter Time	X0.1 Input Filter Time Setting	1	us	1	0	20000	
- Position Control Para	X0.2 Input Filter Time Setting	1	us	1	0	20000	
Daylight Saving Timi COM1 Port Setting	×0.3 Input Filter Time Setting	1	us	1	0	20000	
- COM2 Port Setting	X0.4 Input Filter Time Setting	1	us	t	0	20000	
- Ethernet Port Basic Settir	X0.5 Input Filter Time Setting	1	us	1	0	20000	
🗄 Ethernet Port Advance S	X0.6 Input Filter Time Setting	1	us	1	0	20000	
Function Card 1 Setting	×0.7 Input Filter Time Setting	1	us	1	0	20000	
-Function Card 2 Setting	X0.8 Input Filter Time Setting	1	us	1	0	20000	
	X0.9 Input Filter Time Setting	1	us	1	0	20000	1.5
	XII 10 Innut Filter Time Setting	1	115	1	n	20000	-

- X Input Point Filter for CPU module
  - > Default Setting: uses the default values in the input point filter.
  - > Manual Setting: uses the values you enter for the filter time for each X input point.
- X0.0–X0.15 Input Point Filter Time

If you select Manual Setting for the previous parameter, you can set the filter time individually for X0.0–X0.15.

## **Position Control Parameter**

The parameters on **Position Control Parameter** table set to specify input points as the positive and negative limits of axis 1~ axis 6 channels. 12 limit points can be set at most. Axis No. 1~6 can also be set as Z phase triggers, home function finish points and clear output selects or positive/negative limited position.

System Information     System Information     System Information     System Parameter     Device Range Settin     Axis 1(Y0 0/Y0.1) Positive Limited Select     Axis 1(Y0.0/Y0.1) Negative Limited Select	ult Minimum	n Maximun 🔺
—System Parameter 🕜 Axis 1 (Y0.0/Y0.1) Positive Limited Select — 🛛 💌 —		
Device Bange Settin Add 10/0 00/0 10 Newskie Lindert Calls		-
	-	-
Input Point Filter Time Axis 2(Y0.2/Y0.3) Positive Limited Select	~	~
Position Control Pars     Axis 2(Y0.2/Y0.3) Negative Limited Seler     —     —     —	-	-
COM1 Port Setting Axis 3(Y0.4/Y0.5) Positive Limited Select -	*	-
COM2 Port Setting Axis 3(Y0.4/Y0.5) Negative Limited Seler	-	-
- Ethernet Port Basic Settir 🛛 Axis 4(Y0.6/Y0.7) Positive Limited Select - 🔹 🚽 -	~	-
Ethernet Port Advance S Axis 4(Y0.6/Y0.7) Negative Limited Selei	-	-
-Function Card 1 Setting Axis 5(Y0.8/Y0.9) Positive Limited Select -	-	-
-Function Card 2 Setting Axis 5(Y0.8/Y0.9) Negative Limited Seler	-	-
Axis 6(Y0.10/Y0.11) Positive Limited Sele	~	-
Avis 6/YR 10/YR 111 Nerrative Limited Se	-	-

- Axis1 (Y0.0/Y0.1) Positive/negative Limited Select~ Axis 6 (Y0.10/Y0.11) Positive/negative Limited Select: select the rising or falling edge trigger and X input point on the drop-down list.
- Axis1 (Y0.0/Y0.1) Z Phase Trigger ~ Axis6 (Y0.10/Y0.11) Z Phase Trigger:

select the rising or falling edge trigger and X input point on the drop-down list.

- Axis1 (Y0.0/Y0.1) Home Function Finish and Clear Output Select ~ Axis6 (Y0.10/Y0.11) Home Function Finish and Clear Output Select: select the rising or falling edge trigger and X input point on the drop-down list.
- Axis1 (Y0.0/Y0.1) Positive/negative Limited Position ~ Axis6 (Y0.10/Y0.11) Positive/negative Limited Position: set up the number of pulses as the positive or negative limited position in axis 1~6; setting range is -2147483647 ~ 2147483647.

## **Daylight Saving Timing**

Enable or disable this function on the Daylight Saving Timing page. Set daylight saving time and the set the time zones for daylight saving and the system acts accordingly.

AS332T     System Information     System Information     System Information     System Parameter     Device Pange Settin     Input Point Filter Time     Destign Control Para     Destign Control Para     Destign Control Para     Destign     COMI Port Setting     COMI Port Setting     Etherner Port Basic Settir     Etherner Port Basic Settir     Etherner Port Advance S     Function Card 1 Setting     Function Card 2 Setting	Daylight Saving Timing						
	Parameter name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum	
	Disable/Enable D S T Function	Disable	-	Disable	-	2	
	start date - month	4		4	3	5	
	start date – day	1		1	1	31	
	end date - month	10		10	g	11	
	··· end date day	1		1	1	31	
	seving time	60	min.	60	1	180	

## • Disable/Enable D.S.T Function

Sets whether or not to use daylight saving time.

• Start Date – Month

Sets the month to start daylight saving

• Start Date – Day

Sets the day to start daylight saving

• End Date – Month

Sets the month to end daylight saving

• Start Date – Day

Sets the day to end daylight saving

• Saving time

Sets daylight saving time in minutes

• **Example explanation:** example from the above image and all the options are enabled.

Date shown in SR	Time shown in SR	PLC time (Real Time Clock)	Remarks
3/31	23:59:58	23:59:58	Normal
3/31	23:59:59	23:59:59	Normai
4/01	01:00:00	00:00:00	
4/01	01:00:01	00:00:01	
: (to)	: (to)	: (to)	Shown after 60 minutes
9/30	23:59:59	22:59:59	Shown alter 60 minutes
10/01	00:00:00	(9/30) 23:00:00	
: (to)	: (to)	: (to)	

10/01	00:59:59	(9/30) 23:59:59	
10/01	00:00:00	00:00:00	
10/01	00:00:01	00:00:01	Normal

## 8.2.2.2 Options - COM1 & COM2 Port Setting

The AS Series CPU module has two communication ports. There are two areas to set the parameters, one for each communication port.

∃ AS332T	COM1 Port Setting					
System Information	Parameter name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum
- System Parameter		> 1		1	1	254
- Device Range Settin	Protocol Setup Opportunity	Stop -> Run 💌	· • (	2 p→Run	-	-
-Input Point Filter Time	Baud Rate	9600 -	bps	9600	*	~
- Position Control Para - Daylight Saving Timi - COM1 Port Setting - COM2 Port Setting	Custom Baud Rate 🙂 💙	96	0.1kbps	96	1	5000
	Data bit	7	bit	7		
	Parity bit	Even 🔹		Even	-	-
-Ethernet Port Basic Settir	Stop bit 🚺 —	1	bit	1	+	-
Ethernet Port Advance S     Function Card 1 Setting     Function Card 2 Setting     Default	MODBUS mode	ASCII 🔫		ASCII	-	
	Delay time to Reply	0	ms	0	0	3000
	Received Data Timeout 🤁	200	ms	200	0	3000
	Setting COM1 LED to show	COM1	-6	(7)	-	-
			6	7	-	-

- Set a station address. You can identify a device on a network by the station address. The station address cannot be the same as the station address for another device on the same network. If the communication port functions as a slave, and there are other slaves, the station address of the communication port cannot be 0. Station address 0 broadcasts to all slaves in a communication protocol. If a master specifies in a data packet that data must be sent to station address 0, the data is sent to all slaves. No matter what the station address of these slaves are, these slaves receive the data packet addressed to station address 0.
- Set when the communication port runs. Select Stop --> Run, and communication works when the CPU module switches from Stop to Run. If you instead select Power-on, the communication starts working when you Power-on the module.
- 3 Select a communication speed in the Baud Rate list, or select Custom and enter a new rate.
- **4** Set the communication parameters for the port.
- Set the **Delay Time to Reply** when the AS CPU module receives communication and how long it waits before responding to the remote modules. **Received Data Timeout** applies when the AS Series CPU module acts as a server to send out communications. The timeout is how long the module waits before the received data times out.
- Set COM1 LED to show: when COM1 is selected from the drop-down list, it shows the RS485 communication status of the COM1. If CARD1 is selected, it shows the CARD1 communication status.
- Set COM2 LED to show: when COM2 is selected from the drop-down list, it shows the RS485 communication status of the COM2. If CARD2 is selected, it shows the CARD2 communication status.

## 8.2.2.3 Options - Ethernet Port Basic Setting

Click **Ethernet Port Basic Setting** to see the setup page. Set the communication parameters for the Ethernet port in the CPU module on this page.

AS332T	Ethernet Port Basic Setting					
	Parameter name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum
- COM2 Port Setting	· IP Address	192,168,1,5		192,168.1.5	1111	223,255,255,25
Ethernel Port Basic Settin	Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	1.0	255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.25
	Gateway	192.168.1.1	-	192.168.1.1	1.1.1.1	223.255.255.25
- Function Card 1 Setting	TCP Keep Alive Timeout	30	s	30	4	65535
Function Card 2 Setting	Mode	Static	•	Static	18 C	-
1 1						

Select **Static** in the **Mode** list to specify an IP address. Select **Dynamic** or **BOOTP** in the **Mode** list to assign an IP address from a DHCP/BOOTP server.

## 8.2.2.4 Options - Ethernet Port Advanced Setting

Click Ethernet Port Basic Setting to see the setup page. There are setups for IP Filter, NTP, Email, Socket, and RTU mapping.

AS332T	IP Filter					
System Information     COM1 Port Setting	Parameter name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximun 🔺
- COM2 Port Setting Ethernet Port Basic Settin	/ IP Filter Function Enable				=	-
	1st Begining IP Address				1.1.1.1	223.255.255
Ethernet Port Advance St	1st Ending IP Address				1.1.1.1	223.255.255
- IP Filter	2nd Begining IP Address				1.1.1.1	223.255.255
™NTP ⊕ Email	2nd Ending IP Address				1111	223.255.255
Encort Filosockt	3rd Begining IP Address				1.111	223,255,255
E RTU Mapping	3rd Ending IP Address				1.1.1.1	223.255.255
-Function Card 1 Setting	4th Begining IP Address				1.1.1.1	223.255.255
-Function Card 2 Setting	4th Ending IP Address				1111	223.255.255
	5th Begining IP Address				1.1.1.1	223.255.255
	5th Ending IP Address				1111	223.255.255
	Rth Regining IP Address				1111	223 255 25F

#### **IP Filter**

Devices whose IP addresses are listed in the table are allowed to communicate with the CPU module; the CPU module discards data packets sent from devices whose IP addresses are not in the table. Devices on a network are filtered. This setting ensures that objects communicating with the CPU module are known devices. You can set up to 8 address ranges for allowed devices.

#### NTP

Click NTP to synchronize the real-time clock in the CPU module to an NTP server. Please refer to related documents or manuals for more information about NTP.

Select the NTP Client Function Enable check box, and then set the related parameters.

AS332T	NTP						
<ul> <li>System Information</li> <li>System Informatic</li> </ul>	Parameter name		Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	11
-System Paramete	NTP Client Function Enable		~	7	1	-	-
- Device Range Se	NTP Server		1			1.1.1.1	223
Input Point Filter T	Update Cycle	2→	30	min	30	1	14
<ul> <li>Position Control F</li> <li>Daylight Saving T</li> </ul>	- Time Zone	3→	(GMT-09:00) A 🔻		(GMT-12:00) E		-
Ethernet Port Advanc IP Filter NTP ── Email E Sockt	4						•
🗄 RTU Mapping 💆							

- Set the IP address of an NTP server. The CPU module corrects its internal time by connecting periodically to the server.
- Set a time interval for correcting the time in the CPU module. If the interval is thirty minutes, the CPU module connects to the NTP server every thirty minutes.
- Select a time zone in the Time Zone list.

Click **Email** to set the email-related functions. The system sends email to the set email address after you enable the email function. You can set up to four sets of conditions for sending email to up to four groups of email addresses.

— Limited Point Settin	Email				
- COM1 Port Setting	Parameter name	Value	Unit Default	Minimum	Maximum
- COM2 Port Setting	Email Funciton Enable			-	-
Ethernet Port Basic Se	- SMTP Server	192.168.1.1		1.1.1.1	223.255.255.25
Ethernet Port Advance	Port	25	25	1	65535
IP Filter	Local Email	AS300@delta.com		-	-
Email	Mail Subject	Message		-	-
1 st Trigger Setti	Account Identification (3) —	▶ ✓		-	-
- 1st Trggier Reci	Username	AS300 ···		-	-
- 2nd Trigger Set	Password	Xakakaka		-	-
- 2nd Trggier Red	1st Remote Address 🛛 🕢	user1@delta.com		-	-
- 3rd Trigger Setti	2nd Remote Address	user2@delta.com		-	-
- 4th Trigger Setti	- 3rd Remote Address	user3@delta.com		-	-
4th Trggier Rec	4th Remote Address	user4@delta.com		-	-

- Select Email Function Enable to enable the function.
- Set an IP address of the SMTP server. Set the COM port of SMTP server at the COM port and set the sender's local email address. Type the **Mail Subject** to appear at the start of the subject of every email.
- Select Account identification checkbox to enable the function to authenticate the connection with a user name and a password when logging into an SMTP server.
- Type the target email addresses.

Click 1<sup>st</sup> Trigger Setting and type a trigger name in Trigger Name box and a minimum interval in Trigger Min Cycle. Then select a trigger condition in the Trigger Mode list. When the sending condition is met, the system sends an email every designated period of time. The system does not send the same email again.

Value	Unit De
6 m	in 6
Trigger Disabli 💌	Trigge

You can set email trigger modes as follows.

#### CPU Error

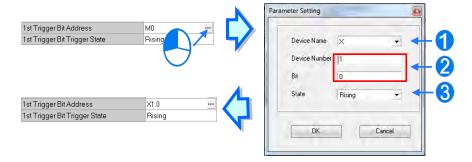
Trigger sending an email if an error occurs in the CPU module. Refer to the Operation manuals for more information about errors occurring in CPU modules. After you select **CPU Error**, select **Fatal Error Only** or **All Errors** in the list at the right side of the option.

- a) Fatal Error Only: Send an email if a fatal error occurs in the CPU module.
- b) All Errors: Send an email if an error occurs in the CPU module.
- CPU (RUN<=>STOP)

Trigger sending an email when the CPU module begins to run, or when the CPU module stops running.

### • Bit Status Change

Trigger sending an email if the state of a bit device specified meets a set condition. For example, if X0.0 switches from OFF to ON, it triggers sending an email. To set a condition, click the use button in the following dialog box.



Device Name: Select a device type.

- Oevice Number & Bit: Type a device address; if the device type selected is X/Y, you must specify a bit number as well.
- 6 State: Select Rising or Falling.

#### •Register Value Change

Trigger sending an email if the value in a device specified meets a set condition. For example, if the value in D0 is

larger than 10. To set a condition, click the 🛄 button in the following dialog box.

1st Trigger Reg Address	D0		Device Name	D	
l st Trigger Reg Trigger State I st Trigger Value		40	> Device Numb	er 🛙	
		- " T	State		100
			State	>	— →   <
1st Trigger Reg Address	D0		Value	10	
i sti i iliyyer ney Auuress					
1st Trigger Reg Trigger State	>				

- **0** Device Name: Users can select a device type in the Device Name drop-down list.
- **2** Device Number: Users can type a device address in the Device Number field.
- **State & Value**: Users can set s condition of triggering the sending of an email here.
- Periodic Timer

The system periodically sends an email. How often the system sends an email depends on the Trigger Min Cycle

interval in the Trigger Setting section.

When you set any trigger mode, the user message and error log related parameters appear.

S332P	1st Trigger Setting						
<ul> <li>System Information</li> <li>COM1 Port Setting</li> </ul>	Parameter name	Value		Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum
COM2 Port Setting	1st Trigger Name	Condition1	-		1	-	-
Ethernet Port Basic Setting	1st Trigger Min Cycle	6	r	nin	6	1	14400
Ethernet Port Advance Sett	1st Trigger Mode	CPU Error	-		Trigger Disabl	-	-
IP Filter NTP	1st Trigger CPU Error	Fatal Error Only	-		Fatal Error Onl	-	-
E-Email	1st Trigger User Message Enable	~				-	
-1st Trigger Setting	1st Trigger User Message	Message				-	-
-1st Trigger Recipien	1st Trigger Error Log Enable	~				÷.	÷
- 2nd Trigger Setting	1st Trigger Attachment Mode	File	-		None	-	
- 2nd Trigger Recipie - 3rd Trigger Setting	1st Trigger Attachment File	Error Log			Error Log	-	-
3rd Trigger Recipier 4th Trigger Secting 4th Trigger Recipien - • • Detault Import	<						ок

Select the **Trigger User Message Enable** check box and then click the  $\dots$  to the right side of **Trigger User Message**. Type some content for the email text in the dialog box.

If you select the Error Log Enable check box, the system automatically adds the error log to the email content.

**Trigger Attachment Mode** determines whether to add an attachment to the email. Check the maximum size allowed for the email file before adding an attachment. Refer to the relevant email operation manuals for more information. If you select **None**, no attachment is inserted.

#### • File

Allows you to select an error log or the system backup file from the memory card as the email attachment.

#### PLC Device

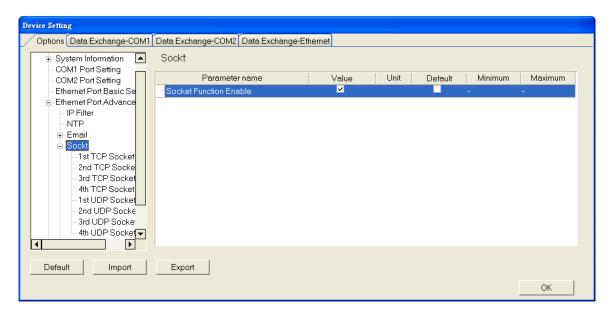
The system automatically retrieves the device states or values listed in the table as the email attachment. After you select this option, click  $\cdots$  in the following dialog box to open the **Attachment** dialog box. You can set a maximum of two groups of devices. For example, if the condition is met, the values in D0–D9 are sent as an attachment.

st Trigger Attachment Data 1 Address D0	Parameter Setting	
st Trigger Attachment Data 1 Length	Device Name Device Number	D •
	Length	10
st Trigger Attachment Data 1 Address D0 🛛 👘 🦯 🤤		
st Trigger Attachment Data 1 Length 10	OK	Cancel

Select the receiver's target email address for the triggered email in the **Trigger Receiving** table. Set the specific email address in the **Email** section.

#### Sockets

You can set the parameters for sockets through which data is transmitted. You must use this function with specific applied instructions. Refer to the AS Series Programming Manual for more information, as sockets are not described here. Refer to the related documents or manuals for more information about sockets. In the **Socket** table, set COM port parameters for data transmission through Ethernet; however, you should use this function only with specific API instructions. For relevant details, refer to the AS Series Programming Manual.



The system for the AS Series module supports data transmission between the CPU module and other CPU modules or devices through a socket as well as through TCP and UDP protocols. You can set up four connections in each of the four groups. Select the **Socket Function Enable** checkbox and then select settings in the **TCP** and **UDP** setting pages.

#### AS Series Operation Manual

stem Information	15	t TCP Socket Setting					
DM1 Port Setting DM2 Port Setting		Parameter name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum
hemet Port Basic Setting	1	st TCP Socket Remote IP	1921681100		0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	223.255.255.25
nemet Port Advance Setting	-1:	st TCP Socket Remote Port	65500	1	0	0	65535
IP Filter	15	st TCP Socket Local Port	65501		0	0	65535
NTP Email	1:	st TCP Socket Send Address	D0	•	D0	-	-
Sockt	1:	st TCP Socket Send Length	10	byte	0	0	200
-Ist TCP/Socket/Setting	- 1:	st TCP Socket Receive Address	D100	•	D0		-
- 2nd TCP Socket Setting	1.	st TCP Socket Receive Length	20	byte	0	0	200
<ul> <li>3rd TCP Socket Setting</li> <li>4th TCP Socket Setting</li> </ul>	1:	st TCP Socket Keep Alive Timer	60	sec	30	0	65535
2nd UDP Socket Setting 3rd UDP Socket Setting 4th UDP Socket Setting →		Export					

M2 Port Setting	Parameter name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum
nemet Port Basic Setting	1 st UDP Socket Remote IP	192,168,1,100		0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	223,255,255,25
ernet Port Advance Setting	1st UDP Socket Remote Part	65500	1	0	0	65535
IP Filter	1st UDP Socket Local Port	65501		0	0	65535
NTP	1st UDP Socket Send Address	DÛ		D0	-	-
Email Sockt	1st UDP Socket Send Length	10	byte.	0	0	200
- 1st TCP Sacket Setting	1st UDP Socket Receive Address	D100		D0	-	-
- 2nd TCP Socket Setting	1st UDP Socket Receive Length	20	byte.	0	0	200
4th TCP Socket Setting 2nd UDP Socket Setting 3rd UDP Socket Setting 4th UDP Socket Setting						
Default Import	Export					

The parameters in the **TCP Socket Setting** are the same as the parameters in the **UDP Socket Setting** except that there is no **Keep Alive Timer** parameter in the UDP Socket Setting.

- **Remote IP**: Sets a remote IP address.
- **Remote Port**: Sets a communication port used by the remote device for this TCP connection. The port number must be between 0–65535.
- Local Port: Sets a communication port used by the local CPU module for this connection. The port number must be between 0–65535.
- Send Address: Sets an initial device in the CPU module where sent data is stored.
- Send Length: Sets the length of data sent by the local CPU module. The length must be between 0–200 bytes.
- Receive Address: Sets an initial device in the CPU module where received data is stored.

- Receive Length: Sets the length of data received by the local CPU module. The length must be between 0–200 bytes.
- Keep Alive Timer: Sets a maximum time to keep the connection alive. If no data is transmitted, and the keep alive period has elapsed, the CPU module automatically terminates the connection.

The port number used by the local CPU module and the port number used by the remote device cannot be the same, and the devices where you store the sent data cannot overlap the devices where you store the received data. If the IP address of the remote device is 192.168.1.100, the port number used by the remote device is 65500, the port number used by the local CPU module is 65501, and the remote device and the local CPU module can transmit data through this TCP connection.

If the local CPU module sends 10-word data to the remote device, the data is stored in D0–D9 before the data is sent. If the local CPU module receives 20-word data from the remote device, the data is stored in D100–D119.

If the length of data received is larger than the setting value for the length, the first 20 words of data are stored in D100–D119, and the remainder of the data is discarded. Likewise, if the length of data received is less than the setting value for the length, the data is stored in the devices starting from D100, and the values in devices where no new data is stored are unchanged.

If no data is transmitted, and 60 seconds have elapsed, the CPU module closes the socket and terminates the connection.

In the **RTU Mapping** table, you can set a Delta RTU-EN01 slave in connection with an AS Series module. The remote device is controlled through Ethernet and you can connect up to 4 groups of RTU-EN01 in the network. Refer to the operation manual for setting and operation of RTU-EN01.

AS332T	RTU Mapping					
	Parameter name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum
COM2 Port Setting	RTU Mapping Enable	×1		100	-	+
- Ethernet Port Basic Settin	Cycle	10	ms	10	1	60000
Ethernet Port Advance Se P Filter	Timeout	1000	ms	1000	1	60000
<ul> <li>Sockt</li> <li>RTU Mapping</li> <li>1st RTU Mapping</li> </ul>						
E RTU Mapping						

Select RTU Mapping Enable checkbox to enable the function of connection between RTU module and AS series module. Set the update cycle in **Cycle** box and a timeout in **Timeout** box. It means a timeout when RTU does not give a reply within the timeout set.

The data mapping between each group of RTU-EN01 and AS series module is set in the **RTU Mapping** section. RTU-EN01 and I/O module connected to it are set via DCISoft. For more information on DCISoft, refer to the operation manual.

⊢AS332T	1st RTU Mapping						
- COM1 Port Setting	Parameter name	Value		Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum
- COM2 Port Setting	RTUI Enable	~				-	*
- Ethernet Port Basic Settin	RTU1 Station Address	1		4		1	247
E Ethernet Port Advance Se	RTU1 IP Address	192.168,1.1	_			1.1.1.1	223.255.255.25
-IP Filter NTP	RTU1 RX Mapping Address	×0.0	***	×	0.0	-	-
F Email	RTUI RX Mapping Length	10		0		0	256
E Sockt	RTU1 RY Mapping Addres	Y0.0	•••	Ŷ	'0.0		
B RTU Mapping	RTU1 RY Mapping Length	10		Ũ		0	256
- 1stRTU Mapping	RTU1 RCR Read Mapping Address	D0	***	E	00	-	-
- 2nd RTU Mapping	RTU1 RCR Read Mapping gth	10		0		0	64
- 3rd RTU Mapping	RTU1 RCR Write Mapping	D100	***	D	00	-	-
- 4th RTU Mapping Function Card 1 Setting	RTU1 RCR Write Mapping Length	10		.0		0	64
Function Card 2 Setting							
3							
	Export						

- Select RTU1 Enable to enable this RTU function. You can set each RTU individually.
- Set a station address and an IP address.
- Set the RX mapping address and RX mapping length to make the digital input points for the DI module connected to RTU and mapped to X/M devices, as well as the length for the AS Series module. Set the RY mapping address and length to set the digital output points for the DO module mapped to Y/M devices, as well as the length for the AS Series module.
- Set the RCR Read mapping address and RCR Read mapping length to make the analog input points for the AI module connected to RTU and mapped to D/SR devices, as well as the length for the AS Series module. Use the RCR Write mapping address and length to set the analog output points for the AO module mapped to D/SR devices, as well as the length for the AS Series module.

### 8.2.2.5 Options - Function Card 1 Setting

Use the **Function Card 1 Setting** table to set the parameters for function card 1 in the AS300 Series CPU module. Install function card 1 by inserting it into the slot in the module.

⊢AS332T	Function Card 1 Setting					
COM1 Port Setting	Parameter name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum 🔺
COM2 Port Setting	Card 1 Detect mode	Manaul	<b>-</b>	Auto Detect		-
Ethernet Port Basic Settin	Manual Select Card	AS-F232 COM	-	None	-	-
<ul> <li>Ethernet Port Advance Se</li> <li>IP Filter</li> </ul>	Card 1 ID No.	1		1	1	254
NTP	Protocol Setup Opportunity	Stop → Run	-	Stop -> Run	-	-
⊞-Email	Baud Rate	9600	🕶 bps	9600	-	-
Sockt	Data bit 🔶 —	7	▼ bit	7	-	-
	Parity bit	Even	-	Even	-	-
<ul> <li>Function Card 1 Setting</li> </ul>	Stop bit	1	➡ bit	1	-	-
- Function Card 2 Setting	MODBUS mode	ASCII	-	ASCII	-	-
	Delay time to Reply	0	ms	0	0	3000
	Received Data Timeout	200	ms	200	0	3000
	F2AD Analog Input mode 3 -	▶ 0~10∨	-	0~10∨	-	- •

- Select Auto in Card1 Detect mode box to detect the actual card model and setting. Select Manual to manually select the card in the Manual Select Card list and then configure the AS-F232/ F422/ F485/F2AD/F2DA function card.
- ❷ For setting the parameters in AS-F232/ F422/ F485 card, refer to the COM port setting in Section 3.5.2.2.
- At the bottom of the table, you can set F2AD to receive the signal of 0–10V or 4–20mA in F2AD Analog Input Mode list and set F2AD to send the signal of 0–10V or 4–20mA in F2DA Analog Output Mode box. Set the sampling interval for the F2AD and the average times in F2AD Sampling Time and Average Times.

#### 8.2.2.6 Options - Function Card 2 Setting

Use the **Function Card 2 Setting** table to set parameters for the function card 2 in the AS Series CPU module. Install function card 2 by inserting it into the slot in the module. For function card 2, there is an additional option (**AS-FCOPM**) in **Manual Select Card** that does not exist for function card 1. If you select the AS-FCOPM card, set the parameters as shown below.

System Information	Function Card 2 Setting					
COM1 Port Setting	Parameter name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Meximum +
COM2 Port Setting	F2AD Sampling Time	3	ms	3	3	15
Ethernet Port Basic Settin	F2AD Average Times	10		10	+	15
<ul> <li>Ethernet Port Advance Se IP Filter</li> </ul>	AS-FCOPM Working mod	AS Remote Co 💌		AS Remote Co		-
NTP	AS-FCOPM node ID	1	<b>₩</b>	2)	1	254
(a) Email	AS Remote module No.	1	unit	10	1	15
Sockt	Select Run mode after detect remote m	Run connectec -		Run connecter	÷.	-
+ BTU Mapping	AS MPU keep or Stop while where hade	Only Show Errc +	1	Only Show Em	÷	
Function Cerd 1 Setting	Remote Communication time out	100	ms	100	0.	3000
Function Card 2 Setting	Re-connected Retry number after time of	60		60	0°	255
	Auto Retry connection after connects	60	sec	60	0	255
			bps	125k		
Punction Card 2 Setting	Re-connected Retry number after time of Auto Retry connection after connects	60 60	sec	60 60	0	255 255

- Select AS Remote Control, Delta ASD-A2 Control, or CANopen DS301 in the AS-FCOPM working mode list. AS Remote Control connects the AS Series remote I/O. Delta ASD-A2 control is exclusively for Delta servo products. CANopen DS301 uses the DS301 standard protocol.
- When you select CANopen DS301, set the address of the station in the AS-FCOPM working mode.
- If you select Delta ASD-A2 Control in the AS-FCOPM working mode, you can set the remote I/O parameters. AS remote module No. sets the number of remote I/O modules, and each one connects an extension module. Refer to Section 3.5.3 for operation of the AS Series remote module. Select Run mode after detect remote module determines if the connected remote module works normally or if all remote modules stop running when the number of actual connected modules is inconsistent with the set number of modules.

AS CPU keep or Stop when slave node disconnected determines whether to show only errors or to stop running and send an alarm when the remote I/O module is disconnected during operation.

Remote Communication Timeout sets the timeout period if the remote I/O module does not reply.

Auto Retry connection after Disconnected sets the number of times to retry the connection after a timeout occurs.

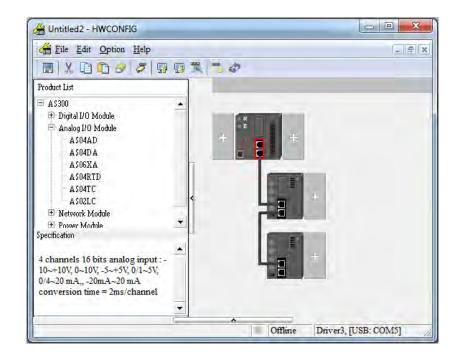
Set the parameters Auto Retry connection after Disconnected and AS-FCOPM Bit Rate under the three AS-FCOPM working modes.

# 8.2.3 Configuring AS - Series Remote Modules

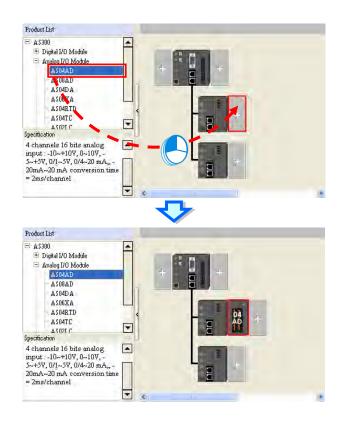
You can connect remote IO modules with the AS Series CPU module to prevent the need for wiring between a remote device and the controller. Select Manual in the Card2 Detect Mode list and ASJ-FCOMPM in the Manual Select Card list in the Function Card 2 Setting table. Then select AS Remote Control in the AS-FCOPM Working mode list and the number of AS remote modules.

∃ AS332P ⊞ System Information	Function Card 2 Setting							
	Parameter name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	٠		
– COM2 Port Setting – Ethernet Port Basic Settin ⊛ Ethernet Port Advance S∉	F2AD Sampling Time	3	ms	3	3			
	F2AD Average Times	10		10	1			
	AS-FCOPM Working mode			AS Remote Cr				
- Function Card 1 Setting	AS-FCOPM node ID	1		1	1			
E Function Card 2 Setting	AS Remote module No.	2	unit	Ť -	1			
	Select Run mode after detect remote mc Run connected remote modi 💌			Run connecter	-			
	AS CPU module keep or Stop when slav	Only Show Error Message 🔹		Only Show Em	-1.			
	Remote Communication time out	100	ms	100	0	1		
	Re-connected Retry number after time o	60		60	0			
	Auto Retry connection after Disconnecte	60	sec	60	0			
	AS-FCOPM Bit Rate	125k 💌	bps	125k	-			
Default Import	Export				2	•		

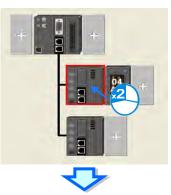
If you enter **2** in the **AS Remote module No.** box, two remote modules appear in the system configuration area after you click **OK**.



You can set the remote module in the system configuration area to add, delete, copy, and move an extension module, as shown in Section 8.1.2. As with a general controller, you can click with the mouse, drag, or right-click then click context menu commands. You can configure all extension modules except network modules.



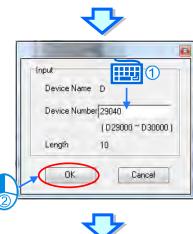
Double click a module to open the Device Setting dialog box for a remote module and the extension modules connected to it.



AS00SCM-A	Device Informatio	n Normal Exchange Area	
AS Serial Remote Moduli	Device Name	AS00SCM-A	
	Description	Serial communication module, MODBUS, UD Link protocol (COM. mode), Remote IO control(RTU mode) Module current consumption:(Internal)22mA.(External) 0mA	
	Comment		<b>0</b>
	DDF Version	00.33.00	
	Firmware Version		
	Hardware Versian	(off-line)	Allow .
Default   Import	Export	ladere	

Set the start of input device range for the remote module as follows. Click a remote module, then double-click **Input Device Range** in the **Remote Module Group 1** table and then type the **device No.** in the dialog box. After you click **OK**, the input and output device range of the remote device and the extension modules connected to it are automatically configured.





ne	mote Module Group 1						
	Extension No	Туре	Module Name	DDF Version	Input Device Ra	Output Device	Comment
	Remote Module	Network Module	AS00SCM-A	00.33.00	D29040 ~ D29049	D29050 ~ D29059	
	- Function Card1						
	Function Card2	Function Card	AS-FCOPM	None			
	Module Information1	Analog I/O Module	AS04AD-A	00.50.00	D29060 ~ D29079		

The module arrangements may affect the input and output device range, and the device range may not be in order. To fix this, you can rearrange the input and output device ranges in an orderly sequence. On the **File** menu, click **Input / Output Device Rearrange** to automatically arrange the device range sequence.

and and a second s	Option Help	where an					_ 5
Save		Ctrl+S 🛷					
Pro 🕘 <u>P</u> rint	C	bul+P				-	
	uput Device Rear	range					
+ Digitai I/O M			· · ·	000 000 000			
+ Analog I/O M				06 04 06 XA AD XA	+		
<ul> <li>Network Mo</li> <li>Power Modu</li> </ul>		6	P5				
± Power Modu	lle						
		<					
Specification							
		<u> </u>					
		-	<i>L</i>	~			
CPU Group		<u> </u>		*			
CPU Group Extension No	Туре	Module Name	DDF Versi	Input Device R	Output Device	1	Comment
Extension No	Type Power Module	Module Name AS-PS02	DDF Versi	Niput Device R	Output Device		Comment
Extension No Power Module	Power Module	The second second second second second	The state of the state of	Imput Device R X0.0 ~ X0.15	Output Device Y0.0 ~ Y0.15		Comment
Extension No Power Module CPU Module	Power Module CPU Module	AS-PS02	None	1			Comment
Extension No Power Module CPU Module Function Ce Function Ce	Power Module CPU Module Function Card	AS-PS02 AS332T AS-F232	None 01.00.00	1			Comment
Extension No Power Module CPU Module Function Ce Function Ce Module Inform	Power Module CPU Module Function Card Analog I/O Modu	AS-PS02 AS332T AS-F232 AS06XA-A	None 01.00.00	1	Y0.0 ~ Y0.15		Comment
Extension No Power Module CPU Module Function Ce Function Ce Module Inform	Power Module CPU Module Function Card Analog I/O Modu Analog I/O Modu	AS-PS02 AS332T AS-F232 AS06XA-A AS06XA-A	None 01.00.00 None	×0.0 ~ ×0.15	Y0.0 ~ Y0.15 D28010 ~ D2801		Comment
Extension No Power Module CPU Module Function Ce Function Ce Module Inform	Power Module CPU Module Function Card Analog I/O Modu	AS-PS02 AS332T AS-F232 AS06XA-A AS06XA-A	None 01.00.00 None 00.40.00	×0.0 ~ ×0.15 D28000 ~ D2800 D28020 ~ D2803	Y0.0 ~ Y0.15 D28010 ~ D2801		Comment
Power Module CPU Module Function Ce Function Ce Module Inform Module Inform	Power Module CPU Module Function Card Analog I/O Modu Analog I/O Modu	AS-PS02 AS332T AS-F232 AS06XA-A AS06XA-A	None 01.00.00 None 00.40.00 00.50.00	×0.0 ~ ×0.15 D28000 ~ D2800 D28020 ~ D2803	Y0.0 ~ Y0.15 D28010 ~ D2801		Comment
Extension No Power Module CPU Module Function Ce Function Ce Module Inform Module Inform	Power Module CPU Module Function Card Analog I/O Modu Analog I/O Modu	AS-PS02 AS332T AS-F232 AS06XA-A AS06XA-A	None 01.00.00 None 00.40.00 00.50.00	×0.0 ~ ×0.15 D28000 ~ D2800 D28020 ~ D2803	Y0.0 ~ Y0.15 D28010 ~ D2801		Comment
Extension No Power Module CPU Module Function Ce Function Ce Module Inform Module Inform	Power Module CPU Module Function Card Analog I/O Modu Analog I/O Modu	AS-PS02 AS332T AS-F232 AS06XA-A AS06XA-A	None 01.00.00 None 00.40.00 00.50.00	×0.0 ~ ×0.15 D28000 ~ D2800 D28020 ~ D2803	Y0.0 ~ Y0.15 D28010 ~ D2801		Comment
Extension No Power Module CPU Module Function Ce Function Ce Module Inform	Power Module CPU Module Function Card Analog I/O Modu Analog I/O Modu	AS-PS02 AS332T AS-F232 AS06XA-A AS06XA-A	None 01.00.00 None 00.40.00 00.50.00	×0.0 ~ ×0.15 D28000 ~ D2800 D28020 ~ D2803	Y0.0 ~ Y0.15 D28010 ~ D2801		Comment
Extension No Power Module CPU Module Function Ce Function Ce Module Inform	Power Module CPU Module Function Card Analog I/O Modu Analog I/O Modu	AS-PS02 AS332T AS-F232 AS06XA-A AS06XA-A	None 01.00.00 None 00.40.00 00.50.00	×0.0 ~ ×0.15 D28000 ~ D2800 D28020 ~ D2803	Y0.0 ~ Y0.15 D28010 ~ D2801		Comment

# 8.3 Data Exchange

# 8.3.1 Device Settings Dialog Box Descriptions

In the Device Settings dialog box, after you click the Data Exchange-COM1, Data Exchange-COM2 or Data Exchange-Ethernet tab, you can set the parameters for the data exchange table for the communication port built into the AS Series module.

The AS Series module can be a master and exchange data with remote slave devices through COM1 and COM2 using the Modbus protocol, or through an Ethernet port using the Modbus TCP protocol.

#### AS Series Operation Manual

	atically scan si nange Setup	laves, when the first time				ode Progra	m Control 🔹	
Item		Remote Station Address	Local Address	11	Remote Address	Quantity	Add	
		1			D0			
			D0	>>>	D0	1	Move Up	
							Move Down	0
								-2
			-				Delete	
			3				Copy	

- When you set the start **Mode** to **Program Control**, the program in the PLC determines whether to perform the set data exchange. **PLC Run** means that the set data exchange is performed automatically when PLC is in the RUN state. **Always Enable** means that the data exchange is performed constantly when the PLC is powered on.
- Add a new row in the data exchange table in area by clicking Add. Move the selected data exchange row up or down by clicking Move Up and Move Down. Delete the selected data exchange row by clicking Delete. Copy the selected data exchange row by clicking Copy. You can then paste it back into the table as the last row.
- The following table explains the columns in the data exchange table.

Name	Description
Item	The number of the block for data exchange
Enable	Selects whether to enable the data exchange table when the data exchange is performed.
Station Address/ IP Address	The slave station address for the data exchange table. You can set one address for multiple data exchange tables. It is a station address under the COM1 and COM2 tabs, and IP under the Ethernet tab.
Local Address	The device address range used by the master in the data exchange table
<>	$\lceil << \rfloor$ : Input: the data block where the master reads from a slave $\lceil >> \rfloor$ : Output: the data block where the master writes to a slave
Remote Address	This is the device address range used by a slave in the data exchange table. The device range is in hexadecimal if the slave in the data exchange table is a user-defined Modbus Device.
Quantity	This is the size of the data exchange table, which is consistent with the result calculated from the device range.

## 8.3.1.1 Data Exchange - COM1 and Data Exchange - COM2

On the **Data Exchange-COM1** or **Data Exchange-COM2** tab, double-click row in the data exchange table to set to open the **Item** dialog box as shown below. Select the **Enable** check box to enable the data exchange table in the mode mentioned above. **Remote Address** is the address of the target slave for data exchange. The **Shortest Update Cycle** is the period for data exchange of the data exchange table. The connection times out if the target device does not make any response within the time specified by **Connection Timeout**.

Select **Support Read/write synchronization (Function code 0x17)** to have the master complete reading and writing in a single command to improve the efficiency of data exchange. This uses the specific Modbus function code. Make sure that all devices in data exchange support the Modbus function code for read and write synchronization. Otherwise, the attempt to read and write fails due to the failure to identify function codes after receiving the command from the master device.

Remote Device Type is the model of a target slave including the Delta PLC and standard Modbus devices.

Automatically scan slaves, when the first time	Mode Program Control 🔹	
ata Exchange Setup	2 Remote Address Quantity	
Item         Enable         Remote Station Address         Local Address           1         1         D0         D0           D0         D0         D0         D0	Remote Address     Quantity     Add       D0     1       55     D0	
m1	MoveDown	
<ul> <li>☐ Enable</li> <li>The Shortest Update Cycle (ms)</li> <li>10</li> <li>IF Apply to all</li> <li>Connection Timeout (ms)</li> <li>50</li> <li>IF Apply to all</li> <li>☐ Support Read/write synchronization (Function Code: 0x17)</li> </ul>	Slave Address 1 Remote Device Type AS300 series	
Local Start Address D0 ~ D29999 D Register • 0	Remote Start Address D0 ~ D29999 D Register 0	Quantity (word)
Local Start Address D0 ~ D29999 D Register  0	Remote Start Address D0 ~ D29999 D Register    0	Quantity (word)

#### Read

The AS Series module reads data from a remote device.

Local Start Address: The device type and start address of the devices where the AS Series module stores data.

Remote Start Address: The device type and start address of the remote device to be read.

Quantity: This is the input data length.

#### • Write

The AS Series module writes data to a remote device.

Local Start Address: The device type and start address of the source data for the AS Series module.

Remote Start Address: The device type and start address of the remote device where data is to be written.

Quantity: The output data length.

### 8.3.1.2 Data Exchange - Ethernet

On the **Data Exchange - Ethernet** tab, double click a row in the data exchange table to set to open the **Item** dialog box as shown below. The settings are almost the same as those for **Data Exchange - COM1** and **Data Exchange - COM2**, except that the target slave model option in **Remote Device Type** contains Delta PLC and standard Modbus TCP equipment, as well as the IP address for remote slaves. For other settings, refer to the descriptions of Data Exchange - COM1 and Data Exchange - COM2.

			Mode	Program (	Control	•	
a Exchange Setup	2		W.C. D. 14		<i></i>		
Item Enable IP Address Local Address 1 192.168.1/1 D0 D0		Remote Add D0 D0	ress C	uantity	Add		
1	र	ን			Move Up Move Dawr	Ĩ	
		-					
Fnable     The Shortest Update Cycle (ms) 10	IP A	e Address ddress ote Device Typ	192.168. 1			Ŧ	
Local Start Address D0 ~ D29999		Pamo	ite Start Addr	ace D0 - D20	000	- 10	Juantity (word)
D Register 0 .	* DI	Register	ne stat Addi	• 0			1
Local Start Address D0 ~ D29999	E	Remo	te Start Addr	ess D0 ~ D29	999	- 10	Quantity (word)
	*	legister		• 0			1

Select the **Apply to all** check box on the right side of **The Shortest Update Cycle** and **Connection Timeout** and then click **OK**. Selecting the check box writes the settings for **The Shortest Update Cycle** and **Connection Timeout** to other data tables on the tab **Data Exchange - Ethernet**. You can also set the data exchange tables separately without selecting the **Apply to all** check box.

# 8.4 Setting Parameters in a Module

## 8.4.1 Parameters in a Module

You can set the parameters in every module configured in HWCONFIG. The functions and characteristics of every module depend on the parameter settings. To set the parameters in a module, double-click the module in the system configuration area to open the **Device Setting** dialog box. This dialog box may be different for each of the various devices.



B-AS04AD-A	Burton Manuala	Name Barbaras Anal	
- format		n Normal Exchange Area	
— CH1 <sup>~</sup> CH4 Mode setting — CH1 <sup>~</sup> CH4 Calibration	Device Name	AS04AD-A	
average filter sampling time Channel Detect	Description	4 channels 16 bits analog input : -10"+10V, 0"10V, 5" +5V, 0/1"5V, 0/4"20 mA, -20mA"20 mA conversion time = 2ms/channel Module current consumption:(Internal)0mA.(External)0mA	
	Comment		
	DDF Version	00.50.00	a de la companya de
	Firmware Version	(off-line)	S. 3
	Hardware Version	(off-line)	
anneal anneald			
Default Import	Export	pd are	ок

The parameters are set according to the functions supported by the module. Before you set the parameters, refer to the Operation Manual for more information. To prevent damage to the system or personnel, check the effect of the parameters on the module and the entire system. There are two tabs Device Setting dialog box: the Device Information tab and the Normal Exchange Area tab. Click the Device Information tab to display the module information, appearance, and present DDF document version.

The number of parameters that you can set in the module and the range of setting values depend on the version of the DDF document. The firmware and hardware version of the CPU module also appear when all the modules are connected online.

Device Name	AS04AD-A	
Description	4 channels 16 bits analog input :-10~+10V, 0~10V, -5~ +5V, 0/1~5V, 0/4~20 mA, -20mA~20 mA conversion time = 2ms/channel Module current consumption:(Internal)50mA (External)	JuAN .
Comment	Real Version: 00.40.00	1 🕴 🖉 🖛
DDF Version	00.50.00	
Firmware Version	00.40.00	
Hardware Version	00.00.00.00	

Click the **Normal Exchange Area** tab to display the corresponding functions for the input/output devices assigned to the module. Select a parameter type at the left side of the dialog box, and then set the parameters in the table at the right side of the dialog box. The table formats for the parameter types are the same, but the contents of the tables are different. The number of parameters you set and the range of setting values depend on the firmware version of the module.

- format - CH1~CH4 Mode setting	Parameter name	Value	Unit Default	Minimum	Maximum
CH1~CH4 Calibration	CH1 average times	10	10	1	100
average filter	- CH2 average times	10	10	1	100
- sampling time	CH3 average times	10	10	1	100
Channel Detect	- CH4 average times	10	10	1	100
$\smile$	- CH1 filter Proportion	10% 💌	10%	-	-
	CH2 filter Proportion	10% 💌	10%	-	-
	CH3 filter Proportion	10% 💌	10%	-	-
	CH4 filter Proportion	10% 💌	10%	-	-

The following shows the descriptions of the columns in the table. If a table cell is grayed out, you cannot edit the cell.

### Parameter name

This column shows the parameter names or descriptions.

Parameter name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum
CH1 average times	10		10	1	100
CH2 average times	10		10	1	100
CH3 average times	10		10	1	100
CH4 average times	10		10	1	100

#### Value

Set the initial parameter values in this column. When you download the parameters you set in HWCONFIG, the initial values (setting values) are written to the module. You may type initial values for some parameter types, or select initial values from a list for other parameter types in the **Value** column. Refer to the instructions for the module for more information about the range of values you can set, as well as the processing mechanism after you download the initial values.

Parameter name	Value	Unit Default	Minimum	Maximum
CH1 average times	10	10	1	100
CH2 average times	10	10	1	100
CH3 average times	10	10	1	100
CH4 average times	10	10	1	100

#### Unit, Default, Minimum and Maximum

Refer to the unit, default, the minimum and maximum of the parameters in the following window.

Parameter name	Value	Unit Default	t Minin	num Maximum
CH1 average times	10	10	1	100
CH2 average times	10	10	1	100
CH3 average times	10	10	1	100
CH4 average times	10	10	1	100

Click the **Default** button in the lower left corner of the Parameter Setting window to restore the default values of the parameters in the module. The software asks you to confirm that you want to reset the parameters to the default values.



## 8.4.2 Exporting and Importing the Parameters in a Module

You can save the parameters in the module as a CSV file. You can also import a previously exported file.

AS04AD-A	Branchine Indonesia da	Newson Produces Accel	
- format - CH1~CH4 Mode setting	Device Informatio	n Normal Exchange Area	
- CH1~CH4 Calibration average filter sampling time Channel Detect	Description	4 channels 16 bits analog input : -10~+10V. 0~10V5~ +5V. 0/1~5V. 0/4~20 mA, -20mA~20 mA conversion time = 2ms/channel Module current consumption:(Internal)0mA,(External)0mA	
	Comment		
	DDFVersion	00.50.00	
	Firmware Version	(off-line)	< 3
	Hardware Version	(off-line)	100
Default Import	Export	lpdare	
			ОК

#### • Exporting the parameters from a module

Click Export in the Device Setting dialog box. In the Save As dialog box, select a folder in the Save in list, type a file name in File name, and click Save.

#### Importing the parameters from a file

Click **Import File** in the **Device Setting** dialog box. In the **Save As** dialog box, select a file to import, and click **Open**. Note that the windows for importing and exporting parameters may be different for different modules.

Before importing the parameters, the system checks the file format and the module model. If the file format or the module model is not correct, the system stops the importing process. If the data registers specified in the original file that was exported have been used in the present configuration, the system specifies different data registers after the file is imported.

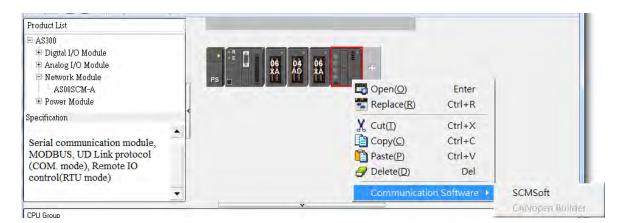
## 8.4.3 Updating Parameters in a Module

You can update the parameters in a module. Make sure the software is in the Online mode. Double click the module that you want to update. Click **Update** to update the parameters in the selected module. This function is limited to digital input I/O and analog I/O and network modules.

Eile Edit Option Help	1		- 5
duct List A 5300 Digital I/O Module Analog I/O Module Power Module Power Module effication			
Device Setting		~	
Options	-	The second second second	
	Device Informatic Device Name Description	n Normal Exchange Area AS16AM10N 16 input Module current consumption:(Internal)20mA (External) 0mA Module total witdh:28mm	
	Comment	Real Version: 00.50.00	
	DDF Version	01.00.00	
	Firmware Version	00,50.00	
	Hardware Version		1.20

## 8.4.4 Setting Parameters in an SCM

Delta Electronics, Inc. provides you with specific configuration tools for some CPU modules. You can open the tools such as CANopen network planning and SCM (Serial Communication Module) to set advanced parameters for network assignments for the modules. For advanced setups, in the system configuration area, right-click the CPU module, then click **Communication Software**, and then click **SCMSoft**. You must save the configurations in HWCONFIG before opening the tool. You cannot work in HWCONFIG while editing in the special configuration tools. Some tools require independent separate installation, and a message appears when the tool has not been installed.



Refer to configuration tool manual for the steps to set up the communication software tools.

MEMO



# Chapter 9. EtherNet/IP Specification and Operation

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# 9.1 Introduction

# 9.1.1 EtherNet/IP

EtherNet/IP ("IP" stands for "Industrial Protocol") is an industrial Ethernet network managed by ODVA, Inc. (formerly Open DeviceNet Vendors Association, Inc.), a global trade and standards development organization.

EtherNet/IP works on a TCP/UDP/IP based Ethernet network and uses the most widely deployed collections of Ethernet standards to provide a broad range of applications in different industries that require high-speed and stability including Factory Automation (FA), Building Automation (BA), Process Automation (PA) and many more.

Delta covers a full range of controller and drive products supported by EtherNet/IP, including Programmable Logic Controllers (PLC), inverters, Human Machine Interfaces (HMI) and so on. Refer to Section 9.9 for a full product list that support EtherNet/IP. In addition, you can also use EDS files to connect to other brands of EtherNet/IP devices. You can run Delta EtherNet/IP software (EIP Builder) through the ISPSoft software. Download the ISPSoft software at:

http://www.deltaww.com/services/DownloadCenter2.aspx?secID=8&pid=2&tid=0&CID=06&itemID=060301&typeID=1&d ownloadID=,&title=--%20Select%20Product%20Series%20--&dataType=8;&check=1&hl=en-US

# 9.1.2 Definitions of Common Network Terms

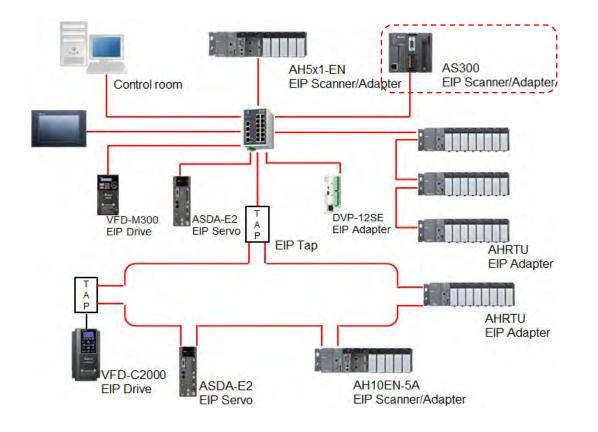
Term	Definition		
ODVA	Open DeviceNet Vendor Association for EtherNet/IP		
EIP	EtherNet/IP, an industrial Ethernet network, provides interoperability for system providers. IP stands for Industrial Protocol. The term "EIP" (EtherNet/IP) is used in this manual.		
I/O Connection	Use the I/O connection to connect to EtherNet/IP and to exchange data cyclically.		
Explicit Message	Connect to EtherNet/IP and to exchange data non-cyclically. Data is exchanged piece by piece through instructions.		
RPI	Requested Packet Interval, through the I/O connection to connect to EtherNet/IP to exchange data at regular time intervals.		
ACD	Address Conflict Detection to detect IP address duplications.		
	• You use TAGs for assigning and referencing memory locations for Rockwell PLCs, the same as registers for Delta PLCs.		
Produced/Consumed TAG (P/C TAG)	<ul> <li>Produced tag: A tag that a controller makes available for other controllers. Multiple controllers can simultaneously consume (receive) the data. A produced tag sends its data to consumed tags (consumers) without using logic.</li> <li>Consumed tag: A tag that receives the data of a produced tag. The data type of the consumed tag and the produced tag must match (including any array dimensions).</li> <li>The data is transferred over Ethernet/IP. For example, PLC-A needs data from</li> </ul>		
	PLC-B, so PLC-B sends the data to PLC-A. Therefore, PLC-B is the producer and PLC-A is the consumer.		

EDS	Electronic Data Sheets: EDS files are simple text files used by EtherNet/IP network configuration tools to help you identify EtherNet/IP products and easily commission them on a network.
Data Mapping	Exchanging data between devices
EIP Scanner	The master station is called an EIP Scanner in EtherNet/IP.
EIP Adapter	The slave station is called an EIP Adapter in EtherNet/IP.
DLR	Device Level Ring (DLR) provides fault-tolerant network design for daisy-chain and linear topology. The DLR protocol provides high network availability in a ring topology. It was intended primarily for implementation in EtherNet/IP end-devices that have two Ethernet ports and embedded switch technology, providing fast network fault detection and reconfiguration to support the most demanding control applications.
Modbus TCP	This is a Modbus variant used for communications over TCP/IP networks.

# 9.1.3 Ethernet Features

### 9.1.3.1 Delta EIP Architecture

This typical Delta EIP architecture includes an EIP Scanner and Adapters; data mapping is achieved between devices through an I/O connection and explicit messaging. The AS Series supports single port Ethernet; thus you can install and configure devices with embedded switch technology over EtherNet/IP.



### 9.1.3.2 EIP Features

### • Flexibility

- Flexible topology: EIP devices may include single port Ethernet as well as dual port Ethernet, and provide applicable networks such as linear topology, ring topology and ring topology for faster expansion and easier management.
- EtherNet/IP works on a TCP/UDP/IP based Ethernet network, uses most widely deployed collections of Ethernet standards, and supports Wi-fi connection. Even personnel with no IT background can build the network easily.
- Applicable networks include linear topology, ring topology, star topology, Ethernet, EtherNet/IP, one or more LANs, etc. You can set configuration through USB or an interface.
- Simplicity
  - With a connector: Delta provides a full range of products, including human machine interfaces (HMI), programmable logic controllers (PLC), and inverter drives for application in an industrial operation. You can build a network simply through an RJ-45 connector, saving costs on cables and other connecting tools.
  - Single network: in place of the 3-tier industrial architecture, single network architecture provides 100MB/bits high-speed cyclical and non-cyclical data mapping functions, ensuring complete network diagnosis and effectively shortening debugging time.
  - Graphical user interface software: the EIP Builder uses a graphical user interface designed for intuitive operation.
- Integration
  - Data mapping: the EIP Builder provides a consistent setting interface, allowing you to reduce the time to learn and set up configurations.
  - Listed device parameters: the EIP Builder presents the device parameters in a list. Instead of looking them up in the user manual, you can quickly check on the parameters in the list.
  - EDS file: you can connect to Delta and other brands of EtherNet/IP products with EDS files.

# 9.2 Installation

# 9.2.1 EtherNet/IP Device

A Delta EtherNet/IP (EIP) device allows you to build a linear topology, ring topology, and star topology networks. A Delta EIP device includes the EIP Builder software, EIP Scanner, EIP Adapter, EIP Tap, and an Ethernet switch. EIP Scanners and EIP Adapters can be further divided into single port and dual port devices. The AS Series are single port devices. Refer to Section 9.2.2.1 for the single port setup and refer to Section 9.2.2.3 for the software installation.

# 9.2.2 Network Cable Installation

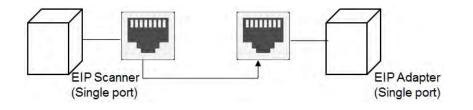
Each EtherNet/IP device is connected to an Ethernet switch with a CAT 5e cable. Please use Delta standard cables and the DVS series industrial switches. Refer to the Delta PLC/HMI Cable Selection Guide for more information.

# 9.2.2.1. Single Port Device

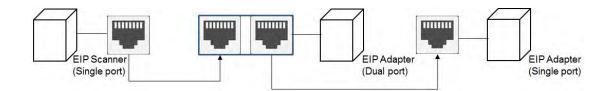
You can use a single port device to build up either a linear or a star network topology. An Ethernet switch and an Ethernet tab are required to create a star topology or a ring topology.

### Linear Topology

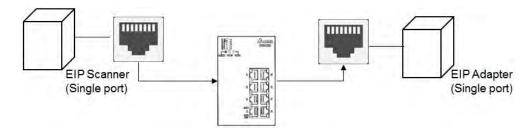
• Linear Topology 1



• Linear Topology 2



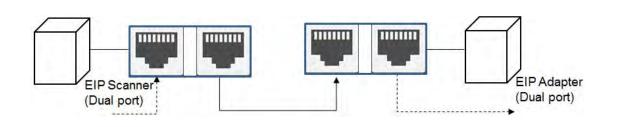
### **Star Topology**



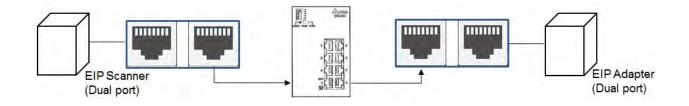
# 9.2.2.2. Dual Port Device

You can use a dual port device to build a linear, a star or a ring network topology. A DLR function is required to create a ring topology. Refer to Section 9.9.2 for DLR supported series.

### Linear Topology

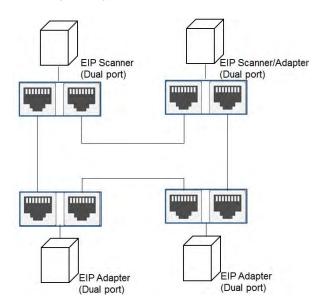


## Star Topology

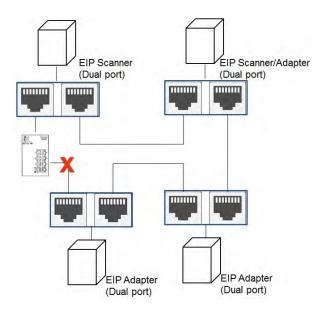


### **Ring Topology**

A DLR function is required to create a ring topology. Refer to Section 9.9.2 for AS series that support DLR.



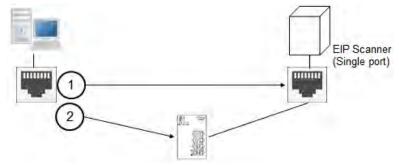
When a switch is needed for the particular topology, the switch should support the DLR function. If not, the connection might fail.



# 9.2.2.3 EIP Builder Software

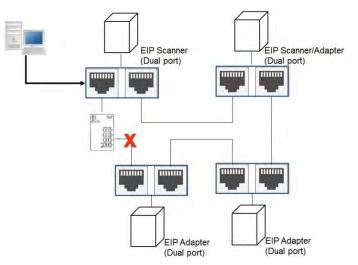
### Linear and star topology

Install the EIP Builder software on your PC to monitor and configure the EIP devices. You can also connect an EIP device to your PCs directly, or use a switch to connect to the PCs.

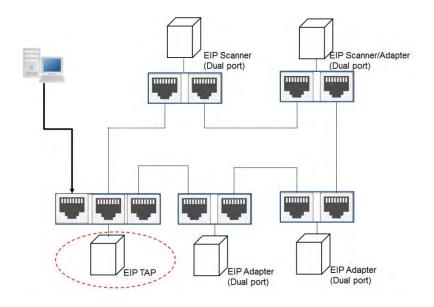


### **Ring topology**

Install the EIP Builder on your PC to monitor and configure the EIP devices. Be sure to save a network connection for your PC to connect to the EIP device.



Alternatively, you can use an EIP tap to connect your PC so that the ring topology stays intact.



# 9.3 Specifications

# 9.3.1 Ethernet Specification

Model	AS300 & AS200 Series
Communication Protocols	EtherNet/IP Scanner / Adapter  MODBUS TCP
Protocols	BOOTP, DHCP, SMTP, NTP, Socket, HTTP
Communication Speed	10/100 Mbps Auto-Detection
Communication Interface	RJ-45 with Auto MDI/MDIX
Numbers of the Ethernet Port	1

Model	AS-FEN02 ( work with AS300 Series)
Communication Protocols	EtherNet/IP Scanner / Adapter, MODBUS TCP
Protocols	BOOTP, DHCP, SMTP, NTP, Socket, HTTP
Communication Speed	10/100 Mbps Auto-Detection
Communication Interface	RJ-45 with Auto MDI/MDIX
Numbers of the Ethernet Port	2

Item / per transmission		Specification			
		AS300	AS200	AS-FEN02	
	Maximum connection				
MODBUS TCP	quantity for Client and	32	16	8	
	Server				
	Max. data length	100 words			
Socket	TCP connection quantity				
(communication		4	2		
port) *	UDP connection quantity			N/A	
SMTP (for	Empiling quantity	4	2		
emailing)	Emailing quantity	4	2		

\* Numbering is used for connections via the communication port. You can use connection 1 in TCP mode or UDP mode and up to 4 connections can be made per transmission.

# 9.3.2 EtherNet/IP Specification

ltem		AS300 Series	AS200 Series	Remarks
	Device type	Scanner / Adapter		
General	Topology type	Star topology		
	CIP connection	Scanner: 32	Scanner: 16	
	number	Adapter: 8	Adapter: 8	
	TCP connection	16	8	
		(Clients +	(Clients +	
CIP Network I/O		Servers)	Servers)	
Connection	Requested Packet	5 ms – 1000 ms		
	Interval (RPI)			
	Max. Transmission	3000 pps		
	Speed	3000 pp3		
	Max. Data Length/per	500 bytes		
	transmission			
	Class 3	Scanner: 16	Scanner: 8	
	(Connected Type)	Adapter: 8	Adapter: 8	
	UCMM	Total 16	Total 8	
	(Non-Connected	(for all connection	(for all connection	
CIP Network Explicit	Type, only uses TCP	types)	types)	
Message	connections)			
		Identity, Message Router, Assembly,		
	CIP Objects	Connection Manager, Port, TCP/IP		
		interface, Ethernet link, Vendor		
	Max. Consumed TAG	specific		
CIP Network TAG	Number	32	16	
	Max. Produced TAG			
	Number	32	16	
	Max. Data Length	500 bytes (IO Connection)		
		400 bytes (Explicit Message)		
	Requested Packet			
	Interval (RPI)	5 ms – 1000 ms		

Maximum number of connections when using AS300 to connect to other devices through Ethernet/IP:

- AS300 can act as a Scanner and an Adapter simultaneously. It can connected up to 16 devices (for example 8 Scanners and 8 Adapters).
- When AS300 acts as a Scanner, it can connect to up to 16 devices. Each device can establish up to 32 connections for data mapping. Data mapping types can be I/O connection and Consumed TAG. You can use explicit message for data mapping at the same time, up to 16 explicit message connections can be created.
- When AS300 acts as an Adapter, it can connect to up to 16 devices. Each device can establish up to 8 connections for data mapping. Data mapping types can be I/O connection and Produced TAG. You can use explicit message for data mapping at the same time, up to 8 explicit message connections can be created.

# 9.3.3 EtherNet Communication Port

### 9.3.3.1 Communication Port Pin Assignment

Delta EtherNet/IP devices use CAT5e industrial Ethernet cables and can be connected via RJ-45 communication port.

Pin	Signal	Description	Pin	Signal	Description	
1	Tx+	Transmit plus	5		N/C	
2	Tx-	Transmit negative	6	Rx-	Receive negative	
3	Rx+	Receive plus	7		N/C	81
4		N/C	8		N/C	

### 9.3.3.2 Communication LED Indicator

LED Inc	dicator	LED Status	Description
	Green	ON	• Communication port is connected.
LINK			Connected to Ethernet
LINK	Green	OFF	• Communication port is not connected.
			Not Connected to Ethernet
	Yellow	Blinking	Packets transmitting/receiving
АСК			Packets transmitting/receiving over Ethernet
		OFF	<ul> <li>No packets transmitting/receiving</li> </ul>
			No packets transmitting/receiving over Ethernet

Note: The LED indicator is at the RJ45 connection.

# 9.4 EIP Builder

The Delta EtherNet/IP software, EIP Builder, is embedded in ISPSoft. You run it from the ISPSoft software (version 3.0 and above). Download the ISPSoft software at:

http://www.deltaww.com/services/DownloadCenter2.aspx?secID=8&pid=2&tid=0&CID=06&itemID=060301&typeID=1&d ownloadID=,&title=--%20Select%20Product%20Series%20--&dataType=8;&check=1&hl=en-US

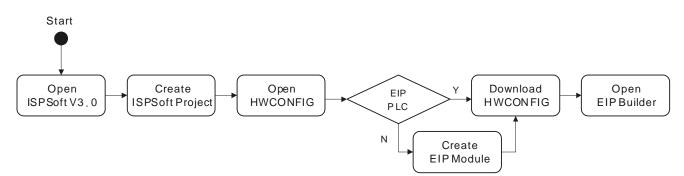
# 9.4.1 Run the EIP Builder

You can call EIP Builder from Delta EIP Scanner's HWCONFIG in ISPSoft. You can also call it independently to set up parameters for the Adapter. The Delta EIP Scanner is equipped with the EtherNet/IP communication PLC and the EtherNet/IP module. Refer to Section 9.9.3 for a list of Delta EIP Scanner products supported by EIP Builder.

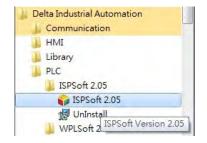
# 9.4.1.1 Run the EIP Builder via an EIP Scanner

### • Steps to run EIP Builder

Run EIP Builder from an EIP Scanner product. When using a Delta EIP Scanner, you set up an EIP module through HWCONFIG in ISPSoft.

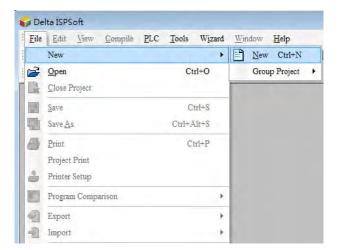


Open ISPSoft V3.0: click the Start menu and go to Programs > Delta Industrial Automation > PLC > ISPSoft
 3.00



9

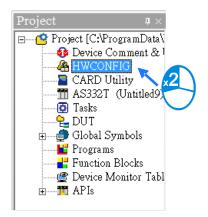
2. Create a new project: on the File menu, click New to display the Create a New Project dialog box.



3. Select a PLC: in the Create a New Project dialog box, select a PLC product that is supported by EIP builder.

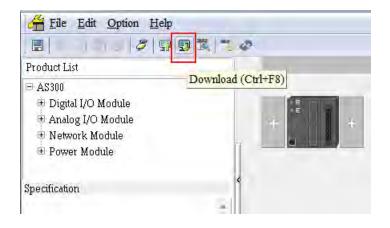
and the second s	Untitled9			
Controller Type	A\$300 -	PLC Type	A\$332T	-
Drive/Path	C:\ProgramData\Delta I	ndustrial Automa	tion\ISPSoft_	New\Project
				Browser

4. Open HWCONFIG: double-click HWCONFIG in the Project window.

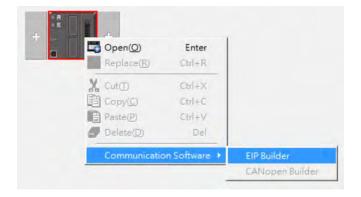


5. Save and download the settings from HWCONFIG : on the File menu click Save to save the settings and then

click the download button on the toolbar to download the file to PLC. You must save the configuration in HWCONFIG before opening the other communication tools. While working in the communication tools, you cannot work in HWCONFIG.



 Open EIP Builder: right-click the CPU module in the system configuration area point to Communication Software and then click EIP Builder.



### 9.4.2 Set up the IP Address

This section provides an overview of how to set up IP address for AS Series modules. Set up the IP address before configuring the EIP related parameters or data mapping settings.

## 9.4.2.1 IP Address Types

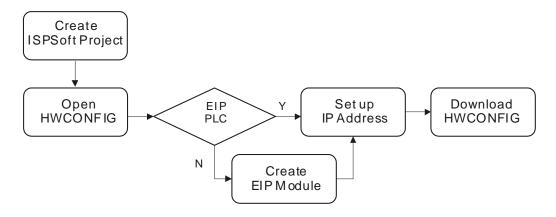
The AS Series supports 3 types of IP addressing, BOOTP, DHCP and static IP address.

Type of IP Address	Definition				
	Uses the TCP/IP Bootstrap Protocol (BOOTP) to set up the IP address, netmask and				
BOOTP	gateway. A BOOTP server may require some configuration. The BOOTP protocol is				
	designed for a network in which each host has a permanent network connection.				
DUOD	Uses the Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) to automatically obtain IP address,				
DHCP	netmask, gateway, main computer name and the WINS server.				
Static IP	You manually set the IP address, netmask and gateway.				

# 9.4.2.2 Set the IP Address (Static IP)

#### • Steps to set the IP address

When using an EIP product with a static IP address, set up the IP address in HWCONFIG in ISPSoft. The following example uses the AS Series.



Refer to Section 9.4.1.1 for how to set up an EIP module in HWCONFIG.

- 1. Configure the network parameters
- Double-click the AS Series module in HWCONFIG to open the Device Setting dialog box.
- On the **Options** tab, set the IP address on the **Ethernet Port Basic Settings** page, and then click **OK**.

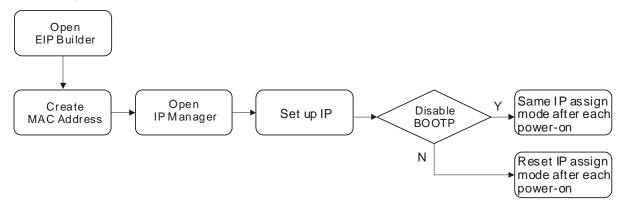
2. Save and download the settings from HWCONFIG: on the **File** menu click **Save** to save the settings and then on the **Options** menu, click **Download** or click the Download button on the toolbar.

	. @	5 🖸 🕱	
	ad (Ctrl+F8)	Dov	Product List
-			∃ AS300
1	-6		
+	11		
			🖭 Power Module
	*		a
			Network Module     Power Module

# 9.4.2.3 Set the IP Address (BOOTP/DHCP)

#### • Steps to set the IP address

When using an EIP product with a BOOTP/DHCP IP address, users can set up the IP address through the IP Manager in the EIP Builder.



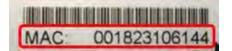
## Descriptions for the IP Manager:

Clear Last Time Type MAC Address States 2016/10/7 01:56 DHCP 00182310CFF3 Mapping Table New Frence Import Export Type MAC Address IP Address 81-45 States	Table of Requesting Devices	172.16.155.51	Network Settings
New Datable DOOTE Enable DOOTE Enable DOOTE Enable DOOTE Expert Expert Expert			
Import Export Damble DHCE/SOCTT			- 16
		Enable BCOT	
		RJ-45 Status	Company and cost

	Item	Definition
0	Stop the Server	Stops the BOOTP/DHCP server; the IP manager does not request an IP addresses from the BOOTP/DHCP server.
0	Network Settings	Opens a dialog box to set up the subnet mask, gateway, primary DNS, secondary DNS, and domain name.
3	Clear List	Clears the contents of the list.
4	New	Adds a new IP/MAC address.
5	Delete	Deletes the selected item from the list.
6	Import	Imports the IP/MAC address list; the file format is .CSV.
Ø	Export	Exports the IP/MAC address list; the file format is .CSV.
8	Enable BOOTP         Enables the BOOTP to assign an IP address for the selected item.	
9	Enable DHCP	Enables the DHCP to assign an IP address to the selected item.
0	Disable BOOTP/DHCP	Disables the BOOTP/DHCP on the device; the device does not request an IP addresses from the server.

#### • Steps to set the IP address:

1. MAC address: find the MAC address on the EIP device. The MAC address uniquely identifies the device.



- 2. Open the IP Manager
- In EIP Builder on the **Tool** menu, click **IP Manager**.

File Edit View	Tool Operate Help		
	Communication Setting		
Project Tree	💽 IP Manager		
	📬 Ping Test Tool		1
Network View Node	Performance Test Tool	Unined	П
	🛒 EDS Builder	32T R	Ľ
🖃 💳 Not Conn	💋 DDF Manager		
	Language 🔸		

 The IP Manager can be the BOOTP/DHCP Server, receiving IP address requests from devices. The IP Manager window is shown below.

Slop the Server	Netwo	ork interface	Intel(R) Etherant (	Instantion I217-LM	
able of Requesting	Devices		172.16.155.51		Network Setting
Cloar List					
Time	Туре	MAC Adds	ess Status		
		_			
annor Table					
appung Table New	Diss			Tanby BCO T	Falapher
appang Table New Import	Delay Export	1		Eastly D'O'IT	Earlie DICT Droube DHCNBOUTH
New	Export	Address	RI-45 Stator	Zanda B <sup>1</sup> O T	
New Import	Export	Address	RJ-45 Stator	Saula BOO T	
New Import	Export address IP	Address		Tankin 970/17	
New Import	Export address IP	Address		Sanday B <sup>(1</sup> 0)77	
New Import	Export address IP	] Addrees		Saula 6007	

- 3. Set up the IP address
- Double-click the listed MAC address for your device to open the Input Data dialog box.

Stop the Server Network Interface	Intel (R) Ethernet Co	moschon 1217-EM
ble of Requesting Devices	172.16.155.51	Network Setting
Tine Type MAC Adda 2016/10/7 01:56 DHCP 001823100		
ppeng Tabla Now		Fashie Bills IP
		Brando BOTO TP
	RJ-45 States	
Now During Import	RJ-45 States	
Now During Import	RI-45 States	

Enter the IP address and click **OK**.

out Data	
MAC Address	00182301F0E8
IP Address	0.0.0.0
Port	1
	OK Cancel

#### 4. Disable DHCP/BOOTP

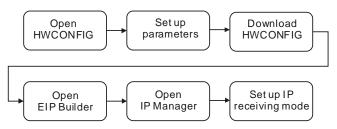
Click the device in the Mapping Table that you want to disable, then click **Disable DHCP/BOOTP**. The selected device does not send DHCP/BOOTP requests. To change the IP address receiving mode, refer to Section 9.4.2.4 for more information.

Time		Туре	MAC Address	Status			
pping Table New	Delete	]		Enable B	OOTP	Enable DH	CP
Import	Export	1			Disal	le DHCP/BO	OTP
	IAC Address		Address 2 168 1 15	Port Sta	dus		
	01020015076	13	2.100.1.12	1			

- Notes
- Enable BOOTP: when the IP address receiving mode is BOOTP (BOOTP is enabled), the IP address is assigned, and the device sends out BOOTP requests for IP addresses during each power-on.
- Enable DHCP: when the IP address receiving mode is DHCP (DHCP is enabled), the IP address is assigned, and the device sends out DHCP requests for IP addresses during each power-on.
- Disable DHCP/BOOTP: when BOOTP is disabled, the device does not send out any DHCP/BOOTP requests for IP addresses during each power-on.

# 9.4.2.4 Re-enable BOOTP/DHCP

To enable the DHCP or BOOTP function again, use the device software to make the change. Using the AS Series as an example: from the **Start** menu, start ISPSoft, then HWCONFIG, and then IP Manager. In IP Manager sets the IP address to the receiving mode.



#### • Steps to set device parameters

- 1. Refer to Section 9.4.1.1 for how to start HWCONFIG.
- 2. Set the parameters: enable the IP address receiving mode to BOOTP/DHCP.

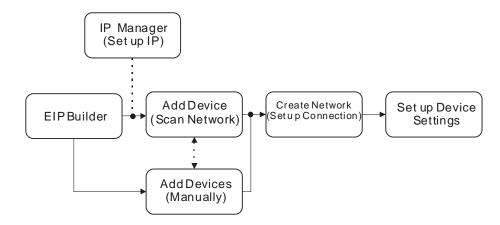
- Double-click the device to open the Device Setting dialog box.
- Make changes to the items, such as IP address receiving modes and click **OK** to confirm the settings.

🕌 Untitled9 - HWC	ONFIG					8
HE Edit Option					- 8	
BXDDS	0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					
Product List						
<ul> <li>A 2800</li> <li>P Digital I/O Module</li> <li>Analog I/O Module</li> <li>Network Module</li> <li>Power Module</li> <li>Specification.</li> </ul>		2				
ce Setting Dptions Data Exchange -COM1	Data Exchange -COM2 <sup>1</sup> Data Excha	inge-Ethernet				
AS332T	Ethernet Port Basic Setting					
System Information	Parameter name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum
- COM1 Port Setting - COM2 Port Setting	P Address	192.168.1.5	Onic	192,168,1.5	1.1.1.1	223.255.255.25
Ethernet Port Basic Settir	Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	-	255.255.255.0		255.255.255.25
😑 Ethernet Port Advance S	Gateway	192.168.1.1	-	192.168.1.1	1.1.1.1	223.255.255.25
- IP Filter 	TCP Keep Alive Timeout	30	s	30	1	65535
	Mode	Static	-	Static	-	-
🖻 Sockt		Stellic BOOTP				
RTU Mapping		DHCP				
<ul> <li>Function Card 1 Setting</li> <li>Function Card 2 Setting</li> </ul>		- Contraction	-			
, and an odda's obting						
	and a					
Default Import	Export					
						OK

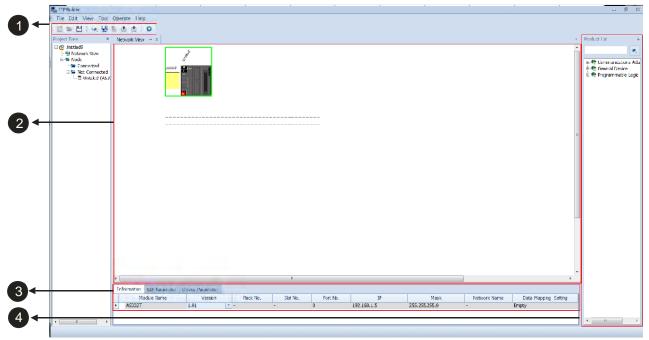
- 3. Download the settings from HWCONFIG
  - Refer to Section 9.4.1.1 for more information.
- 4. Open EIP Builder.
  - Refer to Section 9.4.1.1 for more information.
- 5. Open the IP Manager
  - Refer to Section 9.4.2.2 for more information.
- 6. Open the IP setup page
  - Refer to Section 9.4.2.2 for more information.

### 9.4.3 Network

EIP Builder provides a graphical user interface, and you can see the devices and their EtherNet/IP connections in the Network View. This section provides an overview of how to add your devices to the network connections.



#### **Descriptions of the EIP Builder Window**



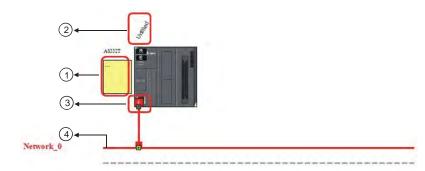
	Item	Definition
0	Toolbar	Toolbar buttons
0	Network View	Displays the connected devices and their connection status
€	Configuration Area	Displays the configurations and allows you to set the parameters
9	Product List	Displays the available devices that can be connected to EtherNet/IP

### 1 Toolbar buttons

# i 🖻 🛏 💾 📕 X 🖻 🖻 🚳 i 🗔 🖳 😓 🕁 i 🔅

lcon	Name	Definition	
	New	Creates a new EIP Builder project	
	Open	Opens an existing project	
日	Save	Saves the project	
	Help	Opens the help file	
00	Cut	Cuts the selected item	
面	Сору	Copies the selected item	
10	Paste	Pastes the selected item	
0	Delete	Deletes the selected item	
Le.	Scan Network	Scans the network for device availability	
	Check	Checks if the project is planed properly	
5	On-line Mode	Switches to on-line mode	
( <u>†</u> )	Uploader	Uploads from a device	
	Downloader	Downloads to a device	
0	Setup Button	Opens the communication setting; set up the path connecting the PC to the EIP Scanner.	

2 Network View

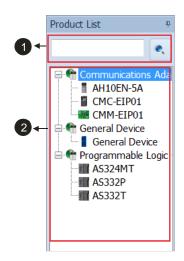


	Name	Definition	
1	Station Name	Name of the station	
2	Device Name	Name of the device	
3	③ Ethernet COM Port       Displays the number of devices with Ethernet communication ports.         The last digit of the IP address is shown on the COM port.		
4	<ul> <li>Network_0</li> <li>Displays the connection status; devices on the same line indicate they are in the network.</li> </ul>		

### **B** Configuration Area

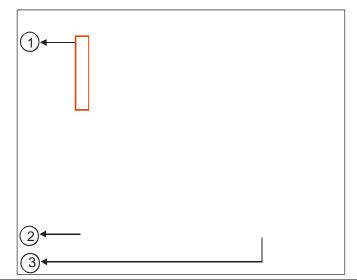
Refer to Section 9.4.3.3 for more information.

Product List



	Name	Definition
0	Search Bar	Type the module name you want to find; if no match is found, that means there is no EDS file in the system matching the module name.
0	Product List	Categorizes the devices according to the EtherNet/IP definition; devices from third parties are in the <b>Others</b> folder.

### 9.4.3.1 Scan Network



	Name	Definition
1	Selection checkboxes	Select the devices you want to add to the network view.
0	Refresh	Refreshes the network view (scans the network again)
3	Join	Adds the selected device to the network view

#### Operation Steps: Add new devices in (scan the network)

1. Click the Setup button to display the Communication Setting dialog box.



- 2. Once your PC is connected to the EIP Scanner, there are 3 ways to set up the network communication.
  - (a) Select an existing driver: Select the driver from the COMMGR Driver list.
  - (b) Edit an existing driver: Click the setup button in the **Common Setting** section to edit the driver in the Driver Properties dialog box.
  - (c) Add a new driver: Click the setup button+ in the Common Setting section to add a new driver in the Driver Properties dialog box.

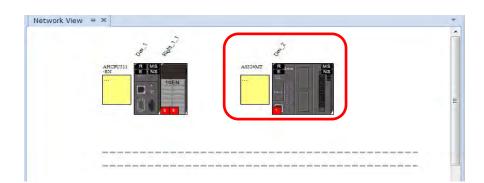
	Communication Set						
	Common Setting		**				
ŀ	COMMGR Driver	COM3	•				
	Station Number	0	•				
	IP Address		-				
l		-					
L			OK				
	Driver Properties	5	- Caller				
ſ		Driver2					
	Driver Name	(Entrenz)					
	Connection Setup-	RS232/422/4	485 💌				
	1284	1					
	Communication Prot						
	COM Port	COM1	*				
	Data Length	7					
	Parity	e	C RTU				
	Stop Bits	1	Auto-detect				
	Baud Rate	9600	Default				
	-Setup Responding	Fime					
			Time of Auto-retry				
			3				

3. Click the Scan Network button to scan the network and list the scanned devices in the Device List dialog box.



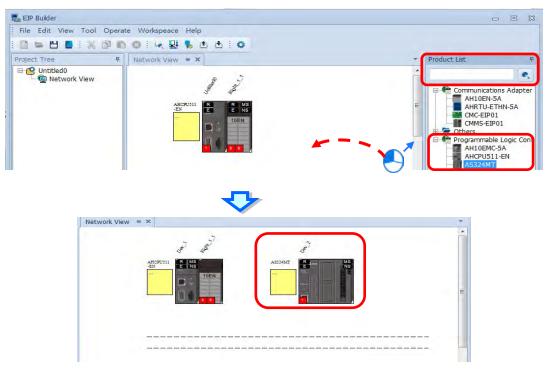
4. Select the devices to add to the Network View, and then click Join to add the selected devices.





# 9.4.3.2 Add devices (Manually)

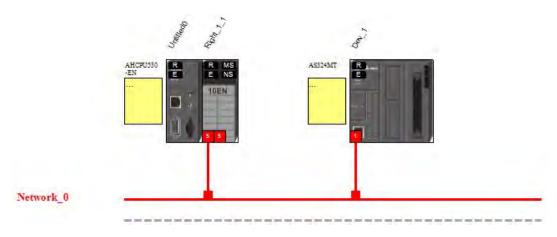
- Steps to add new devices manually
- 1. Select the devices to add from the Product List. You can also enter the module name in the search bar. Drag the device onto the Network View.



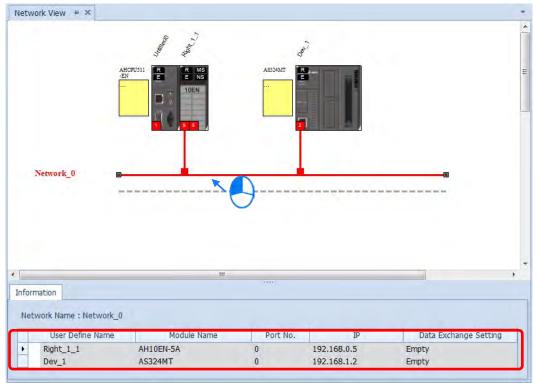
#### 2. Create the network

(a) Drag the Ethernet communication port of the device to the network to create a new connection.

(b) Create network connections for the devices.



(c) Once the connection is established, click the network line "Network\_0" to see all the connected devices in this network in the Information window.



# 9.4.3.3 Set EIP parameters

Network View 😐 🗶 I'l' Althe Ser. Willoch AS324MT Network 0 EDS Parameter Information EIP Parameter Network ... Data Exchange Setting Rack ... Slot ... Port ... IP Mask Module Name Version AHCPU511-EN 1.01 -0 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0 Empty . AH10EN-5A 1.01 + 0 192.168.0.5 255.255.255.0 Network\_0 Empty 1 1 AH10EN-5A 192.168.1.5 255.255.255.0 Empty 1

Click the tabs in the Information window to view and edit the EIP Parameter and the EDS Parameter.

#### Information Tab

This tab contains the Module Name, Version, Rack, Slot, Slot, IP address, Mask, Network and Data Exchange Setting.

Inf	formation	EIP Paran	meter	EDS	5 Pa	rameter						
	Moaul	e Name	V	ersio	n	Rack	Slot	Port	IP	Mask	Network	Data Exchange Setting
•	AHCPUS	11-EN	1.0	1	-	-	-	0	192.168.1.1	255.255.255.0	-	Empty
	AH10EN	-5A	1.0	1	-	1	1	0	192.168.0.5	255.255.255.0	Network_0	Empty
	AH10EN	-5A	-			1	1	1	192.168.1.5	255.255.255.0	-	Empty

#### • EIP Parameter Tab

This tab contains parameter information from the EDS file. When offline, you can check only the connection parameters for setting up the EDS filtering rules.

- **Disable Keying:** Disable key checking the product information versions.
- Compatible Keying: Check if the product information and its master version match and check the minor version for compatibility.
- **Exact Match:** Check if the product information, and both the master version and minor version match.

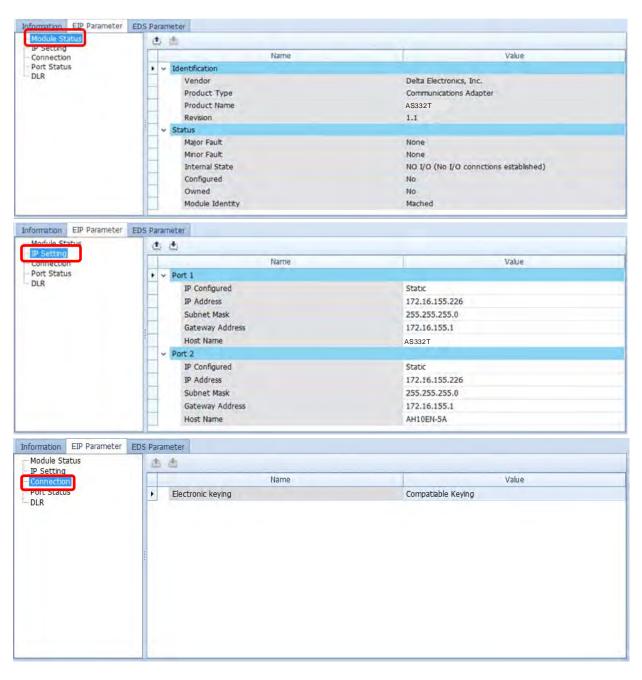
Information EIP Param	EDS Parameter	
Connection	点 点	
	Name	Value
	2. Electronic keying	Compatiable Keying
		Disable Keying
		Compatiable Keying
		Exact Match

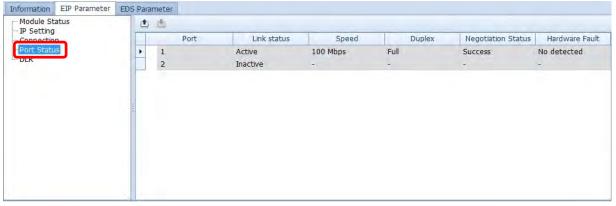
When the device is connected, you can click the Upload button to upload the related parameters from the device.

Module Status	也 由	
Connection	Name	Value
Port Status	<ul> <li>✓ Identification</li> </ul>	
DLR	Vendor	Delta Electronics, Inc.
	Product Type	Communications Adapter
	Product Name	A\$332T
	Revision	
	<ul> <li>Status</li> </ul>	
	Major Fault	None
	Minor Fault	None
	Internal State	NO I/O (No I/O connctions established)
	Configured	No
	Owned	No
	Module Identity	Mached

	Name	Definition
D	Module Status	<ul> <li>Identification: displays information regarding Vendor, Product Type, Product Name, Revision, etc.</li> <li>Status: displays connection status, including Major Fault, Minor Fault, Internal State, Configuration Status, and Module Identity.</li> </ul>
2	IP Setting	<ul> <li>Port1: indicates port 1 of the device, for editing IP Address, Subnet Mask, Gateway Address, and Host Name.</li> <li>Note: when there is a Port2, that means there are 2 Ethernet communication ports.</li> </ul>
3	Connection	<ul> <li>EDS parameters filtering rules include Disable Keying, Compatible Keying, and Exact Match.</li> </ul>
4	Port Status	<ul> <li>Displays Link Status, Speed, Duplex, Negotiation Status and Hardware Fault.</li> </ul>
5	DLR	Displays the DLR information

#### AS Series Operation Manual





Information EIP Parameter	EDS Parameter						
Module Status IP Setting	(b) (b)	<u>t</u> ) 🙆					
Connection	Name	Value					
- Port Status	v DLR Information						
DLR	Network Topology	Linear					
	Network Status	Normal					
	Ring Supervisor	IP: 0.0.0.0 MAC: 00:00:00:00:00					
	Active Supervisor Precedence	0					

• EDS Parameter Tab: this is not supported for the AS Series modules; the software closes itself when this Tab is selected.

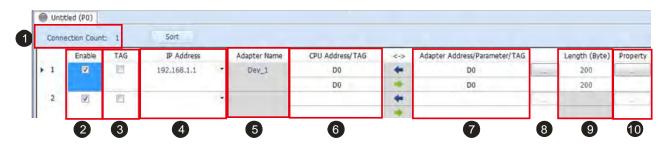
# 9.4.4 Data Mapping

When the connection between devices is established, you can use data mapping to exchange data between devices.

This section provides an overview of how to create a data mapping table.



#### **Descriptions for the Data Mapping:**



	Name	Definition		
0	Connection Count	Data mapping connection count; each row represents one independent EtherNet/IP connection. The number of connections cannot exceed the maximum number of connections for the Scanner. For the AS Series, the maximum number of connections 32.		
0	Enable	Enable and disable data mapping for the connection.		
€	TAG	<ul> <li>Use TAG to perform data mapping with adapters.</li> <li>After selecting this check box,</li> <li>The directional arrow points left of (←) (READ only)</li> </ul>		

	Name	Definition
		• Registers cannot be used in this row.
		• The length format is defined by the data format in the Global
		Symbols; you cannot change the length format here.
		• You must create a Consumed TAG in the Global Symbols in
		ISPSoft before using this function.
		The IP address of the Adapter to connect to. After the data mapping
A	IP Address	connection is established, the system loads the connected device's
•		IP address. You can also select the device's IP address from the list
		to add and edit the connection.
		Once you select the IP address, its name is displayed but cannot be
G	Adapter Name	modified here. Refer to Section 9.4.3 <b>2</b> for more information on
		how to change the device name.
	CPU Address	Start address of the data mapping's register.
	Scanner's register address +	Actual represented register = starting register address + address
G	address offset (Ethernet/IP	offset; you can set the starting register address in the HWCONFIG
	modules)	setup page.
	Select the TAG check box .	Select the Consumed TAG name from the list.
	Adapter Address/Parameter	Target adapter's register address / parameters
0		Input the name of the Produced TAG for other connected EIP
	Select the TAG check box <b>9</b> .	devices. The default name is the same as the name shown in $oldsymbol{\Theta}$ .
		Set up the IN/OUT parameters. When there is no I/O representative
8	I/O Mapping Table	table presented for the Adapter, the parameters cannot be opened,
		for example in some PLCs.
6		Set the data mapping length; unit: byte, the maximum is 500 bytes.
Ø	Length	You cannot change the length format here when using TAG.
0	Property	Set the advanced data mapping parameters.

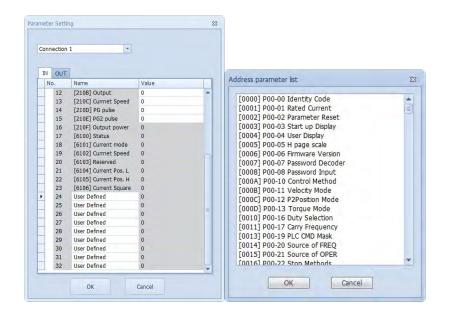
# I/O Mapping Table

9

Delta EIP devices provide an I/O mapping table. You can use the table to edit the parameters if needed.

	Name	Definition
Ū	Connection	Select the connection from the list. Different connections may have
	Connection	different mapping parameters.

	Name	Definition
Q	In	Input mapping parameters. The <b>No.</b> column shows the maximum number of mapping parameters to input. Double-click the <b>Name</b> column to open the mapping table to edit the parameters.
3	Out	Output mapping parameters. The <b>No.</b> column states the maximum number of mapping parameters to output. Double-click the <b>Name</b> column to open the mapping table to edit.
4	Name	The parameter name; double-click the <b>Name</b> column to open the mapping table to edit the parameters.
\$	Value	Values; after editing and downloading, the scanner stores the values. When the connection is established, the values are written to the Adapter.



# Property

	Property Setting	>
	I/O Parameter Setting	
	RPI (ms) 10 ( Min. 1 ~ Max. 1000 )	
2←	Multicast Point-to-Point T	
3-	TimeOut RPI x 4	
(4)◀	Trigger Mode Cyclic 👻	
	Connection Path Parameter	
⑤◀	Input Instance 101 (Min. 101 ~ Max. 101 )	
6	Output Instance 100 ( Min. 100 ~ Max. 100 )	
(7)←	Configure Instance 128 (Min. 128 ~ Max. 128 )	
	OK Cancel	

	Name	Definition
0	Requested Packet Interval (RPI)	Time interval to request packets through the I/O connection, unit: ms
2	Multicast	Communication mode setup: Multicast or Point-to-Point
		Sets the timeout according to the <b>RPI</b> or a multiple of RPI (RPI*X).
3	Timeout	The minimum value is 100 ms to reduce timeout occurrence When a
		value that is less than 100 ms is treated as 100 ms.
		Cyclic: renews data cyclically
4	Trigger Mode	Change of State: renews data once there is any change
		Application: renews data according to the product setup
\$	Input Instance	You can edit input instance, output instance and configure instance
6	Output Instance	in some of the EDS files. The instance number is the same as the
0	Orafinne lesteres	data mapping connection number. You can tell the mapped data is
	Configure Instance	from which corresponding device by the instance number.

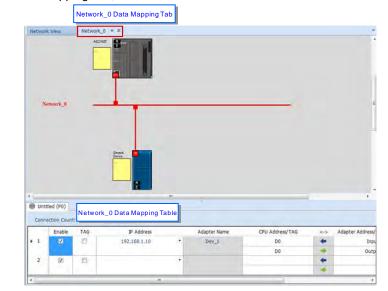
#### • Steps to set up and download parameters

1. Create a data mapping table (\*):

Right-click the COM port on the Ethernet Scanner, and then click **Data Mapping** to open the Data Mapping Table.

<b>P</b>	Network View 😐 🗶	Network_0				
		United and	an and	Ś	2	
		AHCPU331 -EN	R MS E NS	A3324MT		
			Delete the Station			
			Data Mapping	2		
	Network_0					

The system creates a Data Mapping Tab, shown for Network\_0.



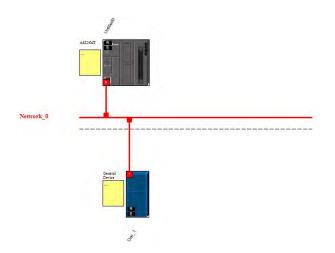
- 2. Set the Data Mapping Parameters
- Type the parameters in the data mapping table. See below for examples
  - Reading D500–D599 from the Adapter with the IP address 192.168.1.2 to the D10000–D10099 in the Scanner.
  - b) Writing D20200–D20299 from the Scanner to D100–D199 in the Adapter with the IP address

192.168.1.1

	Enable	TAG	IP Address		Adapter Name	CPU Address/TAG	<->	Adapter Address/Parameter/TAG		Length (Byte)	Property
1	V		192.168.1.1	-	Dev_1	DO	+	D500		200	+++
¥						D200	+	D100	1	200	1.1.1.1
2	V			•			+				
							*		1		

9

- Use TAG function in data mapping
  - a) Create a General Device in the Network View as shown below and then set the IP address to be used as a Produced TAG. For adding a device, please refer to Section 9.4.3.



b) Start or switch to the data mapping page.

	k View	Network_0						
		[						
	emork_0	-						
			Denice					
	tied (P0)			m			1	
🖲 Unti	tied (P0)	: 1		PT.	4		a.	
🖲 Unti	-	TAG	2	n	Adapter kame	CPU Address/TAG	45	Adapter Address
🖲 Unti	ection Count		Sort		Adapter Name Dev_1	CPU Address/TAG D0	*	
Conne	ection Count Enable	TAG	Sort IP Address					Ing
Conne	ection Count Enable	TAG	Sort IP Address			DO		, Adapter Address, Ino Outz
Conne	ection Count Enable	TAG	Sort IP Address			DO	*	Inp

c) Once you select the TAG check box, the directional arrow is to the left with ( $\leftarrow$ ) (READ only)

▶ 1	Enable V	TAG	IP Address 192.168.1.10	•	
CPU Addre	ess/TAG	<->	Adapter Address/Parameter/TAG		
		_		-	

CPU Address/TAG	<->	Adapter Address/Parameter/TAG	
Freq 💌	+	input	
	+		
	-		

\*You can also enter the IP address to be connected to other TAGs so that creating a General Device is not necessary.

d) Selecting the Consumed TAG

Select the created Consumed TAG from the CPU register address /TAG column.

	CPU Address/TAG	
Freq		-
Freq		

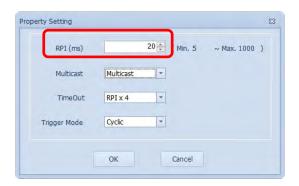
e) Enter the name for the to-be-connected Produced TAG.

After you select the TAG, the software shows the same TAG name in the register address / parameters / address for the Adapter. You can modify the TAG name to have the same name as the Produced TAG name.

- Set the properties
  - a) Click the ... button to set the properties.

Length (Byte)	Property
200	
200	

b) In the Property Setting dialog box, enter the data mapping parameters.
 Set the Requested Packet Interval (**RPI**) to refresh the data between the Scanner and Adapter periodically; for example, every 20ms.



- 3. Download
  - Click the Downloader button on the tool bar to open the Project Downloader window.



 Select the Scanner communication port in EIP Builder; every communication port can download a data mapping table.

Name  V V Untitled0  V V Data exchange	Select	: All Invert Selection
✓ ✓ Untitled0		Hanna Hanna
	Name	
✓ ☑ Data exchange	× 🔽	Untitled0
	*	Data exchange

### 9.4.5 Diagnosis

EIP Builder can provide diagnostic information on the connection and data mapping status. For the connection status, refer to the Adapter connection status and indicator in the Network View tab; and for data mapping status and error codes, refer to Network\_0 in the data mapping tab.

Iverwo	dr. View	Network_0	# X						-
			1		j				
3	interest, D								
	titled (P0)		Sat						
🖲 Unt	titled (P0)	TAG	Sort IP Address			CPU Address/TAG	~~	Adapter Address/Parameter/TA	I IG
🖲 Unt	netion Count			-	Adapter Name Dev_1	CPU Address/TAG D0	*	Adapter Address/Parameter/TA D500	AG
Correction	Enable	TAG	IP Address	- 10	Adapter Name		+		AG
Com	Enable	TAG	IP Address	- 10	Adapter Name	DÖ	+	D500	AG

#### • Steps to view network status

- Network View (Connection Status)
  - a) Click the Network View tab to check the device status from the indicators: for example RUN / STOP and Error indicators for the PLC.

Network View	Network_0			
	AHCF -EN 	2550 R R NS 10EN	Status	
Netwo				

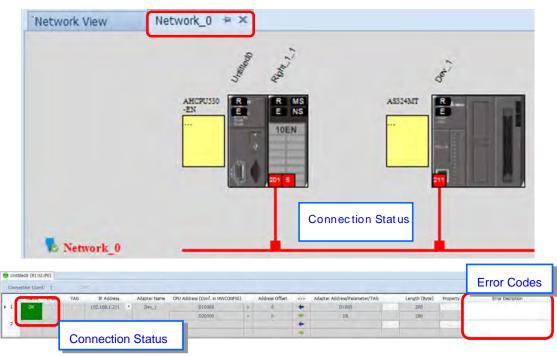


The dotted line and the warning sign indicate a connection error, as shown below.

- Network\_0 (Data Mapping):
  - a) Click the On-line Mode button on the toolbar.



b) Click the Network \_0 tab to check the data mapping status and the error codes for Network\_0. For error code definitions, refer to Section 9.6.2.



# 9.5 Programming

# 9.5.1 Explicit Message

All connections in EtherNet/IP can be divided into explicit messaging connections and implicit (or I/O) messaging connections. Explicit messaging uses TCP/IP and request/response communications or client/server connections, requiring that the instruction include the memory location of the data to be sent to the client. Implicit messaging uses UDP/IP, in which a server sends information from predefined memory locations to a client at a given interval, using a requested packet interval (RPI) parameter to specify the interval. For details on using implicit messages, please refer to Section 9.4.4. This section provides an overview of how the AS Series uses explicit messaging instructions.

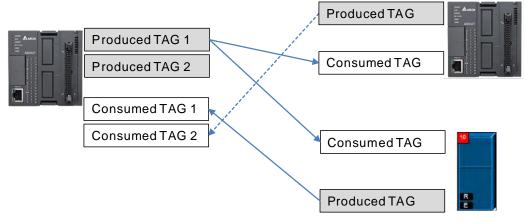
When the AS Series acts a Scanner, you can use the EIPRW instruction (API 2208) to read and write Objects. When EIP Builder uses Objects as parameters, each Object includes various parameters. For details on the EIPRW instruction, please refer to the AS Programming Manual. For details on Objects that are supported by the AS Series, please refer to Section 9.8.

### 9.5.2 TAG

EtherNet/IP can use TAGs to exchange data. A Delta PLC can use Global Symbols to define a TAG, and then Delta HMI and third party devices can use the TAG. There are 2 types of EIP TAGs, Produced TAGs and Consumed TAGs.

- 1. Produced TAG: a PLC makes Produced tags that send data to Consumed tags in other EIP Scanners for data mapping with other EIP devices.
- 2. Consumed TAG: EIP Scanners make Consumed tags to receive data from Produced tags for data mapping with other EIP devices.

You can use tags to connect to other EIP devices. Before connecting a Consumed TAG, please check the IP address of the device to be connected and the Produced TAG name. One device can have more than one Produced TAG and Consumed TAG. See the following example.

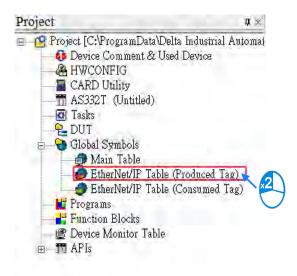


Other EIP devices

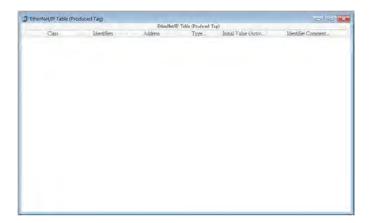
### 9.5.2.1 Produced TAG

#### Creating a Produced TAG

1. In ISPSoft, in the Project tree, expand Global Symbols to see EtherNet/IP Table (Produced Tag).



2. Double-click EtherNet/IP Table (Produced TAG) to create a Produced TAG.



3. Right click in the EtherNet/IP Table (Produced Tag) window and then click Add a Symbol to open the Add Symbol dialog box.

	Add a Symbol		]							
	Symbols Filter	r								
	Remove Addre	ss								
	Move Up	Alt+Up								
	Move Down	Alt+Down								
0	<u>U</u> ndo	Ctrl+Z	1	Add Symbol						X
	<u>R</u> edo	Ctrl+Y		Identifier	Address	Type	Initia	l Value (Active wh	Comment	
X	Cu <u>t</u>	Ctrl+X	┤┍┛╲		Address			a value (Active will	comment	
Ð	<u>C</u> opy	Ctrl+C	15/							1
Đ	<u>P</u> aste	Ctrl+V		Class VAR	▼ ✓ Aut	o-close Dialog 🔲	insert		OK	Cancel
	Delete	Del								
	Select All	Ctrl+A								

4. Enter the required information in the table to create the Produced TAG.

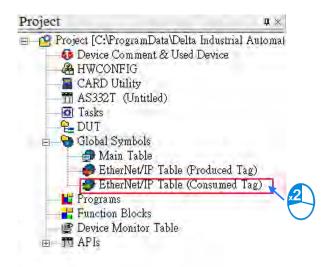
Identifier	Address	Туре	Initial Valu	e (Active whe Comment	-
status	D100	WORD		PLC	

After the settings are complete, download the TAG to the PLC. Other EIP devices can access the Produced TAG with their Consumed TAG. For information on creating a Consumed TAG, refer to the EIP device manual.

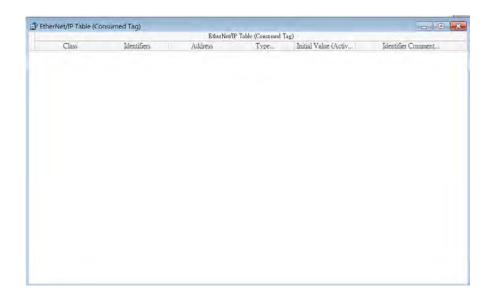
## 9.5.2.2 Consumed TAG

Creating a Consumed TAG

1. In ISPSoft, in the Project tree, expand Global Symbols to see EtherNet/IP Table (Consumed Tag).



2. Double-click EtherNet/IP Table (Consumed TAG) to create a Consumed TAG.



3. Right click in the EtherNet/IP Table (Consumed Tag) window and then click Add a Symbol.

Add a Symb	ol
Symbols Filt	ter
Remove Add	lress
Move Up	Alt+Up
Move Down	Alt+Down
<u>U</u> ndo	Ctrl+Z
Redo	Ctrl+Y
Cu <u>t</u>	Ctrl+X
Copy	Ctrl+C
<u>P</u> aste	Ctrl+V
Delete	Del
Select All	Ctrl+A

4. In the Add Symbol dialog box, enter the required information in the table to create a consumed tag.

Identifier	Address	Type	Initial Valu	e (Active whe Comment	
Freq	D100	WORD		node 1	

- 5. You can use tags in the data mapping. Refer to Section 9.4.4 for more information.
- Descriptions for the Add Symbol dialog box

··· ···	dentifier	Address	Туре		ctive whe Comment	
---------	-----------	---------	------	--	-------------------	--

Number	Name	Description
0	Identifier	Create Tags for a PLC; up to 40 characters.
2	Address	Correspond to registers or bytes in a PLC; you can use a data register or M bit device.
3	Туре	Supports data types such as BOOL, WORD, DWORD, INT, DINT, REAL, and ARRAY (one-dimensional array linear array, up to 512 bytes).
4	Initial Value	Not supported
\$	Comment	Description for the TAG; up to 128 characters.

# 9.6 Troubleshooting

This section provides an overview of error codes and troubleshooting for the AS Series.

# 9.6.1 Error Code Classification

There are two types of error code categories for the AS Series: Configuration Errors, and Application Errors. These error codes are defined by the ODVA for EtherNet/IP errors. Refer to the following table for AS Series error codes.

Error Code	Classification	
1 <sup>st</sup> Phase	2 <sup>nd</sup> Phase	Description
Category	Item	
	EDS files mismatched	Mismatched EDS files lead to I/O connection failure. *
Configuration error	Data exchange setup error	Data exchange setup error lead to I/O connection failure. *
Application error	Ethernet/IP error	EtherNet/IP communication failure *
* Only the last 2 bytes of the erro	r code are shown; for example, only	011C appears for the error code H'1101011C.

# 9.6.2 Error Codes & How to fix them

# 9.6.2.1 Configuration Errors

(EIP Builder only shows Low word error codes)

Category	Error Code	Description	How to fix them
	H'1101011C	The Transport Class field values of the Transport Class and Trigger in the EDS file are mismatched.	<ol> <li>Check if the product information and the EDS file match.</li> <li>Reload the EDS file.</li> <li>Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.</li> </ol>
EDS Files Mismatched	H'11010114	The Vender ID or the Product Code in the EDS file is mismatched.	<ol> <li>Check if the product information and the EDS file match.</li> <li>Reload the EDS file.</li> <li>Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.</li> </ol>
	H'11010115	The device type parameters in the EDS file are mismatched.	<ol> <li>Check if the product information and the EDS file match.</li> <li>Reload the EDS file.</li> <li>Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.</li> </ol>
	H'11010116	The revision parameters in the EDS file are mismatched.	<ol> <li>Check if the product information and the EDS file match.</li> </ol>

#### AS Series Operation Manual

Category	Error Code	Description	How to fix them
			2. Reload the EDS file.
			3. Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.
	H'1101011E	The direction parameters in the EDS file are mismatched.	<ol> <li>Check if the product information and the EDS file match.</li> <li>Reload the EDS file.</li> </ol>
			3. Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.
	H'1101011F	The fixed / variable output flag in the EDS file is	<ol> <li>Check if the product information and the EDS file match.</li> <li>Reload the EDS file.</li> </ol>
		mismatched.	3. Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.
	H'11010120	The fixed / variable input flag in the EDS file is mismatched.	<ol> <li>Check if the product information and the EDS file match.</li> <li>Reload the EDS file.</li> <li>Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.</li> </ol>
	H'11010121	The output priority in the EDS file is mismatched.	<ol> <li>Check if the product information and the EDS file match.</li> <li>Reload the EDS file.</li> <li>Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.</li> </ol>
	H'11010122	The input priority in the EDS file is mismatched.	<ol> <li>Check if the product information and the EDS file match.</li> <li>Reload the EDS file.</li> <li>Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.</li> </ol>
	H'11010123	The output connection type parameters in the EDS file are mismatched.	<ol> <li>Check if the product information and the EDS file match.</li> <li>Reload the EDS file.</li> <li>Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.</li> </ol>
	H'11010124	The input connection type parameters in the EDS file are mismatched.	<ol> <li>Check if the product information and the EDS file match.</li> <li>Reload the EDS file.</li> <li>Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.</li> </ol>
	H'11010125	The redundant ownership output parameters in the	<ol> <li>Check if the product information and the EDS file match.</li> </ol>

Category	Error Code	Description	How to fix them
		EDS file are mismatched.	2. Reload the EDS file.
			3. Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.
	H'11010126	The configuration size parameters in the EDS file are mismatched.	<ol> <li>Check if the product information and the EDS file match.</li> <li>Reload the EDS file.</li> <li>Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.</li> </ol>
	H'11010129	The configuration path parameters in the EDS file are mismatched.	<ol> <li>Check if the product information and the EDS file match.</li> <li>Reload the EDS file.</li> <li>Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.</li> </ol>
	H'11010132	The EDS file does not support Null forward open.	<ol> <li>Check if the product information and the EDS file match.</li> <li>Reload the EDS file.</li> <li>Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.</li> </ol>
Data Exchange Setup Error	H'12010100	I/O connections duplicated	<ol> <li>Check if the system has created the I/O connections.</li> <li>Change the connection type to Listen Only.</li> </ol>
	H'12010106	Ownership conflict	<ol> <li>Check the scanner owner.</li> <li>Reconfigure the invalid scanner.</li> <li>Change the connection to multicast.</li> </ol>
	H'12010110	Target for connection not configured	<ol> <li>Check the I/O connection status.</li> <li>Activate the I/O connections again.</li> </ol>
	H'12010111	Adapter RPI not supported	Check the RPI for the adapter.
	H'12010113	Out of connections	<ol> <li>Check if the number of connections exceeds the limit.</li> <li>Reduce the number of the product connections.</li> </ol>
	H'12010119	Non-Listen only not opened	<ol> <li>Check if the system has created the I/O connections.</li> <li>Check the scanner I/O connection status.</li> </ol>
	H'12010127	Invalid originator to target Size	Check the module number and the product setup file to see if they match.
	H'12010128	Invalid target to originator	Check the output size in the connection parameters.

Category	Error Code	Description	How to fix them
		Size	
	H'1201012D	Consumed TAG does not	Check if the parameters in the Consumed tag are set
	1112010120	exist.	correctly.
	H'1201012E	Produced TAG does not	Check if the parameters in the Produced tag are set
	TTIZOTOTZE	exist.	correctly.
			No response from the adapter; check if the power
	H'12010204	Unconnected request timeout	and the network connection for the adapter are
			working properly.
			1. Check the I/O connection limit between the
	H'12010302	Network bandwidth NOT	scanner and the adapter.
	1112010302	available for data	2. Increase the RPI value or reduce the number of
			connections.
	H'12010315	Invalid segment in	Check the module number and the product setup file
		connection path	to see if they match.

# 9.6.2.2 Application Error

Category	Error Code	Description	How to fix them
EtherNet/ IP Error	H'00010203	I/O connection timeout	<ol> <li>Check the network connection status.</li> <li>Check if the module is working properly.</li> <li>Increase the RPI value.</li> </ol>

# 9.7 Studio 5000 Software Operation

This section provides an overview using Ethernet/IP to connect to a Delta Ethernet/IP Adapter with third party software. For this example we use the Rockwell Automation software Studio 5000.

# 9.7.1 Architecture

The Rockwell Automation (RA) EIP Scanner uses Ethernet to connect to a Delta Adapter. The PC connects to the RA Scanner through Ethernet or USB.



- X Rockwell Software Studio 5000, ControlLogix, RSLogix are registered trademarks of Rockwell Automation, Inc.
- Operation Steps:



## 9.7.2 Create a New Project

• Open Studio 5000 and under **Create**, click **New Project**.

S	ud	<b>io</b> 500	00	/
		Create	Onon	Evoloro
_	New	Create	Open	Explore
-	New	New Project	Existing Project	Explore Help
	New			

Logix	Search	
Select P	-C CompactLogix™ 5370 Control	
	1756-L72 Co 1756-L73 Co 1756-L74 Co	
N <u>a</u> me:	Example	
Location:	C:\Users\yuna.huang\Documents\Stud	o 5000\Projects • Browse

• Select a PLC and select the chassis. This example uses a 1756-L71.

• Click **Finish** to create the new project.

Chassis:	1756-A7 7-Slot ControlLogix Chassis	•
<u>S</u> lot:	0 •	Select a backplar
Security Authority:	No Protection	-
	Use only the selected Security Authority for auth authorization	hentication and
<u>D</u> escription:		
	ncy	

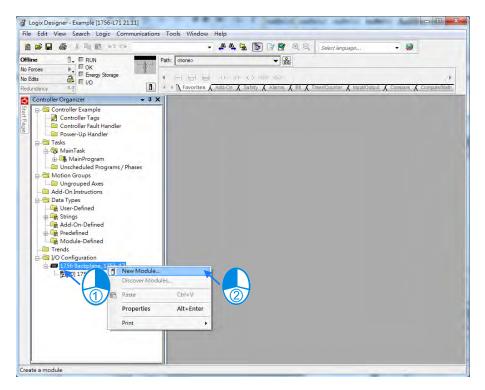
- 😚 Logix Designer Example [1756-L71 21.11] M. 10 File Edit View Search Logic Communications Tools Window Help 1 2 B B & NR R R R R - 🚜 🙀 💽 📝 💇 QQ - 🥪 RUN CK CK Energy Storage VO 1-0 Offline - \* Path: <none> No Forces 4 6 No Edits ■ \* + \ Favorites & Add-On & Safety & Alarms & Bit & T r X Input ut & Compare & troller Organizer • 4 × Controller Example Controller Tags Controller Fault Handler Power-Up Handler Tasks Alaxis
   AminTask
   AminTask
   AminTask
   Discheduled Program
   Unscheduled Programs / Phases
   Motion Groups
   Lo Ungrouped Axes
   Add-On Instructions Data Types Carl User-Defined Carl Strings Carl Add-On-Defined Module-Defined = 1756 Backplane, 1756-A7 10 1756-L71 Example
- After creating the project, Studio 5000 displays the Controller Organizer and workspace.

## 9.7.3 Create a Scanner

Next, add the 1756-EN2TR Ethernet/IP module, and then connect to the Ethernet/IP devices through the Ethernet/IP module.

## 9.7.3.1 Create a New Ethernet/IP Module

• Right-click 1756 Backplane 1756-A7 and then click New Module.



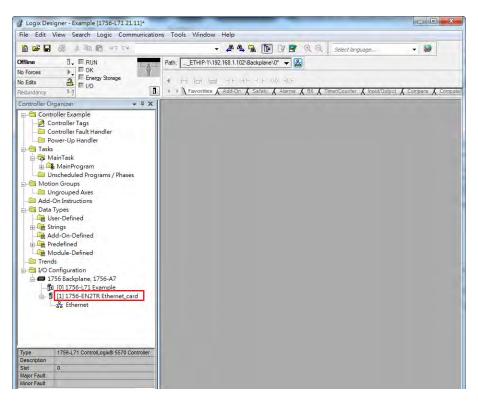
• Type **1756-EN2TR** in the filter field, click the **1756-EN2TR** module, and then click **Create**.

1756-EN2TR	Clear Filters		Show Filters 🗧 🌣
Catalog Number	Description	Vendor	Category
1756-EN2TR	1756 10/100 Mbps Ethemet Bridge, 2-Port, Twisted-Pa	Allen-Bradley	Communication

• Type the Name, IP address and other required information, and then click OK to add the EtherNet/IP module.

General* Con	nection F	RSNetWorx	Module Info	Internet Protocol	Port Configuration	Network	Time Sync	
Туре:	1756-E	V2TR 1756	10/100 Mbps I	Ethernet Bridge, 2-F	Port, Twisted-Pair M	edia	Change	Type +
Vendor:	Allen-Br	adley						attended of the second
Parent:	Local				Ethernet Address			
Name:	Etheme	et_card			Private Netw	ork: 1	92.168.1.	102 *
Description:	1			*	) IP Address:			
				-	) Host Name:			
Module Def	nition		_		Slot:	1 -		
Revision: Electronic K	aving :	5.1 Comp	atible Module	nange		1 -		
Connection		None						
Time Sync		11040						
	_							

• The new 1756-EN2TR module appears in the Controller Organizer tree.

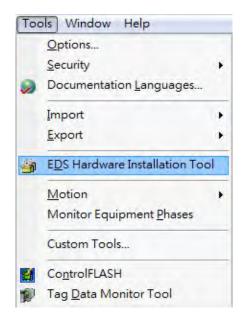


## 9.7.4 Connect to a Delta Adapter

This section provides an overview of connecting to a Delta Ethernet/IP Adapter with the Rockwell Automation software Studio 5000.

## 9.7.4.1 Import an EDS file

• In Studio 5000, on the Tools menu, click EDS Hardware Installation Tool.



• Select Register an EDS file(s) and click Next.

Option Wh	is task do you want to complete?
<b>L</b>	Register an EDS file(s). This option will add a device(s) to our database.
	C Umregister a device. This option will remove a device that has been registered by an EDS file from our database.
	Create an EDS file. This option creates a new EDS file that allows our software to recognize your device.
	C Upload EDS (ile(s) from the device: This option uploads and registers the EDS file(s) stored in the device.

• Select **Register a single file** and click **Browse** to find the EDS file to import.

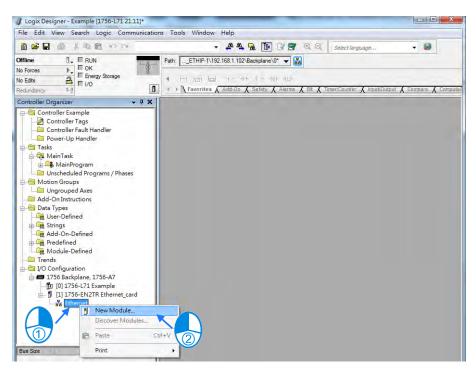
Registration Electronic Data Sheet file(s) will be Automation applications.	added to your system for t	use in Rockwell
<ul> <li>Register a single file</li> </ul>		
C Register a directory of EDS files	- Look in sub	folder.
Named:		
		Browse
*If there is an icon file (ico) w	rith the same name as the f	ile(s) vou are resistering
* If there is an icon file (ico) w then this image will be associate	rith the same name as the f d with the device.	ile(s) you are registering
*If there is an icon file (ico) w then this image will be associate		ile(s) you are registering on test on the file(s), click l

• Follow the instructions in the wizard and then click **Finish** to complete importing the EDS file.



## 9.7.4.2 Create an Adapter

• In Studio 5000, in the Controller Organizer under 1756-EN2TR, right-click Ethernet and then click New Module.



• Type the module number of the imported Delta EDS file in the filter field, click the Delta module, and then click **Create**.

CMC-EIP01	Cle	ear Filters Show Filters
Catalog Number CMC-EIP01_v02	Description. CMC-EIP01	Vendor Category Delta Electronics Communications

 Verify that the product name and IP address are the same as the information shown in the Module Definition section.

Type: CMC-EIP01_v02 CMC-EIP01 Vendor: Delta Electronics, Inc. Parent: Ethemet_card	
Name: CMCEIP01	Ethernet Address
Description:	Private Network: 192.168.1. 88     Private Network: 192.168.1. 88     Private Network: 192.168.1. 88     Private Network: 192.168.1. 88
Module Definition Revision: 1.6 Electronic Keying: Compatible Module Connections: 10 Connection	-
	Change

General* Cor Type: Vendor:	nection Module Info Internet Protocol CMC-EIP01_v02 CMC-EIP01 Delta Electronics, Inc.	
Parent: Name:	Ethemet_card CMCEIP01	Ethernet Address
Description:		Private Network: 192.168.1. 88
Module Def	inition	
Revision:	1.6	
Electronic I Connection		
		hange

• Click **Change** if you need to make a change to the module definition.

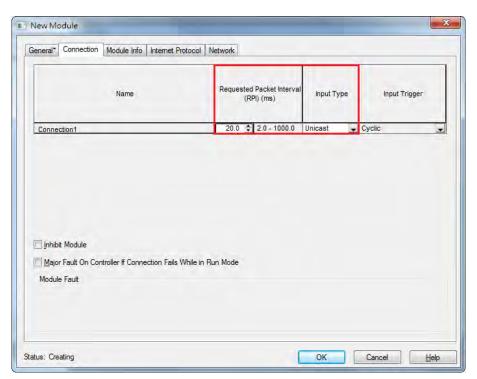
• Modify the module definition

1) Name: Click the arrow button to select a valid connection.

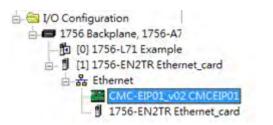
2) Size: Rockwell PLC supports maximum 500 bytes data size. (Data for input contains 2 bytes of Serial Number and for output contains 4 bytes 32-bit Run-idle header and 2 bytes of Serial Number.) If using AS300, you can set the maximum data length 498 SINT for input and 494 SINT for output.

nections:	1	Size		Tag S		
	Input:	64		Tay 3	CMCEIP01:11	
O Connection	Output:	64	SINT	1	CMCEIP01:01	
elect a connection	-					

% In general, there is no need to change the parameters from the imported EDS files which can usually be used without modification. In the New Module dialog box, click the Connection tab to modify the Requested Packet Interval and Input Type settings. The RPI uses the I/O connection to a Scanner to exchange data at regular intervals, and the units are micro-seconds. For Input Type select either Unicast or Multicast. The Input Type selections may vary for different products.



Click OK to create the adapter. The new Delta Adapter appears in the Controller Organizer tree.



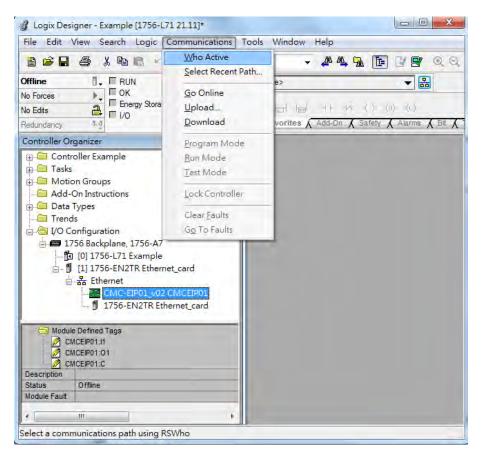
## 9.7.5 Editing Corresponding Addresses for AS300

Refer to section 9.8.5 Assembly Object for defaults of mapping address. Refer to section 9.7.7 on how to open Program TAG and modify the contents of TAG:C to edit the mapping addresses. Refer to section 9.8.5 Assembly Object for details on TAG:C.

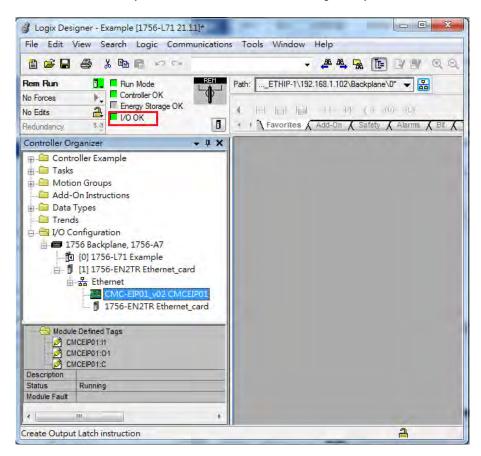
## 9.7.6 Download

The next step is to download the project to the PLC and go online.

In Studio 5000, on the Communications menu, click Who Active. To establish a connection, select the Scanner connected to the PC, and then on the Communications menu click Download.



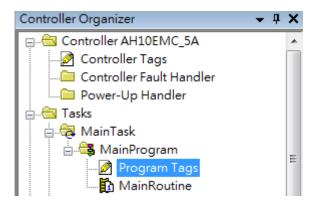
• After the connection is successfully established, the I/O status shows green by I/O OK.



## 9.7.7 Data Mapping

In the Controller Organizer, you can map data, including Configuration, Input and Output parameters. When you create a device I/O Configuration, the tags are added automatically.

Click Program TAGs to display the Tags window.



• Tags are listed in the **Name** column. Tag names begin with a product name and end with **C** or **I1** or **O1**, separated from the name by a colon (:), for example CMCEIP01:C, CMCEIP01:I1, and CMCEIP01:O1.

+: CMCEIP01C         Read/Wite         Image: Control of the state o	Name	- B -	Alias For	Base Tag	Data Type	Description	External Access	Constant	Style	
+ CMCEIP01-01031F.CMC_EIP Read/Write	±-CMCEIP01:C				_031F:CMC_EIP	1	Read/Write		1	
	+-CMCEIP01:I1				_031F:CMC_EIP		Read/Write			
	±-CMCEIP01:01				_031F:CMC_EIP		Read/Write			

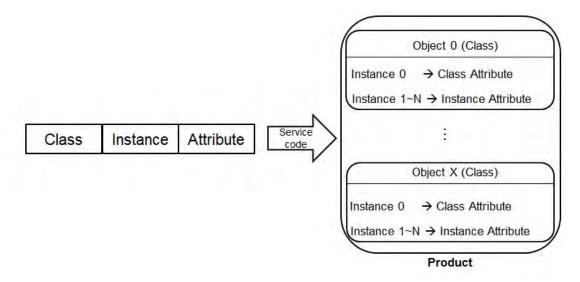
- Tag name : C indicates the tag contains information from the Adapter EDS file, including Input and Output parameters. You can edit these parameters in Studio 5000.
- Tag name : I1 indicates that the mapping starts from TAG : I1[0], and is mapped to the first parameters of the Adapter output. The length is the output length provided by the Adapter.
- Tag name: O1, indicates that the mapping starts from TAG : O1[0], and is mapped to the first parameters of the Adapter Input. The length is the input length provided by the Adapter.

175	RA EIP Scanner 56-L71+1756-EN2TR	EtherNet/IP	Delta Adapter VFD-C2000	
	Tag:I1[0]		Parameter_0	
	Tag:I1[1]	•	Parameter_1	
Tag:I1	:		:	Adapter Output
	Tag:I1[31]	•	Parameter_31	
	Tag:O1[0]		Parameter_0	
	Tag:O1[1]		Parameter_1	
Tag:O1	÷		÷	Adapter Input
	Tag:O1[31]		Parameter_31	

# 9.8 CIP Object

# 9.8.1 Object List

CIP requires objects (groups of related data and behaviors associated with this data) to describe a device, how it functions, communicates, and to define its unique identity. Objects can be further defined by Class (a set of objects representing the same type of system), Instance (a copy of an object), and Attribute (data values). An object's instance and class have attributes, providing services and implementing behaviors. Instance 0 contains the basic information for every object, that is: version and length. Instance 1–N contains parameters for creating connections. You can get product parameters from the supported service code through objects.



The supported EtherNet/IP objects are listed in the following table. Refer to Section 9.8.2 for the data type definitions. Refer to Section 9.8.3 for object contents. Refer to Section 9.5 for object reading and writing.

Object Name	Function	Class ID
Identity Object	Provides identification of general information about the device.	1 (H'01)
Message Router Object	Provides a messaging connection point through which a client can address a service to any object class or instance residing in the physical device.	2 (H'02)
Assembly Object	Binds attributes of multiple objects, which allows data to or from each object to be sent or received over a single connection and can be used to bind input data or output data.	4 (H'04)
Connection Manager Object		
Port Object	Describes the communication interfaces that are present on the device and visible to CIP, including USB, Ethernet/IP and more.	244 (H'F4)
TCP/IP Interface Object	Provides the mechanism to configure a device's TCP/IP	245 (H'F5)

Object Name	Function	Class ID
	network interface; examples of configurable items include the	
	device's IP Address, Network Mask, and Gateway Address.	
Ethernet Link Object	Maintains link-specific counters and status information for an	246 (H'F6)
	IEEE 802.3 communications interface.	240 (1170)
X Register	Bit/Word Register	848 ( H'350 )
Y Register	Bit/Word Register	849(H'351)
D Register	Bit/Word Register	850 ( H'352 )
M Register	Bit Register	851(H'353)
S Register	Bit Register	852(H'354)
T Register	Bit/Word Register	853 ( H'355 )
C Register	Bit/Word Register	854 ( H'356 )
HC Register	HC Register Bit/Word Register	
SM Register	SM Register Bit Register	
SR Register	Word Register	857 ( H'359 )

# 9.8.2 Data Type

This section provides an overview of the data types supported by objects.

Data Type					De	scrip	tion	Description									
BOOL	False(H'00	) or True	(H'01)														
	SINT(1 byte), INT(2 bytes), DINT(4 bytes), LINT(8 bytes)																
	Number	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th	7tl	h	8th							
	SINT	0LSB															
	INT	0LSB	1LSB														
SIGNED	DINT	0LSB	1LSB	2LSB	3LSB												
INTEGER	LINT	LINT OLSB 11			3LSB	4LS	B 5LSB	6LS	SB	7LSB							
	Example: [	Example: DINT value = H'12345678															
	Numbe	ər	1st		2nd		3rd		4th								
	DINT		78		56		34		12								

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Data Type					Descri	ptic	on						
	USINT(1 by	rte), UINT(	2 bytes), L	JDINT(4 b	ytes), L	JLIN	IT(8 bytes	;)					
UNSIGNED	Ex: UDINT	value = H'	AABBCCD	D									
INTEGER	Numbe		1st	2n	d		3rd			4th			
			DD CC		2		BB			AA			
	ASCII COD	ES, 1 or 2	bytes/wor	ds									
	STRING: 2	bytes char	acter cour	nt + 1 byte	charad	ter							
		Conte	ents (Char	count)			Contents	(Str	ing cor	ntents	5)		
	STRING	04		00	4D		69		6C		6	С	
STRING	STRING2: 2	STRING2: 2 bytes character count + 2 byte character											
ontino		Conte			Contents	(Str	ing cor	itents	)				
	STRING2	04		00	4D	00	69 (	00	6C	00	6C	00	
	SHORT_ST	SHORT_STRING: 1 bytes character count + 1 byte character											
		Conte	Contents (Char count)			Contents (String contents)							
	STRING		04		4D 69 6C 6C				SC				
	BYTE (1 by	-				(4 bytes), LWORD (8 by							
		1st	2nd	3rd	4th		5th	61	th	7th		8th	
Fixed LENGTH BIT STRING	Byte WORD	70 70	158										_
	DWORD	70	158	2316	31	24							-
	LWORD	70	158	2316	31		3932	4	740	55.	48	6356	
	A single stri	ng consist	s of multip	le languaç	je repre	eser	ntation						
	Na	me	Dat	а Туре				N	leaning	3			
	Nun	nber	U	SINT	The strir		mber of in	tern	ational	ized	chara	cter	
STRINGI	Stri	ngs		ay of: uct of:			f individua	al int	ternatio	onaliz	ed cha	aracter	
	Langua	geChar1	U	SINT		strings The first ASCII character of the ISO 639-2/T language							

Data Type				D	escr	iption					
	Languaç	jeChar2	US	INT		e seconc guage	ASCI	charact	er of the	e ISO 639-2/T	
	Languag	jeChar3	US	INT		e third As guage	SCII ch	aracter	of the IS	SO 639-2/T	
	CharStri	CharStringStruct USINT The structure of the character st USINT (STRING), 0xD5 (STRING2), 0x and 0xDA (SHORT_STRING)				value 0> 62), 0xD	)xD0				
	Cha	rSet	UI	The character set which the character stringUINTbased on which comes from IANA MIB PrintCode (RFC 1759).				Ū I			
	Internatio	nal String		ned in ingStruct							
	ISO 639-2/T language:										
	Language First Character Second Character			Thir	d Character						
	Eng	glish	е			n				G	
	Fre	nch		f		r p				е	
	Spa	nish		S						а	
	Ita	lian		i			t			а	
	STRUCT of Ex.: STRUC	-	-		RUE	. H'1234	. H'56 <sup>-</sup>	789ABC	}	·	
STRUCT		1st	2nd	3rd	4t		ōth	6th	7tł	ı	
	Byte	01	34	12	BC	<b>C</b>	9A	78	56	;	
	Array of: Co Ex.: ARRAY	-									
ARRAY	Number	1st	2nd	3rd		4th	5tl	n	6th		
	Array	01	00	02	00 03			00			
EPATH	another obj	Array010002000300A path that consists of multiple segments and references the class, instance and attribute of another object.Example : Identity Object, Instance attribute 5 = " 20 01 24 01 30 05 "									

# 9.8.3 Identity Object (Class ID: 01 Hex)

This object stores identity information that consists of the Vendor ID, Device Type, Product Code and Major Revision for your device.

Service Code

Service	Service Name	Att	ribute	Description	
code	Service Name	Service Name Class Attribute		- Description	
H'01	Get_Attributes_All	х	V	Read all attributes	
H'05	Reset	Х	V	Resets the drive to the start-up state.	
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	V	V	Read one attribute	

- Class
  - Class ID: H'01
- Instance
  - H'00: Class Attribute
  - H'01: Instance Attribute
  - When Instance = 0, the Class Attributes are listed below.

Class Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'01	Revision	Get	UINT	H'1	Revision of this object
H'02	Max Instance	Get	UINT	H'1	Maximum instance number of this object
H'03	Number of Instance	Get	UINT	H'1	Number of object instances currently created at this class level of the device

• When Instance = 0, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'01	Vendor ID	Get	UINT	H'31F	Delta Electronics, Inc.
H'02	Device Type	Get	UINT	H'0C	Communication Adapter

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'03	Product Code	Get	UINT	H'4000	Product Code
	Revision		STRUCT		Revision of this device: Major / Minor
H'04	Major Revision	Get	USINT	H'01	Major Revision Range: H'01–H'7F
	Minor Revision		USINT	H'01	Minor Revision Range: H'01–H'FF
H'05	Status	Get	WORD	H'00	Status, refer to the following *1 table
H'06	Serial Number	Get	UDINT	H'abcd	The last 4 characters of the MAC address, ab:cd
H'07	Product Name	Get	STRING	"AS300T"	The maximum length of a product name is 32 characters.

## \*1 Status Description (H'05)

Bit (s)	Name	Description	
		Does the device has an owner connection?.	
0	Owned	0: No	
		1: Yes	
1	Reserved	0 · Always OFF	
		Is the device configured?	
2	Configured	0: No	
		1: Yes	
3	Reserved	0 · Always OFF	
		0: Self-testing	
		1: Firmware update	
		2: At least one faulted I/O connection	
		3: No I/O connections established	
4-7	Extended Device Status	4: Non-volatile configuration error	
		5: Major fault	
		6: At least one I/O connection in run mode	
		7: At least one I/O connection established, all in idle	
		mode.	
		8-15: Reserved	

Bit (s)	Name	Description
8	Minor Recoverable Fault	0: No minor recoverable fault detected
0		1: Minor recoverable fault detected
	Miner Henressen hie Fruit	0: No minor unrecoverable fault detected
9	Minor Unrecoverable Fault	1: Minor unrecoverable fault detected
		0: No major recoverable fault detected
10	Major Recoverable Fault	1: Major recoverable fault detected
	· · · · · · · · · · · ·	0: No major unrecoverable fault detected
11	Major Unrecoverable Fault	1: Major unrecoverable fault detected

# 9.8.4 Message Router Object (Class ID: 02 Hex)

This object provides a messaging connection point through which a client may address a service to any object class or instance residing in the physical device.

Service Code

	Service Service Name Code		Su	oport	Description
			Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
	H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	V	V	Read a single attribute

- Class
  - Class ID: H'02
- Instance
  - H'00: Class Attribute
  - H'01: Instance Attribute
  - When Instance = 0, the Class Attributes are listed below.

Class Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'01	Revision	Get	UINT	H'01	Revision of this object

When Instance = 0, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'02	Number Available	Get	UINT	H'0	The maximum number of connections

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'03	Number Active	Get	UINT	H'0	The number of connected connections

# 9.8.5 Assembly Object (Class ID: 04 Hex)

This object binds attributes of multiple objects, which allows data to or from each object to be sent or received over a single connection and can be used to bind input data or output data.

Service Code

Service	Service Name	Sup	port	Description
Code	Service Maine	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	V	V	Read a single attribute
H'10	Set_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Edit a single attribute

- Class
  - Class ID : H'04
- Instance
  - H'00 : Class Attribute
  - H'64 : I/O Connection Output 1
  - H'65 : I/O Connection Input 1
  - H'66 : I/O Connection Output 2
  - H'67 : I/O Connection Input 2
  - H'72 : I/O Connection Output 8
  - H'73 : I/O Connection Input 8
  - H'74-H'7A Reserved
  - H'80 : Configuration 1
  - H'81 : Configuration 2
  - H'87 : Configuration 8
  - H'C: Listen-Only Connection Number

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Class Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'01	Revision	Get	UINT	H'2	Revision of this object
H'02	Max Instance	Get	UINT	H'C7	The maximum number of instances

When Instance = 0, the Class Attributes are listed below.

• When Instance = 64–87, the Instance Attributes are listed below. (Length of input and output is editable. The maximum length is 250 words; supports only even bytes)

I/O Message Connection					
Connection No.	Function	Instance Attribute	Length		
	Input (T→O)	0x65	D1000~D1099		
Connection 1	Output (O→T)	0x64	D0~D99		
	Configuration	0x80	Refer to the table below		
	Input (T→O)	0x67	D1100~D1199		
Connection 2	Output (O→T)	0x66	D100~D199		
	Configuration	0x81	Refer to the table below		
	Input (T→O)	0x69	D1200~D1299		
Connection 3	Output (O→T)	0x68	D200~D299		
	Configuration	0x82	Refer to the table below		
	Input (T→O)	0x6B	D1300~D1399		
Connection 4	Output (O→T)	0x6A	D300~D399		
	Configuration	0x83	Refer to the table below		
	Input (T→O)	0x6D	D1400~D1499		
Connection 5	Output (O→T)	0x6C	D400~D499		
	Configuration	0x84	Refer to the table below		
	Input (T→O)	0x6F	D1500~D1599		
Connection 6	Output (O→T)	0x6E	D500~D599		
	Configuration	0x85	Refer to the table below		
<b>0</b>	Input (T→O)	0x71	D1600~D1699		
Connection 7	Output (O→T)	0x70	D600~D699		

	Configuration	0x86	Refer to the table below
	Input (T→O)	0x73	D1700~D1799
Connection 8	Output (O→T)	0x72	D700~D799
	Configuration	0x87	Refer to the table below

Configure the contents of input and output to edit the mapping address.

Configuration	Data Type	Contents	Defaults
Address	Data Type	Contents	(Connection 1)
Word[0]	UINT	Input corresponding element	0
word[0]	UNI	0: D, 1:X, 2: Y	0
Word[1]	UINT	Reserved	200
Word[2-3]	DWORD	Input corresponding element number	1000
Word[4]	UINT	Output corresponding element	0
Word[4]	UNI	0: D, 2: Y	0
Word[5]	UINT	Reserved	200
Word[6-7]	DWORD	Output corresponding element number	0

# 9.8.6 Connection Manager Object (Class ID: 06 Hex)

Use this object for connection and connectionless communications, including establishing connections across multiple subnets.

Service Code

Service	Service Name	Su	pport	Description
Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	V	х	Read a single attribute
H'4E	Forward_Close	Х	V	Close a connection
H'54	Forward_Open	Х	V	Open a connection; the maximum data size is 511 bytes.

Class

Class ID : H'06

### • Instance

- H'00 : Class Attribute
- H'01 : Instance Attribute
- When Instance = 0, the Class Attributes are listed below.

Class Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'01	Revision	Get	UINT	1	Revision of this object
H'02	Max Instance	Get	UINT	1	Maximum instance number of this object

• When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'01	Open Requests	Get	UINT	H'0	Number of Forward Open service requests received.
H'02	Open Format Rejects	Get	UINT	H'0	Number of Forward Open service requests that were rejected due to bad format.
H'03	Open Resources Rejects	Get	UINT	H'0	Number of Forward Open service requests that were rejected due to lack of resources.
H'04	Open Other Rejects	Get	STRUCT	H'0	Number of Forward Open service requests that were rejected for reasons other than bad format or lack of resources.
H'05	Close Requests	Get	WORD	H'0	Number of Forward Close service requests received.
H'06	Close Format Rejects	Get	UDINT	H'0	Number of Forward Close service requests that were rejected due to bad format.

Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'07	Close Other Rejects	Get	STRING	H'0	Number of Forward Close service requests that were rejected for reasons other than bad format.
H'08	Connection Timeouts	Get	UINT	H'0	Total number of connection timeouts that have occurred in connections controlled by this Connection Manager.

## 9.8.7 Port Object (Class ID: F4 Hex)

This section describes the communication interfaces that are present on the device and visible to CIP, including USB, EtherNet/IP and more.

Service Code

Service	Service Name	Su	pport	Description
Code	Service Maine	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'01	Get_Attributes_All	Х	V	Returns a predefined listing of this objects' attributes
H'0E	Set_Attribute_Single	V	V	Returns the contents of the specified attribute.

- Class
  - Class ID : H'F4

#### Instance

- H'00 : Class Attribute
- H'01 : Instance Attribute
- H'N: Instance #N Attribute, the number of the Ethernet port
- When Instance = 0, the Class Attributes are listed below.

Class Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'01	Revision	Get	UINT	1	Revision of this object
H'02	Max Instance	Get	UINT	1	Maximum instance number of this object
H'03	Number of Instance	Get	UINT	1	Number of object instances currently created at this class level of the device
H'08	Entry Port	Get	UINT	1	Communication port for EtherNet/IP
	Port Instance Info		ARRAY of STRUCT of		Port Instance information: Port Type + Port Number
H'09	Port Type	Get	UINT	H'04	EtherNet/IP, refer to the following *1
	Port Number		UINT	H'01	Identifies each communication port

• When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'01	Port Type	Get	UINT	H'04	EtherNet/IP, refer to the following *1
H'02	Port Number	Get	UINT	H'01	Identifies each communication port
	Link Object	Get	STRUCT of		Identifies Object attached to this port. Path length + Link Path
H'03	Path Length		UINT		Path length
	Link Path		EPATH		Path segment
H'04	Port Name	Get	SHORT_ STRING	EIP1	Name of the communication port
H'07	Port Number and Node Address	Get	EPATH	01 01	Communication port number and node number of this device on port.

Communication Port Type	Description
1	Self-defined
2	ControlNet
3	ControlNet Redundant
4	EtherNet/IP
5	DeviceNet
201	Modbus/TCP
203	SERCOS III

#### \*1 Communication Port Type

# 9.8.8 TCP/IP Interface Object (Class ID: F5 Hex)

This object provides the mechanism to configure a device's TCP/IP network interface. Examples of configurable items include the device's IP Address, Network Mask, and Gateway Address.

Service Code

Service	Service Name	Sup	port	Description
Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'01	Get_Attributes_All	х	V	Read all attributes
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	V	V	Read one attribute
H'10	Set_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Write one attribute

- Class
  - Class ID = H'F5
- Instance
  - H'00 : Class Attribute
  - H'01 : Instance Attribute
  - H'N: Instance #N Attribute, number of IP addresses that the device supported
  - When Instance = 0, the Class Attributes are listed below.

Class Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'01	Revision	Get	UINT	H'2	Revision of this object
H'02	Max Instance	Get	UINT	H'2	Maximum instance number of this object
H'03	Number of Instance	Get	UINT	H'2	Number of object instances currently created at this class level of the device

• When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'01	Status	Get	DWORD	H'2	IP status, refer to the following *1
H'02	Configuration Capability	Get	DWORD	H'15	Configuration capability, refer to the following *2
H'03	Configuration Control	Get/Set	DWORD	H'0	Configuration Control, refer to the following *3
	Physical Link Object :		STRUCT of		Path to physical link object
H'04	Path Size	Get	UINT	H'0	Size of Path
	Path	-	EPATH		Logical segments identifying the physical link object
	Interface Configuration :	Get/Set	STRUCT of		TCP/IP network interface configuration.
	IP Address		UDINT	H'C0A80005	The device's IP address; 192.168.1.5
H'05	Network Mask		UDINT	H'FFFFFF00	The device's network mask: 255.255.255.0
	Gateway Address		UDINT	H'C0A80001	Default gateway address: 192.168.0.1
	Name Server		UDINT	0	Primary name server
	Name Server 2		UDINT	0	Secondary name server
	Domain Name		STRING	00 00	Default domain name

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'06	Host Name	Get/Set	STRING	AS300T	Device name
H'13	Encapsulation	Get/Set	UINT	120	EIP device active connection time;
H'13	Inactivity Timeout	Get/Set	UINT	120	unit:0-3600 seconds

#### \*1 Interface Status

Status	Description
0	The Interface Configuration attribute has not been configured.
1	The Interface Configuration attribute contains valid configuration obtained from BOOTP, DHCP or non- volatile memory.
2	The Interface Configuration attribute contains valid configuration obtained from hardware.

## \*2 Interface Capability Flags

Bit	Description
0	BOOTP Client
1	DNS Client
2	DHCP Client
3	DHCP-DNS Update
4	Configuration Settable
5	Hardware Configurable
6	Interface Configuration Change Requires Reset

## \*3 Interface Configuration Control

Status	Description							
0	The device uses the interface configuration values previously stored (for example, in non-volatile memory or through hardware switches).							
1	The device obtains its interface configuration values through BOOTP.							
2	The device obtains its interface configuration values through DHCP on start-up.							

# 9.8.9 Ethernet Link Object (Class ID: F6 Hex)

This object maintains link-specific counters and status information for an IEEE 802.3 communications interface.

Service Code

Service	Service Name	Suj	oport	Description
Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'01	Get_Attributes_All	х	V	Read all attributes
H'0E	Get_Attributes_Single	V	V	Read one attribute

- Class
  - Class ID: H'F6
- Instance
  - H'00: Class Attribute
  - H'01: Instance Attribute
  - H'N: Instance #N Attribute, the number of the Ethernet port
  - When Instance = 0, the Class Attributes are listed below.

Class Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'01	Revision	Get	UINT	H'03	Revision of this object
H'02	Max Instance	Get	UINT	H'021	Maximum instance number of this object
H'03	Number of Instance	Get	UINT	H'01	Number of object instances currently created at this class level of the device

• When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'01	Interface Speed	Get	DWORD	H'64	Interface speed currently in use 10(H'0A), 100(H'64), 1000(H'3E8) Mbps
H'02	Interface Flags	Get	DWORD	H'F	Ethernet port status, refer to the following *1
H'03	Physical Address	Get	ARRAY of 6 USINTs	By Product	MAC address
	Interface Label		SHORT_S TRING	NA	Define the name of the Ethernet port For example: for port 1, the definition of the name in string is 01 31.
H'0A	Length	Get	USINT	NA	The maximum length of the name is 16 words.
	Interface name		SHORT_S TRING	NA	Use ASCII characters to name the Ethernet port name.
	Interface Capability		STRUCT of:		Ethernet interface capability bits table *2
	Capability Bits		DWORD	H'0000000 7	Ethernet interface capability bits definition
	Speed/Duplex Options		STRUCT of:		Ethernet interface capability speed & duplex option definition
LI'OD	Speed/Duplex Array Count	Cot	USINT	H'04	Ethernet interface capability speed & duplex array count
H'0B	Speed/Duplex Array	Get	ARRAY of STRUCT of:		Ethernet interface capability speed & duplex array contents
	Interface Speed		UINT	NA	Ethernet interface speed; ex: H'0A: 10 bps and H'64: 100 bps
	Interface Duplex Mode		USINT	NA	Ethernet interface duplex mode; H'00: duplex mode and H'01: full duplex mode

### \*1 Interface Flag Table

Bit (s)	Name	Description		
0	Link Status	0 indicates an inactive link		
0	LINK Status	1 indicates an active link		
1		0 indicates half duplex		
	Half/Full Duplex	1 indicates full duplex		
		0 : Auto-negotiation in progress		
	2-4 Negotiation Status	1 : Auto-negotiation and speed detection failed		
2-4		2 : Auto negotiation failed but detected speed		
		3 : Successfully negotiated speed and duplex		
		4 : Auto-negotiation not attempted. Forced speed and duplex.		
5	Manual Setting Requires Reset	Set to zero		
		0: the interface detects no local hardware fault		
6	Local Hardware Fault	1: a local hardware fault is detected		
7-31	Reserved	0		

#### %2 Interface Capability Bits

Bits	Item	Description
0	Manual Setting Requires Reset	<ul><li>Indicates if the device requires a reset when instance attribute #6 (Interface Control attribute) changes.</li><li>0 indicates the device does not require a reset</li><li>1 indicates the device requires a rest</li></ul>
1	Auto-negotiate	<ul><li>0 indicates the interface does not support auto-negotiation</li><li>1 indicates the interface supports auto-negotiation</li></ul>
2	Auto-MDIX	0 indicates the interface does not support auto MDIX operation 1 indicates the interface supports auto MDIX operation
3	Manual Speed/Duplex	<ul><li>0 indicates the interface does not support speed/duplex setting.</li><li>(Instance attribute #6, Interface Control attribute)</li><li>1 indicates the interface supports speed/duplex setting</li></ul>
4-31	Reserved	Should be 0

# 9.8.10 X Register (Class ID: 350 Hex)

#### Service Code

		Sup	oport	
Service Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	х	V	Read one attribute
H'32	Read_Parameter	Х	V	Read Parameter

- Class
  - Class ID : H'350

#### Instance

- H'01 : Instance Attribute, Bit Register
- H'02 : Instance Attribute, Word Register
- When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	X0.0	Get	BOOL	H'00	X0.0 bit register
H'01	X0.1	Get	BOOL	H'00	X0.1 bit register
H'02-H'03FE	X0.2-X63.14	Get	BOOL	H'00	X0.2 -X63.14 bit register
H'3FF	X63.15	Get	BOOL	H'00	X63.15 bit register

• When Instance = 2, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	X0	Get	INT	H'00	X0 word register
H'01	X1	Get	INT	H'00	X1 word register
H'02-H'3E	X2-X62	Get	INT	H'00	X2-X62 word register
H'3F	X63	Get	INT	H'00	X63 word register

# 9.8.11 Y Register (Class ID: 351 Hex)

#### Service Code

		Sup	oport	
Service Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	х	V	Read one attribute
H'10	Set_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Write one attribute
H'32	Read_Parameter	х	V	Read Parameter
H'33	Write_Parameter	Х	V	Write Parameter

#### Class

Class ID : H'351

#### Instance

- H'01 : Instance Attribute, Bit Register
- H'02 : Instance Attribute, Word Register
- When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	Y0.0	Set	BOOL	H'00	Y0.0 bit register
H'01	Y0.1	Set	BOOL	H'00	Y0.1 bit register
H'02-H'03FE	Y0.2-Y63.14	Set	BOOL	H'00	Y0.2-Y63.14 bit register
H'3FF	Y63.15	Set	BOOL	H'00	Y63.15 bit register

• When Instance = 2, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	Y0	Set	INT	H'00	Y0 word register
H'01	Y1	Set	INT	H'00	Y1 word register
H'02-H'3E	Y2-Y62	Set	INT	H'00	Y2-Y62 word register
H'3F	Y63	Set	INT	H'00	Y63 word register

# 9.8.12 D Register (Class ID: 352 Hex)

Service Code

		Sup	oport	
Service Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Read one attribute
H'10	Set_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Write one attribute
H'32	Read_Parameter	Х	V	Read Parameter
H'33	Write_Parameter	Х	V	Write Parameter

#### Class

- Class ID : H'352
- Instance
  - H'01 : Instance Attribute, Bit Register
  - H'02 : Instance Attribute, Word Register
  - When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	D0.0	Set	INT	H'00	D0.0 bit register
H'01	D0.1	Set	INT	H'00	D0.1 bit register
H'02-H'752FE	D0.2-D29999.14	Set	INT	H'00	D0.2-D29999.14 bit register
H'752FF	D29999.15	Set	INT	H'00	D29999.15 bit register

• When Instance = 2, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	D0	Set	INT	H'00	D0 word register
H'01	D1	Set	INT	H'00	D1 word register
H'02-H'752E	D2-D29998	Set	INT	H'00	D2-D29998 word register
H'752F	D29999	Set	INT	H'00	D29999 word register

# 9.8.13 M Register (Class ID: 353 Hex)

### Service Code

			oport	
Service Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	х	V	Read one attribute
H'10	Set_Attribute_Single	х	V	Write one attribute
H'32	Read_Parameter	х	V	Read Parameter
H'33	Write_Parameter	Х	V	Write Parameter

#### Class

- Class ID : H'353
- Instance
  - H'01 : Instance Attribute, Bit Register
  - When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	МО	Set	BOOL	H'00	M0 bit register
H'01	M1	Set	BOOL	H'00	M1 bit register
H'02-H'1FFE	M2-M8190	Set	BOOL	H'00	M2-M8190 bit register
H'1FFF	M8191	Set	BOOL	H'00	M8191 bit register

# 9.8.14 S Register (Class ID: 354 Hex)

Service Code

		Sup	oport	
Service Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Read one attribute

H'10	Set_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Write one attribute
H'32	Read_Parameter	Х	V	Read Parameter
H'33	Write_Parameter	Х	V	Write Parameter

Class

- Class ID : H'354
- Instance
  - H'01 : Instance Attribute, Bit Register
  - When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	SO	Set	BOOL	H'00	S0 bit register
H'01	S1	Set	BOOL	H'00	S1 bit register
H'02-H'7FE	S2-S2046	Set	BOOL	H'00	S2-S2046 bit register
H'7FF	S2047	Set	BOOL	H'00	S2047 bit register

# 9.8.15 T Register (Class ID: 355 Hex)

Service Code

		Sup	oport	
Service Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Read one attribute
H'10	Set_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Write one attribute
H'32	Read_Parameter	Х	V	Read Parameter
H'33	Write_Parameter	Х	V	Write Parameter

- Class
  - Class ID : H'355

### • Instance

- H'01 : Instance Attribute, Bit Register
- H'02 : Instance Attribute, Word Register
- When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	то	Set	BOOL	H'00	T0 bit register
H'01	T1	Set	BOOL	H'00	T1 bit register
H'02-H'1FE	T2-T510	Set	BOOL	H'00	T2-T510 bit register
H'1FF	T511	Set	BOOL	H'00	T511 bit register

• When Instance = 2, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	то	Set	INT	H'00	T0 word register
H'01	T1	Set	INT	H'00	T1 word register
H'02-H'1FE	T2-T510	Set	INT	H'00	T2-T510 word register
H'1FF	T511	Set	INT	H'00	T511 word register

# 9.8.16 C Register (Class ID: 356 Hex)

Service Code

		Sup	oport	
Service Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Read one attribute
H'10	Set_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Write one attribute
H'32	Read_Parameter	Х	V	Read Parameter
H'33	Write_Parameter	х	V	Write Parameter

### Class

• Class ID : H'356

### Instance

- H'01 : Instance Attribute, Bit Register
- H'02 : Instance Attribute, Word Register
- When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	CO	Set	BOOL	H'00	C0 bit register
H'01	C1	Set	BOOL	H'00	C1 bit register
H'02-H'1FE	C2-C510	Set	BOOL	H'00	C2-C510 bit register
H'1FF	C511	Set	BOOL	H'00	C511 bit register

• When Instance = 2, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	CO	Set	INT	H'00	C0 word register
H'01	C1	Set	INT	H'00	C1 word register
H'02-H'1FE	C2-C510	Set	INT	H'00	C2-C510 word register
H'1FF	C511	Set	INT	H'00	C511 word register

# 9.8.17 HC Register (Class ID: 357 Hex)

Service Code

		Sup	oport	
Service Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Read one attribute
H'10	Set_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Write one attribute
H'32	Read_Parameter	Х	V	Read Parameter
H'33	Write_Parameter	Х	V	Write Parameter

Class

Class ID : H'357

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- Instance
  - H'01 : Instance Attribute, Bit Register
  - H'02 : Instance Attribute, Word Register
  - When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description	
H'00	HC0	Set	BOOL	H'00	HC0 bit register	
H'01	HC1	Set	BOOL	H'00	HC1 bit register	
H'02-H'FE	HC2-HC254	Set	BOOL	H'00	HC2-HC254 bit register	
H'FF	HC255	Set	BOOL	H'00	HC255 bit register	

• When Instance = 2, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description	
H'00	HC0	Set	DINT	H'00	HC0 word register	
H'01	HC1	Set	DINT	H'00	HC1 word register	
H'02-H'FE	HC2-HC254	Set	DINT	H'00	HC2-HC254 word register	
H'FF	HC255	Set	DINT	H'00	HC255 word register	

# 9.8.18 SM Register (Class ID: 358 Hex)

Service Code

		Sup	oport	
Service Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Read one attribute
H'10	Set_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Write one attribute
H'32	Read_Parameter	Х	V	Read Parameter
H'33	Write_Parameter	Х	V	Write Parameter

### Class

• Class ID : H'358

### • Instance

- H'01 : Instance Attribute, Bit Register
- When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description	
H'00	SM0	Set	BOOL	H'00	SM0 bit register	
H'01	SM1	Set	BOOL	H'00	SM1 bit register	
H'02-H'FFE	SM2-SM4094	Set	BOOL	H'00	SM2-SM4094 bit register	
H'FFF	SM4095	Set	BOOL	H'00	SM4095 bit register	

# 9.8.19 SR Register (Class ID: 359 Hex)

Service Code

		Sup	oport	
Service Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Read one attribute
H'10	Set_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Write one attribute
H'32	Read_Parameter	Х	V	Read Parameter
H'33	Write_Parameter	Х	V	Write Parameter

- Class
  - Class ID : H'359

#### • Instance

- H'01 : Instance Attribute, Bit Register
- When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	SR0	Set	INT	H'00	SR0 word register

H'01	SR1	Set	INT	H'00	SR1 word register
H'02-H'7FE	SR2-SR2046	Set	INT	H'00	SR2-SR2046 word register
H'7FF	SR2047	Set	INT	H'00	SR2047 word register

# 9.9 Delta EIP Product List

### 9.9.1 Delta EIP Products

Positioning	Product	Firmware Version
	AHCPU511-EN, AHCPU521-EN, AHCPU531-EN	V2.00
	AH10EN-5A	V2.00
Mid-range	AHRTU-ETHN-5A	V1.00
PLC	AH10EMC-5A	V1.00
	AS300 Series	V1.00
	AS200 Series	V1.00
Small PLC	DVP-ES2-E Series	V1.00
lauratan	VFD-MS300 Series (CMM-EIP01 Communication Card)	V3.60
Inverter	VFD-C2000 Series (CMC-EIP01 Communication Card)	V1.06

# 9.9.2 Delta EIP Products, DLR (Device Level Ring) supported

Positioning	Product	Firmware Version
Mid-range	AH10EN-5A	V2.00
PLC	AHRTU-ETHN-5A	V1.00

# 9.9.3 Delta EIP Products, Scanner supported

Positioning	Product	Firmware Version
Mid-range	AHCPU511-EN, AHCPU521-EN, AHCPU531-EN	V2.00
PLC	AH10EN-5A	V2.00
Small PLC	AS Series	V1.00

# 9.10 Operation and Monitor on the Web

# 9.10.1 Getting Started

You can enter AS Series PLC IP address in the search bar of your browser to connect to your device. After that you can set up and monitor AS Series PLC.

# 9.10.1.1 Exploring the webpage

After connected to the module, you can see the AS300 webpage with 5 sections as the image shown below.

	Automation for A	A Changing World	Banner	AS300
User Admin Password Logout Login Device information - Device information - Device information - Device information - Data monitor setup - Diagnose attus - Data monitor setup - Diagnose attus - Data Configuration - Save Configuration	Device informati Device name Device description Firmware version IP address MAC address Serial number	ON AS332P V01.04.30.00 192.168.15 00.182.213.34.96 AS332P-AW16280001	Context	
			Bottom	Copyright © Delta Electronics, Inc. All Rights Reserved http://www.deltaww.com

**Descriptions:** 

Section	Contents
Banner	Delta logo and the name of the connected device
Login	Username and password
Menu	Sitemap is shown in tree diagram. (The menu shows data based on the permission of the current user.)
Context	Main contents; click an item on the menu section, its content appears here.
Bottom	Copyright information and Delta webpage information

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# 9.10.1.2 Using the Webpage

List of browsers that support AS300 webpage:

Provider	Browser	Supported versions
Microsoft	Internet Explorer	V10.0 and later
Microsoft	Edge	V20 and later
Google	Chrome	V14 and later
Mozilla	Firefox	V17 and later
Apple	Safari	V5.1 and later

#### • Operation Steps:

a. Open your browser, enter AS300 PLC IP address in the search bar to connect to AS300 PLC.

← → ○ ☆	× + × 192.168.1.5	Changing World
User	Device information	on
Password	Device name	AS332T
Login	Device description	AS300_PSJ_0
🗄 🗁 lafa maallaa	Firmware version	V01.04.80.00
Information Device information	IP address	192.168.1.5
	MAC address	00:18:23:13:43:db
	Serial number	AS332T-AW15500012
	Serial number	AS332T-AW15500012

b. After the webpage appears, enter "Admin" in the User section and click Login without entering any password. You can set up the password after login.

🖻 🖅 🗖 Delta	$\times$ + $\vee$	
$\leftrightarrow$ ) $\odot$	192.168.1.5	
Smarter. Greener. Together.	Automation for A	Changing World
User Admin	Device information	on
Password	Device name	AS332T
Login	Device description	AS300_PSJ_0
⊨ <mark>⊂</mark> Information	Firmware version	V01.04.80.00
Device information	IP address	192.168.1.5
	MAC address	00:18:23:13:43:db
	Serial number	AS332T-AW15500012

# 9.10.1.3 Login

You need to login to your account to set up.

- Operation Steps:
  - a. Provide the login information to login.

User	
Password	
Login	

b. After login successfully, the user field shows your account name (read only). After setting up, you can click **Logout** here to leave this webpage.

User	Admin
Password	
Logout	

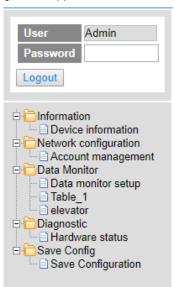
Item	Description
User	Your account name
Password	Your password
"Login" / "Logout"	Login: to enter the webpage Logout: to leave the webpage

### 9.10.1.4 Menu

The menu shows data based on the permission of the current user.

Nodes	Permission			
Noues	Administrator	Write/Read	Read	
Device information	V	V	V	
Account management	V			
Data monitor setup	V			
Data monitor table 1 - 4	V	V	Read-only	
Hardware status	V	Read-only	Read-only	
Save configuration	V			

• Log in as an Administrator, the following nodes appear.



• Log in with Write/Read permission, the following nodes appear.

User Password Logout	user1
Device	a information itor 1 or c

• Log in with Read only permission, the following nodes appear.



### 9.10.2 Device Information

Here provides AS Series PLC product information.

You do not need to log in to see the device information. This page is read only, not for editing.

Device information		
Device name	AS332P	
Device description		
Firmware version	V01.04.30.00	
IP address	192.168.1.5	
MAC address	00:18:23:13:af:96	
Serial number	AS332P-AW16280001	

Item	Description
Device name	Product name
Device description	Device description that user defined in ISPsoft
Firmware version	Firmware version
IP address	Product IP address
MAC address	Product MAC address
Serial number	Product serial number

# 9.10.3 Network configuration

You can set network related configurations here.

### 9.10.3.1 Account management

You can set 3 kinds of access types for up to 8 user accounts.

No.	User ID	Password	Access type		Delete
1	Admin		Administrator		Delete
2			Administrator	*	Delete
3			Administrator	*	Delete
			Administrator		Delete
4			Write / Read		Delete
5			Read		Delete
6			Administrator	•	Delete
7			Administrator	•	Delete
8			Administrator		Delete

ltem	Description
User ID	To name your user ID, you can use up to 16 characters from the following characters, A through Z (case-insensitive ), 0 through 9, _ (underscore), (comma) and . (dot). • The first default user ID is "Admin" (read only).
Password	<ul> <li>To name your password, you can use up to 16 characters from the following characters, A through Z (case-insensitive), 0 through 9, _ (underscore), (comma) and . (dot).</li> <li>No password for the default user ID "Admin" (read only), you can set up the password later.</li> </ul>
Access type	Administrator: You can set up all parameters and have permission to edit the password and permission. Write/Read: You can open the data monitor pages and the diagnostic page. You can also edit the parameters. Read: You can open the data monitor pages and the diagnostic page. But you cannot edit parameters. • Default user is "Administrator".
"Delete"	Use "Delete" to clear the user ID and password.
"Apply"	Use "Apply" to save the settings.

### • Operation Steps:

a. After log in, double-click Account management to open the setting page.

User Password Logout	Admin
Network of Accourt Data Mon Data m Data m Data m Data m Data m Data court Data co	information configuration nt management itor nonitor setup c are status

b. Set up the User ID, the password and the access type. After editing, click "Apply" to save the setting or click "Delete" to clear the account.

lo.	User ID	Password	Access type	Delete
1	Admin		Administrator	• Delete
2	user1	•••••	Write/Read	• Delete
3	user2	•••••	Read	• Delete
4			Administrator	• Delete
5			Administrator	• Delete
6			Administrator	• Delete
7			Administrator	• Delete
8			Administrator	• Delete

c. Double-click Save configuration to open the setting page.

User Admin Password
Logout
<ul> <li>Information</li> <li>Device information</li> <li>Network configuration</li> <li>Account management</li> <li>Data Monitor</li> <li>Data monitor setup</li> <li>Diagnostic</li> <li>Hardware status</li> <li>Save Config</li> </ul>
Save configuration

d. Click "Save" to save and download the settings to the device.

	Save configuration	
ving all applied changes will save all changes to	configuration panals that wars applied but not a	aved to be saved thus retaining their pays uslying
ving all applied changes will cause all changes to	configuration panels that were applied, but not s	aved, to be saved, thus retaining their new values

e. After download is complete, it will be prompted with a Download successful message.

Smarter, Greener, Together,	Automation Save config	192.168.1.5 says Download successful! Remember to resume the exec	uting status.		AS300
Password Logout	Saving all applied ch	anges will cause all changes to p	Save configuration	not saved to be saved thus re	etaining their new values
Contraction     Contraction     Contraction     Contraction     Contraction		LC status	Run:	Run St	
Newvork configuration     Account management     Data Monitor     Data Monitor setup     Diagnostic     Hardware status     Save Config     Save configuration	Save	Saving100%			

# 9.10.4 Data Monitoring

You can set monitoring related configurations here.

# 9.10.4.1 Data Monitoring Setup Page

You can set up 4 pages of monitoring data and up to 30 items can be monitored on each page.

No.	Table name	D	evice quantity	Default update cycle (1s-60s)	Edit	Defete
1	Table_1	1	7	1	Edit	Datela
2		0		10	Edit	Dulata
3	Table_3	0		1	Edit	Deleta
4	Table_4	0		5	Edit	Delete
able name: Table_1						
No.	Device	Redix	Read only		Description	
1	MO	Binary				
2		Signed Decimal •	(E)			
3	Ya	Signed Decimal Unsigned Decimal	8			
4	Y63.15	Hexadecimal Octal				
5	HC0	Binary				
6		32bit Signed decimal 32bit Unsigned decimal	0			
7	Y0.0	32bit Hex 32bit Octal	0			
8		32bit Binary	-			
9	X0.0	32bit Float 64bit Double	1			
10		Signed Decimal				
11		Signed Decimal	10			
12	13400	Hexadecimal				
13	D401	Hexadecimai +				
14	0402	Hexadecimal				
15	D403	Hexadecimal *	8			
16		Signed Decimal				
17	0400	32bil Float		32		
18	D400	64bit Double		64		
19	HC123	12bit Float				
20	IT O I A O	Signed Decimal				
21	0	Signed Decimal *				
22	197	Signed Decimal *				
23		Signed Decimal				
23		Signed Decimal				
25		Signed Decimal				
25		Signed Decimal	-			
20-27		Signed Decimal				
		the second se				
28		Signed Decimit				
29		Signed Decimal	10 A			
30		Signed Decimal				

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Item	Description
Table name	To name your table, you can use up to 16 characters from the following characters, A through Z (case-insensitive ), 0 through 9, _ (underscore) , (comma) and . (dot) .
Device quantity	Device quantity to be monitored; default: read only
Default update cycle	Set up the updated cycle time; default: 5 seconds; unit: second
"Edit"	Click "Edit" to edit the table and the table name column turns green. The table contents appear below.
"Delete"	Click "Delete" to delete the table and its contents.
Device	Devices to be monitored; you can enter the following devices to monitor xX, yY, mM, sSmM, sSrR, dD, sS, tT, cC, hHcC and eE.
Radix	Positional numeral system to be shown on the monitoring page; available formats are Signed decimal, Unsigned decimal, Hexadecimal, Octal, Binary, 32bit Signed decimal, 32bit Unsigned decimal, 32bit Hexadecimal, 32bit Octal, 32bit Binary, 32bit Float and 64bit Double
Read only	Set up the monitored devices to read only or not.
Description	Add a description here for the table.
"Apply"	Click "Apply" to save the settings.

### • Operation Steps:

a. After log in, double-click **Data monitor setup** to open the setting page.

User Password Logout	Admin
Network	ce information k configuration ount management
- 🗋 Data	monitor setup
E Save C	ware status

9

b. Use "Edit" to edit the table name, device quantity, and update cycle time.

Data	a monitor setup				
No.	Table name	Device quantity	Default update cycle (1s~60s)	Edit	Delete
1	Table_1	17	1	Edit	Delete
2		0	10	Edit	Delete
3	Table_3	0	1	Edit	Delete
4	Elevator	0	10	Edit	Delete

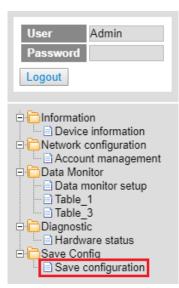
c. The corresponding table contents appear below.

Table	name: Elevator			
No.	Device	Radix	Read only	Description
1		Signed Decimal		
2		Signed Decimal <b>T</b>		
3		Signed Decimal		
4		Signed Decimal		
5		Signed Decimal		

d. Edit the devices to be monitored, radix to be shown, read only or not and the description. After editing, click "Apply" to save the setting.

No.	Device	Radix	Read only	Description
1	MO	Binary 🔻		
2		Signed Decimal 🔻		
3	YO	Signed Decimal		
4	Y63.15	Binary		
5	HC0	32bit Octal		
6		Signed Decimal 🔻		
7	Y0.0	Binary		
8		Signed Decimal •		
-	Y0.0		-	
28		Signed Decimal		
29		Signed Decimal		
30		Signed Decimal *		

e. Double-click **Save configuration** to open the setting page.



f. Click "Save" to save and download the settings to the device.

Course of Course of the second	
Save configuration	n
als that wore applies	d, but not saved, to be saved, thus retaining their new values.
tels triat were applied	d, but not saved, to be saved, thus retaining their new values.
Run	Run Stop
	hannad.

g. Once the download is complete, you can see the newly added table to be monitored under the Data Monitor node.



h. Note: The data monitor table must be downloaded to the device otherwise even if the data monitor table is created, it cannot be monitored.

# 9.10.4.2 Data Monitor Table Pages

### The setting results are shown as below.

Table (	name: Table_1		Monitor status:		Update cycle (1s ~ 60s): 1 +			Floating Format Setting: 3	
No.	Device	Status	Value	Rødix	Description	Set	Status	Set value	Se
1	MO			Binary		ON	OFE		58
2				1 Tomas and		ON	OFF		59
3	YO	10.	K57	Signed Decimal		ON	OFF	57	Se
4	Y63.15	10		Binary		ON	OFF		Se
5	HCO	10	00000000000	32bit Octal		<b>ON</b>	OFF		50
6						ON	OFF		Se
τ	Y0.0			Binary		DN	OFF		Se
8		12				ON	OFF		Se
9	X0.0		E	Binary		ON	OFF		Se
10						ON	OFF		So
tt		11				ON	OFF		Se
12	D400	10	H3576	Hexadecimal		ON	OFF		50
13	D401	10	H4641	Hexadecimal		ON	OFF		Se
14	D402	10.	H8000	Hexadecimal		ON	OFF		Se
15	D403		H404B	Hexedecimal		ON	OFF		Se
16		1.11			1	ON	OFF	1	Se
17	D-400	11	12365.365	32bit Float	32	ON	OFF		Se
18	D400	101	55 000	64bit Double	64	ON	OFF		SA

Item	Description			
Table name	Name of the table; read only			
Monitor status	Status of the monitoring; read only Yellow light: reading, Green light: reading complete, Red light: reading error			
Update cycle	Update cycle time; default is what you set up in data monitor setup page; unit: second			
"_"	Minus; click once to decrease 1; the minimum value is 1			
"+"	Plus; click once to increase 1; the maximum value is 60			
Floating format setting	Floating point setting; round down; default: round the number down to three decimal places			
Device	Devices to be monitored; read only			
Radix	Positional numeral system to be shown on the monitoring page; available formats are Signed decimal, Unsigned decimal, Hexadecimal, Octal, Binary, 32bit Signed decimal, 32bit Unsigned decimal, 32bit Hexadecimal, 32bit Octal, 32bit Binary, 32bit Float and 64bit Double			
Description	Add a description here for the table; read only			
Status	Status of bit; read only Green LED: ON; No LED: OFF			
Value	Values in devices to be monitored; read only Signed decimal: K+ Number Unsigned decimal: K+ Number Hexadecimal: H + hex Number Octal: O + octal Number Binary: B + binary Number			

Item	Description
	32bit Signed decimal: K+ Number 32bit Unsigned decimal: K+ Number 32bit Hexadecimal: H + hex Number 32bit Octal: O + octal Number 32bit Binary: B + binary Number 32bit Float: float Number 64bit Double: float Number
"On" / "Off"	<ul> <li>"ON": the status of Bit is ON.</li> <li>"OFF": the status of Bit is OFF.</li> <li>If the authority level for the logged in user is READ, this column is read only.</li> </ul>
Set Value	<ul> <li>Change the value for the device to be monitored</li> <li>Type the value in and click "SET" and the changed value appears in the VALUE column as the image shown above.</li> <li>If the authority level for the logged in user is READ, this column is read only.</li> </ul>
"Set"	<ul><li>Click "Set" to confirm the changed value.</li><li>If the authority level for the logged in user is READ, this column is read only.</li></ul>

# 9.10.5 Diagnostic

You can set diagnostic related configurations here.

# 9.10.5.1 Hardware Status Page

This page displays information on hardware status, CPU module, power module, and function cards. You can set CPU to run or stop. Here also shows the CPU running status and error codes.

dware status											
Refresh cycle (1s ~ 60s): - 10 +											
Extension No.	Module name	Status	Error code								
Power module											
CPU module	AS332T-A Run Stop	Run: Err:									
Function card 1											
Function card 2											
Module 1	AS00SCM-A										
Function card 1	AS-F485										
Function card 2	AS-F485										

• For AS300, the hardware status page looks like below.

• For AS200, the hardware status page looks like below.

Hardware status										
Refresh cycle (1s ~ 60s): - 10 +										
Extension No.	Module name	Status	Error code							
Power module										
CPU module	AS228T-A Run Stop	Run: Err:								
Module 1	AS00SCM-A									
Function card 1	AS-F485									
Function card 2	AS-F485									

Item	Description
Refresh cycle	Refresh cycle time; default: 10; unit: second
"_"	Minus; click once to decrease 1; the minimum value is 1
"+"	Plus; click once to increase 1; the maximum value is 60
Power module name	Name of the power module; read only
CPU module name	Name of the CPU module; read only
CPU Run LED	LED of CPU running status; read only Green light: RUN LED Not Lit: STOP
CPU Error LED	LED of CPU Error; read only
CPU Error code	Error codes of CPU module; read only
"Run" / "Stop"	<ul> <li>Click "RUN" to set the running status to RUN</li> <li>Click "Stop" to set the running status to STOP</li> <li>If the authority level for the logged in user is WRITE/READ or READ, this column is read only.</li> </ul>
Function card name	<ul> <li>Name of the function card; read only</li> <li>For communication module, two extra rows for the names of the communication function cards are shown here</li> </ul>
Module name	Name of the module; read only When the actual placement is not the same as the arrangement in HWCONFIG, the background of this column will be in red.
Module Error LED	LED of module error; read only
Module Error code	Error codes of module; read only

### 9.10.6 Configurations

### 9.10.6.1 Save Configuration Page

You can save the configurations and download the parameters to your device here.

Save configuration									
	Save configuration								
Saving all applied changes will cause all changes to configuration panels that were applied, but not saved, to be saved, thus retaining their new values.									
PLC Status	Run:	Run Stop							
Save									

Item	Description				
"Save"	按下後將暫存之參數下載至設備				
PLC Status	LED of PLC running status; read only Green light: RUN LED Not Lit: STOP				
"Run" / "Stop"	Click "RUN" to set the running status to RUN Click "Stop" to set the running status to STOP				

Note: The data monitor table must be downloaded to the device. If not, once you log out, close the page or restart the PLC, all the temporary saved parameters will be cleared.

# 9.11 Delta EIP Product Application (with OMRON Products)

### 9.11.1 Architecture

Delta EtherNet/IP Scanner connects to OMRON EtherNet/IP Adapter through Ethernet communication. PC connects to Delta EtherNet/IP Scanner through Ethernet communication or USB connection.

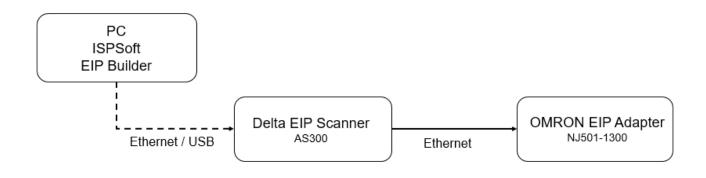
Software versions for AS300 and OMRON NJ501-1300:

• AS300 CPU

ISPSoft: V3.02.25 COMMGR: V1.06.05 HWCONFIG: V3.02.20

EIP Builder: V1.03.01

• OMRON NJ501-1300: Sysmac Studio : V1.15 Network Configurator : V3.59c



• Operation Steps:



### 9.11.2 TAG Connection

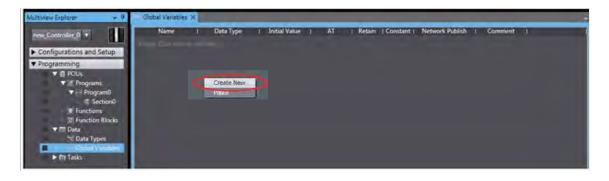
EtherNet/IP can use TAGs to exchange data. Here AS300 CPU acts as Master and OMRON NJ501-1300 as a Producer TAG to establish an EtherNet/IP communication.

### Create Produced TAG

 Start the OMRON software Sysmac Studio. Select Connect to Device. Configure the parameters and then click Connect.



- After the connection is successfully established, click **Tools** on the menu bar. And then select **EtherNet/IP** Connection Settings to access the EtherNet/IP connection settings.
- 3. Right-click the cell of the Node Address you'd like to edit its EtherNet/IP settings and then select **Edit** to open the EtherNet/IP communication setting window.
- 4. Double-click **Global Variables** under **Programming Data** in the Multiview Explorer. Right-click in the global variable table and select **Create New** from the menu.



5. Right-click in the global variable table and select **Create New** from the menu.

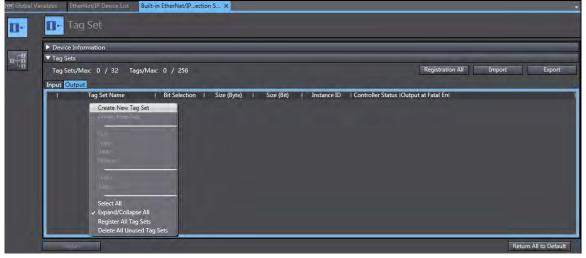
\*Click Controller on the menu bar and change the Project to Disconnected before creating a new global

6. Set the Network Publish to **Output**.

And then with this attribute, you can access a variable from external devices through CIP communications or a tag data link. For tag data links, this can be a variable for data output (from the local Controller to another Controller).

Name	i Data Type	Initial Value	I AT	Retain	Consta	nt   Network Publish	Comment
888	BOOL					Do not publish 💌	
						Do not publish Publish Only Input Output	

7. Select the tab of **Built-in EtherNet/IP Connection Settings** and select the **Tag Set** from the left. Right-click in the editing area and select **Create New Tag Set** from the menu and then name the tag set as ToAS.



8. Right-click on the created Tag Set and select **Create New Tag** from the menu.

Mail Global V	anables	EtherNet/IP Device List	Built-in EtherNet/IP.	.ection S X						
0+	0-	Tag Set								
	> Devic	e Information								
048	▼ Tag S	ets								
	Tag S	ets/Max: 1 / 32 Ta	gs/Max: 0 / 256					Registration All	Import	Export
	Input	Jutout								
	T	Tag Set Name	Bit Selection	n   Size (Byte)	Size (Bit)	Instance ID	Controller Status (O	utput at Fatal Eni		
	To			0	1	Auto	Not included			
	1	Create N Create N	ew Tag Set ew Tag							
		_								
		Cut								
		Сору								
		Delete								

9. The tag is added in the created tag set.

Var Global Var	ables	EtherNet/IP Device List	Built-in EtherNet/IPect	ion S X							
0-	Π	- Tag Set									
	ÞD	evice Information									
o-f8		▼ Tag Sets									
0		Tag Sets/Max: 1 / 32 Tags/Max: 1 / 256 Registration All Import Export									
	Inp	ut Output									
		Tag Set Name	Bit Selection	Size (Byte)	I Size (Bit)	Instance ID	Controller Status	Output at Fatal Err	1		
	▼	ToAS		200		Auto	Not included				
		ToAS		200	0			Cleared			

10. Click Controller and then Synchronize...from the menu bar to synchronize the setting with OMRON Scanner.

Synchronization								
Computer: Data Name	Computer: Update Date	Controller: Update Date	Controller: Data Name	Compare				
					•			
					×			
Legend: Synchronized 🕒 Different 🗛 Exists on	y on one side 👖 Not chee							
Clear the present values of variables with Retain	n attribute (Valid for Transf	er to Controller).						
Do not transfer the program source (Valid for ]		lata will be re-transferred v	when this option is changed.					
<ul> <li>Do not transfer the following. (All items are not considered and the constant of the constant of</li></ul>		275						
- Slave Terminal Unit operation settings and N								
🛛 🗹 Do not transfer the EtherNet/IP connection sett	tings (i.e., tag data link settir	ngs).						
	Transfer To Controller	Fransfer From Controller	Recompare Cose					
	Transfer to controller	hansie From Controller	Recompare					

11. Create Tag sets in **Network Configurator**. Open **Network Configurator** and *select Option->* Select Interface-> *Ethernet I/F*.

	Option Help Select Interface	•	CJ2 USB/Serial Port
¥ 8 ₽	Edit Configuration File	•	CS/CJ1 Serial Port -> EIP Unit I/F
	Setup Monitor Refresh Timer		Ethernet -> CS/CJ1 ETN-EIP Unit I/F
	Install <u>P</u> lugin Module Install <u>I</u> nterface Module		NJ/NX Series Ethernet Direct I/F NJ/NX Series USB Port
	Update Parameter <u>a</u> utomatically, when Configuration was changed <u>U</u> pdate Device Status automatically, when it was connected on Network		

### 12. Select Network -> Connect

💐 Untitled - Netw	ork Configu	urator					
File Edit View	Network	Device	EDS File	Tools	Option	Help	
🗅 🚅 🖬   💻	물 <u>C</u> onne	ct			Ctrl+	W	×   <u>•</u>
	💂 Disco <u>r</u>	nect			Ctrl+	-Q	aa
	🖉 Chang	e Connec	ct <u>N</u> etwork				-a-   <b>893</b>   ]

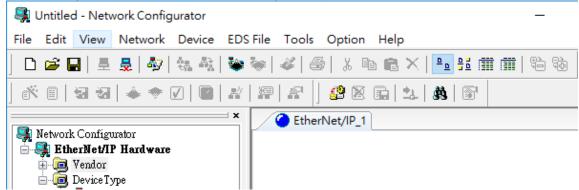
#### 13. Select Interface and click OK to confirm the setting.

Select Interface	×
Select Interface Card.	
Broadcom NetLink (TM) Gigabit Ethemet [192.168.250.88] Broadcom NetLink (TM) Gigabit Ethemet [192.168.250.88] Intel(R) Dual Band Wireless-N 7260 [10.110.114.72] Intel(R) PRO/1000 GT Desktop Adapter [192.168.1.99] VMware Virtual Ethemet Adapter for VMnet1 [192.168.174.1]	~

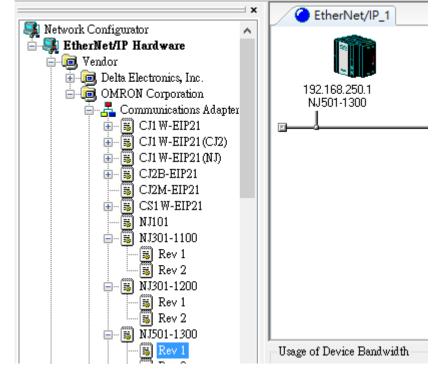
Select Connect Netw	vork Port	×
Select a network por	t that you would like to connect.	
Browse		
	.250.1 NJ501-1300 .250.20 AS324MT	
Device Information	Product Name :	
Device Type :	Revision :	
Refresh		Option
	OK Cancel	

9

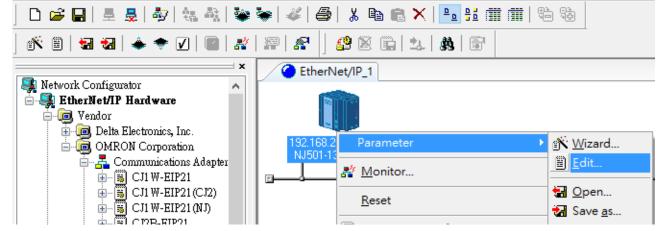
14. The blue light indicates the connection is working normally.



15. Drag OMRON NJ501-1300 from the EtherNet/IP Hardware section to the network view.



16. Right-click OMRON NJ501-130 (the scanner) and select Parameter -> Edit from the menu.



17. Click **Edit Tags** on the **Tag Sets** tab and click **New** on the **Out-Produce** tab to create a new tag with the same name and length as the one from the "output" tag set in Sysmac .

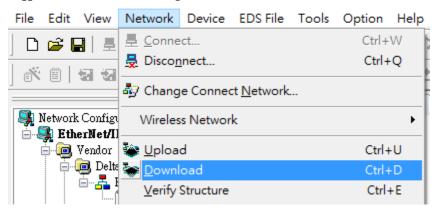
- Consume Out - Pro	duce Edit Tags >	<
Name	In - Consume Out - Produce Name Fault Size Bit	Size Bit ID
	Edit Tag >	<
	Name : ToAS	
	Size : 200 - Byte	
	Fault Action Hold OClear	
	Regist Close	
	New Edit. Delete Usage count : 0/256 OK Cancel	
New Edit	Delete	E pand All Collapse All
Edit Tags D	Delete all of unused Tag Sets Usage Count : 0/32	Instant To/From File

### 18. The new tag is created as shown below.

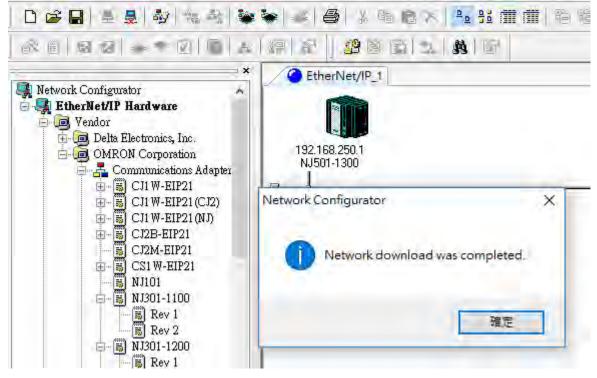
Device Parameters : 192.168.250.1 NJ501-1300				2
onnections Tag Sets				
In - Consume Out - Produce				
Name	Fault	Size	Bit	ID
電ToAS		200Byte		Auto

19. After setting, click Network -> Download.

💐 Untitled - Network Configurator



20. After downloading, the Network Configurator dialog box is displayed.

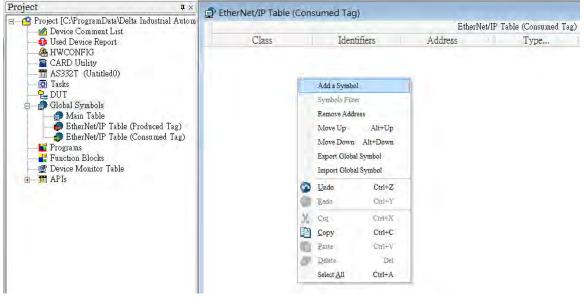


9

#### Create a Consumed TAG

1.

- Start ISPSoft and click Tools -> Communication Settings and select a driver with Ethernet communication.
- \* Before setting the communication, make sure COMMGR is working normally and save the driver settings.
  - File Edit View Compile PLC Tools Wizard Window Help 🖹 🚅 🖪 🎒 🔲 🚍 🧇 0 3 Communication Settings. 0012000000 Change PLC Type ... Project  $\mathbf{q} \times$ Program Settings . 🖃 😭 Project [C:\Users\joycelw 1 Set RTC Device Comment Lis Review Error Log File 🚯 Used Device Report A HWCONFIG Language English -CARD Utility T AS332T (Untitled 18 Options ... 🙆 Tasks P DUT 🗄 🎒 Global Symbols 📙 Programs Function Blocks 🔮 Device Monitor Tabl 🗄 🎹 APIs **Communication Setting** X Driver Driver. Station Address 0 -**IP Address** -OK Close
- Click Global Symbols to expand the tree node and see the options. Double-click EtherNet/IP Table (Consumed Tag) from the Project section on the left. Right-click the blank area and select Add a Symbol.



#### 3. Set the data type to ARRAY[200] OF WORD and then click OK to confirm the setting.

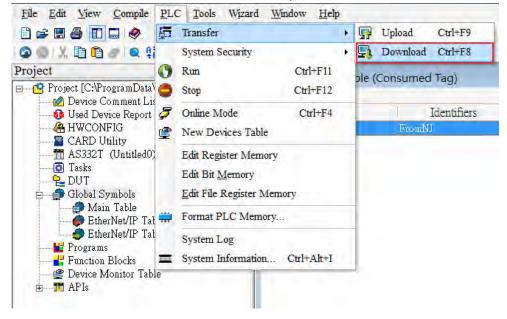
\* Data size should be the same as the Produced Tag data size

Modify Symbol					X
Identifier FromNJ	Address D1500	Type ARRAY [1] OF W	Initial Value (Active whe	Comment	
Class VAR	▼ ⊠Auto	-close Dialog		OK	Cancel
Type Selection	23	Array Type		<b>_</b>	
• Simple Type		Type BOOL WORD	Size	•	
Type BOOL WORD	OK	DWORD INT DINT REAL	OK Cancel	L L	
DWORD INT DINT REAL	Cancel				

A symbol is added, as the image shown below.



4. Go to PLC-> Transfer -> Download to download the parameters to the Scanner.



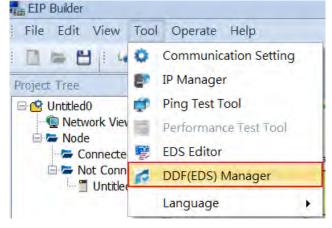
5. Double-click **HWCONFIG** from the Project section on the left to start HWCONFIG.

Project     C:\ProgramData\Delta Industrial Autom     More Comment List     & Used Device Report	D EtherNet/IP Table	(consumed rag)	Ether	Net/IP Table (Consumed Tag
	Class	Identifiers	Address	Type
A HWCONFIG	• VAR	FromNJ	D1500	ARRAY [1] OF WORL
DUT Global Symbols Main Table EtherNet/IP Table (Produced Tag) EtherNet/IP Table (Consumed Tag) Forgrams Function Blocks				

6. Right-click the PLC and select Communication Software - > EIP Builder to start EIP Builder.

📰   X 🗈 🖻 🔗 🔗 😨 🕱   '	1.2		
<ul> <li>AS Series</li> <li>         Digital I/O Module     </li> <li>         Analog I/O Module     </li> <li>         Network Module     </li> <li>         Power Module     </li> </ul>	+ + Open(Q)	Enter Ctrl+R	
	X Cut(I) Copy(C) Paste(P)	Ctrl+X Ctrl+C Ctrl+V	
Specification	Communicatio	Del	EIP Builder
			CANopen Builder

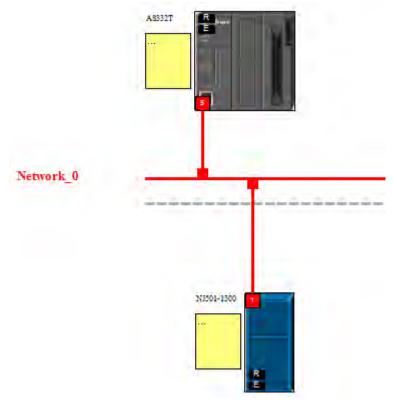
7. Click Tool-> DDF(EDS) Manager to import the EDS File.



- 8. Drag and drop the device from the Product List on the right to add have it added in the Network View.
- % You can select the device and click the Information tab to edit its IP address.

						5 Ø
File Edit View Tool	Cperate Help					
	8 0 0 0 0 0					
Tajet Tree #	detwork Vervi # .m.					- Pyoniast List
EIS Unethed0 Unethed0 Henole Henole Node The Connected NRC Connected NRC Connected Dev_1 (Gene	AUDIT AUDIT					Communications Adapter  Communications Adapter  Communications  Communication
	100-100					
					,	
	ISP Reterester Device F	arameter			,	•
			Port No.	IP 192.168.1.1	, Network Name	

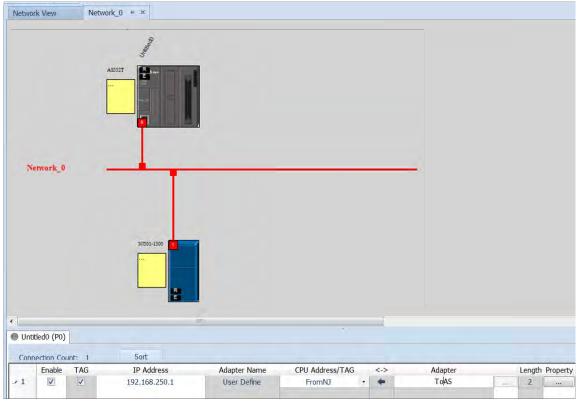
9. Drag and drop the red spare to have the Ethernet communication port connected to the network.



- Network\_0
- 10. Right-click the CPU's communication port and select Data Mapping to create a data mapping table.

- 11. Make sure the data below CPU Address/TAG and Adapter/TAG is correct.
- \* CPU Address/TAG: Consumed TAG

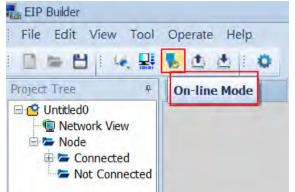
Adapter /TAG: Produced TAG, created by Producer

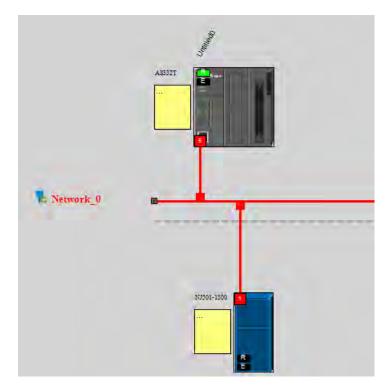


12. Click Operate-> Downloader to download the parameters to the Scanner.



- Connection Check
- 1. Click to have the project in On-line Mode and see if the network lines are solid ones.





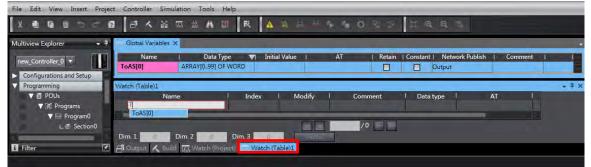
	work View	Network_0	-							
	Network_0	A5332T								
•			N/501-1300							
• U	Jntitledi (P0)	+ 1				-				
• U	onnection Count	te 1		Adapter Nar	ne CPU Ado FromNJ	Iress/TAG	<->	Adapter ToAS	Length	Property

2. The solid network lines indicate the data mapping is being monitored successfully.

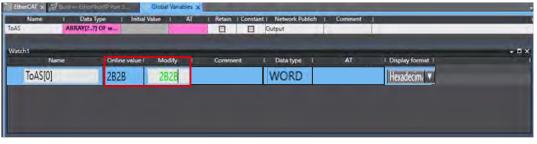
- Data Mapping
- 1. Start Sysmac Studio and make sure the project is in Online Mode. Go to *View -> Watch Tab Page* on the menu bar. Click **Watch Tab Page** to monitor.

File	Edit	View	Insert	Project	Controller	Simulation	Tools	
U.		Mult	tiview Ex	plorer		Alt+1		
<b>^</b>	-	Tool	box			Alt+2		
Multi	Multiview E	Out	Output Tab Page			Alt+3		
			ch Tab P	age		Alt+4		

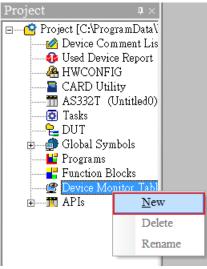
2. Select Watch (Table) 1 and input a name for the tag.



3. Modify the values according to the display format. Make sure the value in the **Online Value column** is the same as the value in the **Modify column**.



4. Start ISPSoft, and select *Device Monitor Table -> New* to create a new device monitor table.



5. Double click the blank area in the Monitor Table and then select the Identifier tab. Set up the **Object (variable name)** and **the Name (source)** and then click **OK** to confirm the setting.

Project 4 ×	🖵 Monitor Table						
<ul> <li>C: Project [C:\ProgramData\Delta Indust</li> <li>Device Comment List</li> <li>Used Device Report</li> </ul>	Object	Identifiers	Device Name	Status	Data Type	Value (16bits)	Value (32bits)
HWCONFIG     CARD Utility     AS332T (Untitled0)     Gatass     PDUT     Global Symbols     Programs     Function Blocks     Device Monitor Table     Monitor Table     APIs	Device Mon Device Ide Object GlobalVa Name FromNJ(t	ntifier	OK Cancel				

<b>2</b> X 1 C <i>J</i> <b>2</b> N roject		e Mode (Ctrl+F4)		-					-	
Project [C:\ProgramData\Delta Indu Device Comment List	Monitor Table Object	Identifiers	Device Name	Status	Data Type	Value (16bits)	Value (32bits)	Float	Radix	Comment.
Used Device Report	I GlobalVar	Thema 14100	Device Name	Status	Data Type	value (160fts)	1	00000	Hexadecii 🔻	Comment.
CARD Utility CARD										

7. Make sure the values in Consumed Tag are the same as the ones in Produced Tag.

## 9.11.3 IO Connection

- Set up an IO Connection from a slave station
- 1. Create two variables and set the rule of one variable as **input** and set the rule of the other variable as **output**. Set the data type and length as **Array[0..99] of word**.

Global Variables ×								-
Name	🛛 🛛 Data Type 🔍	1 Initial Value	I AT	Retain	Constant	Network Publish	Comment	I I
FromAS_IO	ARRAY[099] OF WORD					Input		
ToAS_IO	ARRAY[099] OF WORD					Output		

2. Go to Tools -> Export Global Variables -> Network Configurator on the menu bar.

File Edit View Insert Pro	ject Controller Simu	ulation	Tools Help				_
	0 3 4 8	163	Troubleshapting.		0 2 3	H	a
		100 1	Backup			1.2	-
Multiview Explorer	Global Variables	×	Export Global Variables		Network Con	figurator.	
new_Controller_0 🔻	Name	1	Comments for Variables and Data Types	8	CX-Designer.		
new_controller_v	FromAS_IO	ARR	Import ST Program	T			Inp
Configurations and Setup	ToAS_IO	ARR	Update Configurations and Setup Transfer Data				Ou
V Programming	CamProfile0	ARR	EtherNet/IP Connection Settings	1			Do
V 🚺 POUs	MC_Group001	_sGR		1]			Do
V 🗐 Programs	MC Group000	sGR.	Option				Do

3. Start Network Configurator and then add and edit NJ501-1300 from the Ethernet Hardware List on the left. Select Parameter -> Edit and click To/From File -> Export to File on lower right corner of the Tag Sets page.

nnections Tag	y Sets						
n - Consume	Dut - Produce						
Name				Fault	Size	Bit	ID
<u>N</u> ew	<u>E</u> dit <u>D</u> e	elete			E <u>x</u> pan	id All	<u>C</u> ollapse All
Edit <u>T</u> ags	Delete all	of <u>u</u> nused Tag Sets	Usage Count :	0/32	Import		To/From <u>F</u> ile
						確況	Export to Fil Import from

4. After the file is imported, make sure the input and output variables are imported in In-Consume and Out-Produce sections.

Connections Tag Sets			
In - Consume Out - Produce			
Name	Fault	Size	Bit ID
曜 FromAS_IO		200Byte	Auto
Connections Tag Sets			

n - Consume Out - Produce				
Name	Fault	Size	Bit	ID
ToAS_IO		200Byte		Auto

5. Click the variable in In-Consume section and select **Edit**.

FromAS_IO			Fault	Size 200Byte	Bit	ID 100
Edit Tag Set				2000/10	×	1
Name : FromAS_IO		-Controller S ( )	tatus Not Include	() Include		
Tag List		- Candidate Ta	ag List			_
Name Fault Size Bit		Name	Fault	Size B	lit	
	<< >>					
Advanced	_		OK	Ca	ncel	

Connections Tag Sets

6. Click **Advanced** button in the Edit Tag Set window and set the Instance ID to **Manual** and then input the Instance ID you'd like to use for IDs in In-Consume section.

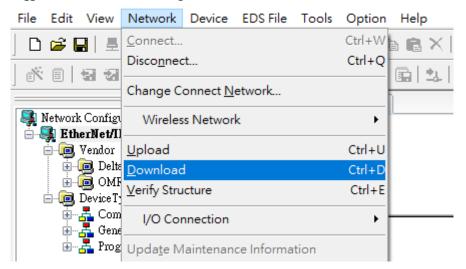
Edit Tag Set								×
Name : F	romAS_IC	)			-Controller	Status Not Include	() Inclu	de
Tag List					Candidate	Tag List		
Name	Fault	Size	Bit		Name	Fault	Size	Bit
🗺 From		200B		<<				
	-In	anced Set stance ID O Auto O Manual OK	Rar	100 nge : 100-19 Cancel	9			
Advanced						OK		Cancel

7. Use the same method to set the Instance ID manually for IDs in In-Consume section as you have set for IDs in Out-Produce section.

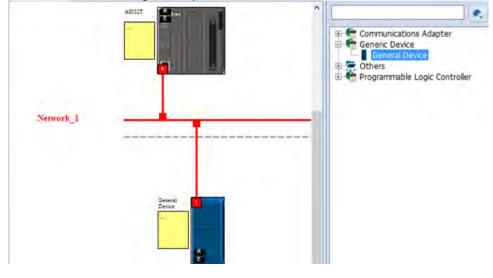
Name			Fau	ilt	Size	Bit	ID
ToAS_I	5			2	00Byte		Auto
	Edit Tag Set					×	1
	Name : ToAS_IO	Cont	roller Sta	atus ot Include	() Includ	le	
	Tag List	Cand	idate Tag	; List			
	Name Fault Advanced Instance II Autri Maria	D	×	Fault	Size	Bit	
	Advanced			OK		Cancel	

- 8. When the settings for Instance ID are done, click **OK** to confirm the settings on Edit Device Parameter.
- 9. Click Network -> Download to download the parameters to the slaves.

💐 Untitled - Network Configurator



- Set up an IO Connection from a Master station
- 1. Start EIP Builder and drag and drop a **General Device** into the Network View area and set up network connection.

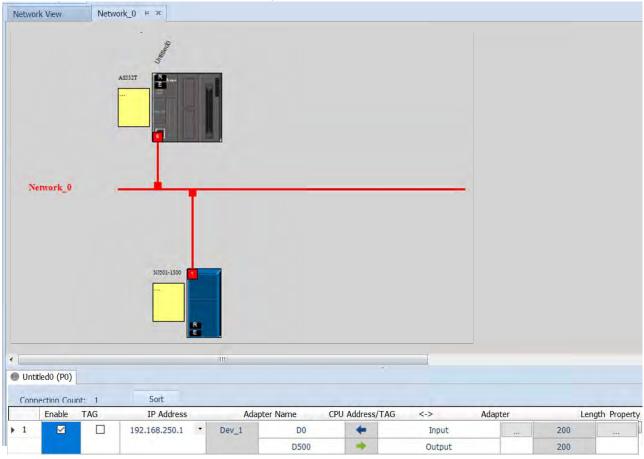


2. Click slave icon and set up its IP address and then configure the parameters in the EIP Parameter tab.

Information EIP Parameter Device Parameter				
Module Name	Version	Port No.	IP	Network Name
General Device	1.01	- 0	192 168 1 1	Network 1

brmation EIP Para					
onnection	古古				
		Name	Value		
	Electronic keying		Disable Keying		
	Transport Type		Exclusive Owner		
	~ Input				
	Assembly instan	Cê	101		
	Size (Byte)		200		
	Input Transfer F	ormat	Puré data		
	+ Output				
	Assembly instan	CP	100		
	Size (Byte)		200		
	Output Transfer	Format	Pure data		
	<ul> <li>Configure</li> </ul>				
	Assembly instan	ce .	128		
	Size (Byte)		0		
	* Port				
	Port Segement E	inable	Enable		
	Port number		1		
	Link address		0		

- 3. Set up the slave IO connection:
- a. Master Output Instance ID = Slave Input (In-Consume) Instance ID
- b. Master Input Instance ID = Slave Output (Out-Produce ) Instance ID
  - \* Refer to slave's operation manual for more information on Instance IDs.
- 4. Set up the connection and start data mapping.

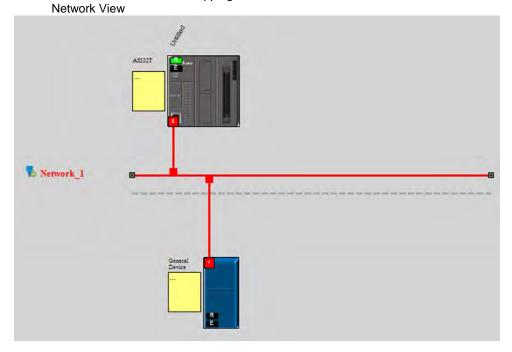


5. Download the EIP parameters to the master.

Network View	Network_0 # ×	Project Downloader			ŝ
	*	Select All	Selection		
	L'IIIII	Name	Status	Comment	
		✓ ☑ Untitled			
	ASSS2T R	<ul> <li>Data exchange</li> </ul>			
Network_0	N501-1200				
*		✓ Auto close after completing	9		
<ul> <li>Untitled0 (P0)</li> </ul>			9		
Untitled0 (P0)	nt: 1 Sort	Communication Setting	]	Start	Close
Untitled0 (P0) Connection Cou Enable	nt: 1 Sort TAG IP Address	Communication Setting Adapter Name CPU Address/Tr	AG <-> A	Adapter Le	
Untitled0 (P0)	nt: 1 Sort	Communication Setting Adapter Name CPU Address/Tr	]		Close

#### • Connection status

1. After the parameters are downloaded, change the project to Online Mode. And make sure the monitoring on the network and the data mapping table is normal.



Network View	Network_0	e 30							
Network_0	A5552T						_		
		N/501-							
Untitled0 (P0)									
	it: 1 TAG	Sort IP Add	Adapter Nam	e CPU Add	ress/TAG	<->	Adapter	Length	Property
Untitled0 (P0) Connection Court		Sort		e CPU Add D0	ress/TAG	<->	Adapter Input	Length 200	Property

#### Data mapping status

#### • Data Mapping

1. Start ISPSoft and create a new Monitor Table. Add devices that correspond to the master in the table. <u>Elle Edit View Compile PLC Tools Wirard Window Help</u>

oject [C:\ProgramData\]	Monitor Table									- 0
Device Comment Lis Used Device Report	Object	Identifiers	Device Name D0	Status	Data Type	Value (16bits)	Value (32bits)	Float	Radix Signed Decimal	Comment
A HWCONFIG CARD Utility		*	D500		1				Signed Decimal	
AS332T (Untitled) Tasks DUT										

2. Change the project to Online Mode and start to monitor the data mapping. Monitoring from the master

	Monitor Table										. • 🗙
	Object	Identifiers	Device Name	Status	Data Type	Value (16bits)	Value (32bits)	Float	Radix		Comment
			D0			5555	00005555	0.000	Hexadecimal	•	
I			D500			7CB6	00007CB6	0.000	Hexadecimal	-	

Monitor from the slave

	ta Type   Initial'	Value I AT	and the second se	Instant   Network Publish	E Comment		
			u		-		
ch1		and here the			-		
Name	I Online value I	Modify	Comment	i Deta type i	AT	Display format	
FromAS_IO[0]	7CB6			WORD		Hexadecima 🔻	
ToAS_IO[0]	5555	5555		WORD	1	Hexadecima 🔻	

Master_Address		Slave_Address
D2	,	ToAS_IO
D0	÷	(Instance ID=110)
DE00	``	FromAS_IO
D500	7	(Instance ID=100)



## Chapter 10 CANopen Function and Operation

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## **10.1** Introduction to CANopen

- 1. Because of its simple wiring, immediate and stable communication, strong debugging ability, and low cost, the CANopen network is widely used in fields such as industrial automation, the automotive industry, the medical equipment industry, and the building trades.
- The AS300 Series PLC is compatible with CANopen when using the AS-FCOPM function card for the CAN port, and can work in master mode or slave mode. The CAN port conforms to the basic communication protocol CANopen DS301. It supports master and slave modes.
- 3. AS200 Series PLC is built with CAN communication port. The CAN port conforms to the basic communication protocol CANopen DS301. It supports master and slave modes.
- 4. This chapter explains the functions of CANopen. In master mode, CANopen can support up to 64 slaves.
- 5. CANopen Builder is the CANopen network configuration software for the AS Series. You set the CANopen station address and the communication rate with this software. ISPSoft is the programming software for the AS Series.
- 6. This chapter mainly focuses on the CANopen functions. Refer to Section 10.3 for more information.

## **10.1.1 CANopen Function Descriptions**

#### The CAN port has the following functions when acting as a master.

- 1. It supports the standard CANopen protocol DS301 V4.02.
- 2. It supports the NMT (network management object) service.
  - It supports NMT state control.

Use NMT state control to control the state of a slave in the CANopen network.

• It supports NMT error control.

Use NMT error control detect the disconnection of a slave. The NMT error control is classified into two types; Heartbeat and Node Guarding. The AS Series PLC does not support Node Guarding.

- 3. It supports the PDO (process data object) service.
  - Use PDO messaging to transmit immediate input and output data.
  - It supports up to 256 RxPDO and 1894 bytes.
  - It supports up to 256 TxPDO and 1894 bytes.
  - It supports synchronous and asynchronous modes for the PDO transmission type.
- 4. It supports the SDO (Service Data Object) service.
  - Use SDO to read, write, or configure the slave parameters.
  - It supports standard SDO transmission mode.
  - It supports automatic SDO functions. You can write up to 20 pieces of data to a slave.
  - It supports using the SDO service in a PLC ladder diagram to read the data from a slave or write the data to a slave.

- 5. It supports the reading emergencies from a slave service.
  - Use this service to read an error or an alarm from a slave.
  - You can store up to 5 emergencies in a slave.
  - You can read emergencies from a slave through a PLC ladder diagram.
- 6. It supports the SYNC object (synchronous object) service.
- 7. Several devices can operate synchronously through the synchronous object service.
- 8. The supported CANopen communication rates are: 20K, 50K, 125K, 250K, 500K, and 1Mbps.

The supported mapping data types are:

Storage	Data type
8-bit	SINT USINT BYTE
16-bit	INT UINT WORD
32-bit	DINT UDINT REAL DWORD
64-bit	LINT ULINT LREAL LWORD

#### The CAN port has the following functions when acting as a slave.

- It supports the standard CANopen protocol DS301 V4.02.
- It supports the NMT (network management object) service.
  - It supports the NMT state control.

The state of the AS series in the CANopen network is controlled by a master.

• It supports the NMT error control.

The AS Series supports Heartbeat but not Node Guarding.

- It supports the PDO (process data object) service.
  - The PDO message transmits the immediate input data and output data.
  - It supports up to 8 TxPDO and 8 RxPDO.
  - The PDO transmission type: synchronous mode and asynchronous mode
- It supports the emergency service.

If an error or an alarm occurs in the AS series, the master is notified through the emergency service.

#### **10.1.2** The Input/Output Mapping Areas

The following table lists the CANopen DS301 specifications for the AS series PLC.

Туре	Item	Description
	Maximum slave nodes	Up to 64 nodes
Master	Maximum transfer size of a PDO (Read + Write)	Up to 2000 Bytes (including some system configurations)
Slave	Maximum transfer size of a PDO (Read + Write)	Up to 8 PDOs; each PDO with up to 8 bytes can be transferred at a time

The output mapping areas are D25000-D25999, and the input mapping areas are D24000-D24999, as the following table shows.

Device in the PLC	Mapping area	Mapping length
D25000-D25031	SDO request information, NMT service information, and Emergency request information	64 bytes
D24000-D24031	SDO reply information, and Emergency reply information	64 bytes
D25032-D25978	RxPDO mapping area	1894 bytes
D24032–D24978	TxPDO mapping area	1894 bytes

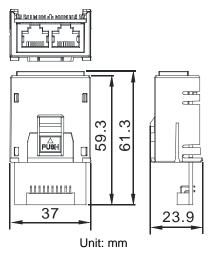
If an AS Series functions as a slave, the output mapping areas are D25032–25063, and the input mapping areas are D24032–24063 as the following table shows.

Device in the PLC	Mapping area	Mapping length
D24032~24063	RxPDO mapping area	64 bytes
D25032~25063	TxPDO mapping area	64 bytes

## **10.2** Installation and Network Topology

This section introduces the physical dimensions of AS-FCOPM function card, the HWCONFIG settings of the AS Series, the CAN interface, the CANopen network framework, and the maximum communication distance.

## 10.2.1 The Dimensions of AS-FCOPM



#### 10.2.2 AS-FCOPM on AS300 PLC

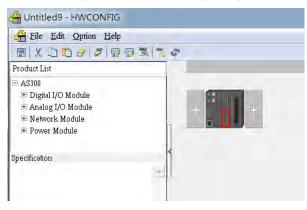


Note: the AS-FCOPM card can only be installed in the Card 2 slot in the AS series

#### 10.2.3 Configure the AS-FCOPM with HWCONFIG

Before using the AS-FCOPM card in an AS300 Series PLC, use HWCONFIG in ISPSoft to configure the AS-FCOPM card. If you are using an AS200 Series PLC, the first two steps can be ignored.

1. You can only install the AS-FCOPM in the card 2 slot as marked in red below. Double click the function card 2 slot to go to the Device Setting dialog box.



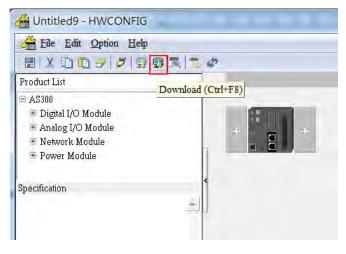
2. Select Manual for Card 2 Detect mode and select AS-FCOPM Card for Manual Select Card.

AS332T	Function Card 2 Setting							
COM1 Port Setting	Parameter name	Value		Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximun	
- COM2 Port Setting	Card 2 Detect mode	Manual	-		Auto Detect		-	
-Ethernet Port Basic Settir	Manual Select Card	AS-FCOPM C	-		None		-	
Ethernet Port Advance S	Card 2 ID No	1			1	- 1 -	254	
<ul> <li>Function Card 1 Setting</li> <li>Function Card 2 Setting</li> </ul>	Protocol Setup Opportunity	Stop -> Run	-		Stop -> Run	*	-	
- Function Card 2 Setting	Baud Rate	9600	•	bps	9600	~	-	
	Data bit	7	+	bit	7		÷	
	Parity bit	Even	-	-	Even	-	-	
	Stop bit	1		bit	1	*	÷	
	MODBUS mode	RTU	-		ASCII	-	8	
	Delay time to Reply	0		ms	a	D	3000	
	Received Data Timeout	200		ms	200	0	3000	
i	F2AD Analos Innut mode	<sup> </sup> 0~10∨	*		<u>ñ∾1ñV</u>	*	· •	<u>.</u>
	Delay time to Reply Received Data Timeout	0 200	•		0 200	D		•

- 3. Select the working mode, node ID and the bit rate for AS-FCOPM.
  - \* Working mode: CANopen DS301
  - \* Node ID: 1
  - \* Bit rate: 125k bps (the default, or you can select your own bit rate)

∃ AS332T	Function Card 2 Setting								
<ul> <li>System Information</li> <li>COM1 Port Setting</li> </ul>	Parameter name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximun 🔺			
COM2 Port Setting	F2AD Sampling Time	3	ms.	3	3	15			
<ul> <li>Ethernet Port Basic Settii</li> <li>Ethernet Port Advance S</li> <li>Function Card 1 Setting</li> <li>Function Card 2 Setting</li> </ul>	F2AD Average Times	10		10	1	15			
	AS-FCOPM Working mode	CANopen DS: 🔻		AS Remote Co	-	e			
	AS-FCOPM node ID	1		1	1	254			
	AS Remote module No.	1	unit	1	1	15			
	Select Run mode after detect remote mo	: Run connecter 👻		Run connecter	-	*			
	AS CPU module keep or Stop when slat	Only Show Err -		Only Show Em	-	-			
	Remote Communication time out	100	ms	100	D	3000			
	Re-connected Retry number after time of	60		60	0	255			
	Auto Retry connection after Disconnecte	e 60.	sec	60	0	255			
	AS-FCOPM Bit Rate	125k 💌	bps	125k	-	-			
4						¥			
1									

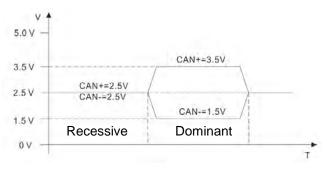
4. When finished, click the **Download** button on the toolbar to download the settings to the PLC.



#### 10.2.4 The CAN Interface and Network Topology

#### 10.2.4.1 Definitions of the CAN Signal and Data Types

The CAN signal is a differential signal. The voltage of the signal is the voltage difference between CAN+ and CAN-. The CAN+ and CAN- voltages take SG as a reference point. The CAN network can be in one of two states. One state is a dominant level, and is indicated by the logical "0". The other state is a recessive level, and is indicated by the logical "0". The other state is a recessive level, and is indicated by the logical "1". The CAN signal level shows below.

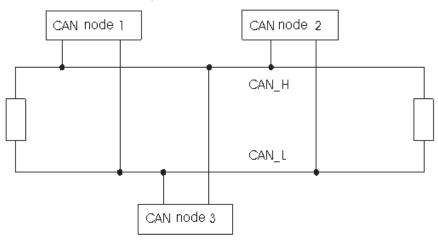


The following picture shows the data frame format. The CAN nodes transmit the CAN messages to the network from left to right.

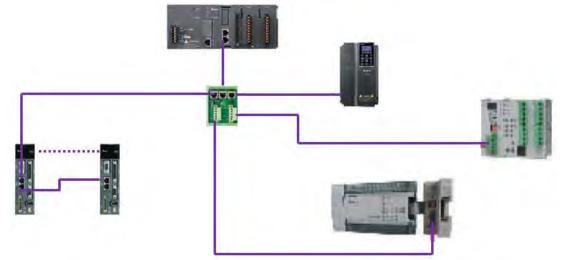
S O F	11 identifiers	R T R	r 1	r O	DLC	Data in nodes 0∼8	15 CRC				E O F
-------------	----------------	-------------	--------	--------	-----	----------------------	-----------	--	--	--	-------------

#### 10.2.4.2 The CAN Network Endpoint and the Topology Structure

In order to make the CAN communication more stable, the two endpoints of the CAN network are connected to 120 ohm terminal resistors. The topology structure of the CAN network appears below.



**10.2.4.3 The Topology Structure of the CANopen Network** 



- Use standard Delta cables when wiring the CANopen network. These cables are the thick cable UC-DN01Z-01A, the thin cable UC-DN01Z-02A, and the thin cable UC-DN01Z-02A. Separate the communication cables from any power cables to avoid interference.
- 2) Connect the CAN+ (white) and CAN- (blue), which are at the endpoints of the network, to 120 ohm resistors. The AS-FCOPM card is equipped with a 120 ohm resistor switch; you can enable the resistor with the switch. Purchase the standard Delta terminal resistor for use with the other devices and the RJ45 connecter.

3) Note the limitation on the length of the CANopen network. The transmission distance of the CANopen network depends on the transmission rate of the CANopen network. The following table shows the relation between the transmission rate and the maximum communication distance.

Transmission rate (bit/seconds)	20K	50K	125K	250K	500K	1M
Maximum communication distance (meters)	2500	1000	500	250	100	25

4) The list below shows the Delta network products for the CANopen network.

Product	Model	Function
	AS332T-A AS332P-A AS324MT-A AS320T-B AS320P-B AS300N-A	The AS300 series PLC can function as the CANopen master or slave when you install an AS-FCOPM function card. The AS-FCOPM is equipped with a 120 ohm resistor controlled by a switch.
	AS228T-A AS228P-A AS228R-A AS218TX-A AS218PX-A AS218RX-A	AS200 Series PLC is built with CAN communication port. The CAN port conforms to the basic communication protocol CANopen DS301. It supports master and slave modes. The CAN communication terminal is equipped with a 120 $\Omega$ resistor. You can use a short circuit to use this resistor.
	DVP32ES200RC DVP32ES200TC	The DVP-ES2-C series PLC has a built-in CAN interface. It can function as the CANopen master or slave.
	DVPCOPM-SL	DVPCOPM-SL is a module connected to the left side of an S series PLC. It can function as the CANopen master or slave. The PLCs that you can connect to the DVPCOPM-SL are the DVP-28SV, DVP-28SV2, DVP-SX2, DVP-SA2, and DVP-EH2-L.
	IFD9503	The IFD9503 gateway converts CANopen to Modbus, and connects a device (with an RS-232 or RS-485 interface) that conforms to the standard Modbus protocol to a CANopen network. You can connect up to 15 devices.

Product	Model	Function
	DVPCP02-H2	The CANopen slave module is connected to the right side of an EH2 series PLC. It can connect the EH2 series PLC to a CANopen network.
	IFD6503	This analyzes CANopen network data, and has ports both ends for a CAN interface and a USB interface. Use it to monitor CAN network data, or allow CAN nodes to transmit the data. The product is used with the Netview Builder software.
	ASD-A2-xxxx-M servo driver	This servo driver has a built-in CANopen interface. It controls positioning, speed, and torque.
	VFD-C2000/CP2000/C200 series AC motor drives	This AC motor drive has a built-in CANopen function, and controls positioning, speed, and torque. For the C2000/CP2000 series AC motor drives, you must purchase a CMC-COP01 to provide the CAN interface. Only the C200 series AC motor drive has the built-in CANopen interface.
	VFD-EC series AC motor drive	The EC series AC motor drive has a built-in CANopen interface. It controls speed and torque.
	TAP-CN01	This CANopen network topology distribution box has a 120 ohm resistor enabled with a switch.

Product	Model	Function
	TAP-CN02	This CANopen network topology distribution box has a 120 ohm resistor enabled with a switch.
	TAP-CN03	This CANopen network topology distribution box has a 120 ohm resistor enabled with switch.
	UC-CMC003-01A UC-CMC005-01A UC-CMC010-01A UC-CMC015-01A UC-CMC020-01A UC-CMC030-01A UC-CMC050-01A UC-CMC100-01A UC-CMC200-01A	These CANopen sub cables have RJ45 connectors at both ends. UC-CMC003-01A: 0.3 meters UC-CMC005-01A: 0.5 meters UC-CMC010-01A: 1 meter UC-CMC015-01A: 1.5 meters UC-CMC020-01A: 2 meters UC-CMC030-01A: 3 meters UC-CMC050-01A: 5 meters UC-CMC100-01A: 10 meters UC-CMC200-01A: 20 meters
$\bigcap$	UC-DN01Z-01A UC-DN01Z-02A	CANopen network cable UC-DN01Z-01A: CANopen main cable UC-DN01Z-02A: CANopen sub cable
	TAP-TR01	This 120 ohm resistor has an RJ45 connector.

## **10.3** The CANopen Protocol

### **10.3.1 Introduction to the CANopen Protocol**

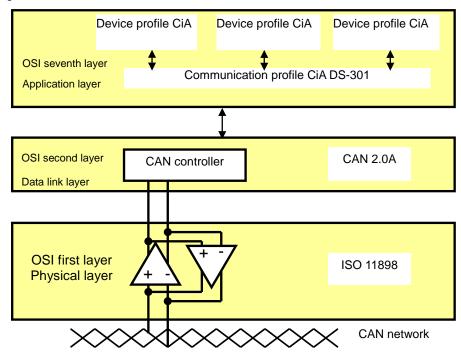
The CAN (controller area network) fieldbus only defines the physical layer and the data link layer of a network. See the ISO11898 standard for information. The CAN fieldbus does not define the application layer. In practice, the hardware contains the physical layer and the data link layer. The CAN fieldbus itself is not complete, and needs a superior protocol to define the use of 11/29-bit identifier and 8-byte data.

The CANopen protocol is the superior protocol based on the CAN fieldbus. It is one of the protocols defined and maintained by CiA (CAN-in-Automation) and was developed on the basis of the CAL (CAN application layer) protocol, using a subset of the CAL communication and service protocols.

The CANopen protocol contains the application layer and the communication profile (CiA DS301). It also contains a framework for programmable devices (CiA 302), recommendations for cables and connectors (CiA

303-1), and SI units and prefix representations (CiA 303-2).

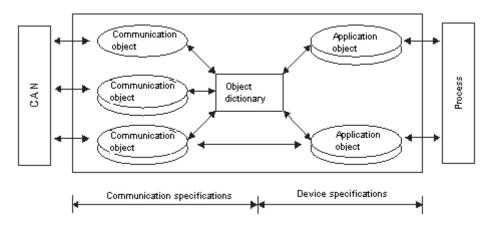
In the OSI model, the relation between the CAN standard and the CANopen protocol is described in the following diagram.



#### 1. The object dictionary

CANopen uses an object-based method to define a standard device. Every device is represented by a set of objects and can be visited by the network. The diagram below illustrates the CANopen device model. The object dictionary is the interface between the communication program and the superior application program.

The core concept of CANopen is the device object dictionary (OD). It is an orderly set of objects. Every object has a 16-bit index for addressing and also defines an 8-bit subindex. Every node in the CANopen network has an object dictionary that includes the parameters that describe the device and the network behavior. The object dictionary of a node is also described in the electronic data sheet (EDS) for the device.



#### 10.3.2 The CANopen Communication Object

The CANopen communication protocol contains the following communication objects.

- 1. PDO (process data object)
- The PDO provides the direct channel for the device application object, and transmits the real-time data. It has high priority. Every byte in the PDO CAN message data list transmits data, and the message usage rate is high.
- There are two kinds of uses for PDOs; data transmission and data reception. They are distinguished by Transmit-PDOs (TxPDOs) and Receive-PDOs (RxPDOs). Devices supporting TxPDOs are called PDO producers, and devices that receive PDOs are called PDO consumers.
- The PDO is described by the "producer/consumer mode". The data transmits from one producer to one
  or many consumers. The data that can be transmitted is limited to between 1-byte and 8-byte data.
  After the producer transmits the data, the consumer does not need to reply to the data. Every node in
  the network detects the transmitted data and decides whether to process the received data.
- Every PDO is described by two objects in the object dictionary: the PDO communication parameters and the PDO mapping parameters

PDO communication parameters: the COB-ID used by PDO, the transmission type, the prohibition time, and the counter cycle

PDO mapping parameters: the object list in an object dictionary. These objects are mapped into the PDO, including the data length (in bits). To explain the contents of the PDO, the producer and the consumer both have to understand the mapping.

The PDO transmission modes: synchronous and asynchronous

Synchronous mode: synchronous periodic and synchronous non-periodic

Asynchronous: The producer transmits the PDO when the data changes, or after a trigger.

The following table lists supported transmission modes.

Туре		PDO transmission							
	Periodic	Non-periodic	Synchronous	Asynchronous	RTR				
0		Х	Х						
1 – 240	Х		Х						
254				Х					
255				Х					

Mode 0: The PDO information is transmitted only when the PDO data changes and the synchronous signal is received.

Modes 1-240: One piece of PDO information is transmitted every 1-240 synchronous signals.

Mode 254: The trigger is defined the manufacturer. The definition in the PLC is the same as mode 255.

Mode 255: The PDO is transmitted when the data changes, or it is transmitted after a trigger.

All the data in the PDO has to be mapped from the object dictionary. The following diagram shows an example of PDO mapping.

	Object	dictionary			PDO_1 r	napping	g
xxxxh	xxh	Application object A		0		3	
				1	yyyyh	yyh	8
yyyyh	yyh	Application object B		2	zzzzh	zzh	16
				3	xxxxh	xxh	8
zzzzh	zzh	Application object C					
PDO_1	Applic	ation object B	Application object (	0	App	olication	object A

The following table shows the data format for RxPDO and TxPDO.

COB-ID	Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5	Byte 6	Byte 7
Object identifier				Da	ata			

- 2. SDO (service data object)
- The SDO builds the client/server relation between two CANopen devices. The client device can read the data from the object dictionary on the server device and write the data into the object dictionary on the server device. The SDO visit mode is "client/server" mode. The mode which is visited is the SDO server. Every CANopen device has at least one service data object that provides the visit channel for the object dictionary of the device. SDO can read all the objects in the object dictionary, and write all objects into the object dictionary.
- The SDO message contains the index and subindex information used to position the objects in the
  object dictionary, and the composite data structure can easily be passed by the SDO visit. After the
  SDO client sends the reading/writing request, the SDO server replies. The client and the server can
  stop SDO transmission. The requested message and the reply message are separated by different
  COB-IDs.
- The SDO can transmit the data in any length. If the data length is more than 4 bytes, the data must be transmitted by segment. The last segment of the data contains an end flag.
- The following table shows the structures of the SDO requested message and reply message.

The format of the requested message:

COB-ID	Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5	Byte 6	Byte 7
600 (hex)	Requested	Object index		Object	Requested data			
+Node-ID	code	LSB	MSB	subindex	bit7-0	bit15-8	bit23-16	bit31-24

Request code (hex)	Description
23	Writing 4-byte data
2B	Writing 2-byte data
2F	Writing 1-byte data
40	Reading data
80	Stopping the current SDO function

The definition of the requested code in the requested message:

The format of the reply message:

COB-ID	Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5	Byte 6	Byte 7
580 (hex)	Reply	Object index		Object	Reply data			
+Node-ID	code	LSB	MSB	subindex	bit7-0	bit15-8	bit23-16	bit31-24

The definition of the reply code in the reply message:

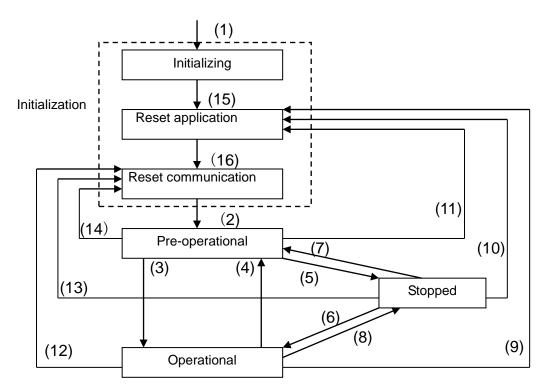
Reply code (hex)	Description		
43	Reading 4-byte data		
4B	Reading 2-byte data		
4F	Reading 1-byte data		
60	Writing 1/2/4-byte data		
80	Stopping the current SDO function		

#### 3. NMT (network management object)

The CANopen network management conforms to the master/slave mode. Only one NMT master exists in the CANopen network, and all other nodes are considered to be slaves. NMT includes three services: module control, error control, and boot-up services.

#### Module control services

The master node in the CANopen network controls the slave by sending commands. The slave receives and executes the command, and does not need to reply. All CANopen nodes have internal NMT states. The slave node has four states: initialization, pre-operational, operational, and stop states. The following diagram illustrates the device states.



(1) After power is supplied, the device automatically enters the initialization state.

(2) After the initialization is complete, the device automatically enters the pre-operational state.

- (3)(6) The remote node starts.
- (4)(7) The device enters the pre-operational state.
- (5)(8) The remote node stops.
- (9)(10)(11) The application layer resets.
- (12)(13)(14) The communication resets.
- (15) After the initializing is complete, the device automatically enters the reset application state.
- (16) After the reset application state is complete, the device automatically enters the reset communication state.

The following table shows the relation between the communication object and the state. You can only execute the communication object service in the correct state. For example, you can only execute SDO in the operational state and pre-operational states.

	Initialization	Pre-operational	Operational	Stopped
PDO			Х	
SDO		Х	Х	
SYNC		Х	Х	
Time Stamp		Х	Х	
EMCY		Х	Х	
Boot-up	X			
NMT		Х	Х	Х

The control message format for the node state:

COB-ID	Byte 0	Byte 1	
0	Command appoifiar (CC)	Slave address	
	Command specifier (CS)	(0: Broadcast)	

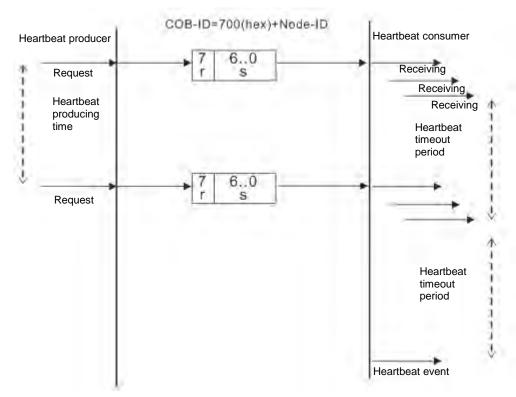
The command specifiers:

Command specifier (hex)	Function	
01	Start the remote node	
02	Stop the remote node	
80	Enter the pre-operational state	
81	Reset the application layer	
82	Reset the communication	

#### • Error control services

The error control service detects the disconnection of a network node. The error control services are classified into two types: Heartbeat and Node Guarding. The AS Series PLC only supports Heartbeat. For example, the master can detect the disconnection of the slave only after the slave enables the Heartbeat service.

The following illustrates the Heartbeat principle. The Heartbeat producer transmits the Heartbeat message according to the set Heartbeat producing time. One or many Heartbeat consumers detect the message transmitted by the Heartbeat producer. If the consumer does not receive the message transmitted by the producer within the timeout period, there is a problem in the CANopen communication or the producer is disconnected.



#### • Boot-up services

After the slave completes the initialization and enters the pre-operational state, it transmits the Boot-up message.

1. Other predefined CANopen communication objects (SYNC and EMCY)

#### • SYNC Object (Synchronous object)

The synchronous object is the message that the master node periodically broadcasts on the CANopen network. This object recognizes the network clock signal. Every device decides whether to use the event use synchronous communication with other network devices depending on its configuration. For example, when controlling a driving device, the devices do not act immediately after they receive the command sent by the master. They do act when they receive the synchronous message. This makes multiple devices act synchronously.

The format of the SYNC message:

COB-ID	
80 (hex)	

#### • Emergency object

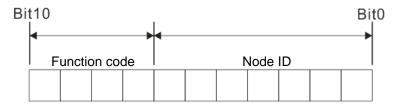
The emergency object is used by a CANopen device to indicate an internal error. When an emergency error occurs in the device, the device sends the emergency message (including the emergency error code), and the device enters an error state. After the error is eliminated, the device sends another emergency message with emergency error code 0, and the device enters the normal state.

COB-ID	Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5	Byte 6	Byte 7
80 (hex)	' code		Error	Factory-defined error code				
+Node-ID	LSB	MSB	register					

Note: The value in the error register is mapped to index 1001 (hex) in the object dictionary. If the value is 0, no error occurred. If the value is 1, a normal error occurred. If the value is H'80, an internal error occurred in the device.

#### **10.3.3 The Predefined Connection Set**

In order to decrease the configuration workload of the network, CANopen defines a default identifier. In the predefined connection set, the structure of the 11-bit identifier is as follows.



The following tables list the objects that are supported and the COB-IDs that are assigned to the objects.

Object	Function code	COB-ID	Index of the communication parameter
NMT	0000	0	-
SYNC	0001	128 (80h)	1005h, 1006h, 1007h
Time stamp	0010	256 (100h)	1012h, 1013h

1. The broadcast object in the predefined connection setting

2. The corresponding object in the predefined connection set

Object	Function code	COB-ID	Index of the communication parameter
Emergency	0001	129 (81h)–255 (FFh)	1014h, 1015h
PDO1 (TX)	0011	385 (181h)–511 (1FFh)	1800h
PDO1 (RX)	0100	513 (201h)–639 (27Fh)	1400h
PDO2 (TX)	0101	641 (281h)–767 (2FFh)	1801h
PDO2 (RX)	0110	769 (301h)–895 (37Fh)	1401h
PDO3 (TX)	0111	879 (381h)–1023 (3FFh)	1802h
PDO3 (RX)	1000	1025 (401h)–1151 (47Fh)	1402h
PDO4 (TX)	1001	1153 (481h)–1279 (4FFh)	1803h
PDO4 (RX)	1010	1281 (501h)–1407 (57Fh)	1403h
SDO (TX)	1011	1409 (581h)–1535 (5FFh)	1200h
SDO (RX)	1100	1537 (601h)–1663 (67Fh)	1200h
NMT Error Control	1110	1793 (701h)–1919 (77Fh)	1016h, 1017h

# **10.4** Sending SDO, NMT and Reading Emergency Message through the Ladder Diagram

You can edit the request message mapping area to affect the transmission of SDO, NMT and Emergency messages. The following table shows the corresponding relations between the request message mapping area, response message mapping area, and PLC device.

PLC device	Mapping area	Mapping length
D25000-D25031	SDO request message, NMT service message and Emergency request message	64 bytes
D24000-D24031	SDO response message and Emergency response message	64 bytes

The CANopen master can only send one SDO, NMT, or Emergency request message to the same device at a time. Clear the request message mapping area to zero when sending SDO, NMT, or Emergency request message through the WPL program.

#### **10.4.1** Data Structure of SDO Request Message

Sending SDO through the ladder diagram reads or writes the slave parameter.

1. The data format of the SDO request message:

PLC device		Request message			
PLC device		High byte	Low byte		
D25000		ReqID	Command (Fixed to 01)		
D25001	Message Header	Reserved	Size		
D25002		Туре	Node ID		
D25003		High byte of main index	Low byte of main index		
D25004		Reserved	Sub-index		
D25005	Message Data	Datum 1	Datum 0		
D25006		Datum 3	Datum 2		
D25007 - D25031		Rese	erved		

- ReqID: the request ID. Whenever an SDO request message is sent out, the message is given a ReqID for CANopen master to identify. When reading/writing another SDO message, the original ID number must be changed. In other words, reading/writing SDO is triggered by changing of the value of "ReqID". The ReqID range is between 00–FF (Hex).
- Size: the length of the message data. The counting starts from D6253 with a byte as the unit. When reading, it is fixed to four and when writing, it is four plus the byte number of data types of index and subindex and the maximum value is eight. But when writing, if the data type of the index and subindex is word, the data length is six. The data length is file if the data type is byte.
- Node ID: the node address for the target equipment on a CANopen network.
- Type: 01 indicates the read access; 02 indicates the write access.

The following table shows the data format of the SDO response message.

PLC device	Response message		
PLC device		High byte	Low byte
D24000		ResID	Status code
D24001	Message Header	Reserved	Size
D24002		Туре	Node ID
D24003		High byte of main index	Low byte of main index
D24004		Reserved	Sub-index
D24005	Message Data	Datum 1	Datum 0
D24006		Datum 3	Datum 2
D24007~D24031		Rese	erved

• Status code:

The following table lists the status code values in the response message.

Status code	Explanation		
0	o data transmission request		
1	DO message transmission succeeds.		
2	SDO message is being transmitted.		
3	Error: SDO transmission time-out		

Status code	Explanation		
4	Error: Illegal command code		
5	Error: the length of the transmitted data is illegal.		
6	Error: the length of the response data is illegal.		
7	rror: Equipment to be sent messages is busy.		
8	Error: Illegal type		
9	Error: Incorrect node address		
0A	Error message (See the error code for SDO response message)		
0B-FF	Reserved		

- ResID: the same as the request ID in the request message.
- Size: the length of the message data, maximum of 20 bytes. The unit is bytes. When writing, the maximum is four; the data length is decided by the data type of index and subindex when reading.
- Node ID: the node address of the target equipment on CANopen network.
- Type: in the SDO response message, 43 (Hex) refers to reading four bytes of data; 4B (Hex) refers to reading two bytes of data; 4F (Hex) refers to reading one byte of data; 60 (Hex) refers to writing 1/2/4 byte(s) of data; 80 (Hex) refers to stopping SDO command.

Example 1: write 010203E8 (hex) to (Index\_subindex) 212D\_0 in slave of No. 3 through SDO; the data type of (Index\_subindex) 212D\_0 is double words (32 bits).

• Request data:

	Request message		
PLC device		High byte(Hex)	Low byte(Hex)
D25000		ReqID=01	Command =01
D25001	Message Header	Reserved =0	Size =8
D25002		Type =02	Node ID =03
D25003	Message data	Main index high byte =21	Main index low byte =2D
D25004		Reserved =0	Subindex =0
D25005		Datum 1=03	Datum 0=E8
D25006		Datum 3=01	Datum 2=02

#### Response data:

PLC device	Response message		
PLC device		High byte(Hex)	Low byte(Hex)
D24000		ResID =01	Command =01
D24001	Message Header	Reserved =0	Size =4
D24002	neader	Type =60	Node ID =03
D24003	Message data	Main index high byte =21	Main index low byte =2D
D24004		Reserved =0	Subindex =0
D24005		Datum 1=00	Datum 0=00
D24006		Datum 3=00	Datum 2=00

Example 2: read the value of (Index\_subindex) 212D\_0 in slave of No. 3 through SDO; the data type of (Index\_subindex) 212D\_0 is double words (32 bits).

Request data:

PLC device	Request message		
PLC device		High byte(Hex)	Low byte(Hex)
D25000		ReqID =01	Command =01
D25001	Message Header	Reserved =0	Size =4
D25002		Туре =01	Node ID =03
D25003	Message data	Main index high byte =21	Main index low byte =2D
D25004		Reserved =0	Subindex =0
D25005		Datum 1=0	Datum 0=0
D25006		Datum 3=0	Datum 2=0

#### 10.4.2 Data Structure of NMT Message

Use the NMT service to manage the CANopen network such as start, operation, reset of nodes, etc.

The following table shows the data format of the NMT request message.

PLC device		Request message		
P LC device		High byte	Low byte	
D25000	Message Header	ReqID	Command (Fixed to 01)	
D25001		Reserved	Size (Fixed to 04)	
D25002		Type (Fixed to 03)	Node ID	
D25003	Message data	Reserved	NMT service code	
D25004		Reserved	Node ID	

- Command: Fixed to 01.
- ReqID: the request ID. Whenever an NMT request message is sent, the message is given a ReqID for the CANopen master to identify. Before another NMT request message is sent out, the original ID number must be changed. In other words, change the value of ReqID. The ReqID range is between 00–FF (Hex) to trigger sending the NMA request message.
- Node ID: the node address for the target equipment on the CANopen network (0: Broadcast).
- NMT service code:

NMT service code (Hex)	Function
01	Start remote node
02	Stop remote node
80	Enter the pre-operational state
81	Reset application
82	Reset communication

PLC device		Response message		
PLC device		High byte	Low byte	
D24000	Message header	ResID	Status code	
D24001		Reserved	Reserved	
D24002		Reserved	Node ID	

The following table shows the data format of the NMT Response message.

- When status code is 1, the NMT operation has succeeded. When status code is not equal to1, the NMT operation has failed and you should verify that the data in NMT request message is correct.
- Node ID: the node address for the target equipment on the CANopen network.

#### Example 1: Stop slave of No. 3 through NMT

Request data:

		Request message		
PLC device		High byte(Hex)	Low byte(Hex)	
D25000	Message header	ReqID =01	Command =01	
D25001		Reserved =0	Size =04	
D25002	neauei	Type =03	Node ID =03	
D25003	Message	Reserved	NMT service code =02	
D25004	data	Reserved	Node ID =03	

Response data:

DI C device		Response message		
PLC device		High byte(Hex)	Low byte(Hex)	
D24000	Message header	ResID=01	Status code =01	
D24001		Reserved =0	Reserved =0	
D24002	neduel	Reserved =0	Node ID =03	

#### 10.4.3 Data Structure of EMERGENCY Request Message

The Emergency request message communicates the slave error and alarm information.

The following table shows the data format of the Emergency request message.

PLC device	Request message		
PLC device		High byte	Low byte
D25000	Message header	ReqID	Command (Fixed to 1)
D25001		Reserved	Size (Fixed to 0)
D25002		Type (Fixed to 04)	Node ID
D25003~D25031	Message data	Reserved	

- Command: Fixed to 01.
- ReqID: the request ID. Whenever an Emergency message is sent, the message is given a ReqID for the CANopen master to identify. Before another Emergency request message is sent out, the original ID number must be changed. In other words, change the value of ReqID. The ReqID range is between 00–FF (Hex) to trigger the sending the Emergency request message.

• Node ID: the node address of the target equipment on CANopen network.

DLC device	Response message		
PLC device		High byte(Hex)	Low byte(Hex)
D24000		ResID	Status code
D24001	Message header	Reserved	Size Fixed to 2A
D24002	neader	Type (Fixed to 04)	Node ID
D24003		Total number of data	Number of data stored
D24004		Datum 1	Datum 0
D24005		Datum 3	Datum 2
D24006		Datum 5	Datum 4
D24007	Message	Datum 7	Datum 6
D24008-D24011	data	Em	nergency2
D24012-D24015		Em	ergency3
D24016-D24019		Em	nergency4
D24020-D24023		Em	nergency5
D24024-D24031		R	eserved

The following table shows data format of the Emergency response message.

- Command: Fixed to 01(Hex).
- When status code is 1, reading the Emergency message has succeeded. When status code is not equal to1, reading the Emergency message has failed and you should verify that the data in the Emergency message is correct.
- Node ID: the node address for the target equipment on the CANopen network.
- Total number of data: the total number of Emergency messages CANopen master receives from the slave.
- Number of data stored: the latest number of Emergency messages CANopen master receives from the slave (5 messages at most).
- An Emergency 1 consists of the data in D6004-D6007 and every Emergency message consists of 8 bytes of data.

The following table shows the data format of Emergency messages on the CAN bus. Datum 0–datum 7 in Emergency response message correspond to byte 0–byte 7 respectively.

COB-ID	Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5	Byte 6	Byte 7
80 (hex)	Emergei	ncy error	Error storage	Vendor custom error code				
+Node-ID	со	de	register		vendor	custom er	for code	

Example 1: read the Emergency message from the slave No.2, and the Emergency messages the slave sends out successively.

COB-ID	Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5	Byte 6	Byte 7
82 (hex)	43	54	20	14	0	0	0	0

COB-ID	Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5	Byte 6	Byte 7
82 (hex)	42	54	20	15	0	0	0	0

• Request data:

		Request message				
PLC device		High byte	Low byte			
D25000	Message header	ReqID=01	Command =01			
D25001		Reserved	Size =0			
D25002		Type =04	Node ID =03			

• Emergency response data

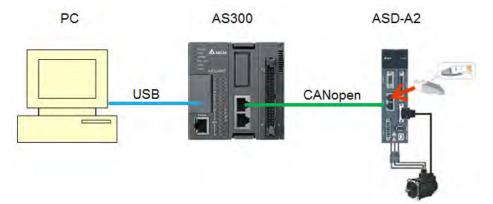
PLC device	Response message							
PLC device		High byte	Low byte					
D24000		ResID=01	Status code =01					
D24001	Message header	Reserved =0	Size =2A (Hex)					
D24002	neauei	Type =04	Node ID =03					
D24003		Total number of data =1	Number of data stored =1					
D24004		Datum 1=54	Datum 0=42					
D24005	Message data	Datum 3=20	Datum 2=14					
D24006	uala	Datum 5=0	Datum 4=0					
D24007		Datum 7=0	Datum 6=0					

#### **10.4.4** Example of Sending SDO through the Ladder Diagram

#### 1. Control Requirement:

Read the value of P0-09 from the servo through SDO.

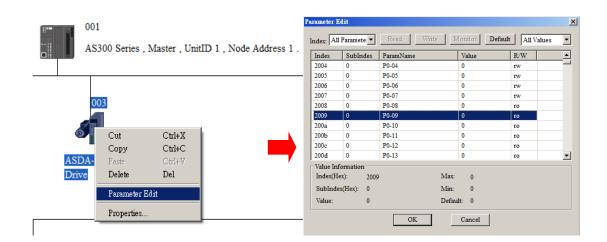
#### 2. Hardware Connection:



#### 3. The Corresponding Relation between Slave Parameter and Index/Subindex

The index\_subindex corresponding to P0-09 in servo is 2009\_0. In the CANopen Builder network configuration software, right click the servo icon, and then click **Parameter Edit**. In the **Parameter Edit** dialog box, you can see the index\_subindex corresponding to the servo parameter.

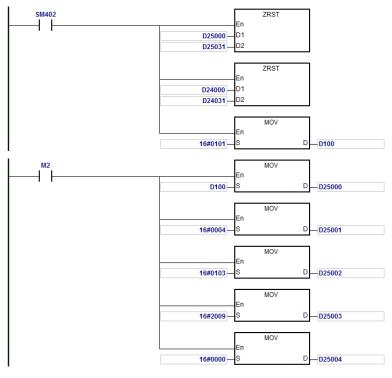
For more details on how to operate the network configuration interface, refer to Section 11.1.1 in the CANopen Builder software help file



#### 4. The Structure of the Request Message Devices:

		Content	Explanation				
PLC d	PLC device (		High byte(Hex)	Low byte(Hex)			
SDO	D25000	0101	ReqID = 01	Command = 01			
request	D25001	0004	Reserved	Size = 04			
message	D25002	0102	Туре = 01	Node ID = 03			
mapping	D25003	2009	Index high byte = 20	Index low byte = 09			
area	D25004	0000	Reserved	Subindex = 00			

#### 5. Editing the Ladder Diagram in ISPSoft



When M2=ON, after reading succeeds, the program stores the data from the target device in D24000–D24005. The value of D24005: 100 (hex) is the value read from P0-09.

	PLC device		Expla	nation
PLC d			High byte(Hex)	Low byte(Hex)
	D24000	0101	ResID = 01	Status code = 01
SDO	D24001	0006	Reserved	Size = 08
response	D24002	4303	Type = 43	Node ID = 03
message mapping	D24003	2009	Main index high byte = 20	Index low byte = 09
area	D24004	0004	Reserved	Subindex = 00
	D24005	0100	Datum 1= 01	Datum 0= 00

#### 6. The Structure of the Response Message Devices:

## **10.5** Troubleshooting

#### 10.5.1 CANopen Network Node State Display

1. In the AS Series PLC, while you enable the CANopen function, it uses SR825–893 as the special registers as shown in the following table.

Special register	Function
SR825	Displays the state of AS300 series PLC.
SR830-SR893	Displays the state of 64 nodes in the network
SR826	Flag for the state of the slave 1–16
SR827	Flag for the state of the slave 17–32
SR828	Flag for the state of the slave 33-48
SR289	Flag for the state of the slave 49–64
SR821	Version of CANopen DS301
SR822	Displays the CANopen baud rate (unit: 1kpps)

As a master, the AS series PLC supports a maximum of 64 slaves ranging from node 1 to node 64. You can use SR826–829 to monitor the state of the nodes in the network. The 16 bits in SR826 correspond to 16 slaves and their corresponding relations are shown in the following table.

Bit	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
Node	Node 8	Node 7	Node 6	Node 5	Node 4	Node 3	Node 2	Node 1
Bit	b15	b14	b13	b12	b11	b10	b9	b8
Node	Node16	Node15	Node14	Node13	Node12	Node11	Node10	Node 9

When the node in the master node list is normal, the corresponding bit is OFF; when the node in the master node list is abnormal (for example, initializing fails or the slave is offline for some reason), the corresponding bit is ON.

 The error code of every node is displayed through the corresponding special register (SR830–893) and the relations between special register and corresponding node (1–16) is shown in the following table. (You can also judge for other correspondings that are not listed here.)

Special register	SR830	SR831	SR832	SR833	SR834	SR835	SR836	SR837
Node	Node 1	Node 2	Node 3	Node 4	Node 5	Node 6	Node 7	Node 8
Special register	SR838	SR839	SR840	SR841	SR842	SR843	SR844	SR845
Node	Node 9	Node10	Node11	Node12	Node13	Node14	Node15	Node16

4. Node codes displayed in SR830–893 when the ASSeries PLC is the master:

Code	Indication	How to correct
0	The node is error free or the node is not configured.	N/A
E0	ASSeries PLC master module receives the emergency message sent from slave.	Read the relevant message with the PLC program
E1	PDO data length returned from the slave is not consistent with the length set in the node list.	Set the PDO data length of the slave and re-download.
E2	PDO of slave is not received.	Check and ensure the setting is correct.
E3	Downloading auto SDO fails.	Check and ensure auto SDO is correct.
E4	Configuration of PDO parameter fails.	Ensure that the PDO parameter setting is legal.
E5	Error in key parameter setting.	Ensure that the connected slave device is consistent with the configured slave in the software.
E6	The slave does not exist in the network	Ensure that the power supply of slave is normal
E7	Slave error control is timed-out.	and slave is correctly connected to the network.
E8	The node IDs of master and slave repeat.	Set the node ID of the master and slave again and ensure their node IDs are unique.

#### 5. Codes displayed in SR825 when the AS300 Series PLC is the master:

Code	Indication	How to correct
0	In CANopen DS301 mode: the PLC works as master and is working normally. Not in CANopen DS301 mode: the master mode function is not activated.	N/A
F1	No slave in the list	Add slave into the node list and then re-download the configuration data.
F2	The data are being downloaded to AS Series PLC	Wait to finish downloading the configuration data.
F3	The configuration receiving error in AS Series PLC	Download parameter configuration again.
F4	Bus-OFF is detected.	Check that the CANopen bus cables are properly connected and ensure that all the node devices run at the same baud rate before you reboot.

Code	Indication	How to correct
F5	AS Series PLC setting error such as incorrect node address	The node address in the AS300 Series PLC should be between: 1–127.
F8	Internal error; the error is detected in the internal memory	If the same error occurs after cycling the power, replace it with a new AS300 PLC.
FB	The sending buffer in the AS Series PLC is full.	Check that the CANopen bus cable is properly connected and then reboot.
FC	The receiving buffer in the AS Series PLC is full.	Check that the CANopen bus cable is properly connected and then reboot.

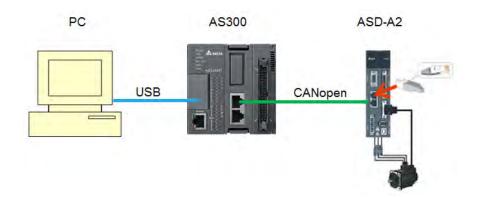
#### 6. Codes displayed in SR825 when the AS Series PLC is the slave:

Code	Indication	How to correct		
0	Working normally	N/A Note: When the heartbeat alam function is not activated, if the connection is normal before a disconnection occurs, the code for the slave will still be working normally after the connection is back on.		
A0	AS Series PLC is being initialized.			
A1	AS Series PLC is pre-operational.	Check if the CANopen bus cable is properly connected. If the master communication is not activated, no handling is needed.		
A3	The data are being downloaded to AS Series PLC	Wait to finish downloading the configured data.		
B0	Heartbeat message time-out	Check if the CANopen bus cable is properly connected.		
B1	PDO data length returned from the slave is not consistent with the length set in the node list.	Reset the PDO data length in the slave and download the new setting to the AS Series PLC.		
F4	BUS-OFF state is detected.	Check if the CANopen bus cables are properly connected and ensure that all the node devices run at the same baud rate before you reboot.		
FB	The sending buffer in the AS Series PLC is full.	Check if the CANopen bus cable is properly connected and then reboot.		
FC	The receiving buffer in the AS Series PLC is full.	Check if the CANopen bus cable is properly connected and then reboot.		

## **10.6** Application Example

The AS300 Series PLC can control Delta A2 servo rotation, and monitor the actual rotation speed of the motor in real time. It does this by mapping the relevant servo drive parameters to the corresponding PDO, and reads or writes the relevant servo drive parameters through the CAN bus.

#### 1. Connectting the Hardware



#### Note:

- Use a standard communication cable such as UC-DN01Z-01A / UC-DN01Z-02A / UC-CMC010-01A. and connect the terminal resistors (Delta standard terminal resistor TAP-TR01) to both ends of the network when you construct the network.
- M of ASD-A2-xxxx-M refers to the model code and currently only the M-model servo supports CANopen communication.

#### 2. Setting Servo Parameters:

• Set servo parameters as shown in the following table.

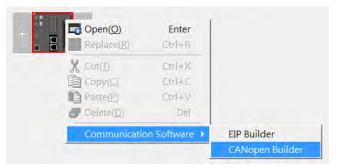
Parameter	Setting	Explanation
3-00	03	Node ID of the A2 servo is 2
3-01	400	CAN communication rate is 1Mbps.
1-01	04	Speed mode
0-17	07	Drive displays the motor rotation speed (r/min)
2-10	101	Set DI1 as the signal for Servo On
2-12	114	Set DI3 as the signal _SPD0 for speed selection
2-13	115	Set DI4 as the signal _SPD1 for speed selection

#### 3. Setting the CANopen Baud Rate and Node ID of AS300 Series PLC

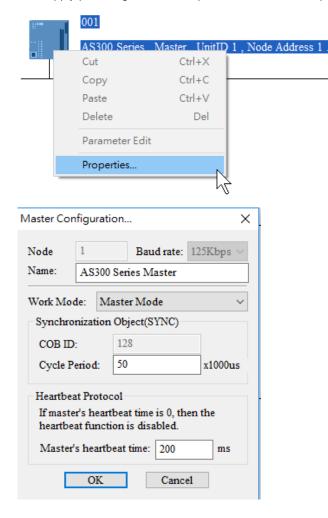
The AS300 Series PLC uses the default setting values: Node ID: 1 and baud rate: 1Mbps.

You set the CANopen Node ID and baud rate for the AS300 series PLC in the CANopen Builder software, as shown in the following steps.

A. Right click the AS300 Series PLC icon in HWCONFIG, then click **Communication Software**, and then click **CANopen Builder**.

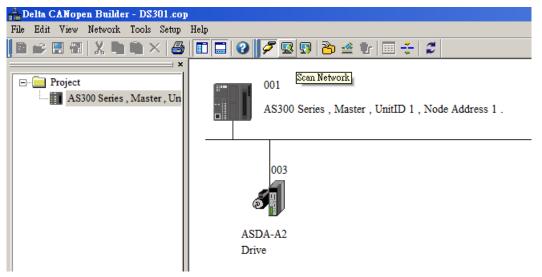


B. IF AS300 is in master mode, you can skip this step. If not, you can go to Properites and set it in Master mode. After that download the parameter to AS300. Set AS300 Power off for 2 seconds and supply power again and then proceed to the next step.

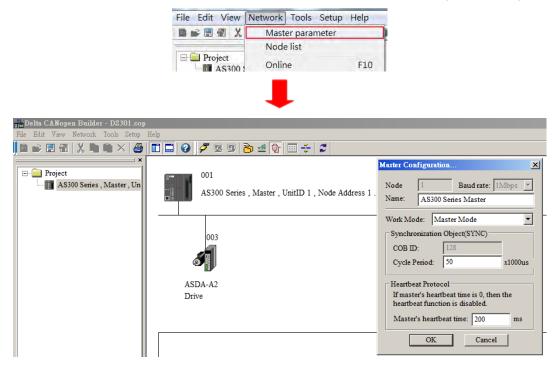


10

- C. Click the Online button on the Toolbar to enter on-line mode. **Delta CANopen Builder - DS301.cop** File Edit View Network Tools Setup Help Project AS300 Series , Master , UnitID 1 , Node Address 1 .
- D. Click the Scan Network 🗳 button on the Toolbar to scan the network.



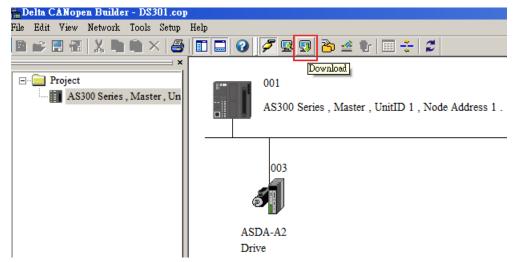
E. On the Network menu, click Master parameter to display the Master Configuration dialog box.



Item	Explanation	Default
Node ID	Node ID of AS300 series PLC on the CANopen network	1
Baud rate	CANopen communication rate	1M bit/second
Work mode	CANopen master/slave mode	Master
Cycle period	Cycle time for sending one SYNC message	50ms
Master heartbeat time	Interval time for sending the master heartbeat message	200ms

Configure the CANopen communication stations and rates in HWCONFIG.

F. After you complete the previous steps, click the Download <sup>D</sup> button on the Toolbar to download the parameters to the PLC.

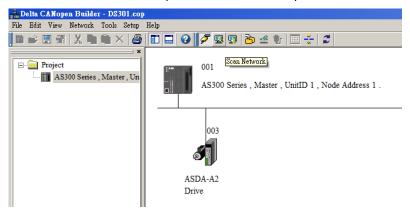


Note: you must reboot the AS300 Series PLC to enable the downloaded parameters.

#### 4. Scanning the Network:

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On the **Network** menu, click **Online** or click the south the second for the master and slaves on the CANopen network. The master and slave found by the scan appear in CANopen Builder. For more information, refer to Section 11.1.1 in the CANopen Builder software help file.



#### 5. Configurating Nodes:

Double click the slave icon in CANopen Builder to display the Node configuration dialog box.

#### • Error Control Protocol

Sets the error control protocol for the master to monitor if the slave is offline.

#### • Auto SDO Configuration

Perform one write action to the slave parameter with SDO. The write action is finished when the slave enters the operational state from the pre-operational state. You can configure up to 20 SDOs by clicking Auto SDO configuration.

#### • PDO Mapping and Properties

Sets the mapping parameter and transmission type for the PDO.

For more details on the function of these buttons, refer to Section 11.1.1 in the CANopen Builder software help file.

ode Con	figuration												
Nođe ID	: 3		Name:		ASE	DA-A	2 Drive	•					
	nformation	` <u>~</u>		_		-			Error C	ontrol	Protocol		
V V	✓ Vendor ID: 000001DD							_					
Device Type: 04020192								_	Auto SD	O Cor	nfiguration		
Product Code: 00006000				1	Em	er	gency CC	B ID:	83				
Revision: 02000001				_	1	No	de	guard CO	BID	703			
PDO fr	om EDS file												
Index	PDO Nar	ne			Ty	pe	Inhibi	t	Event		Export EDS file		
1400	Receive	PDO C	ommur	и́с	25	5	-		-				
1401	Receive	PDO C	ommur	ис	25	5			-				
1402	Receive	PDO C	ommur	йс	25	5			-		Add		
1403	Receive	PDO C	ommur	ис	25	5 -			-				
1800	Transmit	PDO O	Commu	ni	25	5	0		0		Delete		
1801	Transmit	PDO 0	Commu	ni	25	5	0		0		Define PDO		
1802	Transmit	PDO 0	Commu	ni	25	5	0		0		Denne i Do		
1803	Transmit	PDO (	Commu	ni	2.5	5	0		0	-			
Config	ured PDO -												
Index	COB ID	R/T	Len	Typ	be	De	scriptio	n			PDO Mapping		
1400	203	Rx	4	255		RxI	PDO 1				Properties		
1401	303	Rx	4	255		RxE	PDO 2						
1800	183	Tx	4	1		TxI	PDO 1						
											OK		
											Cancel		

• PDO Mapping:

RxPDO1: mapping parameter P1-09; transmission type 255.

RxPDO2: mapping parameter P3-06, P4-07; transmission type 255.

**TxPDO1**: mapping parameter P0-09; transmission type 1.

Config	ured PDO -					
Index	COB ID	R/T	Len	Туре	Description	PDO Mapping
1400	203	Rx	4	255	RxPDO 1	Properties
1401	303	Rx	4	255	RxPDO 2	
1800	183	Tx	4	1	TxPDO 1	
						OK
						Cancel

• PDO transmission type :

PDOs can be classified into RxPDO or TxPDO. RxPDO data are sent from master to slave and TxPDO data are sent from slave to master.

The PDO transmission types can be synchronous or asynchronous. In synchronous transmission, the master sends out the SYNC message in a fixed cycle. You set the length of the cycle in the Master Properties dialog box (default is 50ms). In asynchronous transmission, the message is sent out when the PDO mapping parameter changes.

The following table describes the PDO Transmission types.

Transmis	sion Type	Description	Remark	
	RxPDO	When any change in the mapped data happens, RxPDO data is sent out immediately. The data the slave receives is valid only when receiving the next SYNCH message. RxPDO data is not sent out if there is no change in the data.	SYNCH	
0	TxPDO	When any change in the mapped data happens and the slave receives the SYNC message, the data are sent out immediately. The TxPDO data are valid immediately after master receives them. TxPDO data is not sent out if there is no change in the data.	non-cycle	
N	RxPDO	After N messages are sent out, and regardless of whether the mapped data changes, the data that the slave receives is valid only when receiving the next SYNCH message.	SYNCH cycle	
(N:1–240)	TxPDO	After N messages are sent out and regardless of whether the mapped data is changed, the data that the master receives is valid at once.		
	RxPDO	The mapped data is sent out immediately when it changes and is valid when the slaves receives it. RxPDO data is not sent out if there is no change in the data.		
254	TxPDO	The slave sends out the data once every one Event timer time. After that, the TxPDO data is not allowed to be sent out within an inhibit timer time. When the Event timer and Inhibit timer are both equal to 0, the slave sends TxPDO data to the master immediately when the data changes, and the data that master receives is immediately valid.	ASYNCH	
255		Same as Type254		

Note:

- Synchronous transmission type can fulfill multi-axis motion at the same time.
- If you monitor a real-time changing parameter such as the actual rotation speed of the motor, set the TxPDO to the synchronous transmission type; otherwise the frequent change in the slave data can block the CANopen network.

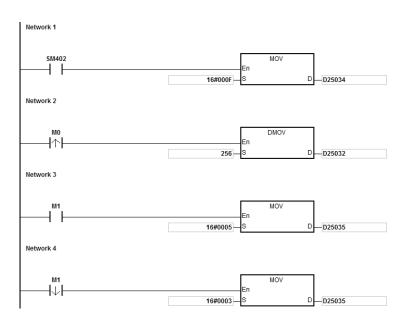
After you finish setting the above parameters, double click the master device to display the **Node List Setting** dialog box. Select ASDA-A2 Drive, and click > to move the A2 drive to the right-side list, and then download the configured data.

Available N	odes:		Node	List:		
Node ID	Node Name		Node	D	Nođe Name	
			> 003		ASDA-A2 Drive	
		r	<			
		L	_			
Output Tab	le		Input	Fable -		
· .	le Device Mapping		- Input 7 Dev		Device Mapping	
Device I			Dev	ice	Device Mapping [003]TxPDO-P0-09	
Device   1 D25032_L [	Device Mapping		Dev D24	ice 032_L		
Device 1 D25032_L [ D25032_H [	Device Mapping 003]RxPDO-P1-09		Dev D24 D24	ice 032_L 032_H	[003]TxPDO-P0-09	
Device 1 D25032_L [ D25032_H [ D25033_L [	Device Mapping 003]RxPDO-P1-09 003]RxPDO-P1-09		Dev D24 D24 D24	ice 032_L 032_H 033_L	[003]TxPDO-P0-09 [003]TxPDO-P0-09	
Device 1 D25032_L [ D25032_H [ D25033_L [ D25033_H [	Device Mapping 003]RxPDO-P1-09 003]RxPDO-P1-09 003]RxPDO-P1-09		Dev D24 D24 D24 D24 D24	ice 032_L 032_H 033_L	[003]TxPDO-P0-09 [003]TxPDO-P0-09 [003]TxPDO-P0-09	
Device 1 D25032_L [ D25032_H [ D25033_L [ D25033_H [ D25033_H [	Device Mapping 003]RxPDO-P1-09 003]RxPDO-P1-09 003]RxPDO-P1-09 003]RxPDO-P1-09		Dev D24 D24 D24 D24 D24 D24	ice 032_L 032_H 033_L 033_H	[003]TxPDO-P0-09 [003]TxPDO-P0-09 [003]TxPDO-P0-09 [003]TxPDO-P0-09	
D25032_L [ D25032_H [ D25033_L [ D25033_H [ D25034_L [ D25034_H [	Device Mapping 003]RxPDO-P1-09 003]RxPDO-P1-09 003]RxPDO-P1-09 003]RxPDO-P1-09 003]RxPDO-P3-06		Dev D24 D24 D24 D24 D24 D24 D24	ice 032_L 032_H 033_L 033_H 033_H 034_L	[003]TxPDO-P0-09 [003]TxPDO-P0-09 [003]TxPDO-P0-09 [003]TxPDO-P0-09	

The mapping relation between master and slave:

AS300 Series PLC master register	Data transmission on CANopen bus	A2 device
D25032		Low word of P1-09 of servo
D25033		High word of P1-09 of servo
D25034		P3-06 of servo
D25037		P4-07 of servo
D24032		Low word of P0-09 of servo
D24033	N	High word of P0-09 of servo

6. Program control: D25032 is given the value 256 in ISPSoft; that is, the speed command is set as 256r/min in the following diagram.



#### 7. Program explanation

When the AS300 Series PLC runs for the first time, set the parameter P3-06 for servo drive to F.

- When M0 switches from OFF to ON, the instruction writes 256 to D25032 and then writes the value to the servo parameter P1-09 through RxPDO1.
- When M1 switches from OFF to ON, change P4-07 to 5. DI1 and DI3 are ON. DI1 means the SERVO is ON and DI3 calls the speed specified by parameter P1-09 for servo rotation.
- When M1 switches from ON to OFF, the speed command becomes 0 and the motor stops running.

## **10.7** Object Dictionary

The following table lists the communication objects in the object dictionary.

Index	Subindex	Object name	Data type	Attribute	Default value
H'1000	H'00	Device type	Unsigned 32 bits	R	0x00000000
H'1001	H'00	Error register	Unsigned 8 bits	R	0
H'1005	H'00	COB-ID SYNC	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x0000080
H'1008	H'00	Manufacturer device name	Vis-String	R	AS300 Series PLC
H'1014	H'00	COB-ID EMCY	Unsigned 32 bits	R	0x80 + Node-ID
		Consumer heartbeat time			
H'1016	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	1
	H'01	Consumer heartbeat time	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1017	H'00	Producer heartbeat time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	0
		Identity Object			
H'1018	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	3

Index	Subindex	Object name	Data type	Attribute	Default value
	H'01	Vendor-ID	Unsigned 32 bits	R	0x000001DD
	H'02	Product code	Unsigned 32 bits	R	0x00000055
	H'03	Revision number	Unsigned 32 bits	R	0x00010002
		RxPDO1 communication parameter			
H'1400	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	3
H 1400	H'01	COB-ID of RxPDO1	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x00000200+ Node-ID
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	0
		RxPDO2 communication parameter			
H'1401	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	3
111401	H'01	COB-ID of RxPDO2	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	0
		RxPDO3 communication parameter			
H'1402	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	3
	H'01	COB-ID of RxPDO3	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
H'1402	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	0
		RxPDO4 communication parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	3
H'1403	H'01	COB-ID of RxPDO4	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	0
		RxPDO5 communication parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	3
H'1404	H'01	COB-ID of RxPDO5	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	0
H'1405		RxPDO6 communication parameter			
111405	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	3

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Index	Subindex	Object name	Data type	Attribute	Default value
	H'01	COB-ID of RxPDO6	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	0
		RxPDO7 communication parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	3
H'1406	H'01	COB-ID of RxPDO7	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	0
		RxPDO8 communication parameter			
H'1407	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	3
H 1407	H'01	COB-ID of RxPDO8	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	0
H'1600		RxPDO1 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	4
	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x20000110
H'1600	H'01	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x20000210
	H'02	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x20000310
	H'03	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x20000410
		RxPDO2 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
1.114.004	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1601	H'01	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'02	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
		RxPDO3 mapping parameter			
H'1602	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0

10

Index	Subindex	Object name	Data type	Attribute	Default value
	H'01	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'02	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
		RxPDO4 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1603	H'01	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'02	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
		RxPDO5 mapping parameter			
H'1604	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
1.114.004	H'01	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1604	H'02	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
		RxPDO6 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
1.114.005	H'01	The first mapped object Unsigned 32 bits		RW	0
H'1605	H'01	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'02	The third mapped object Unsigned 3		RW	0
	H'03	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
		RxPDO7 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1606	H'01	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'02	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
		RxPDO8 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1607	H'01	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'02	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1800		TxPDO1 communication parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	5

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Index	Subindex	Object name	Data type	Attribute	Default value
	H'01	COB-ID of TxPDO1	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x00000180+ Node-ID
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	50
H'1800	H'05	Timer	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	100
		TxPDO2 communication parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	5
H'1801	H'01	COB-ID of TxPDO2	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	50
	H'05	Timer	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	100
		TxPDO3 communication parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	5
H'1802	H'01	COB-ID of TxPDO3	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	50
	H'05	Timer	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	100
		TxPDO4 communication parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	5
H'1803	H'01	COB-ID of TxPDO4	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	50
	H'05	Timer	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	100
		TxPDO5 communication parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	5
H'1804	H'01	COB-ID of TxPDO5	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	50
	H'05	Timer	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	100
		TxPDO6 communication parameter			
H'1805	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	5
	H'01	COB-ID of TxPDO6	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	50
H'1805	H'05	Timer	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	100
H'1806		TxPDO7 communication parameter			

Index	Subindex	Object name	Data type	Attribute	Default value
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	5
	H'01	COB-ID of TxPDO7	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	50
	H'05	Timer	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	100
		TxPDO8 communication parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	5
H'1807	H'01	COB-ID of TxPDO8	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	50
	H'05	Timer	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	100
		TxPDO1 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	4
	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x20010110
H'1A00	H'02	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x20010210
	H'03	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x20010310
	H'04	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x20010410
		TxPDO2 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex Unsigned 8		RW	0
	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1A01	H'02	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'04	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
		TxPDO3 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
H'1A02	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'02	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1A02	H'04	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
		TxPDO4 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
H'1A03	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'02	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
		TxPDO5 mapping parameter			
H'1A04	 H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
111/404	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0

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Index Subindex		Object name	Data type	Attribute	Default value
H'02 The second mapped object		The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'04	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
		TxPDO6 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1A05	H'02	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'04	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
		TxPDO7 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex Unsigned 8 bits		RW	0
	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1A06	H'02	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'04	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1A07		TxPDO8 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1A07	H'02	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'04	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0



## Chapter 11 CPU Module Operating Principles

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## 11.1 CPU Module Operations

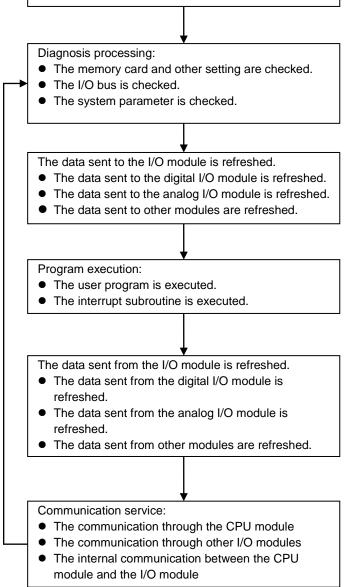
#### 11.1.1 Procedure

The following diagram describes the operation of the CPU module.

The CPU module is supplied with power.

The system enables the initialization.

- The non-latched memory is initialized.
- The downloaded program is checked.
- The parameters in the CPU module are checked.
- The parameters in the module table are checked.
- The module table in the CPU module is compared with the actual I/O configuration.
- The I/O setting is downloaded to the I/O module.
- If the memory card is installed, whether to execute the system copy procedure or not is checked.



#### 11.1.2 I/O Refreshing and Communication Service

#### Refreshing I/O

The CPU module reads external I/O data periodically or outputs data to an external I/O. Refreshing the I/O includes the following.

- Refreshing data in a digital I/O module
- Refreshing data in an analog I/O module
- Refreshing data in a network module

All I/O refreshing executes in the same loop. The data in an input device refreshes before a program executes, and the data in an output device refreshes after the program executes.

Unit	Maximum data exchange	Data exchange area
Digital I/O module	Depends on the number of input/output channels in the unit.	Input relay/Output relay
Analog I/O module	Depends on the number of input/output channels in the unit.	Data register
Network module	Depends on the unit.	Data register

#### • Communication service

Communication service is the unscheduled communication service for a network module. It includes the communication requests sent from external equipment to a CPU module, and the communication requests sent from the CPU module to the external equipment.

## 11.2 CPU Module Operating Modes

## 11.2.1 Operating Modes

There are two operating modes. They can be used to control a user program and all tasks.

**STOP mode:** A program is not executed under this mode. Users can download a module table, initialize CPU configuration and other setting, download a program, check a program, and force a bit ON/OFF.

**RUN mode:** A program is executed under this mode. Users can not download a module table, and initialize CPU configuration and other setting.

## **11.2.2** Status and Operation under Different Operating Modes

The following table lists the status and operation states for RUN and STOP modes.

#### Basic operation

CDU		1/0		Program m	emory
CPU mode	Program	I/O refreshing	External output	Non-latched Latche	
STOP	The execution of the program stops.	I/O refreshing executes.	OFF. If you set the I/O module so that the final state of the external output on the I/O module is retained, the final state of the external output on the I/O module is retained.	The data in the program memories is retained.	
RUN	The program executes.	I/O refreshing executes.	The program controls the external output.	The program co program memor	

#### • Relationship between the operating modes and tasks

Mode	Loop task	Interrupt task
STOP	Execution of a loop tasks stops.	Execution of an interrupt task stops.
	<ul> <li>The tasks that have not been executed are in the HALT state.</li> </ul>	
RUN	<ul> <li>If a task is active, or the instruction TKON is executed, the task executes.</li> </ul>	If the condition of the interrupt is met, the interrupt task executes.
	<ul> <li>If a task is not active, or the instruction TKOFF executes, the task does not execute.</li> </ul>	

#### • Relationship between changing modes and the program memory

Change of the mode	Non-latched area	Latched area
STOP→RUN	Data is cleared or retained depending on your setting.	The data is retained.
RUN→STOP	The data is retained.	The data is retained.

# 12

# Chapter 12 Troubleshooting

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12.2	5, 5, 5, 5, 1
40.0	for 1 Second
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## **12.1 Troubleshooting**

## 12.1.1 Basic troubleshooting steps

This chapter includes the possible errors the can occur during operation, their causes, and corrective actions.

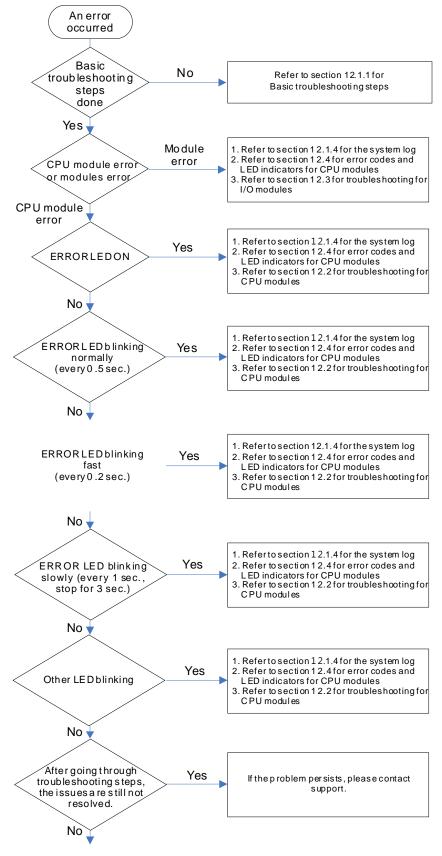
- (1) Check the following:
  - The PLC should be operated in a safe environment (consider environmental, electronic, and vibration safeties).
  - Connect power supply correctly to the PLC.
  - Secure the module, terminal, and cable installations.
  - All LED indicators show correctly.
  - Set all switches correctly.
- (2) Check the following operational functions:
  - Switch the RUN/STOP state
  - Check the settings for the AS Series to RUN/STOP
  - Check and eliminate errors from external devices
  - Use the System Log function in ISPSoft to check system operation and logs
- (3) Identify possible causes:
  - AS Series or external device
  - CPU or extension modules
  - Parameters or program settings

## 12.1.2 Clear the Error States

Use the following methods to clear the error states. If the error source is not corrected, the system continues to show errors.

- (1) Switch the CPU model state to STOP and then to RUN.
- (2) Turn off the CPU and turn it on again.
- (3) Use ISPSoft to clear the error logs.
- (4) Reset the CPU to the default settings and download the program again.

## 12.1.3 Troubleshooting SOP



The system runs normally.

### 12.1.4 System Log

If ISPSoft is connected to an AS Series, you can view actions and errors in the AS Series by clicking **System Log** on the **PLC** menu. The CPU can store up to 20 error log sets. After the 20 sets are stored, the 1<sup>st</sup> log is replaced with the 21<sup>st</sup> if there are new logs coming in, and the old logs are replaced with the new ones sequentially. When the memory card is installed in the CPU module, 20 sets of the old logs are backed up in the memory card and up to 1000 logs can be recorded. If the stored logs exceed 1000, the oldest 20 logs are replaced with the newest 20 logs in the memory card.

(1) On the PLC menu, click System Log.

PLC	<u>T</u> ools <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp
5	Transfer >
	System Security
0	Run Ctrl+Fl l
٢	Stop Ctrl+F12
\$	Online Mode Ctrl+F4
٢	New Devices Table
	Format PLC Memory
	System Log
Ξ	System Information

(2) The **System Log** window appears. Click **Clear Log** to clear the error log in the window and the error log in the CPU module, and reset the CPU module.

Sys	tem Log						×
E	rror Log	Program	n Change Log	g   Status Change Log	]		
	Group	No 1	Module No	PLC/Module Name	Error Code	Date & Time	
	1	0		AS332P	16#6012	0-1-1 0:0:14	3001Err6012
	1	0		AS332P	16#2003	16-8-31 17:29:7	3001Err2003
							•
	Refre	ch				Clear Log	Cancel
	Kelle	sn				Clear Log	Cancel

- Group No.: The number 1 indicates that the error occurred in the CPU module or the right-side module 1. The numbers 2–16 indicate the error occurred in the remote modules 1–15.
- Module No.: The number 0 indicates that the error occurred in the CPU module or the remote module. The numbers 1–32 indicate the error occurred in the right-side module of the CPU module / remote module. The number 1 represents the closest module to the CPU module or the remote module. This number increases from the closest to the furthest from the CPU module or the remote module. Note: up to eight extension modules can be connected to the right-side of the remote module.
- PLC/Module name: Model names of the CPU, remote, and extension modules.

- Error Code: Error codes in the error log.
- Date & Time: The date and time the error occurred. The most recently occurring error is listed on the top.
- The last column shows the descriptions for the error.

## **12.2 Troubleshooting for CPU Modules**

Check the LED indicators and the error codes from the CPU module and refer to the following table for troubleshooting. V in the Log column indicates the error is recorded in the log. X in the Log column indicates the error is not recorded in the log. H in the Log column indicates whether or not you can set recording the error in the log in HWCONFIG.

## 12.2.1 ERROR LED Indicators Are ON

Error Code (16#)	Description	Solution	Flag	Log
000A	Scan timeout	<ol> <li>Check the setting of the watchdog timer in HWCONFIG.</li> <li>Check whether the program causes a long scan time</li> </ol>	SM8	v

## 12.2.2 ERROR LED Indicators Blinking Every 0.5 Seconds

Error Code (16#)	Description	Solution	Flag	Log
000C	The program in the PLC is damaged.	Download the program again.	SM9	v
0010	CPU memory is denied.	Contact the factory.	SM9	V
002E	CPU external memory access is denied.	Contact the factory.	SM9	v
002F	PLC programs are not consistent with the system logs.	Download the program again.	SM34	V
0070	The arrangement of the function cards is not consistent with the settings.	Check whether the settings in HWCONFIG are consistent with the arrangement of the function cards.	SM10	V
0102	The interrupt number exceeds the range.	Check the program, compile the program again, and download the program again.	SM5	х
0202	The MC instruction exceeds the range.	Check the program, compile the program again, and download the program again.	SM5	х
0302	The MCR instruction exceeds the range.	Check the program, compile the program again, and download the program again.	SM5	х
0D03	The operands used in DHSCS are not used properly.	Check the program, compile the program again, and download the program again.	SM5	x
0E05	The operands HCXXX used in DCNT are not used properly.	Check the program, compile the program again, and download the program again.	SM5	x
1300 - 130F	Errors occurred in the remote modules	Refer to Section 12.3.4 for more information on the error codes for the remote modules.	SM30	v

#### AS Series Hardware Manual

Error Code (16#)	Description	Solution	Flag	Log
1402	The arrangement of the I/O modules is not consistent with the settings.	Check whether the settings in HWCONFIG are consistent with the arrangement of the I/O modules.	SM10	V
140B	More than four communication modules.	Check the total number of communication modules (maximum is four).	SM10	V
140D	More than 32 extension modules.	Check the total number of extension modules (maximum is 32).	SM10	v
140E	More than eight remote modules on the right side of the CPU module.	Check the total number of remote modules on the right side of the CPU module (maximum is 8).	SM30	v
1600	The extension module ID exceeds the range.	<ol> <li>Make sure the module is properly connected to the CPU module and turn the modules on again.</li> <li>If the error still occurs, contact the factory.</li> </ol>	SM10	v
1601	The extension module ID cannot be set.	<ol> <li>Make sure the module is properly connected to the CPU module and turn the modules on again.</li> <li>If the error still occurs, contact the factory.</li> </ol>	SM10	v
1602	The extension module ID is duplicated.	<ol> <li>Make sure the module is properly connected to the CPU module and turn the modules on again.</li> <li>If the error still occurs, contact the factory.</li> </ol>	SM10	v
1603	The extension module cannot be operated.	<ol> <li>Make sure the module is properly connected to the CPU module and turn the modules on again.</li> <li>If the error still occurs, contact the factory.</li> </ol>	SM10	v
1604	Extension module communication timeout	<ol> <li>Make sure the module is properly connected to the CPU module and turn the modules on again.</li> <li>If the error still occurs, contact the factory.</li> </ol>	SM10	V
1605	Hardware failure	Contact the factory.	SM10	V
1606	Errors on the communication module function card	Make sure the function card is properly connected to the CPU module and turn the modules on again.	SM10	v
1607	The external voltage is abnormal.	Check whether the external 24 V power supply to the module is normal.	SM10	v
1608	The Internal factory calibration or the CJC is abnormal.	Contact the factory.	SM10	v
1609 - 160F	Reserved (Error codes for the extens	ion modules)		
200A	Invalid instruction	Check the program, compile the program again, and download the program again.	SM5	v
6010	The number of MODBUS TCP connections exceeds the range.	Check the number of superior devices (maximum is 32).	SM 1092	V
6011	The number of EtherNet/IP connections exceeds the range.	Check the number of connections (maximum is 16).	SM 1093	v
C000 - CFFF	The program syntax is incorrect.	Save the PLC program and hand the file to the company or the technicians.		

## 12.2.3 ERROR LED Indicators Blinking Rapidly Every 0.2 Seconds

This happens when the power supply 24 VDC of the CPU module is disconnected, or the power supply is not sufficient, not stable or abnormal.

Error Code (16#)	Description	Solution	Flag	Log
002A	I he external voltage is abnormal.	Check whether the external 24 V power supply to the module is normal.	SM7	V

## 12.2.4 ERROR LED Indicators Slow Blinking Every 3 Seconds and Lighting up for 1 Second

Error Code (16#)	Description	Solution	Flag	Log
1500	Connection lost in the remote modules	Check the network connection cable.	SM30	V
1502 - 150F	Errors occurred in the remote modules	Refer to Section 12.3.4 for more information on the remote module error codes.	SM30	v
1800 - 180F	Errors occurred in the extension modules	Refer to Section 12.3 for more information on the extension module error codes.	SM10	v
1900 - 191C	Heartbeat errors occurred in the slave for the Delta ASD-A2 control.	<ol> <li>Check the CANopen connection cable.</li> <li>Check if the specific slave is working properly.</li> <li>Note: The last 2 digits of the error code represent the ID number of the slave (convert hexadecimal to decimal).</li> </ol>	-	v

## 12.2.5 BAT. LOW LED Indicators Are ON

This happens when there is no battery (CR1620) or the power is low. Turn this option off in the HWCONFIG > CPU > Device Setting > Show Battery Low Voltage Error CPU when you don't need the RTC function to keep track of the current time (default is enabled).

Error Code (16#)	Description	Solution	Flag	Log
0027	Battery Low	Change battery or turn this option off	SM219	x

## 12.2.6 BAT. LOW LED Indicators Blinking Every 0.5 Seconds

This happens when RTC cannot keep track of the current time.

Error Code (16#)	Description	Solution	Flag	Log
0026	RTC cannot keep track of the current time	Contact the factory.	SM218	v

## 12.2.7 The LED RUN and ERROR Indicators are Blinking Simultaneously Every 0.5 Seconds

This happens when the firmware of the CPU module is being upgraded. If this happens once the power is supplied to the CPU module, it means errors occurred during the previous firmware upgrade. Users need to upgrade the firmware again or contact your point of purchase.

# 12.2.8 The RUN and LED Indicators are Blinking One After Another Every 0.5 Seconds.

This happens when the CPU module memory card is backing up, restoring, or saving.

## 12.2.9 Other Errors (Without LED Indicators)

Error Code (16#)	Description	Solution	Flag	Log
0011	The PLC ID is incorrect.	Check the PLC ID.	SM34	V
0012	The PLC password is incorrect.	Check the PLC password.	SM34	V
002D	The PLC maximum password attempts exceeded.	Reset the CPU module or restore the CPU module to its factory settings.	SM34	V
0050	The memories in the latched special auxiliary relays are abnormal.	<ol> <li>Reset the CPU module or restore the CPU module to its factory settings, and then download the program and the parameters again.</li> <li>If the error still occurs, contact the factory.</li> </ol>	SM6	V
0051	The latched special data registers are abnormal.	<ol> <li>Reset the CPU module or restore the CPU module to its factory settings, and then download the program and the parameters again.</li> <li>If the error still occurs, contact the factory.</li> </ol>	SM6	V
0052	The memories in the latched auxiliary relays are abnormal.	<ol> <li>Reset the CPU module or restore the CPU module to its factory settings, and then download the program and the parameters again.</li> <li>If the error still occurs, contact the factory.</li> </ol>	SM6	V
0054	The latched counters are abnormal.	<ol> <li>Reset the CPU module or restore the CPU module to its factory settings, and then download the program and the parameters again.</li> <li>If the error still occurs, please contact the factory.</li> </ol>	SM6	V
0055	The latched 32-bit counters are abnormal.	<ol> <li>Reset the CPU module or restore the CPU module to its factory settings, and then download the program and the parameters again.</li> <li>If the error still occurs, contact the factory.</li> </ol>	SM6	V
0056	The latched special auxiliary relay is abnormal.	<ol> <li>Reset the CPU module or restore the CPU module to its factory settings, and then download the program and the parameters again.</li> <li>If the error still occurs, contact the factory.</li> </ol>	SM6	v
0059	The latched data registers are abnormal.	<ol> <li>Reset the CPU module or restore the CPU module to its factory settings, and then download the program and the parameters again.</li> <li>If the error still occurs, contact the factory.</li> </ol>	SM6	V
005D	The CPU module does not detect a	Check that the memory card is inserted correctly	SM453	V

	memory card.	into the CPU module.		
005E	The memory card is initialized incorrectly.	Check whether the memory card is broken.	SM453	V
0063	An error occurs when data is written to the memory card.	Check whether the file path is correct or whether the memory card is malfunctioning.	SM453	V
0064	A file in the memory card cannot be read.	Check whether the file path is correct, or whether the file is damaged.	SM453	V
1950	The initialization of the Delta ASD-A2 control has not yet been completed, the CANopen instructions cannot be executed.	<ol> <li>Check the CANopen connection cable.</li> <li>Check if the specific slave is working properly.</li> <li>If nothing is wrong, initialize the Delta ASD-A2 again.</li> </ol>	-	V
2001	Not using the FCOMP card or not in the right mode for the ASDA-A2 while using the CANopen communication instruction.	Use the FCOMP card in the function card slot to check if the operation mode is correct.	SM0	V
2003	The device used in the program exceeds the device range.	Check the program, compile the program again, and download the program again.	SM0	V
200B	The operand n or the other constant operands K/H exceed the range.	Check the program, compile the program again, and download the program again.	SM0	V
200C	The operands overlap.	Check the program, compile the program again, and download the program again.	SM0	V
200D	The binary to binary-coded decimal conversion is incorrect.	Check the program, compile the program again, and download the program again.	SM0	V
200E	The string does not end with 00.	Check the program, compile the program again, and download the program again.	SM0	V
2012	Incorrect division operation	Check the program, compile the program again, and download the program again.	SM0	V
2013	The value exceeds the range of values that can be represented by the floating-point numbers.	Check the program, compile the program again, and download the program again.	SM0	V
2014	The task designated by the TKON or YKOFF instruction is incorrect or exceeds the range.	Check the program, compile the program again, and download the program again.	SM0	V
2017	The instruction BREAK is written outside of the FOR-NEXT loop.	Check the program, compile the program again, and download the program again.	SM0	V
2027	No such position planning table number or the format is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Check the program, compile the program again, and download the program again.</li> <li>Check the settings of the position planning table.</li> </ol>	SM0	V
2028	High speed output instruction is being executed. Only one instruction can be executed at a time.	Refer to SR28 for the record of the axis number and rearrange the output control procedures.	-	V
6004	The IP address filter is set incorrectly.	Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG again.	SM1108	х
600D	RJ45 port is not connected.	Check the connection.	SM1100	Х
6012	There are devices using the same IP address.	<ol> <li>Check if there are devices using the same IP address.</li> <li>Check if there is more than 1 DHCP or BOOTP server on the network.</li> </ol>	SM1101	V
6100	The email connection is busy.	Retry the email connection later. This error does not cause the PLC to stop running. Solve the problem by means of the related flag in the program.	SM1113	х

6103	The trigger attachment mode in the email is set incorrectly.	Set up the trigger attachment mode in HWCONFIG > CPU Module > Device Setting > Options > Ethernet Port Advanced > Email > Trigger Setting > Trigger Attachment Mode.	SM1113	x
6104	The attachment in the email does not exist.	Check whether the attachment exists in the memory card.	SM1113	х
6105	The attachment in the email is oversized.	Check the size of the attachment. If the size is over 2 MB, the file cannot be sent as an attachment.	SM1113	х
6106	There is an SMTP server response timeout.	Check for the correct address and set up the SMTP server in HWCONFIG > CPU Module > Device Setting > Options > Ethernet Port Advanced > Email again.	SM1113	х
6107	There is an SMTP server response timeout.	<ol> <li>Check whether the status of the SMTP server is normal.</li> <li>Retry sending of the email later. This error does not cause the PLC to stop running. Solve the problem by means of the related flag in the program.</li> </ol>	SM1113	x
6108	SMTP verification failed	Check for the correct ID/Password and set up in HWCONFIG > CPU Module > Device Setting > Options > Ethernet Port Advanced > Email again.	SM1113	х
6200	The remote communication IP address set in the TCP socket function is illegal.	<ol> <li>Check the program and the related special data registers.</li> <li>Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG CPU Module &gt; Device Setting &gt; Options &gt; Ethernet Port Advanced &gt; TCP Socket.</li> </ol>	-	x
6201	The local communication port set in the TCP socket function is illegal.	<ol> <li>Check the program and the related special data registers.</li> <li>Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG CPU Module &gt; Device Setting &gt; Options &gt; Ethernet Port Advanced &gt; TCP Socket.</li> </ol>	-	х
6202	The remote communication port set in the TCP socket function is illegal.	<ol> <li>Check the program and the related special data registers.</li> <li>Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG CPU Module &gt; Device Setting &gt; Options &gt; Ethernet Port Advanced &gt; TCP Socket.</li> </ol>	-	x
6203	The device from which the data is sent in the TCP socket function is illegal.	<ol> <li>Check the program and the related special data registers.</li> <li>Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG CPU Module &gt; Device Setting &gt; Options &gt; Ethernet Port Advanced &gt; TCP Socket.</li> </ol>	-	х
6206	The device which receives the data in the TCP socket function is illegal.	<ol> <li>Check the program and the related special data registers.</li> <li>Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG CPU Module &gt; Device Setting &gt; Options &gt; Ethernet Port Advanced &gt; TCP Socket.</li> </ol>	-	х

		1. Check the program and the related special data		
6208	The data received through the TCP socket exceeds the device range.	registers. 2. Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG CPU Module > Device Setting > Options > Ethernet Port Advanced > TCP Socket.	-	x
6209	The remote communication IP address set in the UDP socket function is illegal.	<ol> <li>Check the program and the related special data registers.</li> <li>Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG CPU Module &gt; Device Setting &gt; Options &gt; Ethernet Port Advanced &gt; UDP Socket.</li> </ol>	-	x
620A	The local communication port set in the UDP socket function is illegal.	<ol> <li>Check the program and the related special data registers.</li> <li>Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG CPU Module &gt; Device Setting &gt; Options &gt; Ethernet Port Advanced &gt; UDP Socket.</li> </ol>	-	x
620C	The device from which the data is sent in the UDP socket function is illegal.	<ol> <li>Check the program and the related special data registers.</li> <li>Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG CPU Module &gt; Device Setting &gt; Options &gt; Ethernet Port Advanced &gt; UDP Socket.</li> </ol>	-	x
620F	The device which receives the data in the UDP socket function is illegal.	<ol> <li>Check the program and the related special data registers.</li> <li>Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG CPU Module &gt; Device Setting &gt; Options &gt; Ethernet Port Advanced &gt; UDP Socket.</li> </ol>	-	x
6210	The data received through the UDP socket exceeds the device range.	<ol> <li>Check the program and the related special data registers.</li> <li>Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG CPU Module &gt; Device Setting &gt; Options &gt; Ethernet Port Advanced &gt; UDP Socket.</li> </ol>	-	x
6212	There is no response from the remote device after the timeout period.	Make sure that the remote device is connected.	-	x
6213	The data received exceeds the limit.	<ol> <li>Check the program and the related special data registers.</li> <li>Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG CPU Module &gt; Device Setting &gt; Options &gt; Ethernet Port Advanced &gt; UDP Socket.</li> </ol>	-	x
6214	The remote device refuses the connection.	Make sure the remote device operates normally.	-	x
6215	The socket is not opened.	Check whether operational sequence in the program is correct.	-	x
6217	The socket is opened.	Check whether operational sequence in the program is correct.	-	x
6218	The data has been sent through the socket.	Check whether operational sequence in the program is correct.	-	x
6219	The data has been received through the	Check whether operational sequence in the	-	Х

	socket.	program is correct.		
621A	The socket is closed.	Check whether operational sequence in the program is correct.	-	>
7011	The device communication function code in COM1 is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	ŀ
7012	The device communication address used in COM1 is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	ŀ
7013	The device used in COM1 exceeds the device range.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	ŀ
7014	The device length of the communication data in COM1 exceeds the limit.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	F
7017	The device checksum for the communication serial port of COM1 is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	F
7021	The device communication function code in COM2 is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	ŀ
7022	The device communication address used in COM2 is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	ŀ
7023	The device used in COM2 exceeds the device range.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	F
7024	The device length of the communication data in COM2 exceeds the limit.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	F
7027	The device checksum for the communication serial port of COM2 is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	_	ŀ
7031	The device communication function code in the Ethernet is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	ŀ
7032	The device communication address used in the Ethernet is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	ŀ
7033	The device used in the Ethernet exceeds the device range.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	ŀ
7034	The device length of the communication data in the Ethernet exceeds the limit.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	ŀ
7037	The device checksum for the communication serial port of the Ethernet is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	ŀ
7041	The device communication function code in the USB is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	ŀ

7042	The device communication address used in the USB is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	н
7043	The device used in the USB exceeds the device range.	<ol> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	н
7044	The device length of the communication data in the USB exceeds the limit.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	Н
7047	The device checksum for the communication serial port of the USB is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	н
70B1	The device communication function code in function card 1 is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	н
70B2	The device communication address used in function card 1 is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	н
70B3	The device used in the function card 1 exceeds the device range.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	н
70B4	The device length of the communication data in function card 1 exceeds the limit.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	н
70B7	The device checksum for the communication serial port of function card 1 is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	н
70C1	The device communication function code in function card 2 is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	н
70C2	The device communication address used in function card 2 is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	Н
70C3	The device used in function card 2 exceeds the device range.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	н
70C4	The device length of the communication data in function card 2 exceeds the limit.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	Н
70C7	The device checksum for the communication serial port of function card 2 is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	н
7203	Invalid communication function code	<ol> <li>Refer to the function codes defined by the communication protocols.</li> <li>Check if the product firmware and the software used are the most updated versions.</li> <li>Make a note of the operation procedures and screenshots of the error windows and hand this note to the company or the technicians from the agents.</li> </ol>	-	Н

8105	The contents of the program downloaded are incorrect. The program syntax is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Download the program and parameters again.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> <li>Save all the projects and compress the projects into one compressed file and then hand this file to the company or the technicians from the agents.</li> </ol>	-	н
8106	The contents of the program downloaded are incorrect. The length of the execution code exceeds the limit.	<ol> <li>Download the program and parameters again.</li> <li>Save all the projects and compress the projects into one compressed file and then hand this file to the company or the technicians from the agents.</li> </ol>	-	Н
8107	The contents of the program downloaded are incorrect. The length of the source code exceeds the limit.	<ol> <li>Download the program and parameters again.</li> <li>Save all the projects and compress the projects into one compressed file and then hand this file to the company or the technicians from the agents.</li> </ol>	-	Н
8000 - 8FFF	Errors occur between software and PLC.	<ol> <li>Check if the product firmware and the software used are the most updated versions.</li> <li>Make a note of the operation procedures and screenshots of the error windows and hand this note to the company or the technicians from the agents.</li> </ol>		

## 12.3 Troubleshooting for I/O Modules

#### Introduction to troubleshotting modules

Digital I/O, analog I/O, temperature measurement, load cell, and network modules can be installed in an AS Series system. There are 2 types of error codes; error and warning. The CPU module and its modules stop operating when errors occur. The CPU modules and its modules do not stop operating when warnings are triggered.

## 12.3.1 Troubleshooting for Analog Modules (AD/DA/XA) and Temperature Modules (RTD/TC)

## 12.3.1.1 ERROR LED Indicators Are ON

You can set up HWCONFIG to have the following errors appear as warnings when they occur. Otherwise, when an error occurs, only an error message appears.

Error Code	Description	Solution
16#1605	Hardware failure	Contact the factory.
16#1607	The external voltage is abnormal.	Check the power supply.
16#1608	The factory calibration or the CJC is abnormal.	Contact the factory.

### 12.3.1.2 ERROR LED Indicators Blinking Every 0.5 Seconds

The following errors are specified as warnings to ensure that the CPU module can still run even when the warnings are triggered by its AIO modules. The following first 4 error codes are set as warnings by default in HWCONFIG; CPU must STOP running immediately when the first 4 errors occur.

Error Code	Description	Solution
16#1801	The external voltage is abnormal.	Check the power supply.
16#1802	Hardware failure	Contact the factory.
16#1804	The factory calibration is abnormal.	Contact the factory.
16#1807	The CJC is abnormal.	Contact the factory.
16#1808	The signal received by channel 1 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).	Check the signal received by channel 1
16#1809	The signal received by channel 2 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).	Check the signal received by channel 2
16#180A	The signal received by channel 3 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).	Check the signal received by channel 3
16#180B	The signal received by channel 4 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).	Check the signal received by channel 4
16#180C	The signal received by channel 5 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).	Check the signal received by channel 5
16#180D	The signal received by channel 6 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).	Check the signal received by channel 6
16#180E	The signal received by channel 7 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).	Check the signal received by channel 7
16#180F	The signal received by channel 8 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).	Check the signal received by channel 8

## **12.3.2 Troubleshooting for the Load Cell Module AS02LC**

## 12.3.2.1 ERROR LED Indicators Are ON

You can set up HWCONFIG to have the following errors appear as warnings when they occur. Otherwise, when an error occurs, only an error message appears.

Error Code	Description	Solution
16#1605	Hardware failure (that is, the driver board)	Contact the factory.
16#1607	The external voltage is abnormal.	Check the power supply.

## 12.3.2.2 ERROR LED Indicators Blinking Every 0.5 Seconds

The following errors are specified as warnings to ensure that the CPU module can still run even when the warnings are triggered by its AIO modules. The following first 3 error codes are set as warnings by default in HWCONFIG; CPU must STOP running immediately when the first 3 errors occur.

Error Code	Description	Solution
16#1801	The external voltage is abnormal.	Check the power supply.
16#1802	Hardware failure	Contact the factory.
16#1807	Diver board failure	Contact the factory.

Error Code	Description	Solution
16#1808	The signal received by channel 1 exceeds the range of analog inputs or the SEN voltage is abnormal.	Check the signal received by channel 1 and the cable connections.
16#1809	The signal received by channel 1 exceeds the weight limit.	Check the value input to channel 1 and the maximum weight setting.
16#180A	The factory calibration in channel 1 is incorrect.	Check the weight calibration in channel 1.
16#180B	The signal received by channel 2 exceeds the range of analog inputs or the SEN voltage is abnormal.	Check the signal received by channel 2 and the cable connections.
16#180C	The signal received by channel 2 exceeds the weight limit.	Check the value input to channel 2 and the maximum weight setting.
16#180D	The factory calibration in channel 2 is incorrect.	Check the weight calibration in channel 1.

## 12.3.3 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Communication Module

## 12.3.3.1 ERROR LED Indicator Are ON

The following error codes identify possible errors when the AS00SCM module is installed on the right side of the CPU module and acts as a communication module.

Error Code	Description	Solution
16#1605	Hardware failure	1. Check that the module is securely installed.
10#1005		2. Install a new AS00SCM or contact the factory.
	The function card setting is incorrect.	1. Check if the function card is securely installed.
		2. Install a new function card or contact the factory.
16#1606		<ol><li>Check if the setting in HWCONFIG is consistent with the function card setting.</li></ol>
		4. Install a new AS00SCM or contact the factory.

## 12.3.3.2 ERROR LED Indicators Blinking Every 0.5 Seconds

The following error codes identify possible errors when the AS00SCM module is installed on the right side of the CPU module and acts as a communication module.

Error Code	Description	Solution
16#1802	Incorrect parameters	Check the parameter in HWCONFIG. Download the parameter again.
16#1803	Communication timeout	<ol> <li>Check whether the communication cable is properly connected.</li> <li>Check if the station number and the communication format are correctly set.</li> <li>Check if the connection with the function card is working correctly.</li> </ol>
16#1804	The UD Link setting is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Check the settings of the UD Link.</li> <li>Check the warning settings in the PLC.</li> </ol>

The following error codes can only be viewed with SCMSoft; when the following errors occur, they are not shown on the LED indicators and the system does not send the error messages to the CPU module.

Error Code	Description	Solution
16#0107	The settings in HWCONFIG and manual settings are not consistent with function card 1.	Check the settings in HWCONFIG and manual settings for function card 1.
16#0108	The settings in HWCONFIG and manual settings are not consistent for function card 2.	Check the settings in HWCONFIG and manual settings for function card 2.
16#0201	Incorrect parameters	Check the parameter in HWCONFIG. Download the parameter again.
16#0301	Function card 1 communication timeout	<ol> <li>Check if the station number and the communication format are correctly set.</li> <li>Check if the connection with the function card is working correctly.</li> </ol>
16#0302	Function card 2 communication timeout	<ol> <li>Check if the station number and the communication format are correctly set.</li> <li>Check if the connection with the function card is working correctly.</li> </ol>
16#0400	Invalid UD Link Group ID for function card 1	<ol> <li>Check the UD Link settings.</li> <li>Check the warning settings in the PLC.</li> </ol>
16#0401	Invalid UD Link Group ID for function card 2	<ol> <li>Check the UD Link settings.</li> <li>Check the warning settings in the PLC.</li> </ol>
16#0402	Invalid UD Link Command for function card 1	<ol> <li>Check the UD Link settings.</li> <li>Check the warning settings in the PLC.</li> </ol>
16#0403	Invalid UD Link Command for function card 1	<ol> <li>Check the UD Link settings.</li> <li>Check the warning settings in the PLC.</li> </ol>

## 12.3.4 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Remote Module

Errors from the remote modules are regarded as warnings for AS Series CPU modules. The LED indicator of the CPU module blinks and the CPU module can still operate. Use flag SM30 to manage error presentation in the remote modules.

## 12.3.4.1 ERROR LED Indicators Are ON

Error codes:

Error Code	Description	Solution
16#1301	Hardware failure	<ol> <li>Check if the module is securely installed.</li> <li>Change and install a new AS00SCM or contact the factory.</li> </ol>
16#1302	The function card setting is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Check if the function card is securely installed with the AS-FCOPM card.</li> <li>Change and install a new function card or contact the factory.</li> <li>Check if the setting in HWCONFIG is consistent with the function card setting.</li> <li>Install a new AS00SCM or contact the factory.</li> </ol>

#### 12.3.4.2 ERROR LED Indicators Blinking Every 0.5 Seconds

Error codes:

Error Code	Description	Solution
16#1502	Incorrect parameters	Check the parameter in HWCONFIG. Download the parameter again.
16#1503	Extension module communication timeout	Make sure the module is properly connected to the CPU module and turn the modules on again.

#### 12.3.4.3 ERROR LED Indicators Blinking Every 0.2 Seconds

This happens when the 24 VDC power supply for the remote module is not sufficient. Check the power supply. If the power supply is normal, remove the extension module from the CPU module and then check if the SCM remote module is out of order. Error codes:

Error Code	Description	Solution
16#1303	24VDC power supply is not sufficient and then recovered from low-voltage for less than 10 ms.	Check whether the 24 V power supply to the module is normal.

### **12.3.5 Troubleshooting for AS01DNET Modules**

Refer to sections 12.4.6 and 12.4.7 for more details.

### **12.4Error Codes and LED Indicators for CPU Modules**

#### A. Columns

- **a.** Error code: If an error occurs in the system, an error code is generated.
- **b.** Description: The description of the error
- **c.** CPU status: If the error occurs, the CPU stops running, keeps running, or shows the status you defined for the error.
  - > Stop: The CPU stops running when the error occurs.
  - > Continue: The CPU keeps running when the error occurs.
- d. LED indicator status: If the error occurs, the LED indicator is ON, OFF, or blinks.
  - ➢ ERROR: System error

#### • Descriptions

Module Type	LED indicator	Descriptions
CPU	Error LED	<ul> <li>There are five types of error indicator states for of the CPU module errors, including LED indicator ON, OFF, blinking fast, blinking normally, and blinking slowly. When the LED indicator is ON, blinking fast/normally, clear the problems first in order to run the CPU module. When the LED indicator is blinking slowly, indicating a warning type of error codes, it does not require immediate action. Clear the problems when the module is powered off.</li> <li>Error type:</li> <li>ON: A serious error occurs in the module.</li> </ul>

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Module Type	LED indicator	Descriptions
		Blinking fast (every 0.2 seconds): unstable power supply or hardware
		Failure.
		Blinking normally (every 0.5 second): system program errors or system
		cannot run.
		Warning type:
		Blinking slowly (every one second and off for three seconds): a warning is
		triggered, but the system can still run.
		OFF: a warning is triggered, but the system can still run. You can modify the rules of how a warning is triggered, or use the SM/SR to show the warnings.

### 12.4.1 Error Codes and LED Indicators for CPU Modules

Note: refer to Section 12.3 for the status descriptions of the Error LED indicators.

Error		CPU		ERROR L	ED indica	D indicator status		
code	Description status	status	ON	Blinking fast	Blinking normally	Blinking slowly	OFF	
000A	Scan timeout	Stop	V					
000C	The program in the PLC is damaged.	Stop			V			
0010	The access to the memory in the CPU is denied.	Stop			V			
0011	The PLC ID is incorrect.	Continue					V	
0012	The PLC password is incorrect.	Continue					V	
0026	RTC cannot keep track of the current time (the battery LED is blinking.)	Continue						
0027	Battery low (the battery LED is ON.)	Continue						
002A	24VDC power supply is not sufficient and then is recovered from low-voltage for less than 10 ms.	Continue		V				
002D	The PLC maximum password attempts exceeded.	Continue					V	
002E	The access to the external memory of the CPU is denied.	Stop			V			
002F	PLC programs are not consistent with the system logs.	Stop			V			
0050	The memories in the latched special auxiliary relays are abnormal.	Continue					V	
0051	The latched special data registers are abnormal.	Continue					V	
0052	The memories in the latched auxiliary relays are abnormal.	Continue					V	
0054	The latched counters are abnormal.	Continue					V	
0055	The latched 32-bit counters are abnormal.	Continue					V	
0056	The latched special auxiliary relay is abnormal.	Continue					V	
0059	The latched data registers are abnormal.	Continue					V	
005D	The CPU module does not detect a memory card.	Continue					V	
005E	The memory card is initialized incorrectly.	Continue					V	
0063	An error occurs when data is written to the memory card.	Continue					V	

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Error		CPU	J ERROR LED indicato		tor status		
code	Description	status	ON	Blinking fast	Blinking normally	Blinking slowly	OFF
0064	A file in the memory card cannot be read.	Continue					V
0070	The actual arrangement of the function cards is not consistent with the settings.	Stop			V		
0102	The interrupt number exceeds the range.	Stop			V		
0202	The MC instruction exceeds the range.	Stop			V		
0302	The MCR instruction exceeds the range.	Stop			V		
0D03	The operands used in DHSCS are not used properly.	Stop			V		
0E05	The operands HCXXX used in DCNT are not used properly.	Stop			V		
1300							
-	Errors occurred in the remote modules	Continue				V	
130F							
1402	The arrangement of the I/O modules is not consistent with the settings.	Stop			V		
140B	Number of communication modules exceeds the limit of four.	Stop			V		
140D	Number of extension modules exceeds the limit of 32.	Stop			V		
140E	Number of remote modules exceeds the limit of eight on the right side of the CPU module.	Stop			V		
1500	Connection lost in the remote modules	Continue				V	
1502 - 150F	Errors occurred in the remote modules	Continue				V	
1600	The ID of the extension module exceeds the range.	Stop			V		
1601	The ID of the extension module cannot be set.	Stop			V		
1602	The ID of the extension module is duplicated.	Stop			V		
1603	The extension module cannot be operated.	Stop			V		
1604	Extension module communication timeout	Stop			V		
1605	Hardware failure	Stop			V		
1606	Errors on the communication module function card	Stop			V		
1607	The external voltage is abnormal.	Stop			V		
1608	The Internal factory calibration or the CJC is abnormal.	Stop			V		
1609 - 160F	Reserved (Error codes for the extension modules)	Stop			V		
1800 - 180F	Errors occurred in the extension modules	Continue				V	

Error		CPU	ERROR LED indicator statu			tor status	s
code	Description	status	ON	Blinking fast	Blinking normally	Blinking slowly	OFF
1900 - 191C	Heartbeat errors occurred in the slave of the Delta ASD-A2 control.	Continue				V	
1950	The initialization of the Delta ASD-A2 control has not yet been completed, the CANopen instructions cannot be executed.	Continue					V
2001	Not using the FCOMP card or not in the right mode for the ASDA-A2 while using the CANopen communication instruction.	Continue					V
2003	The device used in the program exceeds the device range.	Continue					V
200A	Invalid instruction	Stop			V		
200B	The operand n or the other constant operands K/H exceed the range.	Continue					V
200C	The operands overlap.	Continue					V
200D	The binary to binary-coded decimal conversion is incorrect.	Continue					V
200E	The string does not end with 00.	Continue					V
2012	Incorrect division operation	Continue					V
2013	The value exceeds the range of values which can be represented by the floating-point numbers.	Continue					V
2014	The task designated by the TKON or YKOFF instruction is incorrect, or exceeds the range.	Continue					V
2017	The instruction BREAK is written outside of the FOR-NEXT loop.	Continue					V
2027	No such position planning table number or the format is incorrect.	Continue					V
2028	The high speed output instruction is being executed. Only one instruction can be executed at a time.	Continue					V
6004	The IP address filter is set incorrectly.	Continue					V
600D	RJ45 port is not connected.	Continue					V
6010	The number of the MODBUS TCP connections exceeds the range.	Continue			V		
6011	The number of the EtherNet/IP connections exceeds the range.	Continue			V		
6012	There are devices using the same IP address.	Continue					V
6100	The email connection is busy.	Continue					V
6103	The trigger attachment mode in the email is set incorrectly.	Continue					V
6104	The attachment in the email does not exist.	Continue					V
6105	The attachment in the email is too big.	Continue					V
6106	There is an SMTP server response timeout.	Continue					V
6107	There is an SMTP server response timeout.	Continue					V
6108	SMTP verification failed	Continue					V

Error		CPU	ERROR LED indicat		tor status		
code	Description	status	ON	Blinking fast	Blinking normally	Blinking slowly	OFF
6200	The remote communication IP address set in the TCP socket function is illegal.	Continue					V
6201	The local communication port set in the TCP socket function is illegal.	Continue					V
6202	The remote communication port set in the TCP socket function is illegal.	Continue					V
6203	The device from which the data is sent in the TCP socket function is illegal.	Continue					V
6206	The device that receives the data in the TCP socket function is illegal.	Continue					V
6208	The data that is received through the TCP socket exceeds the device range.	Continue					V
6209	The remote communication IP address set in the UDP socket function is illegal.	Continue					V
620A	The local communication port set in the UDP socket function is illegal.	Continue					V
620C	The device from which the data is sent in the UDP socket function is illegal.	Continue					V
620F	The device that receives the data in the UDP socket function is illegal.	Continue					V
6210	The data that is received through the UDP socket exceeds the device range.	Continue					V
6212	There is no response from the remote device after the timeout period.	Continue					V
6213	The data received exceeds the limit.	Continue					V
6214	The remote device refuses the connection.	Continue					V
6215	The socket is not opened.	Continue					V
6217	The socket is opened.	Continue					V
6218	The data has been sent through the socket.	Continue					V
6219	The data has been received through the socket.	Continue					V
621A	The socket is closed.	Continue					V
7011	The device communication function code in COM1 is incorrect.	Continue					V
7012	The device communication address used in COM1 is incorrect.	Continue					V
7013	The device used in COM1 exceeds the device range.	Continue					V
7014	The device length of the communication data in COM1 exceeds the limit.	Continue					V
7017	The device checksum for the communication serial port of COM1 is incorrect.	Continue					V
7021	The device communication function code in COM2 is incorrect.	Continue					V
7022	The device communication address used in COM2 is incorrect.	Continue					V

Error		CPU	ERROR LED indicator		tor status		
code	Description	status	ON	Blinking fast	Blinking normally	Blinking slowly	OFF
7023	The device used in COM2 exceeds the device range.	Continue					V
7024	The device length of the communication data in COM2 exceeds the limit.	Continue					V
7027	The device checksum for the communication serial port of COM2 is incorrect.	Continue					V
7031	The device communication function code in Ethernet is incorrect.	Continue					V
7032	The device communication address used in Ethernet is incorrect.	Continue					v
7033	The device used in Ethernet exceeds the device range.	Continue					V
7034	The device length of the communication data in Ethernet exceeds the limit.	Continue					V
7037	The device checksum for the communication serial port of Ethernet is incorrect.	Continue					V
7041	The device communication function code in USB is incorrect.	Continue					V
7042	The device communication address used in USB is incorrect.	Continue					V
7043	The device used in USB exceeds the device range.	Continue					V
7044	The device length of the communication data in USB exceeds the limit.	Continue					V
7047	The device checksum for the communication serial port of USB is incorrect.	Continue					V
70B1	The device communication function code in function card 1 is incorrect.	Continue					V
70B2	The device communication address used in function card 1 is incorrect.	Continue					V
70B3	The device used in function card 1 exceeds the device range.	Continue					V
70B4	The device length of the communication data in function card 1 exceeds the limit.	Continue					V
70B7	The device checksum for the communication serial port of function card 1 is incorrect.	Continue					V
70C1	The device communication function code in function card 2 is incorrect.	Continue					V
70C2	The device communication address used in function card 2 is incorrect.	Continue					V
70C3	The device used in function card 2 exceeds the device range.	Continue					V
70C4	The device length of the communication data in function card 2 exceeds the limit.	Continue					V
70C7	The device checksum for the communication serial port of function card 2 is incorrect.	Continue					V
7203	Invalid communication function code	Continue					V

Error	Description	CPU		ERROR L	LED indicator status		
code	Description	status	ON	Blinking fast	Blinking normally	Blinking slowly	OFF
8105	The contents of the downloaded program are incorrect. The program syntax is incorrect.	Continue					V
8106	The contents of the downloaded program are incorrect. The length of the execution code exceeds the limit.	Continue					V
8107	The contents of the downloaded program are incorrect. The length of the source code exceeds the limit.	Continue					V
8000 - 8FFF	Errors occur between software and PLC.	Continue					V

### 12.4.2 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Analog/Temperature Modules

		ERROR LED in	dicator status
Error code	Description	$\begin{array}{c} A \rightarrow D / \\ D \rightarrow A / \\ A \leftrightarrow D \end{array}$	ERROR
16#1605	Hardware failure	OFF	ON
16#1607	The external voltage is abnormal.	OFF	ON
16#1608	The factory calibration or the CJC is abnormal.	OFF	ON
16#1801*1	The external voltage is abnormal.	OFF	Blinking
16#1802*1	Hardware failure	OFF	Blinking
16#1804*1	The factory calibration is abnormal.	RUN: Blinking STOP: OFF	Blinking
16#1807*1	The CJC is abnormal.	OFF	Blinking
16#1808	The signal received by channel 1 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).		
16#1809	The signal received by channel 2 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).		
16#180A	The signal received by channel 3 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).		
16#180B	The signal received by channel 4 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).	RUN: Blinking	Disting
16#180C	The signal received by channel 5 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).	STOP: OFF	Blinking
16#180D	The signal received by channel 6 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).		
16#180E	The signal received by channel 7 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).		
16#180F	The signal received by channel 8 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).		

\*1: The errors are specified as warnings to ensure the CPU module can still run even when the warnings are triggered by its AIO modules. Set up HWCONFIG to have the following first 4 error codes appear as errors when they occur.

Error code	Description	ERROR LED in	ndicator status	
	Description	A → D ERROR		
16#1605	Hardware failure (the diver board included)	OFF	ON	
16#1607	The external voltage is abnormal.	OFF	ON	
16#1801*1	The external voltage is abnormal.	OFF	Blinking	
16#1802*1	Hardware failure	OFF	Blinking	
16#1807*1	Diver board failure	OFF	Blinking	
16#1808	The signal received by channel 1 exceeds the range of analog inputs or the SEN voltage is abnormal.			
16#1809	The signal received by channel 1 exceeds the weight limit.			
16#180A	The factory calibration in channel 1 is incorrect.	RUN: Blinking	Dlinking	
16#180B	The signal received by channel 2 exceeds the range of analog inputs or the SEN voltage is abnormal.	STOP: OFF	Blinking	
16#180C	The signal received by channel 2 exceeds the weight limit.			
16#180D	The factory calibration in channel 2 is incorrect.			

### 12.4.3 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Load Cell Module AS02LC

\*1: The following errors are specified as warnings to ensure the CPU module can still run even when the warnings are triggered by its AIO modules. You can set up HWCONFIG to have the following first 3 error codes appear as errors when they occur.

### 12.4.4 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS00SCM as a Communication Module

Error Code	Description	ERROR LED indicator status		
Endi Code	Description	ON	Blinking	
16#1605	Hardware failure	V		
16#1606	The setting of the function card is incorrect.	V		
16#1802	Incorrect parameters		V	
16#1803	Communication timeout		V	
16#1804	The setting of the UD Link is incorrect.		V	

### 12.4.5 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS00SCM as a Remote Module

Error Code	Description	ERROR LED indicator status			
Error Code	Description	ON	Blinking	Blinking fast	
16#1301	Hardware failure	V			
16#1302	The setting of the function card is incorrect.	V			
16#1303	24 VDC power supply is not sufficient and then is recovered from a low-voltage less than 10ms situation.			V	
16#1502	Incorrect parameters		V		
16#1503	Extension module communication timeout		V		

### 12.4.6 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS01DNET (Master/Slave Mode)

Code	Explanation	Correction
0~63	Node address of AS01DNET-A (in normal operation)	
80	AS01DNET-A is in STOP status.	Turn the PLC to RUN and start I/O data exchange
F0	The node ID of AS01DNET is the same as that of other node or exceeds the allowed range.	<ol> <li>Ensure that the node address of AS01DNET is unique.</li> <li>Re-power AS01DNET.</li> </ol>
F1	No configured slave in Scan List.	Configure the scan list and then download the configuration to AS01DNET.
F2	Too low voltage of the work power	Check if the power supply for AS01DNET and the PLC is normal.
F3	AS01DNET enters the test mode	Switch the function switch IN1 from On to Off and re-power AS01DNET-A.
F4	BUS-OFF	<ol> <li>Check if the network cable is normal and the shielded cable is grounded.</li> <li>Check if the baud rates of all nodes in the network are same.</li> <li>Check if the start and end of the network cable are both connected with a 121Ω terminal resistor.</li> <li>Re-power AS01DNET-A.</li> </ol>
F5	No network power	<ol> <li>Check if the network cable is normal.</li> <li>Ensure that the network power is normal.</li> </ol>
F6	Internal error; Flash or RAM check error	If the error still exists after re-power, send AS01DNET-A back to the factory for repair.
F8	Error produced in factory manufacturing	If the error still exists after re-power, send AS01DNET-A back to the factory for repair.
F9	Internal error; EEPROM access failure	If the error still exists after re-power, send AS01DNET-A back to the factory for repair.
FA	Invalid configuration data	<ol> <li>Configure the network correctly and re-download it to AS01DNET-A.</li> <li>Check if the node address of one slave in the scan list is the same as that of AS01DNET-A.</li> </ol>
E0	Identification parameters returned from the slave do not match the configuration data.	<ol> <li>Check if there is any change in node ID of the slave in the network.</li> <li>Check if some node device in the network is replaced.</li> <li>Re-configure the network.</li> </ol>
E1	I/O Data size returned does not match that in the scan list.	Re-configure I/O data size of the slave, download the configuration to AS01DNET-A and run the PLC.
E2	The slave device in the scan list does not exist or is offline when AS01DNET-A is in master mode. The I/O connection between the slave AS01DNET-A and the master is broken when	<ol> <li>Check if there is a change in the node address of the slave.</li> <li>Check if the communication cable is disconnected or connected loosely.</li> <li>Check if the bus cable length exceeds the maximum transmission distance. If so, the system may not be stable.</li> </ol>
E3	AS01DNET-A is in slave mode. AS01DNET-A fails to transmit data.	<ol> <li>Make sure that the connection between AS01DNET-A and the network is normal.</li> <li>Check if the baud rate of AS01DNET-A is the same as that of</li> </ol>

Code	Explanation	Correction
		other node in the network.
E4	Error detected in sequence of fragmented I/O data from the slave device.	Check if the slave is operating normally.
E5	The slave device returns error when AS01DNET-A attempts to communicate with it.	Check if the slave is operating normally.
E6	IO data size returned from the slave is bigger than that configured in Scan List.	Check that the IO data size of the slave should be the same as that configured in Scan List.
E7	AS01DNET-A is checking MAC ID.	<ul> <li>If the code is displayed long, do the troubleshooting according to the following steps.</li> <li>Make sure that at least two nodes work normally in the network.</li> <li>Check if either end of the network is connected with the terminal resistor of 121Ω.</li> <li>Check if the baud rates of the node devices in the network are same.</li> <li>Check if the communication cable is normal so as to avoid that the cable is disconnected or connected loosely.</li> <li>Check if the bus cable length exceeds the maximum transmission distance. If so, the system may not be stable.</li> <li>Check if the shielded wire of the network cable is grounded.</li> <li>Re-power AS01DNET-A scanner module.</li> </ul>

# 12.4.7 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS01DNET (RTU Mode)

Code	Indication	How to deal with
0~63	Node ID of the scanner module (When in RUN state)	No correction needed
F0	The node ID is repeated or exceeds allowed range.	<ol> <li>Ensure that the node ID of AS01DNET (RTU) is unique in the DeviceNet network within the range of 0~63.</li> <li>Repower it on after changing the node ID.</li> </ol>
F1	No I/O module is configured to AS01DNET (RTU) in the DeviceNet Builder software.	Add I/O modules in AS01DNET (RTU) in the DeviceNet Builder software and download the configuration data to AS01DNET (RTU) after the configuration is finished.
F2	The work voltage of AS01DNET (RTU) is too low.	Check if the power supply for AS01DNET (RTU) works normally.
F3	AS01DNET (RTU) enters the test mode.	Repower AS01DNET (RTU).
F4	AS01DNET (RTU) is the Bus-Off state.	<ol> <li>Check if the network communication cable is normal and the shielded cable is grounded.</li> <li>Ensure the baud rates of all network nodes are same.</li> <li>Check if the two ends of the network are both connected with a 120Ω terminal resistor.</li> <li>Repower the scanner module.</li> </ol>

Code	Indication	How to deal with
F5	No network power supply for AS01DNET(RTU)	<ol> <li>Check if the network cable is normal.</li> <li>Check if the network power supply is normal. (The external 24V DC network power supply is connected between red V+ and black V- of AS01DNET (RTU) .)</li> </ol>
F6	Internal error; An error in the internal storage units of AS01DNET (RTU)	Return the product to factory for repair if the error still exists after re-power on.
F7	Internal error; An error in the data exchange units of AS01DNET (RTU)	Return the product to factory for repair if the error still exists after re-power on.
F8	Manufacture error	Return the product to factory for repair if the error still exists after re-power on.
F9	Internal error; An error in the access of the Flash of AS01DNET (RTU)	Return the product to factory for repair if the error still exists after re-power on.
E4	Module error	Check if an error occurs in the modules connected to the right side of AS01DNET (RTU); Check if the module exists; Check if current module matches that configured in the software; Check if the unconfigured module is added.
E7	Repeated node ID detection	<ul> <li>If the code has emerged for a long time, please shoot troubles in the methods below.</li> <li>1. Ensure that there are at least two nodes working normally in the network.</li> <li>2. Check if the two ends of the network are both connected with a 121Ω terminal resistor.</li> <li>3. Ensure that the baud rates of all network nodes are same.</li> <li>4. Check if the network cable has a problem such as being disconnected and loosened.</li> <li>5. Check if the bus communication cable length exceeds maximum transmission distance. If the maximum transmission distance is exceeded, the stability of the system can not be ensured.</li> <li>6. Check if the shielded wire of the network communication cable is grounded.</li> <li>7. Turn on the power of AS01DNET (RTU) again.</li> </ul>
E9	The number of I/O modules connected to AS01DNET (RTU) exceeds the maximum 8.	Check if the number of I/O modules connected to AS01DNET (RTU) is more than 8.
80	AS01DNET (RTU) is in STOP state.	<ol> <li>Check if the RUN/STOP switch of the PLC connected to the DeviceNet master is turned to RUN.</li> <li>Check if the value of control word of AS01DNET (RTU) is 1. For details, refer to section 10.5.4.3.4.</li> </ol>
83	The AS01DNET (RTU) configuration in the software is being downloading.	Wait until the download of AS01DNET (RTU) configuration data is completed.



## Chapter 13 Data Tracer and Data Logger

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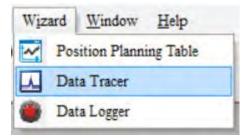
### 13.1 Data Tracer

### 13.1.1 About Data Tracer

Data Tracer is used for the real-time collection of variable symbols, values, states in devices, after some trigger condition is met so as to draw curve charts for analysis of value trends. Refer to Section 22.2 in ISPSoft User Manual for more details.

#### **Operation 1**

• Compile the current project before using the function. Click Wizard> Data Tracer to open the Data Tracer window as shown below.



• Click the button 🕘 of Symbol Name to open the Add Sample Source window.

Sample Parameter	Measuremen	t			
Sample Period • System Cycle Time • Customized Time Sample Source Delete			Trigger Setting Trigger Position 1 Symbol / Device		
Symbol Name		Source Category BOOL	Comment	nt	
	00	VALUE ~			

• Click the button of Symbol Name in the Add Sample Source window and select the variable symbol name to be added in the Choose Symbol window or directly type a device name in the Device Name box.

	Add Sample Source X		
	Add Sample Source	Sample Source Delete	
	Symbol Name	Symbol Name Device Name Source Category	Comment
		M100 BOOL V	
l	Device Name M100	D0 VALUE ~	
	Add Cancel		

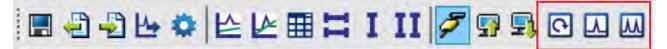
• Set up the sample period and trigger setting.

Sample Parameter Measuremer	nt		
			Trigger Setting Trigger Position 1 Symbol / Device
Sample Source Delete			
Symbol Name Device Name	Source Category	Comment	t
M100	BOOL ~		
D0	VALUE ~		
	~		

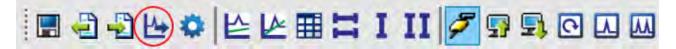
After setting up the parameters, click 
 on the icon toolbar to have the system in the online mode. Then click 
 to download the settings to the PLC.

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• After the sample parameter settings in the data tracer are completed and downloaded, any of the following three modes on the icon toolbar can be used for watching curves in the online mode.



Click is on the icon toolbar to export the data to your computer for future use.



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#### 13.1.2 Example

If X0.0 is a signal to open/close externally. Use Data Trace to measure the width of time when X0.0 is ON.

#### • Steps:

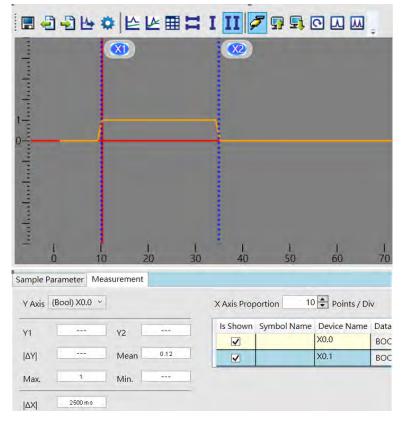
① Open Data Tracer and enter X0.0 for monitoring.

© Set the Customized Time to 100 ms to take samping, set the trigger device to X0.0, set the trigger position to 10, and then set the compare condition to ON as the image shown below.

Sample Parameter Measuremen	nt		
Sample Period		ر <b>T</b>	Trigger Setting
○ System Cycle Time			Trigger Position 10  BOOL ON
• Customized Time 100	(1 ~ 1000 n	ns )	Symbol / Device         X0.0          Word         0         >          0
Sample Source Delete			
Symbol Name Device Name	Source Category	Comment	t
X0.0	BOOL 🗸		
X0.1	BOOL ~		
	~		

③ Set the mode to One-shot trigger and wait for the trigger (ON). Once it is triggered, it displays the recorded curve data.

1 The value in I  $\triangle$  X1 is 2500 ms, the time measured between two vertical lines, X1 and X2. for X0.0.



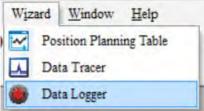
### 13.2 Data Logger

### 13.2.1 About Data Logger

Data logger is used for the long-term recording of variable symbols, values, states in devices, and drawing curve charts. The data is stored in the PLC and the memory card of the PLC for analysis of value trends. Refer to Section 22.3 in ISPSoft User Manual for more details.

#### **Operation A**

 Compile the current project before using the function. Click Wizard> Data Logger to open the Data Logger window as shown below.



Click the button of Symbol Name to open the Add Sample Source window.
 Sample Parameter Measurement

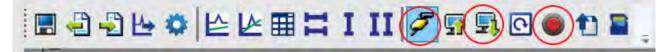
ampie i arameter	weasuremen						
Parameters —							
Sample Point	s 1000	(1 ~ 16384 p	ts)				
Sampling Me	thod				Action When Sample Points Reach		
Periodica	al Sampling	1	(1~65535	sec )	<ul> <li>Stop Recording</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Triggere</li> </ul>	O Triggered Sampling (M0 ~ M8191) O Continue Recording (Replace the old data )						
Sample Source Delete							
Symbol Name	Device Name	Source Category	Comment				
	M0	BOOL					
	D0	VALUE					
		>					

• Click the button of Symbol Name in the Add Sample Source window and select the variable symbol name to be added in the Choose Symbol window or directly type a device name in the Device Name box.

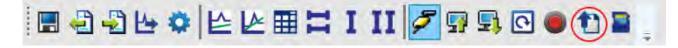
Add Sample Source	×					
Add Sample Source			Sample Source	Delete		
Symbol Name			Symbol Name	Device Name	Source Category	Comment
Device Name M0				M0	BOOL 🗸	
				D0	VALUE ~	
Add Cancel					>	
	_	-				

After setting up the parameters, click 
 on the icon toolbar to have the system in the online mode. Then click 
 to download the settings to the PLC. And then click 
 to record data.

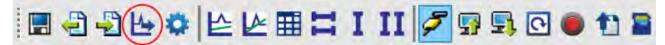
Note: From here you can also follow Operation B to complete the recording and saving.



• When the recording is done, click the uploade button to update the data for later viewing.



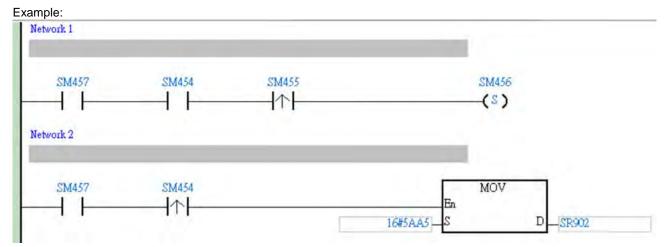
Click I on the icon toolbar to export the data to your computer for future use.



• Click on the icon toolbar or use SM and SR to save the data to the SD Card installed on the PLC.

**Operation B** 

You can also use SM flags or SR registors to complete the data recording, data saving or set to store data on a SD card permanently. See the example below for reference.



- Check if the flag SM457 is ON. If the flag SM457 is ON, it indicates the valid recorded parameters are downloaded in data logger. And that means the operation A is done correctly.
- Use inputs to enable/disable or set the flag SM454 to ON for the PLC to start recording. If you need to store data on a SD card, set SR902=16#5AA5.
- When SM455 is ON or when the quantity of data has met the value set in SR900 (32-bit value), the system start saving data on a SD card.

NOTE: While sending data to the SD card for storage, the PLC needs a period of undisturbing time, approximately tens of milliseconds. During this period, the PLC is not allowed to execute interrupts. Make sure the PLC is NOT executing any interrupts, especially the external input ones before starting to send data to the SD card for storage.

- When SM455 is switching from OFF to ON, set SM456 ON. And the PLC starts to store the recorded data on the SD card. The default path and the file name are as shown below:
  - Default saving path

AS200: \SDCard\PLC CARD\AS200\Log

AS300: \SDCard\PLC CARD\AS300\Log

Default file name
 DATA\_LOGGER\_yyyymmdd\_hhmmss.log
 EX: DATA\_LOGGER\_20181108\_161901.log

#### 13.2.2 Related SM Flags and SR Registors

SM / SR	Attr.	Description
		Check here to see if a SD Card is installed in the PLC.
SM450	R	ON: SD card inside
		OFF: No SD card
		Check here to see if data is being stored on the SD card.
SM452	R	ON: In the operation of storing
		OFF: Not in the operation of storing
		Check here to see if there is any SD card operational error.
SM453	R	ON: Abnormal
		OFF: Normal
CD 452	R	Check here to see the last operational error code of the SD card.
SR453	ĸ	Note: Only available when SM453=ON
SM454	R/W	Set this flag to ON/OFF to start or stop recording. The system will not set this flag to OFF
3101404		automatically even if the space for recording is full. You need to set the flag to OFF manually.
SM455	R	Check here to see if the recorded number has reached the set limit.
3101400		ON: The quantity of recordings has reached the set number or the SD card is in cycle recording.
		Used with SR902 to activate the settings in SR902 for the SD card.
SM456	R/W	Note: Set the flag from OFF to ON and the PLC starts to store the recorded data on the SD card
		when SR902=16#5AA5.
SM457	R	Check here to see if there is any valid, downloaded, recorded parameters in the data logger.
0101-07		ON: The valid recorded parameters are downloaded in data logger.
SR900	R	Check here to see the quantity of the recorded data (32-bit value).
01300		Note: It increments the number of the recorded data by 1 for each record.
		Control codes for recorded data.
		<ul> <li>16#5AA5: Store data to a default root and specified file name on the SD card.</li> </ul>
SR902	R/W	• 0: The storing is done.
		Others: Invalid numbers
		Note: Used with SM456 to activate this setting.

Note: "R" in the column of attribute (Attr.) indicates the item is read only and the status can be read here.

"W" in the column of attribute (Attr.) indicates you can set, delete or write a value for this item.

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MEMO

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MEMO



## Appendix A Installing a USB Driver

### **Table of Contents**

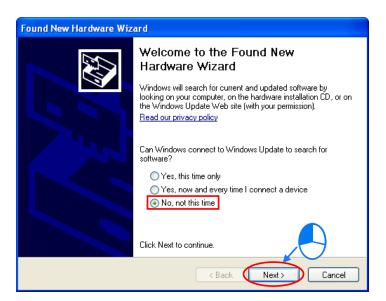
A.1 Installing the USB Driver for an AS Series CPU module in Windows XP with SP3
With SP5A-2
A.2 Installing the USB Driver for an AS Series CPU module in Windows 7 A-6
A.3 Installing the USB Driver for an AS Series CPU module in Windows 8 .A-11
A.4 Installing the USB Driver for an AS Series CPU module in Windows 10A-13

### A.1 Installing the USB Driver for an AS Series CPU module in Windows XP with SP3

The instructions below show how to install the USB driver for an AS Series CPU module on Windows XP. To install the USB driver on another operating system, refer to the instructions in the operating system for information on installing new hardware.

Before you install the USB driver, you must install ISPSoft version 3.00 or above on your computer.

 Supply power to the AS Series CPU module. Connect the AS Series CPU module to a USB port on your computer with a USB cable. In the Found New Hardware Wizard, select No, not this time and then click Next.



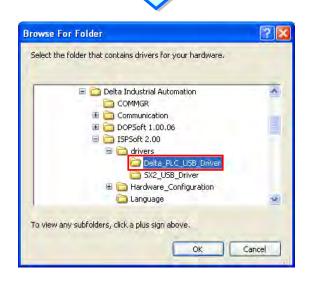
(2) The wizard displays the name of the detected USB device. Select Install from a list or specific location (Advanced) and then click Next.

Found New Hardware Wiz	ard
	This wizard helps you install software for: DELTA PLC If your hardware came with an installation CD or floppy disk, insert it now.
	What do you want the wizard to do?  Install the software automatically (Recommended)  Install from a list or specific location (Advanced)  Click Next to continue.  < Back Next > Cancel

(3) After you install ISPSoft version 3.00 or above, the driver for the AS CPU module is under the folder where you installed ISPSoft: ...\ISPSoft\drivers\Delta\_PLC\_USB\_Driver\.

Select **Include this location in the search** and enter the correct path, or click **Browse** to browse for the correct folder. Click **Next** to continue the installation.

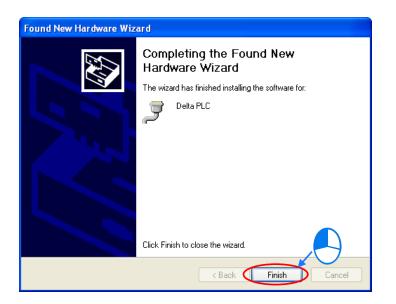
Found New Hardware Wizard
Please choose your search and installation options.
<ul> <li>Search for the best driver in these locations.</li> <li>Use the check boxes below to limit or expand the default search, which includes local paths and removable media. The best driver found will be installed.</li> <li>Search removable media (floppy, CD-ROM)</li> <li>Include this location in the search:         <ul> <li>C:\Program Files\Delta Industrial Automation\ISPSoft</li> <li>Browse</li> </ul> </li> <li>Onn't search. I will choose the driver to install.</li> <li>Choose this option to select the device driver form a list. Windows does not guarantee that the driver you choose will be the best match for your hardware.</li> </ul>
< Back Next > Cancel



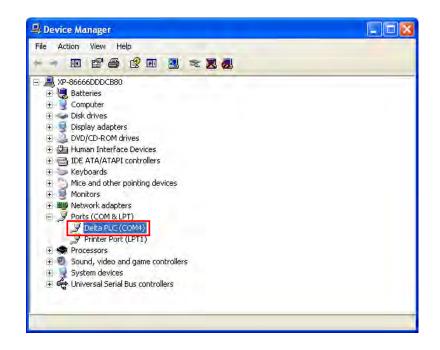
(4) The system installs the driver. If the Hardware Installation message appears during the installation, click Continue Anyway.



(5) Click Finish.



(6) Open the Windows Device Manager window. If the Delta PLC port for the USB device is under Ports (COM & LPT), the installation of the driver is successful, and Windows assigns a communication port number to the USB device.



#### Additional remarks

- If you connect the PLC to a different USB port on the computer, the system may ask you to install the driver again. Follow the steps above, and install the driver again. After you install the driver, the communication port number that the operating system assigns to the USB device may have changed.
- If Windows XP has not been updated to the version SP3 on the computer, an error message stating the missing files will appear during the installation. Resolve this issue with one of the following steps.
  - (a) Cancel the installation, install Windows XP SP3 on the computer, and reinstall the driver according to the steps above.
  - (b) Get the file needed, and specify the path where the file is stored for the missing file in the error message window.

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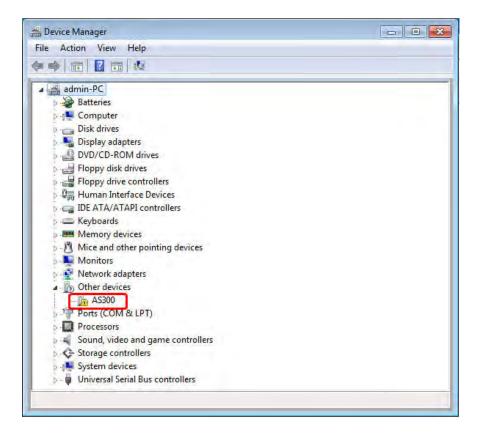
### A.2 Installing the USB Driver for an AS Series CPU module in Windows 7

This section describes the steps to install the USB driver for an AS Series CPU module on Windows 7. To install the USB driver for an AS Series CPU module on another operating system, refer to the instructions in the operating system for information about installing new hardware.

Before you install the USB driver, you must install ISPSoft version 3.00 or above on your computer.

Supply power to the AS Series CPU module. Connect the AS Series CPU module to a USB port on the computer with a USB cable.

(1) Windows detects the module. From the Windows Control Panel, open the Device Manager. The name of the USB device appears in the Device Manager window. Double-click the AS300.



(2) In the AS300 Properties dialog box, click Update Driver.....

Seneral	Driver Details AS300	
	Device type:	Other devices
	Manufacturer:	Unknown
	Location:	Port_#0001.Hub_#0003
	nent. ind a driver for this o	device, click Update Driver.

(3) Click Browse my computer for driver software.

Windows will search your comp	r updated driver software puter and the Internet for the latest driver software disabled this feature in your device installation
Browse my computer fo Locate and install driver softwa	

(4) After you install ISPSoft version 3.00 or later, the driver for the AS Series CPU module is under the folder where you installed ISPSoft ...\ISPSoft\drivers\Delta\_PLC\_USB\_Driver\. Enter the path to the driver, or click Browse to browse to the correct folder.

Specify the correct path. If you installed the driver for the AS series CPU module to another location, specify the corresponding path. Click **Next** to continue the installation.

arch for driver softw		
Industrial Automati	on\ISPSoft 3.02\drivers\Delta_PLC_USB_Driver	▼ BrowseN
Include subfolders		
Let me pick	from a list of device drivers on my o	omputer
This list will sho	w installed driver software compatible with the same category as the device.	
	and the second	
		Next
	_	Next
		Next
Se	lect the folder that contains drivers for your	
Se	lect the folder that contains drivers for your	
Se	elect the folder that contains drivers for your	
Se	<ul> <li>CANopenBuilder</li> <li>Data</li> </ul>	
Se	<ul> <li>CANopenBuilder</li> <li>Data</li> <li>Data</li> <li>DataLogger</li> </ul>	
Se	<ul> <li>CANopenBuilder</li> <li>Data</li> <li>DataLogger</li> <li>DataTracer</li> </ul>	
Se	<ul> <li>CANopenBuilder</li> <li>Data</li> <li>Data</li> <li>DataLogger</li> </ul>	

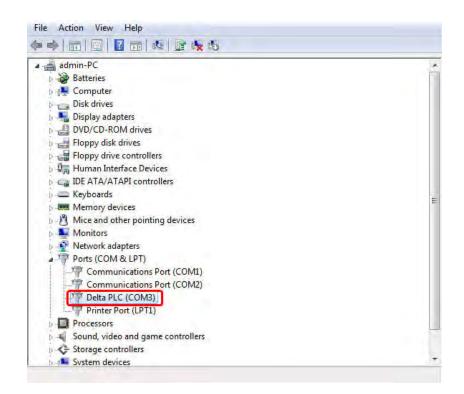
(5) Click **OK**. The system installs the driver. If the **Windows Security** window appears during the installation, click **Install this driver software anyway**.



(6) When the installation completes, click **Close**.



(7) Open the Device Manager window again. If the name of the Delta USB device appears under Ports (COM & LPT), the installation of the driver is successful. The operating system assigns a communication port number to the USB device.



#### Additional remarks

• If you connect the PLC to a different USB port on the computer, the system may ask you to install the driver again. Install the driver again. After you install the driver, the communication port number that the operating system assigns to the USB device may have changed.

### A.3 Installing the USB Driver for an AS Series CPU module in Windows 8

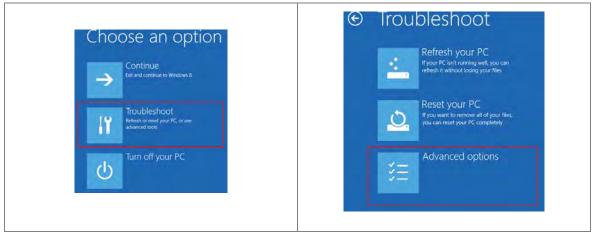
Windows 8 driver signature enforcement provides a way to improve the security of the operating system by validating the integrity of a driver or system file each time it is loaded into memory. Because the Delta PLC USB driver does not include the driver signature, this section shows you how to disable driver signature enforcement in Windows 8 to successfully install the Delta PLC USB driver. Once you disable the driver signature enforcement setting, it returns to its original state after you restart Windows.

Follow these steps to disable driver signature enforcement in Windows 8.

- 1. Press the Windows button [WIN] + [I] on your keyboard to display the **Settings** window. Click **Change PC settings**.
- 2. The PC settings window appears. Click General and then click Restart now under Advanced startup.

Settings Decision Control Panel Personalization PC info Help	PC settings Activate Windows Personalize Users Notifications Search Share General Privacy Devices	Language Add or strange instant methods, keykawal keynakes and instranges Language partonness. Available Storage The start \$15.00 storage Methods in your PC withhout affecting your planes Refersor your PC withhout affecting your planes Refersor your PC withhout affecting your planes to an area instrant Beam Carter works your PC be then your prepares your connect its be tabley Language.
Image: Net GEARS1     Image: Sector Sec	Ease of Access Sync your settings HomeGroup Windows Update	

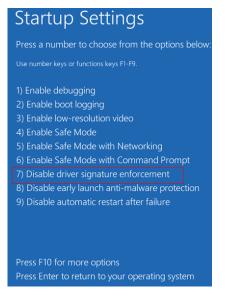
3. After the computer restarts, under Choose an option, click Troubleshoot. Under Troubleshoot, click Advanced options.



- Α
- 4. On the Advanced options page, click Startup Settings, and then on the Startup Settings page, click Restart to restart the computer.

	otions	
Use a restore point record PC to restore Windows	Lonyour C:\ C:\	Restart to change Windows options such as:
System Image Recovery Process Units and a system image Ste	estite Startup Settings Charge Windows startup behavior	Ende company mode     Ende company mode     Ende company mode     Ende company     End
Automatic Rep Fix problems that keep Wi Isading		(Poset)

5. Press the 7 or F7 key on your keyboard to choose **Disable driver signature enforcement**. Press Enter and the system directs you back to the Windows 8 operating system. Install the Delta PLC USB driver now by connecting the AS Series CPU module to your computer's USB port. Refer to Section A2 for the steps to install the USB driver.



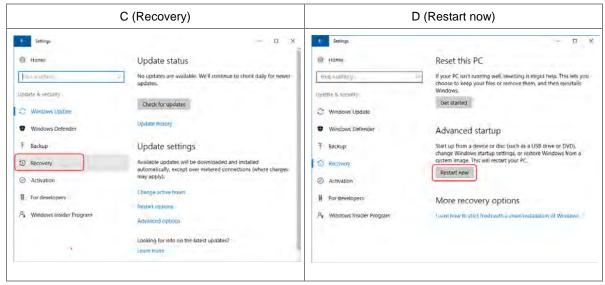
### A.4 Installing the USB Driver for an AS Series CPU module in Windows 10

Windows 10 driver signature enforcement provides a way to improve the security of the operating system by validating the integrity of a driver or system file each time it is loaded into memory. Because the Delta PLC USB driver does not include the driver signature, this section shows you how to disable driver signature enforcement in Windows 10 to successfully install the Delta PLC USB. Once you disable the driver signature enforcement setting, it returns to its original state after restarting Windows.

This section describes the steps to disable driver signature enforcement in Windows 10.

- 1. Click the Windows **Start** button and then click **Settings**.
- A (Setting) B (Update & Security) Mindows Settings Bettings Power Ask me anything
- 2. In the Settings window, click Update & Security.

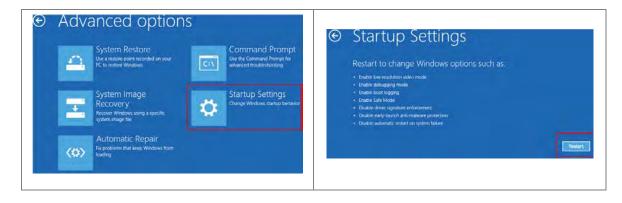
3. In the Settings window, click Recovery, and then click Restart now.



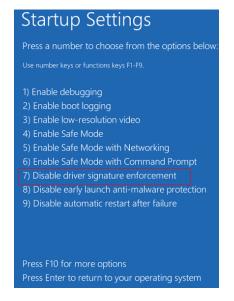
4. After the computer restarts, under **Choose an Option**, click **Troubleshoot**, and then click **Advanced options**.



5. On the **Advanced options** page, click **Startup Settings**. On the **Startup Settings** page click **Restart** to restart the computer.



6. On your keyboard, press 7 or F7 to choose **Disable driver signature enforcement**, and the system directs you to the Windows 10 operating system page. Install the Delta PLC USB driver.



7. Install the USB driver for the AS Series CPU module by connecting the AS Series CPU module to your computer's USB port. Refer to Section A2 for the steps to install the USB driver.

MEMO





## Appendix B Device Addresses

### **Table of Contents**

B.1 Standard	l Modbus Device Addresses	В-2
<b>B.2</b> Function	Codes and Number of Devices Supported for Modbus P	rotocolsB-3

### **B.1 Standard Modbus Device Addresses**

Applicable to AS300 and AS200 series  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{PLC}}$ 

Device	Туре	Format	Device range	Modbus address (Decimal number)	AS Address (Hexadecimal number)
x	Bit	DD.DD	X0.0-X63.15	124577-125600	6000-63FF
	Word	DD	X0-X63	332769-332832	8000-803F
Y	Bit	DD.DD	Y0.0-Y63.15	040961-041984	A000-A3FF
	Word	DD	Y0-Y63	440961-441024	A000-A03F
М	Bit	DDDD	M0-M8191	000001-008192	0000-1FFF
SM	Bit	DDDD	SM0-SM4095	016385-020480	4000-4FFF
SR	Word	DDDD	SR0-SR2047	449153-451200	C000-C7FF
D	Word	DDDDD	D0-D29999	400001-430000	0000-752F
S	Bit	DDDD	S0-S2047	020481-022528	5000-57FF
т	Bit	DDD	T0-T511	057345-057856	E000-E1FF
	Word	DDD	T0-T511	457345-457856	E000-E1FF
с	Bit	DDD	C0-C511	061441-061952	F000-F1FF
	Word	DDD	C0-C511	461441-461952	F000-F1FF
НС	Bit	DDD	HC0-HC255	064513-064768	FC00-FCFF
	DWord	DDD	HC0-HC255	464513-464768	FC00-FCFF
E	Word	DD	E0-E9	465025-465039	FE00-FE09

### **B.2 Function Codes and Number of Devices Supported** for Modbus Protocols

Applicable to AS300 and AS200 series PLC

Function code	Name	Description	Number of devices supported (FW V1.06.00 or later)	Number of devices supported (FW V1.06.10 or later)
01	Read Coil Status	X, Y, M, SM, S, T, C, HC	1~256 bits	1~1600 bits
02	Read Discrete Input Status	X, Y, M, SM, S, T, C, HC	1~256 bits	1~1600 bits
03	Read Holding Registers	X, Y, SR, D, T, C, HC, E	1~100 words, (1~50 for HC)	1~100 words, (1~50 for HC)
04	Read Input Registers	х	1~100 words	1~100 words
05	Force Single Coil	Y, M, SM, S, T, C, HC	1 bit	1 bit
06	Preset Single Register	Y, SR, D, T, C, HC, E	1 word	1 word
0F	Force Multiple Coils	Y, M, SM, S, T, C, HC	1~256 bits	1~1600 bits
10	Preset Multiple Register	Y, SR, D, T, C, HC, E	1~100 words, (1~50 for HC)	1~100 words, (1~50 for HC)
17	Read/Write Multiple Register	Y, SR, D, T, C, HC, E	1~100 words, (1~50 for HC)	1~100 words, (1~50 for HC)